"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Fair today; tomorrow mostly cloudy; moderate to fresh westerly winds.
Temperature Yesterday—Max., 40; Min., 25.
For weather report see next to last page.

VOL. LXXIII....No. 24,143. NEW YORK, SATURDAY, MARCH 1, 1924. TWO CENTS in Greater New York | THREE CENTS Within 200 Miles | FOUR CENTS Elsewhere

TAX BILL IS PASSED; REPUBLICANS UNITE ON COMPROMISE PLAN

Maximum Surtax of 37½ Per Cent. and Normal Taxes Near Mellon Rates Adopted.

CUT ORDERED THIS YEAR

Seventeen Radicals Join Regulars to Push Bill Through the House.

FINAL VOTE IS 408 TO 8

President Still Hopes Original Mellon Rates Will Pass Both Houses of Congress.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 29.—By a vote of 408 to 8 the Tax Reduction bill was passed by the House tonight, with the Longworth income tax rates an integral part of the measure, which now goes to the Senate. The men voting against the bill on its final passage were Representatives Bacharach of New Jersey, Fenn of Connecticut, McFadden of Pennsylvania, Merritt of Connecticut, Mills of New York, Tilson of Connecticut and Wainwright of New York, all Republicans who stood for the original Mellon bill, and Howard, Democrat, of Nebraska.

In the earlier votes the Longworth compromise, including the 37½ per cent. surtax maximum, was adopted by a vote of 216 to 199, in which the seventeen radicals joined the regular Republicans in favor of the new schedules. The Mellon rates were rejected by a vote of 261 to 153, being the income schedule drawn up by the Secretary of the Treasury, and reported favorably by the House Ways and Means Committee, proposing a surtax reduction from 50 to 25 per cent. and cuts on normal incomes almost as great as the ones adopted today.

Passes Cut for 1923.

Through an amendment by Chairman Green, which passed, a 25 per cent. reduction will be allowed on taxes paid this year for incomes received in 1923. If the tax is paid in a lump one-fourth would be remitted by the Treasury after the bill became a law; if it were paid in instalments the first instalments due before that time would be paid and the reductions allocated over further instalments.

One Democrat, Mr. Browne of New Jersey, voted for the Longworth program and the Mellon rates. Republicans massed solidly behind the compromise, but sixty-two of them voted against the Mellon income tax schedules. Two independents, Weffald and Kvale of Minnesota, opposed the Longworth rates, and also the Mellon figures. Victor Berger, the Socialist, was absent.

The seventeen Radicals who went back to the Republican camp were Representatives Beck, Browne, Cooper, Frear, Lampert, Nelson, Peavey, Schafer, Schneider and Voigt, all of Wisconsin, and Representatives Davis of Minnesota, James of Michigan, Keller of Minnesota, LaGuardia of New York, Reid of Illinois, Woodruff of Michigan and Mrs. Nolan of California. Without virtually half of their number the Republicans would have been unable to win, thus demonstrating again that it is really the insurgents who control the House.

While it was confidently expected that the La Follette-controlled group would form an alliance with the old guard on the Longworth rates, they did not actually promise until this morning to desert Representative Garner's Democratic plan. When the vote came this afternoon and Mr. Frear's name was called as the first of his bloc, jeers, groans and derisive laughter from the Democratic side met his "aye."

Coolidge Hopes Mellon Rates Win.

There is no doubt from what is known tonight that President Coolidge is far from pleased over the adoption of the 37½ per cent. surtax maximum written into the bill as it was passed by the House today. The impression which prevailed last night, after Republican members of the Ways and Means Committee had visited President Coolidge, that the President had agreed to accept the 37½ figure in place of the 25 per cent. maximum surtax rate contained in Secretary Mellon's tax reduction plan, appears to have been erroneous. Investigation today discloses that the Ways and Means Committee members who discussed the situation with the President did not carry away the impression that he had yielded to the compromise arrangement.

The President, it is understood, is still hopeful that the original Mellon plan will eventually be adopted by Congress. Certainly he has no intention of abandoning his effort to have the Mellon maximum surtax rate of 25 per cent. written into the bill before it comes to him. As the President's position appears to be, from information obtained in well-informed quarters, he regards the adoption of the 37½ per cent. surtax maximum as merely a first step in the ultimate enactment of the measure, with a very favorable outlook for a reduction of this figure before the bill finally passes both Houses. Beyond this, the President has loyally supported the matured plan of tax reduction worked out by his Secretary of the Treasury and is expected to stand by him to the very last.

Those Republican leaders who knew the situation in the House were satisfied that the only way of preventing the combination of Democrats and La Follette Republicans from increasing the maximum surtax rate to 44 per cent., as proposed by Representative Garner, the

Continued on Page Four.

TAKE BELL-ANS AFTER MEALS
Relieves Indigestion. Amazing benefit.—Advt.

Income Tax Rates in Bill Passed by the House And the Present, Garner and Mellon Rates

WASHINGTON, Feb. 29.—Following is a comparison of the rates in the income tax schedules of the Longworth compromise measure which passed the House of Representatives today, the existing tax law, the Garner proposals, urged by the Democrats, and the rates urged by Secretary Mellon:

EXISTING LAW.
NORMAL RATES.

Net Income.	Per Cent.
Up to $4,000	4
Above $4,000	8

SURTAX RATES.
One per cent. on incomes from $6,000 to $10,000.
Up to 50 per cent. on incomes in excess of $200,000.
PERSONAL EXEMPTIONS.
$1,000 for single person.
$2,500 for heads of families not having more than $5,000 income.
$2,000 for heads of families having more than $5,000 income.

MELLON BILL.
NORMAL RATES.

Net Income.	Per Cent.
Up to $4,000	3
Above $4,000	6

SURTAX RATES.
One per cent. on incomes of $10,000 to $12,000.
Up to 25 per cent. on incomes in excess of $100,000.
PERSONAL EXEMPTIONS.
Same as in present law.

LONGWORTH COMPROMISE.
NORMAL TAXES.

Net Income.	Per Cent.
Not exceeding $4,000	2
Above $4,000 to $8,000	5
Above $8,000	6

SURTAXES.
One and a half per cent. on incomes from $10,000 to $12,000.
Up to 37½ per cent. on incomes exceeding $200,000.
PERSONAL EXEMPTIONS.
$1,000 for single person.
$2,500 for heads of families with net income not exceeding $5,000.
$2,000 for heads of families with income exceeding $5,000.

GARNER RATES.
NORMAL TAXES.

Net Income.	Per Cent.
Up to $5,000	2
Above $5,000 to $8,000	4
Above $8,000	6

SURTAXES.
One per cent. on incomes of $12,000.
Up to 44 per cent. on incomes in excess of $92,000.
PERSONAL EXEMPTIONS.
$2,000 for single person.
$3,000 for heads of families.

BATTLE WITH FISTS IN PARIS CHAMBER

Royalist's Cry of "Canaille!" Starts General Rough and Tumble and Wrestling.

PAINLEVE LEADS ASSAULT

Socialists Charge Royalists, but Afterward Accept Their Disclaimer of Intentional Insult.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Feb. 29.—Blows were struck, wrestling matches took place, and in indescribable tumult some forty Deputies struggled with one another and with the Sergeants-at-Arms on the floor of the Chamber this evening during debate on domestic politics.

The word which caused the riot was "canaille," shouted by the Royalist Deputy, M. Magne, apparently at ex-Premier Paul Painlevé, who was speaking at the time. M. Painlevé did not hear it, but his friends around him retorted for him, and called on the President of the Chamber to reprove this most unparliamentary interjection.

Some of them whispered to M. Painlevé what had been said, and, dropping the big volume of records from which he had been reading, he started down the steps of the tribune and across the floor to get at the man who had insulted him. M. Painlevé is a professor of mathematics and a critic of the Einstein theory. He also has fighting blood in his veins.

Some twenty of his Socialist colleagues rushed with him in a mass attack upon the Royalist benches opposite. Against their weight the half-dozen uniformed sergeants-at-arms could do little. The attendants seized M. Painlevé and all the others they could, but some broke through the cordon, and one Socialist, Dr. Claussat, made a leap at the throat of the Royalist Deputy, Count Charles Ginoux de Fermon. He was seized, but not before blows had been exchanged, and to the disgrace of the Royalists it must be added that at least one of their number struck him in the face while he was being held by the attendants.

M. Chaussy, another Socialist, took revenge by punching another Royalist, Lieut. Col. Maurice Binder, in the face; but by this time the Socialists were fighting uphill, having reached the first steps of the semi-circle of benches, and they were at a disadvantage.

It was noticed that MM. Daudet and Magne, who were the immediate provokers of the affray, remained safely in the upper rows, and from the galleries taunts of "Coward!" were thrown at the Royalists whose insult had stirred the professor of mathematics to such a demonstration.

On the front bench Premier Poincaré sat, strained and nervous. President Peret seized his silk hat and suspended the session, ordering that the galleries be cleared.

From the tribune Georges Mandel, at one time Clemenceau's factotum, who for hours had been stirring the passion of all present by attacks now upon the Right, now upon the Left regarded with a sardonic smile the scene for which he was ultimately responsible.

Even after the session was suspended the struggle continued with violence, and in the riot several received slight injuries which required the attention of the doctor who is always on duty in the Chamber.

When at last order was restored President Peret summoned the two principals to his office, and M. Magne declared that the insulting word which he had used had not been directed against M. Painlevé, but was simply a commentary on "défaitiste" like Bolo, Duval and Almereida, whose activities during the Painlevé Administration had caused the troubles of 1917. This explanation, later made publicly in the Chamber, was accepted, M. Painlevé in his turn declaring that he was ready at all times to defend his policy in that fateful year.

M. Mandel's speech had a quality that excited and annoyed every one. He attacked the Government for being unfaithful to the National bloc and for flirting with the Left; he attacked the Left for its association with Caillaux, and he attacked the Right on personal grounds. In doing this he occupied the tribune from 3 o'clock to 8, and the Chamber was not displeased when the Premier demanded that the rest of the discussion be deferred till next Friday.

Brazilian Envoy Is Going Home.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 29. — Augusto Cochrane de Alencar, the Brazilian Ambassador, called at the White House today and paid his respects to President Coolidge, preparatory to starting for Brazil on a six months' vacation. He will sail from New York next Thursday. He is in poor health and finds that the Washington climate does not agree with him.

Entirely New Ziegfeld Follies. Pop. Price Mat. today. New Amsterdam Thea.—Advt.

MARINES TAKE HAND IN HONDURAS REVOLT

Some Land to Guard Ceiba Consulate, Which Was Under Fire of Fighting Factions.

OPERATING ON BORDER, TOO

They Receive Aid in Nicaragua of Native Troops to Prevent Gun-Running.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 29.—Thirty-five American marines were landed yesterday at Ceiba, Honduras, to guard the Consulate and protect American lives and property. The detachment came ashore from the cruiser Denver, flagship of the special service squadron under command of Rear Admiral Dayton, in consequence of factional fighting in which the Consulate was under rifle fire.

Secretary Hughes announced the landing after the receipt today of a report, under yesterday's date, from George P. Walter, the American Consul, which said that fighting had been going on in the streets of Ceiba for four hours and that coding of his message to the State Department had been stopped " by a rain of bullets penetrating the Consulate."

The disturbances in Honduras grew out of a dispute over the Presidency following the failure of any of the three candidates—Carias, Arias and Bonilla—to obtain a majority in the last election. Reports from the American Minister at Tegucigalpa indicate that conditions in the captal are threatening, with menaces against the American Legation, where Americans and foreigners have taken refuge.

At last accounts the faction of Arias was in control of the capital, and his followers were manifesting animosity toward Americans owing to the action of the Minister in advising Americans to refuse to pay forced levies of money on their business enterprises. Among the interests said to have been threatened were the United Fruit Company and the Rosario Mining Company, whose representatives were told that confiscation of their property would follow their failure to pay the sums demanded.

Denying that the revolutionists in Honduras were levying forced loans on foreigners, Dr. Fausto Davila, formerly Minister of Foreign Affairs and once Minister of the republic in Washington, asserted today that no such demands had been, or were being, made on American or other interests by General Carias or other military chiefs who had undertaken to drive from power the Government headed by General Lopez Gutierrez, from which the American Government has withdrawn recognition because of its lack of constitutional sanction.

Marines Active on Border Also.

SAN JUAN DEL SUR, Nicaragua, Feb. 29 (Associated Press).—American marines are on the Honduran-Nicaraguan frontier searching for arms and preventing gun-running by Hondurans in Nicaragua across the border to aid the revolutionists in their country.

The American Minister to Nicaragua, John E. Ramer, made a request of President Martinez for assistance for the marines by the Nicaraguan authorities, and this has been accorded.

KENLON AND FORTY FIREMEN FELLED BY FUMES; 9 IN HOSPITAL

Overcome by Chemical-Laden Smoke in Reade Street Leather Blaze.

DROP IN WATER WAIST DEEP

Several Rescued From Drowning in Subcellar as They Fall Unconscious.

PALL OVER BROADWAY

Occupants of Office Buildings for a Distance of Seven Blocks Are Choked by Smoke.

Chief John Kenlon, two Battalion Chiefs and thirty-eight other firemen were overcome last night fighting the worst smoke fire in recent years. Nine of the men who dropped from the effects of the chemical-saturated smoke were taken to hospitals in a serious condition.

The fire was in the cellar of the five-story building at 59 and 61 Reade Street. Gradually gaining as the firefighters were forced back by the billowing pall, the flames spread to the ground floor of the shoe and leather establishment of B. Levy & Sons. Eating its way into shoes and into piles of treated leather, the flames gave off fumes producing chemical narcosis.

Battalion Chiefs Joseph O'Hanlon and Daniel Cavanagh were the officers who fell with the Chief of the department. O'Hanlon was treated with Kenlon and remained on duty. Cavanagh, after being revived four times, returned to battle with the fire in the murky cellar. Later he was sent unconscious to Gouverneur Hospital. Kenlon was forced out when he went into the subcellar to lead his men, after both of his lieutenants had been carried out.

Narrow Escapes From Drowning.

Chief Kenlon reported when the fire was at its height water was up to the waists of his men in the sub-cellar. Several of the men, dropping from the fumes, were in danger of drowning, but prompt rescue work saved them. Among the firemen to go to the hospital was Captain Walter Lamb, commanding Rescue Squad No. 1. He carried out eight of his comrades and then pitched to the sidewalk. Physicians at Beekman Street Hospital reported his condition as more alarming than any of the others.

In addition to Chief Cavanagh and Captain Lamb, the firemen who were removed to hospitals were:

Fireman JAMES BOYLE, Hook and Ladder 1; Gouverneur Hospital.
Fireman HARRY FERGUSON, Truck Company 1; Broad Street Hospital.
Fireman EDWARD GRIFFIN, Engine Company 6; Beekman Street Hospital.
Captain THOMAS O'TOOLE, Engine Company 27; Beekman Street Hospital.
Lieutenant WILLIAM KLEIN, Hook and Ladder 6; Broad Street Hospital.
Fireman JOHN WHALEN, Truck Company 1; Broad Street Hospital.
Fireman JOHN SULLIVAN, Hook and Ladder 1; Beekman Street Hospital.

Emergency Hospital in Store.

So fast did the men drop that Dr. Harry Archer, surgeon of the department, opened an emergency hospital in a store adjoining the basement where the flames started. Three hours after the fire started, and even with the reinforcements produced by a third alarm, Chief Kenlon ordered available reserves from Brooklyn to fill in the gaps in his ranks.

"This is one of the toughest cellar fires I have ever had to handle," said Kenlon, while the flames were still producing the choking smoke. "The fire itself is not hard to handle, but this smoke is certainly proving fearful on my men. There must be something in that leather or in the treatment it gets that produces a sort of gas poisoning. I have felt smoke catch the throat before now, but this seems to be particularly trying."

It was 6:45 o'clock when Policeman Frank R. Ryan of the Beach Street Station, patrolling on Broadway, glanced down Reade Street. Three doors from the corner at 59 to 61 the officer saw smoke drifting up through the grate opening into the cellar. Ryan hurried down to the grate and as one glance showed smoke and heated air straining at the panes of the small window in the

Continued on Page Five.

Fundamentalist Husband Sued for Divorce, Calls Wife a Modernist, Who Chases 'Isms'

William H. Griffin, member of the law firm of Loucks, Griffin, Connet & Cullan, 120 Broadway, and of many clubs, submitted to the Appellate Division yesterday an answer in a suit by his wife, who, it is stated, is a descendant of Charles I. of England, in which he asserts that their differences are due to the fact that Mrs. Griffin is a modernist, while he was reared a fundamentalist and remains one.

Mrs. Griffin is suing for a divorce, accusing her husband of misconduct in Atlantic City last April. She also alleges that he has shown her no affection. Her husband denies her charges, and asserts that he is willing to "accept the alternative of the court proceeding because of the plaintiff's views regarding religion and child culture." They were married in 1906 in New Orleans. Mrs. Griffin asks the custody of their son and daughter. The Appellate Division reduced alimony of $750 a month, awarded in the lower court, to $500 a month.

Mr. Griffin's answer alleges that his wife "made no effort to create or maintain a family spirit, and treated her husband merely as an adjunct to her private establishment, with no other functions or privileges than to supply the material requirements," and that "with her the divine right of wives is as vital and insistent a principle of life as the divine right of kings was with her illustrious ancestor, King Charles I. of England."

Mrs. Griffin denied her husband's statements, and said that she believes in the orthodox principles of the Christian religion that she was reared an Episcopalian, and still belongs to that church. Concerning the present views of Mrs. Griffin the answer, submitted by her husband's attorney and law partner, says:

"The plaintiff favors the school of thought of which the Rev. Percy Stickney Grant is the most conspicuous exponent at the present time, and his 14-year-old daughter, through her mother's influence, has reached a state of mind in which she refuses to accompany her father, an orthodox Episcopalian and member of the diocesan organizations, both in Brooklyn and Manhattan, to church, declaring that she does not believe in the divinity of Christ, the miracles and numerous other articles of recognized Christian faith."

Accusing his wife of being a "veritable iconoclast in religious matters," and declaring that he is content to allow all dogmatic dissertations to be shattered against the solid rock of fundamentalism, Mr. Griffin concludes his answer by saying: "The plaintiff, with free rein, has chased practically all the isms which this city offers to such seekers."

When you think of writing Think of Whiting.—Advt.

Coolidge Opposes an Increase To Postal Employes Just Now

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 29.—Requests for an increase of 25 per cent. in the pay of Post Office employes, it was said at the White House today, came within the scope of the demands made on the Government which, if granted, would eat up the surplus and cause an increase in taxation.

It was repeated by a White House spokesman that it would be necessary for Congress to observe the strictest economies in order to make it possible to reduce taxation. The requests for new appropriations, in which the demand of the postal employes is included, it was said at the White House, all have a substantial basis in justice, but if they were approved at this time there would be no surplus, and the expenses of Government could not be reduced.

Despite the desire for economies, it was said at the White House that the request of the postal employes would be considered, and an adjustment made if possible. The granting of the request, it was estimated, would mean an increase of approximately $150,000,000 a year in the cost of running the Post Office Department, which is now about $600,000,000 a year.

FIND DANCE HALLS HERE 20% IMMORAL

Four Months' Survey Asked by Glatzmayer Charges Many Evils.

'CLOSED HALLS' THE WORST

Girls Dance 70 Times a Night to Make $20 a Week—$3,524,658 Yearly Spent.

Amazing conditions of immorality exist in 20 per cent. of the public dance halls of the city, according to a report of a four months' survey, undertaken at the request of August W. Glatzmayer, Commissioner of Licenses, made yesterday by Mrs. Henry Moskowitz, Chairman of the Commercial Recreation Committees of the New York City Recreation Committee and the Women's City Club, at a luncheon at the Hotel McAlpin.

Investigators found, she said, that men were being openly solicited and liquor sold, with no attempt at concealment, in two of the big so-called "dance palaces" just off Broadway. Formal complaints will be made to Commissioner Glatzmayer in an effort to have their licenses revoked.

The survey also disclosed immorality in many of the Greenwich Village resorts and an intense apathy in the neighborhood as to what went on and what happened to the young girls frequenting them.

Most disturbing of all, Mrs. Moskowitz declared, was a new type of resort known as the "closed dance hall," which has sprung up on the east side during the last year. Twenty-one of these places are listed, extending from Fourteenth to Eighty-sixth Street, along Second and Third Avenues and the intersecting thoroughfares. Only men are admitted and most of them are "socially undesirable" Orientals. Young girls are employed as dance partners and are paid 4 cents a dance by the management. In order to make $20 a week, Mrs. Moskowitz said, the girls must dance at least seventy times in an evening.

Closed Dance Halls.

These "closed dance halls" have been imported from the Barbary Coast of San Francisco, where they once flourished but have been closed since 1917, Mrs. Moskowitz said. It is proposed to eliminate them from New York by refusing to renew their licenses when applications are made a few weeks hence.

Mrs. Moskowitz announced the launching of a permanent effort to keep New York dance halls clean in behalf of the Advisory Dance Hall Committee, of which she is Chairman. The other members are Dr. Valerie Parker and Mrs. Martha P. Falconer of the American Social Hygiene Association, Miss Stella Miner, Girls' Service League; Dr. Katherine B. Davis, Bureau of Social Hygiene; Henry F. Lutz, City Recreation Committee; Lee F. Hanmer, Russell Sage Foundation; Mrs. Arthur DuBois, Women's City Club; Mrs. Willard Packer Jr., Big Sisters; Merton J. Stickel, Y. M. C. A.; Seymour Barnard, People's Institute, Brooklyn; Fred Whitin, Committee of Fourteen; Mrs. Sidney C. Borg, Jewish Big Sisters; LeRoy E. Bowman, City Recreation Committee; Miss Sara C. Clapp, Kips Bay Neighborhood Association; Mrs. George W. Loft, former Honorary Deputy Police Commissioner, and Mrs. Mary G. Schonberg of the Women's City Club.

Mrs. Moskowitz said the survey, which was undertaken under the direction of Miss Maria Lambin, formerly Chief Supervisor of Dance Halls in San Francisco, assisted by young college men and women as volunteers, disclosed 653 licensed dance halls of various types in Manhattan.

Some Broadway Resorts Clean.

"The conditions in eight of the ten large Broadway dance palaces were found to be excellent," said Mrs. Moskowitz. "They do not permit the conditions we found in the other two, a little off the beaten path. One of them caters to young girls and we found, for some reason, that conditions were the worst on Tuesday, Wednesday and Sunday afternoons. At the other place two male investigators found open soliciting and open drinking. The proprietors have been repeatedly warned and we must build up cases against them to revoke their licenses.

"The problem in Greenwich Village is

Continued on Page Six.

SENATE IN 5-HOUR STORM OVER DAUGHERTY; PALMER UNDER FIRE DENIES 'INFLUENCE'; FORBES INDICTED IN VETERAN SCANDAL

PALMER ACTED FOR M'LEAN

Former Attorney General Says He Never Served Any Oil Interest.

EXPLAINS RAIL LAND SUIT

Asserts President Wilson Accepted His Decision Not to Appeal Southern Pacific Case.

McLEAN'S EMPLOYES CALLED

Oil Committee Seeks "Apples," "Peaches," "Cherries" and Others in Code Messages.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 29.—A. Mitchell Palmer, Attorney General in the Wilson Administration, appeared before the Teapot Dome Investigating Committee today and denied unequivocally that he had tried to use political influence in an effort to prevent the appearance before the committee of Edward B. McLean, Washington publisher. He said he had acted merely as counsel for Mr. McLean at the request of John F. Major, an agent of the publisher, during the absence of Wilton J. Lambert, the McLean attorney.

Mr. Palmer said he had placed before the committee a statement for Mr. McLean incorporating part of a telegram sent by the latter from Palm Beach in which Mr. McLean said he had loaned $100,000 to former Secretary Fall. He denied that he had sought to have Senator Underwood of Alabama "work on" Senator Walsh and repudiated as untrue most of the references made to his activities in telegrams sent to Mr. McLean by the latter's agents.

Among the assertions which Mr. Palmer denied was that Colonel J. W. Zevely, personal counsel for Harry F. Sinclair, was his law partner. He described Colonel Zevely as an old friend and said he had talked with him about the oil lease cases prior to being retained by Mr. McLean. He had advised Colonel Zevely, in a "curbstone opinion," that under the rules of the Senate Mr. Fall and Mr. Sinclair probably would have to appear and answer questions.

Never Counsel for Oil Men, He Says.

The former Attorney General testified that he had never been counsel for Messrs. Fall, Doheny or Sinclair or for any one of the oil interests involved in the naval reserve lease scandal.

Mr. Palmer was questioned at length about his decision, while Attorney General, not to appeal the case against the Southern Pacific Railroad when the Government was trying to prove that the railroad had been guilty of fraud in obtaining valuable mineral or oil bearing land grants in California. The lower court had ruled against the Government, Mr. Palmer said, and Solicitor General Alexander King, now a Judge of the Circuit Court of Appeals, had told him the case could not be won and that he "would be ashamed to argue these cases before the United States Supreme Court."

He laid the matter before President Wilson, Mr. Palmer explained, and the President replied that if the Department of Justice felt it was useless the case should not be appealed.

The only other witness today was Karl C. Schuyler, counsel for J. Leo Stack, one of the Denver group that figured in the Teapot Dome leases, who was cross-examined in an effort to establish that there was a conspiracy involving Harry F. Sinclair and the Pioneer Oil Company in connection with the lease.

Seek Identity of "Peaches" and Others.

The committee announced late this afternoon that subpoenas would be issued for all persons named in the telegrams which passed between Mr. McLean and his agents and attorneys during the publisher's visit to Palm Beach, with the exception of Senator Underwood of Alabama and Senator Curtis of Kansas.

Employes of Mr. McLean on The Washington Post will be examined tomorrow, among them being John F. Major, who acted as Mr. McLean's confidential agent. It is the intention of the committee to demand from these witnesses the identity of persons described in some of the telegrams as "Apples," "Peaches," "Cherries," "The Jaguar" and "Apricot" and by the use of other code words.

Included among these prospective witnesses are Mr. McLean, who probably will appear early next week; Richard H. Whaley, Chairman of the District Rent Commission; John F. Major, Francis H. McAdoo, son of William Gibbs McAdoo; John Spurgeon, managing editor of The Washington Post; Harry F. Sinclair, E. W. Smithers, chief telegrapher at the White House; H. W. Zevely, personal counsel to Mr. Sinclair; F. W. Starling, White House Secret Service man; Wilton J. Lambert, Mr. McLean's Washington attorney; E. S. Rochester, confidential publicity director at the Department of Justice, and Ira E. Bennett, editor of The Post.

The Mrs. Duckstein mentioned in one of the telegrams to Edward B. McLean is said to be an employe of the Department of Justice. The Washington directory shows that William O. Duckstein, Secretary of The Washington Post, lives at 1,673 Columbia Road N. W. The directory gives at the same address Mrs. Jessie B. Duckstein, secretary, Department of Justice. It was said tonight that Mrs. Duckstein is attached to the Bureau of Investigation, of which William J. Burns is the Chief.

Acted as McLean's Counsel.

When Chairman Lenroot told Mr. Palmer that he would be sworn, the latter,

Continued on Page Three.

Lodge Says McAdoo Broke Law In Acting in Treasury Case

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 29.—William G. McAdoo again figured prominently in the Senate debate on the oil lease scandals today, this time in a three-cornered controversy which involved Senators Lodge and Lenroot on the Republican side and Senator Jones of New Mexico on the Democratic side.

During the early debate Senator Lodge made the allegation that the statutes made it an offense for a Government official to practice before a department in which he had served until two years after he had left that department. He referred to Section 190 of the General Statutes.

Later Senator Lenroot stressed the same point, and suggested that there should be a general housecleaning and that all persons involved in improprieties or violations of the law, regardless of party, be thoroughly investigated.

Just before the Senate adjourned Senator Jones asserted that the purpose of Mr. Lodge and Mr. Lenroot was obvious, namely, to bring in the name of Mr. McAdoo and the fact that his firm had received a fee of $150,000 from the Republic Iron and Steel Company in an income tax case which came before the Treasury.

Mr. Jones declared that Mr. Lodge had misrepresented the situation, and read the statute to show that it applied only in cases where the appeal made, as in the steel case, was pending before the department at the time the Government official withdrew.

"Of course the case was pending, or there would have been no claim made," replied Mr. Lodge. "It covers every one of your conditions."

FORBES TOOK BRIBE, GRAND JURY SAYS

Two Congressmen Are Reported Taking Money and Government Officials Speculating.

CONTRACTOR ALSO ACCUSED

John W. Thompson Is Named as Bribe Giver—Waste in Veterans' Bureau Charged.

CHICAGO, Feb. 29 (Associated Press).—Charles R. Forbes, former Director of the Veterans' Bureau, and John W. Thompson, contractor of Chicago and St. Louis, were named in four indictments returned today by the Federal Grand Jury which has spent a month investigating charges of waste, graft and debauchery in connection with Forbes's administration.

Forbes and Thompson were named jointly in two indictments charging conspiracy to commit bribery and offenses against the Government, and conspiracy to defraud the Government. Forbes was named alone in a third indictment on a charge of accepting a bribe, and Thompson in a fourth charging that he had indirectly given a bribe.

In a special report which accompanied the indictments, the Grand Jury indicated that other sensational developments involving alleged graft had been uncovered, but because they were not within the jurisdiction of the Court, had not been pursued. The special report said:

"We do not feel that it would subserve the best interests of the Government for this jury at this time to make public the details of these transactions. This jury feels that it will suffice to report that they involve:

"1. Speculation by one or more officials of the Government, wherein it has been asserted that official information was used for purposes of speculation.

"2. That certain sums of money were paid to two members of Congress.

"3 That possession of a file of one of the departments for about a month was had by persons having no official connection with such department.

"4. That money was accepted by certain individuals (not attorneys) for the purpose of obtaining clemency for prisoners through their intimacy with officials.

"5. That money was collected by certain individuals (not attorneys) for obtaining through such intimacy permits for intoxicating liquor."

Say Forbes Got $5,000 Bribe.

The indictments charge that Forbes, while Director of the Veterans' Bureau, received a bribe of $5,000 and certain additional emoluments on agreement to award contracts for Government work to the contracting firm of Thompson & Black, of which Thompson and James W. Black, deceased, were the heads.

The contracts were to be awarded, it was charged, in connection with the building and equipping of hospitals for soldiers, for which the Government appropriated $12,000,000. Charles F. Cramer, former general counsel for the bureau, who committed suicide after investigation of the department was proposed, was named in the indictments as having accepted a promise from Thompson and others of $100,000 in return for his approval of the contracts.

Elias Mortimer of Philadelphia, who appeared before the Senate committee which investigated the Veterans' Bureau and made bribery charges, and who also appeared before the Grand Jury,

Continued on Page Three.

SENATORS LOOSEN WRATH

Personalities, Charges and Insinuations Are Hurled in Profusion.

WILLIS TRIES TO STEM TIDE

He Is the Only Republican to Raise His Voice in Defense of the Attorney General.

WHEELER LEADS ATTACK

Heflin Accuses Daugherty of Writing Letter to Save Republican Leader From Prosecution.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 29. — Attorney General Daugherty was the subject of a violent five-hour debate in the Senate this afternoon in which there were exchanges of bitter personalities and veiled accusations of misconduct. Few men, in or out of public life, were ever made the target for a more bitter attack. With a single exception the Republicans sat in silence while Senators Wheeler, Caraway, Heflin, Stanley, Dill, Robinson and other Democrats assailed the Attorney General. The exception was Senator Willis of Ohio, who appears to be the only Republican defender the Attorney General has left in the Senate.

The debate was precipitated by the calling up of the Wheeler resolution for the investigation of the Attorney General and any of his assistants who may have failed properly to discharge their duties. Senator Wheeler and Senator Willis soon locked horns and the discussion developed into a bitter partisan affair in which not even the President was spared, the Democrats charging that Mr. Coolidge had bowed to the ultimatum of the Attorney General and did not dare ask for his resignation, which, it was asserted, "everybody" knows the President wants.

Mr. Wheeler practically charged that an attempt had been made to "pack" the investigating committee with friends of the Attorney General and that Mr. Willis had discussed the possible makeup of the committee with Mr. Daugherty. Mr. Wheeler declared that his reason for seeking to name the committee was to make possible a "real investigation" by a committee the members of which, he said, would not be "constantly consulting with the man who is being investigated."

He did, however, change his resolution to have the Senate select the men to conduct the investigation.

Willis Faces Democratic Deluge.

Senator Willis insisted stoutly on Mr. Daugherty's right to a fair investigation. He met the flood of charges and attacks with the declaration that they would be proved false and announced that the Attorney General was capable of fighting his own battles. He was subjected to a barrage of questions and unsupported tried to hold his own against the Democratic deluge.

Once when Senator Dill of Washington asked him if he was the "Willis" refered to in the McLean telegrams, Mr. Willis in anger branded any such statement as wickedly false. Mr. Willis said his one object was fair play for the Attorney General regardless of what others might do.

Senator Stanley of Kentucky once interrupted to ask where Mr. Daugherty was, his remark following the assertion by Willis that Mr. Daugherty never runs away.

Mr. Willis replied angrily that the Attorney General had gone to Florida for a few days to visit his wife, for many years a bedridden invalid. The Kentucky Senator, he added, was welcome to all the glory he could get out of a circumstance such as that.

"I know that Daugherty is sick and I know that he has gone to the same health resort where Doheny and Fall and the rest of them were found," was Mr. Stanley's equally heated reply.

"I have never yet struck a woman," added Mr. Stanley, "and I have never yet respected the man who would hide behind the skirts of a woman, be she sick or well."

Once while Mr. Wheeler was trying to get Mr. Willis to admit that he was Mr. Daugherty's spokesman Mr. Willis countered by asking Mr. Wheeler if he thought "we have got to that place of suspicion, innuendo and ribaldry that a Senator is disgraced when he confers with a member of the Cabinet?"

"I am not so sure," was the answer of the Senator from Montana.

Heflin Makes a New Charge.

Senator Heflin of Alabama charged that Mr. Daugherty as Attorney General had written to ask a United States District Attorney in a certain State not to prosecute a case against a member of the Republican National Committee. Mr. Daugherty wrote, Mr. Heflin asserted, that "any favor will be appreciated," and added: "He is our man." This letter, the Senator declared, will be produced before the committee investigating the Attorney General.

Near the close of the debate Senator Lenroot, Chairman of the Teapot Dome Committee, suggested a general committee with powers broad enough to clean house from top to bottom, regardless of who was caught in the clean-up. The day has come, he argued, when this question of a thorough investigation of

Willis Strongly Defends Daugherty's Right To a Hearing

all charges and rumors, regardless of whether they are founded on fact or fancy, should be undertaken. The next election, he added, will be largely a matter of washing "dirty linen."

But not once did Senator Lenroot have a friendly word for the Attorney General. Senator Lodge also spoke briefly, but he also was silent so far as the head of the Department of Justice is concerned.

Senator Willis got his only support from the Democratic side when Senator Bruce of Maryland declared that he was one Democrat who would refuse to convict Mr. Daugherty in advance of a fair and impartial hearing. It was inconceivable, said Mr. Bruce, that any Senator could take a different view of the situation.

Says McAdoo Violated Law.

William G. McAdoo again figured prominently in the Senate debate today, this time in a three-cornered controversy which involved Senator Lodge and Senator Lenroot on the Republican side and Senator Jones of New Mexico on the Democratic side.

During the early debate Senator Lodge made the allegation that the statutes made it an offense for a Government official to practice before a department in which he had been until two years after he had left that department. He referred to Section 190 of the General Statutes.

Later Senator Lenroot stressed the same point and suggested that there be a general house cleaning and that all persons involved in improprieties or violations of the law, regardless of party, be thoroughly investigated.

Just before the Senate adjourned Senator Jones of New Mexico declared that the purpose of Mr. Lodge and Mr. Lenroot was obvious, namely, to bring in the name of Mr. McAdoo and the fact that his firm had received a fee of $150,000 from the Republic Iron and Steel Company in an income tax case which came before the Treasury Department.

Senator Jones declared that Mr. Lodge had misrepresented the situation, and read the statute to show that it applied only in cases where the appeal made, as in the steel case, was pending before the department at the time the Government official withdrew.

"Of course, the case was pending, or there would have been no claim made," said Mr. Lodge. "It covers every one of your conditions."

Wheeler Calls Up Resolution.

Senator Wheeler called up his resolution immediately following the quorum call. He asked that the names of the five Senators mentioned in the resolution to conduct the investigation be stricken out and a new paragraph inserted, directing the Senate to elect the members of the committee, instead of, as is the usual custom, permitting the President of the Senate to name them.

Senator Lodge immediately sought to amend the resolution by striking out the provision throwing the election into the Senate proper and directing the President of the Senate to appoint the committee.

Robinson Defends Resolution.

Senator Robinson, the Democratic leader, replying, said that he was unable to agree with the position taken by Mr. Lodge, and declared that in his opinion the selection of a committee by the Senate itself would not be detrimental to the public interest or in conflict with the proper procedure of the Senate. Mr. Robinson insisted that there were numerous precedents where special committees had been authorized or sub-committees had been authorized and the Chairman of the committee designated to name the members.

"If it is right and proper," Senator Robinson argued, "to elect the standing committees of the Senate, as is always done, how can it be said to be detrimental to any public interest or subversive with or in conflict with any sound public policy for the Senate itself to take the responsibility of naming a special committee the nature of whose duties requires caution and when a failure to exercise discretion upon the part of the Senate may result in criticism?

"This is a case which the Senate ought to take the responsibility of selecting this special committee. This is a case in which the Chair ought not to want and does not want the responsibility of selecting this special committee. It has been openly stated that efforts have been contemplated to pack the committee. I know that the Senator who enjoys the honor of being the President pro tempore of the Senate, the Senator from Iowa [Mr. Cummins], is incapable of lending himself to any scheme, plan or purpose to select an unfair special committee in this or any other case."

Senator Bruce of Maryland asked Mr. Robinson whether he had any assurance that Senator Cummins would not nominate the committee. Senator Robinson replied that he had reason to believe that Mr. Cummins would be glad to be relieved of the responsibility.

"I repeat the statement," Mr. Robinson added, "and the Senator from Maryland can satisfy himself in any way he chooses that the Senator from Iowa, in view of what has transpired in the Senate, does not want to name this committee."

"In that case," replied Mr. Bruce, "I certainly should not force it upon him, otherwise I should insist upon his not being stripped of the dignity and authority that belong to his office."

Senator Wheeler then entered the debate.

"I will say," Mr. Wheeler began, "that probably under ordinary circumstances I would not be opposed to having the Chairman name the committee, but, as the Senator from Arkansas has said, there are peculiar circumstances surrounding the situation which we are confronted with today. The Senator from Ohio, Mr. Willis, stated on the floor of the Senate that after consulting with the Attorney General he went to the Chairman and asked him to appoint certain members on that committee. I am asking that we have a committee that will give the Attorney General a fair and impartial investigation.

"All I want to see is that we shall have a real investigation and that men shall be on that committee who will not be constantly consulting with the man who is being investigated. I read in this morning's paper the statement given out in Chicago yesterday by the Attorney General himself, in which he makes this startling statement. He said:

"'If a bunch of Senators have not resigned this afternoon I may have an important statement to make.'

"I would like to know just which of the Senators in this body he expects to resign. I wonder which one of the members of the Senate he is trying to intimidate. I wonder which one of the members of the Senate he thinks he has something on that he can force him to resign.

"I want to say to the members of the Senate he has already apparently intimidated the man in the White House, because we all know that his resignation will be acceptable to the White House, and we all know that the President of the United States for some unknown reason has not had the intestinal stamina to ask him for that resignation.

Denies Daugherty Ousted Him.

"Having, if you please, apparently intimidated his superiors, he now comes to the point where he wants to intimidate the members of the Senate.

"I read an article in The New York Evening Mail, and clear across the first page I read: 'Daugherty striking at his foes charges revenge,' and in that article he declares: 'Senator Wheeler seeks revenge for having been removed as Federal attorney in Montana,' plainly intimating, if you please, that I was removed by him as United States Attorney, when no baser lie could ever have been told, because neither did I ever serve under a Daugherty, nor was I ever removed as United States District Attorney; neither did I resign except voluntarily, and I was requested to stay in office by Mr. Gregory, the then United States Attorney General.

"Not only that but the article goes on to say that my war record is going to be attacked, and it reminds me of the old adage that when a man is on trial and he has a good defense, he always presents that defense to the court and to the jury. If he has no defense, either upon the law or the evidence, then he immediately starts to attack those who are trying to investigate or prosecute the case.

"So, in this instance, the Attorney General of the United States, first through the newspapers makes an attack upon those who ask an investigation, then he attempts to intimidate the White House, and says that if he has to resign he will open up the tomb, or the closet, and let the rest of the skeleton come out of the closet. Then he starts in to intimidate the members of the Senate.

"It is for these reasons that I am insisting that a committee be appointed which will give to the Attorney General the investigation which he himself claims he should have."

Willis Denies Plan to Pack "Jury."

Senator Willis, the Attorney General's principal defender in the Senate and the Senator who recently declared that Mr. Daugherty is "as clean as a hound's tooth," was on his feet when Mr. Wheeler concluded.

Mr. Willis asked that the Clerk read a news dispatch from Chicago in which the Attorney General denied having given out any interviews since leaving Washington.

"The Senator from Montana, perhaps unintentionally, has left the impression that somebody on this side has undertaken to get a packed jury for the consideration of this case," he said. "I understood him to say that I had conferred with the Attorney General and then conferred with the President pro tempore of the Senate, obviously seeking to convey the impression that some committee had been agreed upon and that an effort was made to get the President pro tempore of the Senate to appoint such a committee. I take this opportunity to say that there is no foundation whatever for that statement."

"Let me ask the Senator," Mr. Wheeler interrupted, "if he did not make that statement, and answer 'Yes' in response to a question I asked him on this floor."

"I did not make that statement," Mr. Willis shouted. "I am perfectly willing to have the record read. I did not make the statement with the implication the Senator now tries to draw from it, and if he will permit me to proceed I will state the facts. There is nothing to be hidden in this matter. The Senator will bear me out in what I am now about to say, that he, the Senator from Montana, and I talked about this matter of the membership of the committee, and I said to him at the outset, as I have said to others, I think, within twenty-four hours, that I thought it was improper that he, the Senator from Montana, should be a member of the committee, and the Senator knows that I meant nothing offensive personally in that.

"There is no reflection at all upon his character or ability. I think the Senator understands that. But since this matter has been brought up, I do say that I think it is an unheard-of proceeding to have the prosecuting attorney in a case a member of the jury that is to try the case. I have never heard of such a thing in any legislative body.

"Before I go into that further, however, let us talk more about this committee business. I 'll talk to my friend the Senator from Montana about the make-up of this committee. It will be recalled that the name of the Senior Senator from Idaho [Mr. Borah] was mentioned. I think that was the first one that was mentioned, as I recall. Following our conversation, I conferred with the senior Senator from Idaho and he advised me that he did not care to serve upon the committee, and gave sufficient reasons therefor, and that I reported to the Senator from Montana."

Senator Caraway asked Mr. Willis if he had discussed the probable make-up of the committee with the Attorney General. Mr. Willis replied that he had talked the matter over with Mr. Daugherty.

"I told the Attorney General," Mr. Willis continued, "that I did not know how the committee would be appointed. I suggested to him the name of a number of Senators, of the majority side, who I thought would be proper members of the committee."

Is it the rule to let the man who is going to be tried select the jury to try him?" Mr. Caraway inquired.

"Certainly not," replied Mr. Willis. "Nor was it proposed in this case. What I did was a perfectly reasonable thing. The Attorney General asked me about the make-up of the committee."

"I can see why the Attorney General should be interested," retorted Mr. Caraway, "but I never before knew of a Senator going and talking to a man who was going to be investigated and help that man pick the jury."

Mr. Willis said the Senators whose names were mentioned in his conversation with Mr. Daugherty were Borah, Ernst of Kentucky, Shortridge of California and Jones of Washington. The latter named is on the Wheeler list.

"I submit that there is no impropriety in that," said Mr. Willis. "There was no suggestion that the Attorney General was to name the committee. He did not undertake to name the committee, and there was no suggestion of the kind ever made to the President of the Senate."

"Now let me ask the Senator," Mr. Wheeler interrupted, "if he feels that he has told all the story? Did I not ask the Senator if he would pick out from the Republican side some one of the Progressive members and he would not agree to any of the so-called Progressives having representation upon the committee?"

"I have just finished saying that the first name mentioned was that of the senior Senator from Idaho," replied Mr. Willis. "He is a fairly progressive Senator. I have always supposed there is nothing to this proposition, that there is an attempt anywhere to pack the jury. It is simply another part of the smokescreen that is being put out here."

Mr. Caraway demanded who was trying to put out a smokescreen and Mr. Willis thundered back:

"Anybody who says there is an effort to pack the jury."

The Arkansas Senator was persistent and asked if Mr. Daugherty had said anything about the appointment of Senators who would be friendly or "would vote for him right along."

Mr. Willis replied that nothing of the kind had been mentioned.

"There was no inquiry at all such as the Senator suggests," Mr. Willis insisted, "nor was there the slightest inquiry about how any Senator stands in this matter."

Wheeler Reads the Record.

"In order to keep the record straight," Mr. Wheeler again interrupted, "I desire to read this statement found on Page 2,793 of the Congressional Record of Feb. 19, referring to the senior Senator from Ohio:

"Mr. Wheeler—Let me ask the Senator if he, himself, after conferring with the Attorney General, did not suggest to the President of the Senate who should go on that committee?'

"Mr. Willis—Certainly: I conferred with the President of the Senate; if his resolution had been adopted in another form I expected the Senator to do that. The President of the Senate is not apart from other people; and certainly I suggested names to him; but that is quite apart and quite a different thing from a member of the Senate undertaking to name the members of a committee and then naming himself as a member of the committee. I never heard of such a proceedure.'

"The Senator must admit that the record bears out my statement."

"I do not question the record," Mr. Willis replied, "and it does not at all bear out the statement that the Senator made or the implication that he sought to draw therefrom. It is a fact, as I said upon that occasion, that I talked with the President of the Senate. The Attorney General made no suggestion to me as to the members that he wanted in the committee, and if he had I should not have repeated that suggestion as to the President of the Senate."

"The Senator will admit," said Mr. Wheeler, 'that he is and has been a personal friend and adviser of the Attorney General.'

"I will not admit that," replied Mr. Willis, "I will admit that in a good many years of politics in Ohio sometimes we have been on the same side and sometimes on opposite sides, and I will admit that when an attempt is made to condemn a man without a hearing I will stand up and to the best of my ability defend him, whether he is friend or foe."

"Is it not a fact that the Senator himself has been the one man in the Senate who has been in constant touch with the Attorney General?" Mr. Wheeler asked.

"Oh, no; that is not true at all. I have not been in constant touch with the Attorney General. I have not seen him for a week."

"Oh! For a whole week?"

"No. Does the Senator think that we have got to that place of suspicion and innuendo and ribaldry in the Senate of the United States that a member of the Senate is disgraced when he confers with any member of the Cabinet?"

"I am not so sure but what that should be the case at the present time."

"That is the Senator's political viewpoint, it is not mine."

"The Senator will admit he has been a close political friend of the Attorney General for a long time?"

"We have been fairly good political friends," replied Mr. Willis. "I am not his political spokesman, but I am willing to admit that. I would be the friend of any man when I saw an attempt made to assassinate him and murder him in cold blood without a hearing."

Denies Wanting to Name Committee.

"Now, as the close personal friend of the Attorney General, the Senator wanted to name the committee to make the investigation?" pressed Mr. Wheeler.

"I repudiate that; it is absolutely false," Mr. Willis replied.

"Did not the Senator talk to the President of the Senate about certain members for the committee?" Mr. Wheeler inquired.

"I suggested the names of a number of Senators I thought would be faithful and effective and intelligent members of the committee," answered Mr. Willis.

"The Senator named to him a number who he thought would be faithful to the Attorney General?"

"That statement is false. I made no such proposition at all. I named no one with the idea that he would be faithful to the Attorney General."

"Did not the Senator rise in his place a few days ago and proclaim that the Attorney General was as clean as a hound's tooth?" asked Mr. Caraway.

"With reference to the oil transaction, that is what I said," replied Mr. Willis.

"But whether I was correct will be proved if we have a fair investigation."

"Was not the Senator's statement just general?" insisted Mr. Caraway. "He just gave the Attorney General a clean bill of health."

"As I recall it, it was the oil matter that was under discussion," Mr. Willis said, "but that will be determined by a fair investigation which I am in favor of."

"He goes no further in vouching for the Attorney General than oil?" asked Mr. Caraway.

"I gave the Senator my recollection of the discussion then in hand," replied Mr. Willis, "and it will be found if a fair investigation is permitted here that the Attorney General will present the facts. If it is found that he is guilty of wrongdoing there will be no one more ready to insist that he shall be punished than I. But I insist, Mr. President, that a man is entitled to his chance to present the facts and have a fair hearing."

Bring Up Newberry Case.

To vary the discussion Senator Stanley of Kentucky at this stage brought up the Newberry case. It was Mr. Willis who drafted the resolution which was finally passed and which gave Mr. Newberry a clear title to his seat. Mr. Willis refused to discuss that case. He said he had no apologies to make for his course in the Newberry affair.

Mr. Willis informed the Kentucky Senator that he need have no fear as to Mr. Daugherty's ability to fight his own battles.

"Daugherty," said Mr. Willis, "does not run away from a controversy of this kind."

"Where is he now?" Mr. Stanley inquired.

"I am going to answer that question," Mr. Willis replied, his voice shaking with anger, "and I hope the Senator gives me his attention. I had supposed that a sense of decency in the Senate would prevent such an inquiry as that. The Senator knows of the illness in the family of the Attorney General. He knows of the fact that the good wife of the Attorney General is an invalid and has been for very many years and that she is in Florida and that the Attorney General has gone to pay her a brief visit; and yet the Senator from Kentucky cheaply seeks to get a letter and to make a point of the situation, so delicate as that. He is welcome to all the glory he can get out of the situation."

After this Mr. Willis was permitted to proceed for a while without interruption. He sarcastically asked Mr. Wheeler if "fine sense of modesty" in naming himself a member of the Investigating Committee. In order to be "absolutely fair" Mr. Wheeler, he added, "names himself the investigator to investigate the charges he himself makes."

"I have never known a case where charges of a bitter and almost personal nature were made," he said, "in which the person making the charges named himself as a member of the committee to investigate these charges.

"The Senator from Montana says 'we all know' something about the President. I do not know whether the President communicates with the Senator from Montana; certainly he does not communicate with me; probably the Senator from Montana knows the mind of the President on this matter. He says 'we all know' this. The other day the Senator made an address in which he said 'we all know' so and so about the Attorney General. We all know so and so about Mr. Doheny and about somebody else then mentioned.

"There are a good many interesting things connected with that. The Senator in his charge in that favorite eloquent expression 'everybody knows' and 'we all know' made certain statements about Mr. Felder, whom I do not know, but Mr. Felder came back immediately and said that the statements were utterly false.'

Doheny's Name Causes Clash.

"In the same paper which is before me Mr. Doheny, whose testimony can scarcely be questioned—this is the same Mr. Doheny the Senator will remember who said that he voted forty times for Mr. McAdoo at San Francisco, whose name was presented to the convention as a candidate for the Vice Presidency—

"Is that the same Doheny who has become spokesman for the Republican Party now?" Mr. Wheeler asked.

"No," Mr. Willis replied, "it is not the same Doheny, because no Doheny has become spokesman for the Republican Party. Mr. Doheny appears to be spokesman for Mr. McAdoo. This is the Mr. Doheny who was a member of the Democratic committee on Resolutions at San Francisco, who helped to write the platform of the Senator's party, a platform by the way which for the first time in American history, so far as I know, had an oil plank in it. Mr. Doheny was a member of the Committee on Resolutions, and there was forthcoming the oil plank in the platform, pointing out the desirability of securing foreign oil interests; and at about that time the employment of Mr. McAdoo, for whom Mr. Doheny had voted forty times, began. It is an interesting subject.

"I am simply calling attention to an interesting book of history in regard to a subject upon which the Senator from Montana seems so sensitive. I just pointed out the fact that this Mr. Doheny—one of the 'everybody knows' persons about whom the junior Senator from Montana talks—was a member of the Committee on Resolutions and that the Committee on Resolutions adopted this oil plank, the first one, so far as I recall, in any national platform, and that at about that time the former Secretary of the Treasury, Mr. McAdoo, became very active in carrying out the terms of this plank and in acquiring foreign oil interests for which he says he got $150,000, and that the fee was going to be $1,000,000 if he had been able to put it across."

A Republican Plank Recalled.

At this point Senator Harrison of Mississippi, who had been reading a little book, interrupted.

"I wish to call the Senator's attention," said Mr. Harrison, "to a plank in his own party platform of 1920. Does the Senator think that the Republican Administration has lived up to the plank in their 1920 platform, which was adopted and in which it is asserted, 'we passed an oil leasing and water power bill to unlock for the public good the great pent-up resources of the country,' and so forth. Does he think his party has lived up to that? I may mention the expression 'public good' is underscored."

The galleries were in an uproar at this and the presiding officer banged his gavel for order.

"Evidently," Mr. Willis replied, "The Republican committee on resolutions were somewhat misled in that particular, because they proceeded to endorse an act which, according to common knowledge, was recommended by the former Secretary of the Navy, Mr. Daniels, under whose leadership the legislation was had."

"At least, if they were misled as to its origin, they certainly realized on it; did they not?" urged Senator Caraway.

"They did not realize quite so largely as Brother McAdoo did," replied Mr. Willis. "He saw the cash right away. It was not sufficient to have collected the large amounts that were collected by presenting cases before the Treasury Department after he himself had been Secretary of the Teasury, and arguing cases before people who were his own appointees. He evidently cast an anchor to windward here and had it all to the good with Brother Doheny and the rest of them."

Mr. Wheeler asked if Mr. Willis knew whether or not the plank to "unlock the gates" was drafted following a conference at which the Secretaryship of the Interior was discussed.

"That's another 'everybody knows' story," Mr. Willis shouted, "and the Senator does not know everything about what he's talking about, and neither do I."

Says Doheny Contradicted Wheeler.

When permitted to resume Mr. Willis declared that Mr. Doheny had branded as false statements made by Mr. Wheeler, just as Felder had done.

"The only statement," continued Mr. Willis, "that the Senator was able to get away with was the statement he made about a dead man. He makes a statement about poor old Jess Smith. I know nothing about his relationship to this matter. Everybody else that he charges has come back at once and said that his statements were false: but Jess, being dead, could not speak on the subject.

"Of course the Senator believes Felder, who is under indictment and who is the personal friend of Mr. Daugherty," retorted Mr. Wheeler, "and of course he believes Mr. Doheny, who, if the Department of Justice had done its duty, would have been in the penitentiary."

"Mr. President, that is another one of these 'whatever everybody knows' stories," said Mr. Willis. "The Senator is so kind as to indicate what I believe. I do not know Mr. Felder. I never saw him or had any relationship with him. I am simply pointing out the fact that every individual that the Senator in irresponsible fashion charges with things within twenty-four hours came back and said there was no foundation for the charges—all except poor old Jess Smith, who is dead and gone. He could not reply, so the Senator ought to centre his activities on Jess."

Questioned on "Rochester."

Senator Willis was ready to quit, but he was not permitted to do so. Senator Dill of Washington insisted on asking a few questions. Mr. Dill is a member of the Teapot Dome investigating committee.

"I want to ask the Senator about this question of propriety," said Mr. Dill, "since he was been talking about it. I want to know what he thinks of the propriety of a certain telegram that was sent to Mr. McLean on the 18th of January. I refer to the telegram sent to the Senate.

"Informed that investigation is being made by Senate committee to determine if you had $100,000 in cash in any bank at the time you testified that you gave Fall check for that amount. Thought I had better advise you concerning this phase. Regards. Rochester."

"And 'Rochester' is the confidential publicity man in Daugherty's office at this time. Now, speaking of the proprieties, I want the Senator's opinion as to the propriety of the confidential man of the Attorney General informing the man who was being investigated by the committee of a matter of that kind."

"If it is a fact that anybody connected with the Department of Justice was giving information to Mr. McLean, I regard it as highly improper, and it ought to be punished," replied Mr. Willis.

"I notice in last evening's paper," said Mr. Wheeler, "that it says that on Jan. 23 Mr. Major wired to Mr. McLean as follows:

"'Willis in full possession of matters, after battle of wits between Lambert and myself.'

"It could not possibly be the Senator from Ohio, could it, that that refers to?

"The fact that he was willing to give publicity to a thing like that is the best proof in the world that he is not fit to sit upon this committee of investigation," retorted Mr. Willis.

"I say to him that any imputation that he would make that I have had any communication with any of the people referred to is as false as anything could be. I know nothing about the matter tow hich he is referring. I know nothing of these parties, and the telegram is an enigma to me; and yet the Senator introduces it here in the hope that he may get it before the country, something before the country to the effect that I am connected with it. I repudiate it absolutely and deny it as vigorously as I may, and say that to my mind the fact that he could do a thing of that sort is proof that he ought not to be a member of this committee.

"I do not know whether there is doubt in the Senator's mind or not, but I say to him and to any newspaper or anybody else, in the Senate or out of it, that says that I have had anything to do with this matter, or have sent or received any telegram, states that which is a wicked, cowardly, malicious falsehood."

Mentions Other Names in Telegrams.

"May I say to the Senator?" put in Senator Harrison, "that he can get consolation out of the fact that cherries and apples and apricots and peaches were also named in this telegram?"

"Well, I was not one of them," replied Mr. Willis, "that might be the Senator; he is a peach."

"Mr. President," interrupted Senator Heflin of Alabama, "the Senator from Ohio a moment ago said that McAdoo had gotten the cash, and had gotten it right away. I want to remind the Senator and the Senate what I have said here a number of times, that Mr. William Boyce Thompson, the Treasurer of the Republican Campaign Committee in 1920, a stockholder and a director in the Sinclair Oil Company, borrowed $3,500,000 on a dummy note. There was $5,000,000 borrowed in all. Three and a half million of it was on a dummy note, and Sinclair Oil stock was used as collateral.

"I merely wanted to ask the Senator if it was not a fact that Mr. Upham was Treasurer of the Republican National Committee, and not Mr. Thompson?" asked Senator Wadsworth of New York.

"He was connected with it," replied Mr. Heflin, "and he got this money. I have intimated that I believe that this money was used by the Republican Party to help carry the election in 1920. This committee—and its Chairman is a Republican from Wisconsin—can summon William Boyce Thompson, and I ask the Chairman to summon him and to question him about these matters; and I challenge him to summon him, that issue can be joined.

"I have a statement by a former official of this Government who is as honest as Paul, and he is ready to testify. I want William Boyce Thompson brought to Washington, and I want these questions asked him. We will find out then, if he will tell the truth about the part the Sinclair Oil Company played in the Republican campaign of 1920."

Heflin Demands Oil Flow Stopped.

Mr. Heflin now had the floor in his own right. He had a crowded gallery and he waded in for all he was worth. It was his first speech and was only halted by the closing hour. He announced that he would "talk at length" tomorrow.

"As this thing goes," declared Mr. Heflin, "the worse it gets. It is going to involve nearly every Republican official before it is over, and it looks to me, and it reminds me of that old story, applying to the Republican Party:

There was a little dog and his name was Rover
And when he died he died all over.

Mr. Heflin declared that Mr. Doheny and Mr. Sinclair are still pumping the oil out of the naval reserves and he wanted to know when legal action was going to be taken to stop the flow.

"Why should the Administration not deal as drastically with the bribers of a Republican Cabinet officer and the despoilers of the nation's oil reserve, as it formerly dealt with trespassers on Teapot Dome?

"That is a pertinent inquiry. Marines could be sent to keep these people off of Doheny's Teapot Dome property, or property that he claimed. They were stopped immediately from drilling wells; but Sinclair drilled his well, he put in his pumps. He has a pipe line running to Kansas City, Mo., with stations every forty miles of the way, and today this oil is being pumped out just as rapidly as they can get it out.

"Nobody has gone to stop them. No marine has been called out by the Assistant Secretary of the Navy. No United States Marshal has appeared upon the scene to stop these people from taking this oil out. No petition for an injunction has been filed by the two attorneys, Mr. Pomerene and Mr. Roberts. In ten days from this time, if an injunction has not been issued and this pumping of oil has not been stopped, I will favor removing those two attorneys and appointing two country lawyers, who will stop it within twenty-four hours.

"If a man's jugular vein is cut and you send for a doctor and the patient is bleeding to death, does he sit down and open a book and say, 'I am going to read for twenty-four hours and study up on the case before I undertake to stop the flow of blood and save your life?'

Assails Special Counsel.

"That is the situation yonder. The oil is being taken out. It is the oil of the people. We have instructed these two lawyers to go and stop the taking of that oil out and take this property over; but nothing has been done.

"Who appointed these attorneys? The President. They are under his guidance and control? Certainly. Has he instructed them to operate out there? I have seen nothing of it. Why does he not do that? I have a right to ask that question; why does he not do it?

"I think I can allay the Senator's concern," said Senator Shipstead, "because within ten days I saw in one of the Washington papers Mr. Doheny quoted as saying that he had plenty of confidence in the attorneys who had been appointed to prosecute him."

"From the way they are performing," continued Mr. Heflin, "it seems his confidence is not misplaced. I am not going to shield any Democrat, or Republican either. One of those attorneys is a Democrat and the other is a Republican. I stated at the time I voted for them that I wanted somebody to get in action and stop this oil flow and to take this property over, and that I had no assurances we could get better attorneys, that the President would send the names of more competent men. It looks as if I had made a mistake in voting for these men."

Asks Why McLean Is Not Called.

Mr. Heflin wanted to know why the investigating committee did not call Mr. McLean at once. If he were the Chairman, he declared, Mr. McLean would have taken the stand many days ago. Never was a witness treated with the consideration accorded McLean, said Mr. Heflin, demanding that Chairman Lenroot inform the Senate when he expects to call Mr. McLean.

Mr. Lenroot replied that the committee when it has decoded the McLean telegrams and has concluded the examination of the persons named in or to whom the messages were sent that Mr. McLean would be called to the witness chair. The committee, he pointed out, is proceeding in an orderly manner and calling its witnesses in their proper order. Mr. McLean, he said, will come in his proper time, and that time, he added, is very near. Senator Walsh of Montana sustained the position of Mr. Lenroot.

Mr. Heflin then trained his guns on Attorney General Daugherty.

"Why does the President not ask for Daugherty's resignation?" he asked. "I have seen a letter in the press shown in this investigation that he wrote to a District Attorney in the West that will open the eyes of the Senate and of the nation. I was told by a man who has the letter that that was just a mere incident among other things. In this case that I am speaking of the Republican national committeeman was involved, and instead of going after him and apprehending him, the Attorney General was writing a letter to a District Attorney, whose duty it would be to prosecute him; that any favor that is granted will be highly improper, and he used the words: 'He is our man.' The trail of the serpent is over it all. It gets worse the further we go.

"The Senator from Ohio spoke about smoke-screens being thrown out. I have not seen any smoke-screen except one that Daugherty erected just before he departed. I confess that his attitude presents an amazing situation to the country, an Attorney General who has been arraigned as he has—facts have come out here in the Senate for two days regarding him. The record is full of things against this man, and still he holds on! He goes to the White House. He has been told that the Senator from Idaho (Mr. Borah) was called by the President to lay before him certain things that he knew about Mr. Daugherty's conduct and reasons why he should be put out of the Cabinet.

Recalls Denby's Defiance.

"It is up to the Senate. He has challenged the Senate. He defied the President and now he challenges the Senate. Well, I saw the Senate stand up here and pass the resolution of the Senator from Arkansas [Mr. Robinson] calling on the President to request Denby to resign, and I saw Denby's statement flaunted in the face of the Senate and the country, saying that he would not resign, and defying everything; and I saw the President's statement saying he would not permit him to resign. And yet, in a little while, when the wave of public opinion came sweeping in, I saw Denby fold his tent and silently steal away.

"Daugherty defies them now. He is the Kingmaker of the Republican Party. He knows more than any man in the Cabinet. He is in connection with more big, crooked interests than any other man who ever sat in the Cabinet of the United States. They know it. He is the Samson, and if he gets up under these pillars and heaves his shoulders and strikes these columns there are going to be some high doings around there, and they do not want any crash.

"I do not know how they will explain that telegraphic business in the White House. I should like to have it explained. If any Senator here would like to venture in that line, I will yield for an explanation. That is one of the worst things that has ever come to my knowledge. Not only have we trailed this serpent to the door of various Cabinet members, but we are now tracking him over the fence and into the White House yard."

Mr. Heflin, as he did yesterday, declared that Senator Lenroot and Senator Smoot had been guilty of a grave impropriety when they called on Mr. Fall last November and asked Mr. Fall to appear before the committee and disclose the source of the funds he used in buying his New Mexico ranch property.

Senator Lenroot asked Senator Walsh if he saw any impropriety in the visit.

"The bare fact as stated by Senator Lenroot of his going to see Secretary Fall with his colleague, the Senator from Utah, carried to my mind no impropriety whatever," replied Senator Walsh.

Mr. Walsh added that he doubted whether either Senator Lenroot or Senator Smoot had "indulged the suspicion about this whole transaction with which I was impressed from the very beginning."

Senator Walsh then reviewed the case against Fall at some length.

Walsh Clears Lenroot and Smoot.

"May I say," Mr. Walsh concluded, "that I cannot doubt for a moment that the suspicions of the Senator from Wisconsin and the Senator from Utah must have been aroused concerning this matter before they visited Senator Fall, although I know that mine anti-dated theirs by a considerable period of time.

"That is the plain statement of the thing and I again say that I can see no impropriety in those two gentlemen, political friends and former associates of Senator Fall, going to find out what was the truth about the matter. Of course it would have been a happier circumstance, I say frankly, if the Senators had promptly come before the committee, and told us why they had visited Secretary Fall and what he had told them."

"I want to say to the Senator from Montana," interrupted Mr. Smoot, "that when Senator Fall sent that letter to the committee I believed it as much as I ever believed anything that ever came to my notice. I thought every word in it was true."

"I accept the statement of the Senator and have no doubt it is correct," replied Mr. Walsh, "but he could not have accepted it if he had not been very decidedly friendly to the cause of Mr. Fall, because no one can take that letter and look at it and read it and imagine that it was a frank statement of the affairs."

Senator Lenroot said that Senator Heflin had misrepresented the facts in stating that a private wire had been run into the White House by Mr. McLean. This started a debate in which Mr. Heflin read the telegrams referring to the McLean private wire.

Senator Lenroot then took up discussion of the Wheeler resolution. He said he had no objection to Mr. Wheeler serving on it and thought such a committee would get nowhere unless one of its members assumed the rôle of prosecutor. He also said that he would like to have Senator Willis serve on the committee.

"After all," asserted Senator Lenroot, "the benefits of an investigation such as the Committee on Public Lands and Surveys is now making, are not in the final decision that the committee will make and the recommendation it may make to the Senate with respect to the particular matters.

"The benefits that come from such an investigation are the publicity, the evidence, that is produced, the facts that are disclosed.

"I have just one other thing to say. It is quite evident that the next campaign is going to be very largely a washing of dirty linen. Inasmuch as that is going to be done to a very large extent, I personally would like to see all of the dirty linen of both political parties washed while we are about it. It is rather painful perhaps for the time being to both of the political parties if that be done. But in the long run I believe that good will come out of it all. I personally would like to see a general committee here with authority broad enough to investigate every officer of the Government, to investigate every violator of law having to do with the departments of the Government."

Heflin Questions Lenroot.

Mr. Heflin interrupted Mr. Lenroot to say that Senator Smoot had been quoted as saying that Mr. Lenroot has asked him to go with him to see Mr. Fall.

"I am not responsible for that," replied Mr. Lenroot, "and about the most despicable of human beings is the assassin of character, and I have a right to ask the Senator from Alabama whether he intends to insinuate by innuendo that I had any part in concocting a lie on the part of Senator Fall?"

"No, I have not accused the Senator of trying to concoct a lie, and I do not at all," replied Mr. Heflin. "But I will ask that question many a time: Who suggested to Fall to state that he got his money from Ed McLean?"

"Now I ask the Senator again, in asking that question does he ask it with reference to any visit I had with Mr. Fall?" retorted Mr. Lenroot.

"I ask it generally. I am not saying that the Senator can take that, and now he can act as he chooses," said Mr. Heflin.

"Again, I want to say to the Senator that I cannot think of anything more despicable than the insinuations the Senator from Alabama would now leave with the Senate," declared Mr. Lenroot.

Senator Norris said he was sure the Senate committee named by Senator Wheeler would give Mr. Daugherty a fair trial. He said Mr. Daugherty was entitled to the fairest of hearings and in making his defense should be allowed to have all the counsel he wanted.

Asks for Income Tax Returns.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 29 (Associated Press).—The Senate today asked that the income tax returns of a number of individuals and corporations prominently connected with the oil inquiry be thrown open to inspection by the oil committee.

Those named include Harry F. Sinclair and the oil companies with which he is connected; E. L. Doheny and E. L. Doheny Jr. and the Doheny oil corporations; Albert B. Fall, former Secretary of the Interior, and the Security Investment Company.

The resolution on the subject, offered by Senator McKellar, Democrat of Tennessee, and adopted without debate, "respectfully requests" President Coolidge to exercise the authority given under the revenue law of 1924 to turn the reports over to the committee.

TO HAVE COUNSEL TEST STANDARD OIL LEASES

Coolidge Will Name Attorneys to Inquire Into Holdings of School Lands.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 29.—President Coolidge has before him a resolution of the Senate authorizing the appointment of special counsel to investigate the legality of leases of certain school lands ceded by the United States to the State of California, on which oil has been discovered.

This matter is a phase of the general investigation now being made by the Senate Committee on Public Lands into the Teapot Dome and California leases of naval oil lands to the Sinclair and Doheny interests. Senator Walsh of Montana, a member of the investigating committee, is the author of the resolution for the appointment of special counsel.

It was explained at the White House today that the President would appoint special counsel separate from Messrs. Howland and Pomerene, who were appointed to represent the Government in taking legal action with respect to the Teapot Dome and California naval reserve leases

The lands with which the new special counsel will deal comprise an area belonging to the United States which was turned over to the State of California for school purposes. The cession of this area to the State was made under the stipulation that, should oil be found on the lands involved, the area would revert to the Federal Government. The State leased the lands to the Standard Oil Company of California, which discovered oil on them.

The land now in controversy is section 36, adjoining naval reserve district No. 1, which was leased by former Secretary Fall to the Doheny oil interests.

When John Barton Payne was Secretary of the Interior under President Wilson, suit for the recovery of these lands by the United States was begun under the direction of A. Mitchell Palmer, then Attorney General. The Federal Government lost its suit in a lower court.

When Mr. Fall was Secretary of the Interior under President Harding the matter of taking an appeal from the decision of the lower court was brought to the attention of Attorney General Daugherty, according to the story now told, by Special Attorney Garnett of the Department of Justice. The matter then appeared to have been brought to the attention of Secretary Fall, but after some delay the lease to the Standard Oil Company of California was validated by the Interior Department. The special counsel to be appointed by President Coolidge will make an investigation to determine whether the oil company has a legal right to the lands in question.

An interesting feature of this phase of the general inquiry into oil leases is whether the leases of the Teapot Dome and California oil reserve lands to private interests were based on the action of ex-Secretary Fall in validating the lease of Government school lands by the State of California to a private oil company. In other words, the new inquiry raises the point whether the Fall régime justified the lease of naval oil lands to the Doheny and Sinclair companies on the ground that the lease of Government school lands on which oil had been found was legal.

"NOT I," SAYS H. M. HOLDEN.

Texas District Attorney Asserts Heflin Did Not Mean Him.

HOUSTON, Texas, Feb. 29.—"Senator Heflin's charge cannot refer to me," declared H. M. Holden, District Attorney for the Southern District of Texas, which includes Brownsville, home of R. B. Creager, Republican National Committeeman, who recently drew Heflin's fire.

Mr. Holden was asked if a charge that Attorney General Daugherty had instructed "a certain District Attorney" in the West not to prosecute "a certain Republican National Committeeman," could refer to him.

"Besides this isn't the West," Mr. Holden added. "It's the South."

E. L. DOHENY DEFENDS OIL LEASES AS WISE

Declares the Government Gets Benefit of Investment of $100,000,000 to $500,000,000.

SEES GREAT RISKS INVOLVED

Navy Has Been Made More Efficient, He Contends, and Our Pacific Possessions Safeguarded.

Edward L. Doheny issued a statement on the Elk Hills naval oil leases yesterday declaring that while he expected

PROTESTANT CHURCH CENSURED BY LABOR

It Has Lost Touch With Common People, Declares Chief Stone of Engineers.

STEEL TRUST IS ASSAILED

Governor Sweet of Colorado Declares It Exploited Humanity as Well as Raw Materials.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Feb. 29.—The attitude of the Protestant Church toward labor and the alleged exploitation of humanity by capital were assailed at today's session of the Council of Cities of the Methodist Episcopal Church by Warren S. Stone, President of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, and Governor William E. Sweet of Colorado. Mr. Stone declared that the Protestant Church, as such, had lost touch with the common people.

"The workingman is no longer welcome in many of our Protestant churches," he said, "and the workingman clothed in rags has no place where he is welcome in any of the Protestant churches. The reverse is true of the Catholic Church. No matter how lowly his position in the social scale, no matter how ragged he may be, the doors of the church always stand open to him."

Mr. Stone prefaced his arraignment of Protestantism by saying that he was a Protestant, a member of the Congregational Church, and that he spoke "more in a spirit of sorrow and sadness". The subject of his address was "What Labor Thinks of the Church and Possible Co-operation." The Smithfield Street Methodist Episcopal Church, the scene of the convention, was crowded to the doors when the labor leader arose to speak.

Says Church Depends on Capital.

"You want to know what labor thinks of the Church? I tell you very frankly that labor does not think much of the Church, because the Church does not think very much of labor. Always, in any trouble between capital and labor, the influence of the Church has largely been on the side of capital. This is easily explained when you realize that the Church depends upon capital for its support and not upon contributions from the workers. Some churches, it is true, carry on a superficial welfare work, but they do almost nothing to interest themselves vitally in wages, working conditions and occupational problems that mean bread and butter and life and death to the worker and his family.

"The average worker is convinced that the Church exists largely for the white-collared people. They regard it somewhat as a comfortable social club for merchants and bankers, Rotarians and members of the Chamber of Commerce. I appreciate that this is a biased judgment, and that the Church exists, or should exist, for all classes of people. In fact, I have a recollection that somewhere in the New Testament it says that when the Carpenter of Nazareth spoke, the common people heard him gladly, while the religious and business classes persecuted and crucified him. However unfortunate the impression may be, the fact is that a large number of workers believe that the Church is generally run by big business men and employers. It might be well for you to take a census of your own churches and especially to count the number of men on your official board who earn their daily bread by the sweat of their brows.

Hungary for Real, Living Message.

"The first thing, it seems to me, for the Church to do is to live up to its professions. If the ministers were preaching the same sort of gospel and living the same kind of life today that the great founder of the Christian Church did 2,000 years ago, there wouldn't be standing room left in any of your churches.

Governor Sweet talked on "The Christian and Politics" and was scarcely less drastic than Mr. Stone in his denunciation of the Church that bowed before big business and great wealth. He quoted Bishop F. J. McConnell as saying that "modern business is essentially pagan," and continued:

"The primary object of modern business is the exploitation of humanity as well as raw materials. The history of the United States Steel Corporation, the largest steel company in the world, proves this statement. It exploited its men as to hours of labor and wages for years while capital received enormous returns in dividends and the accumulation of surplus. Their excuse that they could not afford the short day was accepted. Since its adoption the company has regularly paid larger dividends on the common stock, although it maintains that the cost of production has increased 10 per cent.

"Several years ago at a meeting of steel manufacturers a prominent speaker addressed them on labor and the steel industry. When he had finished, the Chairman observed, 'Steel has always been a man-killer, it always will be a man-killer. We will now proceed to the next order of business.'"

This sally was greeted by a storm of applause.

BERRY FILES IN OHIO FOR VICE PRESIDENT

Head of the Pressmen's Union Will Run for Democratic Nomination.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Feb. 29.—George L. Berry, President of the International Printing Pressmen and Assistants' Union of North America, late today filed his application with Secretary of State Brown as a candidate for the office of Vice President on the Democratic ticket.

Berry's declaration of candidacy was filed by William Green, Secretary of the United Mine Workers of America, and was signed by George H. H. Pratt and M. G. Berry.

Mr. Berry's letter from New Orleans to Mr. Green authorizing the use of his name was as follows:

"I am a Democrat, a resident of the pressman's home, Tennessee, and a candidate for the Democratic nomination for Vice President of the United States. I hereby designate you a duly qualified elector of the State of Ohio, and a Democrat, as my representative to sign such declarations as may be necessary to have my name appear upon the ballot at the preferential primary election to be held in the State of Ohio on the last Tuesday in April, 1924."

WHITE HOUSE MYSTIFIED.

Does Not Understand McLean's "Easy Touch" Telegram.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 29.—At the White House today it was said that there was no explanation of the telegram to E. B. McLean, then in Florida, wherein it was suggested that a leased wire be run from Washington to Palm Beach so as to keep in "easy touch with the White House."

The opinion was expressed that this was used in a newspaper sense and referred to keeping in touch with news. The telegram was from one of Mr. McLean's agents and was read into the oil investigation record.

ROBBERS CAPTURE $25,000 TRUCKLOAD

Thieves in Auto Abduct Expressman and Helper and Seize Their Vehicle.

GET WATCHES AND CLOCKS

Arrest of Four Men After Chase Reveals Theft of Another Truck Loaded With Silk.

As James Beebe, expressman, and his helper, Gordon Peck, both of New Haven, swung into Williamsbridge Road from the Boston Post Road early yesterday, en route from New Haven to this city, with a motor truck carrying watches and clocks valued at $25,000, a sedan car cut in alongside. Beebe was forced to stop his heavy vehicle.

Two men leaped from the sedan and forced Beebe and Peck to enter their car. Two others in the machine covered the expressmen with revolvers. A fifth member of the band took the wheel of the truck and drove it off. Two hours later Beebe and Peck, having been prisoners in the sedan, were set down near the Alexander Avenue Station, the Bronx. They gave the police good descriptions of the two men who first held them up.

The theft of a truckload of silk valued at $17,000 from in front of the Beaumont mills, 57 Hope Street, Brooklyn, on Thursday afternoon, was disclosed in the arrest of four men yesterday as they left a saloon at Eighth Avenue and Thirtieth Street. The prisoners said they were Max Price of 308 West Twenty-ninth Street, William Butler of 412 West Fifty-fifth Street, Joseph Florenza of 414 West Twenty-ninth Street and Michael Genasti of 229 Ninth Avenue.

Three new safes were ripped open by the robbers who visited the building at 262 Fulton Street, Brooklyn, for the second time in nine days. The loot consisted of between $3,000 and $5,000 in money. On the last call the thieves obtained about $900.

DAUGHERTY'S NAME WILL STAY ON OHIO LIST

Coolidge Leaders Decide to Let Voters Pass on His Candidacy for Delegate's Post.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 29.—Attorney General Daugherty will be retained on the list of Coolidge delegates-at-large from Ohio to the Republican National Convention regardless of the fight against him in the Senate and whether he remains in the Cabinet or not.

This was the decision reached at conferences concluded here today by Hoke Donithan, manager of the Coolidge campaign in Ohio. With William M. Butler and other Coolidge leaders, Mr. Donithan believes Mr. Daugherty's candidacy is a personal matter on which the Ohio voters should be permitted to pass in the primary, if the Attorney General desires it.

The period for the filing of notices of candidacies expires today.

New Phone Office Building.

The New York Telephone Company has commenced excavations for its new two-story central office building at Kingsbridge Avenue and West 230th Street, the Bronx, which will provide quarters for a new central office. The estimated cost is $325,000.

JALAPA CAPTURED BY OBREGON TROOPS

Rebels' Reinforcements Fail to Reach the City in Time to Defend It.

VERA CRUZ, Feb. 29 (Associated Press).—General Almazan and his Federal forces captured the town of Jalapa Thursday afternoon without resistance, according to an announcement made tonight by General Eugenio Martinez.

General Guadalupe Sanchez, the rebel leader, attempted to reinforce his garrison at Jalapa, but the reinforcements arrived too late.

Colonel Rojas, a rebel officer, who remained in Vera Cruz after the rebels evacuated the city, was summarily executed today.

Alvarado, a port on the Gulf of Mexico at the mouth of the River Papoloapam, has been occupied by the Federal forces. This occupation is expected to help the sugar situation. Several boats will leave tomorrow for Alvarado for sugar cargoes.

Fifty-two railroad employes, charged with being implicated in the revolution, have been ordered under arrest by the Government. The order has created consternation among the railway workers.

Oil Towns to Be Taken.

MEXICO CITY, Feb. 29 (Associated Press).—General Luis Gutierrez, commanding the Federal military operations in the oil region, is advancing against Puerto Lobos, to which point the rebels, under José Moran, withdrew from Tuxpam, according to official advices. From Puerto Lobos General Gutierrez will continue his advance against Tamiahua.

Official advices state that 2,000 armed rebels have entered Acapulco, and a Federal column is being organized to capture that important Pacific port. The steamships Progreso and Coahuila, now at Manzanillo, will transport these forces which probably will be under orders of General Gonzalo Escobar.

Arrivals from Yucatan report Socialist activities against the revolutionary authorities, numerous workers and peasants awaiting the arrival of the Federal forces to participate in a campaign against the rebels.

The rebel leader Garcia is operating in the vicinity of Tixhokob, while Maxcanu, the third most important city in Yucatan, is now in control of the few Governmental supporters, who escaped arrest after the execution of Carillo Puerto.

New Mexican Cabinet Ministers.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MEXICO CITY, Feb. 29.—President Obregon has conferred the rank of Minister in the Cabinet on Ramon de Negri, Sub-Secretary of Agriculture, and on Aaron Saenz, Sub-Secretary of Foreign Relations. Señor de Negri has been in charge of the Department of Agriculture and Aaron Saenz in charge of Foreign Relations since the transfer of Minister Pani to the Department of the Treasury.

Owners of the textile mills, answering demands of the workers for increased wages, say they are unable to grant the increases owing to lack of demand for manufactured articles.

The Mexican railways have eliminated auditors on trains, making a saving of 60,000 pesos monthly.

Fewer Complaints From Mexico.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 29.—Indications of the restoration by President Obregon of orderly conditions in Mexico are seen by officials here in the falling off of complaints from Americans in Mexico of disturbances in their vicinity.

Ask Higher Pay in Customs Service.

The Merchants' Association sent a telegram to President Coolidge yesterday requesting his aid in connection with the increased appropriation of $2,500,000 reported by the Senate Appropriations Committee for the Customs Service.

FORBES TOOK BRIBE, GRAND JURY SAYS

Continued from Page 1, Column 7.

was named in the indictments as having been retained as the agent of Thompson and Black, who, the indictment charged, used the Pontiac Construction Company in their operations.

According to charges reported to have been made before the Grand Jury, Black and Thompson were alleged to have received a promise of preference in contracts regardless of whether their terms were most advantageous to the Government.

The hospitals for which Congress appropriated $12,000,000, and which are involved in the investigation, were to have been located at Liberty, Tupper Lake, Tarrytown and Poughkeepsie, N. Y.; Northampton, Mass.; Chillicothe, Ohio; Great Lakes, Ill.; Gulfport, Miss.; Livermore and Camp Kearney, Cal.; Hayden Lake, Idaho; St. Cloud, Minn.; American Lake, Camp Lewis and Tacoma, Wash.

Fix Dates of Conspiracies.

The indictment charges that "Forbes, Thompson, Black, Cramer and Mortimer, from April 1, 1922, to Jan. 1, 1923, at the city of Chicago, did unlawfully and feloniously conspire, confederate and agree together and with divers other persons, to said grand jurors unknown, to defraud the United States by fraudulently, corruptly and unlawfully applying and converting portions of money so appropriated to the private and personal use of said conspirators, Forbes and Mortimer, depriving the United States of benefits accruing to it under said acts of Congress.

"The conspirators, Thompson and Black, paid to the defendants, Forbes and Mortimer, portions of moneys which they should receive under such contract as compensation for their actions in securing contracts for Black and Thompson for expenses to be incurred by them, the said moneys to be wasted and misapplied and the purpose of said acts defeated."

Among alleged overt acts listed in the indictments are the following:

That Forbes, Cramer and Mortimer, April 23, 1922, traveled from Washington to Tarrytown and Poughkeepsie, N. Y.

That Forbes, June 1, 1922, at Washington gave Mortimer a paper containing the names of proposed hospital structures.

That Thompson, at Chicago on the same day, telegraphed Mortimer.

That Mortimer, Thompson and Black met in Chicago on June 7, 1922, "conferred concerning the means and methods of affecting the object of said unlawful and felonious conspiracy, combination, confederation and agreement."

That Thompson, Black, Mortimer and Forbes, June 17, 1922, met in Washington "todiscuss means for carrying out the objects of their conspiracy."

That Thompson and Black, June 20, 1922, borrowed $15,000 from the Union Trust Company, Chicago, and paid it to Mortimer.

That Thompson, Black and Mortimer on June 20, 1922, at Chicago, paid Forbes $5,000.

That Thompson, Black, Mortimer and Forbes, June 20, 1922, met at Chicago and "arranged to have Thompson go to Washington and assist Cramer to carry out the conspiracy" in connection with the preparation, submission and opening of bids pertaining to work at Northampton, Mass."

That Forbes, Mortimer and Black met at San Francisco June 25, 1922, to "discuss means of accomplishing their conspiracy."

That they later met for the same purpose at Seattle, Wash., July 9 and 11; at Tacoma, July 10; at Portland, Ore., July 12; at Spokane, July 13, 14, 15, and at Hayden Lake, Idaho, July 13 and 14.

A Fee of $100,000 Promised.

It was also charged that Forbes's hotel bills at San Francisco and Tacoma, Wash., were paid by Thompson and Mortimer. The sum of $100,000 alleged to have been promised to Cramer was described as "a pretended attorney's fee."

Thompson, accompanied by Elwood Godman, surrendered here tonight and was released under $10,000 bond. He would make no comment on the indictment other than to declare that he was absolutely innocent and would be able to prove it. Mr. Godman said he would confer with Washington counsel for Forbes and make plans for him to surrender. Forbes, he indicated, would probably come to Chicago in a few days to provide for his bonds.

The jury which returned the indictments began its sessions here on Feb. 6 and heard the testimony of forty-four witnesses. Chief among them were Attorney General Daugherty, who appeared yesterday; Brig. Gen. Sawyer and Mr. Mortimer.

Colonel Forbes was named as Director of the Veterans' Bureau by President Harding in 1921, and announced his resignation in February, 1923. Since its inception, it is estimated the bureau has expended approximately $3,500,000,000.

Text of Grand Jury Report.

The Grand Jury's special report reads in full:

"In addition to the matter in which indictments have been returned, this Grand Jury heard a great deal of testimony pertaining to other transactions having to do with the United States Veterans' Bureau, and it feels that it should say to your honor with respect to the contracts between the Veterans' Bureau and the Continental Chemical Company, known as the floor wax contract, and the contract between the bureau and the Society for Visual Education that it has not found anything criminal with respect to these matters. It feels that bad judgment was used by the bureau in entering into these contracts, but it does not find anything in connection with them which justifies a formal accusation in the form of an indictment.

"It has heard a great deal of evidence with respect to transactions known as 'Perryville,' 'Tupper Lake,' and 'Livermore.' It found no basis for this Grand Jury prosecuting an inquiry concerning these transactions to the extent which it feels desirable, for the reason that no act concerning them was committed in the jurisdiction of this court. It does believe, however, that these transactions should have further investigation by the Government, and similarly we feel the so-called subsistence contract should have further scrutiny.

"Incidental to the investigation of matters of which this jury had jurisdiction, certain other facts not directly pertaining to the Veterans' Bureau were developed by counsel for the Government which we regard of great importance. There is no jurisdiction of them in the Northern District of Illinois, but we are assured by Mr. Crim that he will lay them before the Attorney General and the President for consideration.

"We do not feel that it would subserve the best interests of the Government for this jury to make public at this time the details of these transactions. This jury feels it will suffice to report to your honor that they involve (1) speculation by one or more officials of the Government wherein it has been ascertained that official information was used for purposes of speculation; (2) that certain sums of money were paid to two members of Congress; (3) that possession of a file of one of the departments for about a month was had by persons having no official connection with such department; (4) that money was accepted by certain individuals (not attorneys) for the purpose of obtaining clemency for prisoners through their intimacy with officials; (5) that money was collected by certain individuals (not attorneys) for obtaining through such intimacy permits for intoxicating liquor.

"This jury has sat fifteen days, with rare exceptions holding two sessions a day. It has heard the testimony of forty-four witnesses; it wishes to commend Mr. Crim and his assistants for their work, and it feels that in the interest of justice it ought to say to your honor that the compensation of $3 per day and the present legal mileage allowed to Grand Jurors place a burden on jurors, particularly those who come long distances, which it feels should be relieved by appropriate legislation.

"FREDERICK H. MASON,
"Foreman."

WASHINGTON, Feb. 29.—Colonel Charles R. Forbes, former Director of the Veterans' Bureau, received word here tonight of his indictment in Chicago and immediately went into conference with James S. Easby-Smith, his counsel.

Arrangements probably will be made, it was said, for him to appear before a United States Commissioner here and give bond for his appearance in Chicago.

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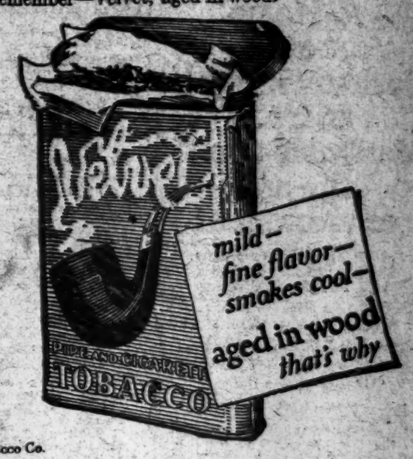

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STERN BROTHERS—MEZZANINE FLOOR

PALMER ACTED FOR M'LEAN

Continued from Page 1, Column 6.

who is a Quaker, did not raise his right hand, but replied, "I will affirm."

Mr. Palmer said he was asked to represent Mr. McLean the latter part of December.

"I have been a friend and acquaintance of Mr. McLean for some years," he said, "but I acted as his counsel," adding that he was retained by John F. Major, agent for Mr. McLean, on Dec. 27.

Mr. Palmer read a telegram sent to Mr. Major by Mr. McLean asking him to get in touch with Mr. Palmer and containing the statement by Mr. McLean which Mr. Palmer later incorporated in a letter submitted to the committee and placed in the record.

Senator Dill told Mr. Palmer that Mr. Major, in a telegram to Mr. McLean, had represented J. W. Zevely, personal attorney for Harry F. Sinclair, as Mr. Palmer's law partner.

Mr. Palmer said that was not the fact and he had no idea how Mr. Major got that impression. He had never been counsel for either Mr. Sinclair or former Secretary Fall. Then, referring again to the Major telegram to Mr. McLean which represented Colonel Zevely as his law partner, he said:

"I have been thinking about that myself, since I saw the telegrams printed. Of course, the telegrams from Major to McLean I have read in the newspapers or some of them, and that is the first I ever saw anything about them, and the only thing I can think of which might have given Major any such impression is the possibility that Zevely may have told him that he had talked to me about this case, and what happened in that regard is this:

"The first time I ever heard of this investigation was in a conversation with Colonel Zevely. Colonel Zevely is an old personal friend of mine whom I have known many years, and on Sunday, Dec. 23, he called at my house, and in the course of the conversation he asked me either what I thought about the Teapot Dome investigation, or what I knew about it, or something of that sort.

Didn't Know of Investigation.

"I told him I never had heard of it; I had been out of the country for four months and out of the city for six months; I had just returned to Washington two or three days before that, and I did not really know that there was an investigation going on. And he then—Colonel Zevely then sketched to me the proceedings in this investigation and told me what had transpired, in a general way.

"I remember he told me that Sinclair had been asked some questions which, I think, he had refused to answer, and the committee had had some discussion as to whether they could compel him to answer. And he also said that Fall was in the city and was going to testify, and that Fall had some question in his mind as to whether he could be compelled by the committee to answer a question which the committee might put as to where he got certain money. I don't know that the amount was mentioned. And he asked me what my opinion was as to whether the committee could require him to answer.

"I told him that my recollection of the rules was that a Congressional committee might require a witness to answer any question which was pertinent to the inquiry, if the inquiry was about a matter which was within the jurisdiction of the Congress. In a general way that is what I thought the law was and that I thought they could compel both Sinclair and Fall to answer the questions. And I think I said I could see no reason why he should not answer the question; that he ought to answer the question. That was on Sunday, Dec. 23."

Senator Dill read a telegram dated Dec. 26 and sent to Mr. McLean by Mr. Major, in which he stated that Palmer and his associate named Zevely told me tonight that under no circumstances for you to send a message to the Chairman of the committee."

"Mr. Zevely and I never saw Major together," Mr. Palmer said. "I told you all that transpired between Zevely and me, absolutely. That is all there was to it. He asked me simply whether these witnesses could be compelled to answer, and I gave him an offhand curbstone opinion."

Says He Did Not See Fall.

Senator Dill said he wanted to establish how much truth Mr. Major was stating, and read from other telegrams sent to McLean. He called Mr. Palmer's attention particularly to the following quotation from one of the Major telegrams:

"Palmer said he thought that he would be able in the morning to look out for the man's interests, in case he was well enough to testify."

"I have not the slightest idea what he meant by that," said Mr. Palmer. "He never said a word about it."

Q.—You didn't see Mr. Fall about it? A.—No, sir. Not a word. I have not seen Mr. Fall for years, and have not had any communication with him, directly or indirectly, of any kind or character.

Q.—Do you know Irvin Bennett of The Washington Post? A.—Yes.

Q.—Do you know Mr. Crocker of New York? A.—I know Frank Crocker, a lawyer in New York.

Senator Dill quoted a telegram from Mr. Bennett to Mr. McLean on Jan. 3, in which he said "Zev said that he and Crocker of New York made every possible effort to have Whitney excused, but were unsuccessful."

Q.—Do you know of any reason why Mr. McLean should want Whitney excused from testifying? A.—None at all.

Q.—It was not discussed with you at all? A.—No, sir; not at all. And the way I know Frank Crocker is that when I was Alien Property Custodian he handled some things in New York for me. I have not seen him for years, and have not communicated with him.

Q.—Was Mr. Zevely also attorney for McLean at this time? A.—Not that I know of.

Q.—And he and you did not confer together in preparing this data for the committee? A.—We did not.

Denies Acting for Others.

Senator Dill then mentioned the McLean telegram requesting that the statement which Mr. Palmer finally sent to the committee in his behalf should be submitted to Francis McAdoo, son of William Gibbs McAdoo. Mr. McLean was represented as desiring that this be done as "on account of Palmer acting for other parties you must be extra careful."

Q.—What other parties were you acting for that he knew about that made it necessary to be extra careful? A.—I haven't the slightest idea. I was not acting for anybody else in this matter.

Q.—Well, are you acting for anybody else as attorney who is connected with the oil investigation, or the oil scandal, at all? A.—So far as I know, I do not represent anybody that has the slightest connection with it in any way, shape or form.

Q.—You do not represent Doheny? A.—I do not; I never did. I rather regret that. But I never did.

"I should think so if you could get the fees," Senator Dill remarked.

"So far as I know, Senator," said Mr. Palmer, "I have not had the slightest connection in any way, shape or form with anybody in relation to this matter, except this simple thing, that at Mr. McLean's request—which I understood to be because his personal counsel, Mr. Lambert, was out of the city—I took to Senator Walsh this very telegram which I have read here today, and I read it to Senator Walsh, and I told him that I was informed that Mr. McLean was ill in Florida and that his wife was ill, and that they were down there on that account.

"I assumed that this statement of McLean's was the truth. I had no reason to believe it was not the truth. I assumed if he was asked the question he would say it was true. I explained to Senator Walsh that he was perfectly willing to testify, but he would prefer to testify by deposition rather than come here, on account of his health and the health of his wife, and then I wrote a letter embodying the telegram to Senator Walsh.

"Before I transmitted that letter this message came that I was to submit it to McAdoo. I sent that letter over to McAdoo and he wired me the next day, 'I approve of the letter,' and I then mailed it to Senator Walsh.

Tells of Letter to Lenroot.

"A couple of days afterwards it occurred to me that I should have sent that letter to the Chairman of the committee. So I wrote the same letter, as I recall it, and addressed it to Senator Lenroot, and called Senator Lenroot on the telephone and told him that I was sending down by a messenger a letter to him, which I would be pleased if he would lay before the committee. He said he would be glad to do it. I sent the letter down to him, and it was read before the committee, and I think is printed in the record. That is absolutely all I had to do with it.

"A day or two after that Mr. Lambert came back to the city; he came up to my house and I told him what I had done, and that was the end of it so far as I was concerned. He took charge of the matter.

"While I am making that statement, I would like to add this one further thing. I did not speak to any member of this committee, either directly or indirectly by telephone or telegram, or personal conversation, or by letter. I did not communicate with any of them. I did not communicate in any way, shape or form, directly or indirectly, with any Senator.

"I see it has been intimated that I took the matter up with Senator Underwood. That is not true. I never spoke about this matter in any way, except I read this telegram to Senator Walsh in his office, and I telephoned to Senator Lenroot I was sending a letter down here."

"Do you know of any reason why this man Major should try to deceive Mr. McLean about this matter?" Senator Dill asked.

"Well, I don't know; no," the witness replied. "From a long experience, I have observed the tendency on the part of the employes to make their bosses believe they are very busy."

Senator Dill read telegrams from Mr. Major to Mr. McLean in which the former represented Mr. Palmer as saying that "Walsh leaves him under the impression that you will not be called."

Mr. Palmer said that Mr. Major was justified in sending that impression.

"I did get the impression—it was just my impression, but from nothing Senator Walsh said—that Mr. McLean was not to be called," said Mr. Palmer.

"Senator Walsh's only reply to me when I read him the telegram was that he had not decided whether he was to be called or not; he didn't know. And he said: 'If he is going to be called, I will let you know.' That was an impression. I did not tell Major that I had anybody working on Senator Walsh, because I did not have anybody working on him. I repeat that I did not ask a living soul to see Senator Walsh, or anybody else about this matter."

Doesn't Know of "Working on Walsh."

Q.—Had Major told you that he was going to have people work on Senator Walsh? A.—No; I don't recall it.

Q.—Did Zevely tell you that? A.—No; I don't recall it. I didn't see Zevely at all in relation to this matter after Major came to me. I think I saw him only once or twice.

Q.—Well, the statement prepared and entered for Mr. McLean tallied very closely with the statement of Mr. Fall. I wondered if, through Mr. Zevely or anybody, the statements were compared? A.—No. I never—

Q.—You had the statement from McLean and the telegram? A.—I had this telegram, and if you will look at the letter I sent to Senator Walsh and the committee you will notice I quoted from the telegram.

Q.—Yes; I know you did. A.—That is where I got it, and the only place I got it.

Senator Dill then switched the examination to the connection of Mr. Palmer when Attorney General with the Southern Pacific case, saying that there had been some question raised because Mr. Palmer as Attorney General did not take an appeal. He asked if Mr. Palmer wanted to make any statement about that.

"Well," replied the witness, "those cases were a half dozen cases, as I recall, against the Southern Pacific Railroad Company brought by my predecessor, Mr. Gregory, or under his direction, and he had appointed as a special Assistant Attorney General to take charge of these cases and to try them. J. Crawford Biggs—Judge Biggs of Raleigh, N. C.—and my first touch with the cases was when I learned they had been tired before Judge Bledsoe, in the United States District Court for the Southern District of California, and the Government's bill had been dismissed.

"I sent for Judge Biggs, and he made a written report to me about the cases, and it appeared that the sole question in the case was whether there had been fraud committed by the railroad company in the procuring of certain patents to those lands; and that question of fraud turned entirely upon the question of whether the railroad company knew at the time they made the application for the patents that they were oil-bearing or mineral bearing.

Explains Southern Pacific Finding.

"The Government was unable to prove that the railroad company knew that they were oil bearing, and consequently was unable to prove there was any fraud in the procuring of the patents, and Judge Bledsoe had filed findings of fact based upon the evidence, practically all of which were contrary to the Government's contention. In other words, the facts had been found against us. The Court agreed with us on the law, but he was against us on the facts. In that state of the record Judge Biggs recommended in writing that the case should not be appealed. He said that an appeal would be hopeless and the Appellate Court would not consider reversing the lower court on the finding of fact, where there was anything to support those findings.

"It went in regular course to Frank K. Nebeker, who was in charge of the Public Land Division. Mr. Nebeker approved of that recommendation. It came to me, and because all cases in the Appelate Courts were handled by the Solicitor-General, it was handled by the then Solicitor General, Alexander King, now a Judge of the United States Circuit Court of Appeals, and Judge King approved the recommendation also. I remember that he brought the papers down to me and said he would be ashamed to argue these cases in the Supreme Court of the United States.

"I then gave it my own consideration and came to the conclusion that all of my assistants were right in the matter and decided that the case should not be appealed.

"About that time, and while there was still time to appeal, Governor Pinchot, then Mr. Pinchot, issued a public statement, and, I think, wrote a letter to the President attacking me for not making this appeal. I replied, giving the facts, very much as I have given them to you here, and because he had sent the letter to the President I took the papers down to the President and explained the situation to him. I said to him: 'It is up to you; if you want us to appeal this case we will do it.' He replied if the department felt that way about it we should not appeal it. That is all there was to it."

Q.—Mr. Palmer, who appealed the Elk Hills case—was that preceding you? A.—Now, I don't remember whether that was appealed while I was there, or not. I think it was before.

Q.—Now, there has been some charge that the ruling which decided the Elk Hills case was based largely on the same facts or principles which Judge Bledsoe decided which was reversed. A.—Yes.

Q.—But it was different? A.—Yes, sir.

Q.—In the Elk Hills case there was fraud? A.—Yes, sir.

Q.—In the Southern Pacific case there was no fraud? A.—It was purely a question of fact, as to whether the Government had established fraud on the part of the railroad company.

Q.—The value of the property involved was about what? A.—I haven't any idea, sir.

Q.—I think the complaint alleged 180,000 acres and $421,000,000; something like that? A.—I don't know about that.

Q.—When the announcement was made that there would be no appeal taken the stock of the Southern Pacific jumped on the New York market from six to fifteen points, something like that, I think? A.—Did it? I don't know. I never read the stock market page.

Q.—Are you attorney for the Standard Oil? A.—I am not.

Q.—You never have been? A.—Never have been.

Cross-examined by Lenroot.

Chairman Lenroot then cross-examined Mr. Palmer about the Southern Pacific case. He called attention to the fact that in the Elk Hills case, rendered about three months after the decision of Judge Bledsoe in the case which was not appealed, the Supreme Court held in favor of the Government on the grounds that there was fraud concealed and also that the lands were generally known to be mineral bearing.

Q.—Now, the Court having held that the lands were generally known to be mineral, why did not that decision apply equally to the case which Judge Bledsoe decided, and which you did not appeal? A.—Well, we did not establish the fraud. The Court held that the Government had to establish that the railroad company knew they were mineral bearing.

Q.—If the lands were generally known to be mineral, and the affidavit of the non-mineral character was made by the railroad, when they were generally known to be mineral bearing, would not that alone establish the fraud? A.—That is not my recollection of it. My recollection of it is that we had to bring home knowledge to the Southern Pacific Railroad, to the defendant company.

Q.—How much time remained to take an appeal after the decision of the Supreme Court in the Elk Hills case? A.—Well, there was plenty of time.

Senator Walsh questioned Mr. Palmer at length about the Southern Pacific and the Elk Hills cases, pointing out that the two suits were brought against the Southern Pacific to annul and cancel patents issued to them upon the ground in each case that these patents were secured by fraud, that adjacent properties were affected.

Mr. Palmer repeated that in the case which was not appealed the court found against the Government on the facts, and with the Government on the law.

"But the facts were exactly the same in both cases," Senator Walsh remarked.

"Well, he found against us, and it is pretty hard to appeal from that kind of a situation," said Mr. Palmer. "That was the opinion of the man who tried the case, in whose judgment I had confidence, and of his superiors in the department, and I acted upon them.

Questioned further by Chairman Lenroot Mr. Palmer contended that it would be fairer to the Department of Justice and the committee to have Judge Biggs, who tried the case for the department, appear as a witness.

"Are you still retained by Mr. McLean?" Senator Dill asked.

"I think not. I have not had a thing to do with it since Mr. Lambert came back to the city," Mr. Palmer replied.

Q.—Did you get a fee from Mr. McLean? A.—No, he has not paid me yet, but I expect him to.

Q.—After Mr. Lambert came back you and he worked together on it? A.—No, Mr. Lambert came to my house and said he had just gotten back to town, and that he found a message from Mr. McLean—that he had been away in Canada or somewhere—and explained to Mr. Lambert what I had done, just as I have explained here. I have not seen Lambert since nor Mr. McLean, nor communicated with him.

Q.—Do you know how Mr. McLean came to retain you, or who suggested you to him? A.—I do not.

Q.—He says in one of his telegrams he understands you are here and that you have been suggested as a good man? A.—He is right about that. That is one telegram I would say is right.

"An able man would probably be better," Senator Dill remarked.

"Well, you do not have to prove that. I admit it," exclaimed Mr. Palmer.

Did Not Doubt McLean's Statement.

"I am sure it is unnecessary for me to add that at the time Mr. McLean sent me this telegram, stating what was the nature of his transaction with Fall, I had no earthly reason to doubt its truth," Mr. Palmer went on. "I assumed, of course, that he was telling me the truth, and I passed it on to Senator Walsh and to the committee, not as my statement of what was done, but as Mr. McLean's statement of what was done. The last thing in the world I wanted to do was to deceive this committee."

"I believe that," said Senator Dill.

"Did any reason occur to you why Mr. McAdoo should be consulted about this?" Chairman Lenroot asked.

"No. I thought that was Mr. McLean's business. I knew nothing about it at all," replied Mr. Palmer.

"Did this matter require any special judgment or legal judgment?"

"I did not think so. It was very simple, but, as his counsel, I obeyed his request."

"Before Mr. Palmer goes," Senator Walsh said, "I desire to state that his recital of what transpired in the conference with me is entirely in accord with my own recollection about it, except I expressed more vigorously, perhaps, than the occasion required the doubts that I possessed of the truth of the statement made by Mr. McLean in the telegram to the effect that he had loaned this $100,000 to Mr. Fall. I think Mr. Palmer did not share these doubts."

"No. I believed the statement, Senator, of course," said Mr. Palmer. "But that was natural. I was not the investigator, and possibly did not know all about this thing that you did when I told you I had no reason to believe tha it was not true, and the story looked reasonable to me. I told you why I thought it was reasonable, as I recollect, that Mr. McLean was reputed to be a man of large means, and it did not look to me strange that he would loan a man like Secretary Fall $100,000."

"Mr. Palmer, so far as you know, was any suggestion made to Mr. McLean by anybody as to what he should say with respect to this $100,000?" the Chairman asked.

"Not that I know of," Mr. Palmer replied.

When Mr. Palmer left the stand the committee recalled Karl C. Schuyler, attorney for J. Leo Stack, one of the Denver group whose claims were bought up by Harry F. Sinclair in his $1,000,000 deal with the Pioneer Oil Company.

"As a practical man," said Senator Walsh, "let me tell you what I think about it. The Pioneer Oil Company gave Mr. Stack his interest as one to get Mr. Doheny out as a competitor. I'll suggest another consideration—that Stack got this interest because he could apply influence to officials in Washington."

"The inference is foreign to the facts," replied Mr. Schuyler, "and, so far as it indicates the influence might be improper, it is untrue."

"We didn't learn about Mr. Stack's expertness as an oil man," said Senator Walsh, "but we did learn about his services in hiring George Creel to get in touch with the Secretary of the Navy. What's your view of the legality of that service?"

"I know of no objection to obtaining representation before any Government department or Congress," Mr. Schuyler replied.

Senator Walsh asked if the Pioneer Oil Company had not in effect conspired with Mr. Sinclair to abandon its claims, thus giving Mr. Stack the grounds for claiming damages, and Mr. Schuyler agreed to this.

Senator Walsh sought to establish that if such a conspiracy existed it was a conspiracy also against the Government, but on this point Mr. Schuyler was noncommittal.

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SWEARS POLICEMAN KILLED MAN IN FIGHT

Chauffeur on Trial for Richter Murder Charges Hoert Fired Shot.

MOTHER CORROBORATES HIM

Testifies Patrolman Confessed That His "Gun Got Away" From Him in Fight

When George Brennan, a chauffeur, took the witness stand in Judge Talley's part of General Sessions, at his trial for first degree murder, he swore Policeman Charles Hoert of the West Sixty-eighth Street Station, a boyhood companion, really was the slayer of Howard Richter, whom Brennan is accused of having shot in West Fiftieth Street, near Ninth Avenue, early on Oct. 29 last.

Brennan's charge was corroborated by his mother, Mrs. Agnes Fitzpatrick of 556 West Forty-first Street, and his sister-in-law, Mrs. Samuel Brennan, whose husband disappeared after the shooting. Brennan told the jury he was not present when Richter, who was 23 years old, and lived at 733 Ninth Avenue, was shot. He said that on the day following the shooting the policeman, who had not attempted to make an arrest at the time, came to his house and told him that he had fired the shots which resulted in Richter's death nine days later in a hospital.

Brennan's mother told the jury that Hoert, who had been a policeman twelve days when Richter was shot, testified Hoert said: "Sam got in a fight. He got stabbed and I wanted to make an arrest. I pulled my gun, and it got away from me.

"He appealed to me to have my son appear as a witness for him," Mrs. Fitzpatrick continued. "While Richter was in the hospital, and up to the time of his death, Hoert kept me informed on how Richter was getting on."

"Did you understand Hoert to say that he did the shooting?" asked Assistant District Attorney George M. Brothers.

"Yes," replied Mrs. Fitzpatrick. "He said that his gun got away from him."

Mrs. Samuel Brennan testified that when she was married to the defendant's brother five years ago Hoert was their best man. She explained that her husband fled after the shooting, with the declaration to her, "I'd better get out before I also am framed up by Hoert."

Brennan was not arrested until several days after Richter's death. The defendant on the witness stand said that on the day following the shooting Hoert called at his mother's home and asked him to go with him over to Sam's house to play cards.

"On the way there," he said, "Hoert told me that he was in trouble. He had started with Sam on a round of 'speakeasies.' On the way back Hoert lost his police memorandum book, and he and Sam started back to find it. Hoert told me he and Sam got in an argument while walking along West Fiftieth Street and that Richter, who was on the stoop of the house at 538 West Fiftieth Street talking to a girl, shouted, 'Shut up, or I'll lick the two of you.' Hoert told me that he ran to the stoop and that a fight started. He said that when my brother Sam came to his assistance he was stabbed, and Hoert then told me that he, Hoert, had fired two shots."

Detective Sergeant Maney as a witness in rebuttal said he was informed that the Brennan brothers were involved in the shooting. He said that he learned that Richter was talking to Miss Emily Mullady in the doorway of her home when the shooting took place. He also stated that he later learned that Hoert was present at the time of the shooting.

TAX BILL IS PASSED; REPUBLICANS UNITE

Continued from Page 1, Column 1.

Democratic floor leader, was to accept the Longworth compromise of 37½ per cent. maximum. That was the situation explained to the President yesterday.

The bill has yet to go through the Senate, with a chance that the maximum rate of 37½ per cent. will be reduced. Even if there should be no reduction in the Senate, or if the Senate should increase the 37½ per cent. maximum, the bill must again be considered in the House, and then in a conference committee of both houses, with what is regarded as an excellent chance that the action of the House today will not be followed at that time.

According to the adherents of the Mellon plan Democratic members of the House, when the bill is returned by the Senate, will be freed from their caucus to vote for the 44 per cent. maximum proposed by Mr. Garner. That obligation expired with today's vote, and it is believed that there is little prospect that it can again be imposed. A number of Democratic Representatives are in favor of the Mellon maximum surtax rate of 25 per cent., and the Republicans feel that these members will insist upon voting for that rate when the tax bill is returned.

In addition to this, pressure of public business in favor of the Mellon plan is expected to make itself felt upon both Senators and Representatives within the next few weeks.

It is not known whether President Coolidge would veto the tax bill with the 37½ per cent. surtax maximum included. Many believe he will do so if this maximum figure is not reduced. For the President to adopt any other course, it is contended, would countenance to some extent the attacks on Secretary Mellon which gave inspiration to the La Follette group in their successful effort, through combination with the Democrats, to increase surtaxes above the Mellon 25 per cent. maximum.

All that is known tonight indicates that President Coolidge has no intention of abandoning his fight for the Mellon plan. For him to do so might give Secretary Mellon reason to retire from the Cabinet.

The whole situation has been thrown into considerable confusion by the action of the House today in accepting the 37½ per cent. surtax maximum. But out of this confusion, it is suggested, may arise a great wave of popular protest against efforts to kill the tax measure by loading it down with high surtax rates, with a reaction in Congress which will be reflected in the Senate.

The Garner plan, with its 44 per cent. maximum, was never actually voted upon today, for the adoption of the Longworth substitute automatically eliminated it. Democratic leaders clearly realized they were beaten when the radicals left their side and that a further fight was futile. They were successful, however, in retaining in the bill certain changes they had made or supported, such as the inclusion of small farmers and merchants in the earned-income section, and the inheritance and gift taxes, both written by Republicans.

Only one change was made in the amendments previously approved, and this was when the House overthrew its previous action in taxing cigarettes $4 instead of $3 per thousand. Attempts to remodel the section that allows a 25 per cent. reduction on taxes paid in 1924 on 1923 incomes were defeated, as were moves to cripple further the proposed Board of Tax Appeals.

62 Republicans Against Mellon Plan.

The sixty-two Republicans who voted against the Mellon plan today were:

Anderson (Minn.),	Leavitt (Mont.),
Anthony (Kan.),	Lineberger (Cal.),
Barbour (Cal.),	Little (Kan.),
Beck (Wis.),	McLaughlin (Neb.),
Boies (Idaho),	Michaelson (Ill.),
Browne (Wis.),	Nelson (Wis.),
Burtness (N. D.),	Nolan (Cal.),
Christopherson (S.D.),	Pervey (Wis.),
Clague (Minn.),	Ramseyer (Iowa),
Cooper (Wis.),	Rathbone (Ill.),
Cramton (Mich.),	Reed (Ill.),
Curry (Cal.),	Robinson (Iowa),
Davis (Minn.),	Robsion (Ky.),
Dickinson (Iowa),	Schafer (Wis.),
Dowell (Iowa),	Schall (Minn.),
Evans (Iowa),	Schneider (Wis.),
Fitzgerald (Ohio),	Sears (Neb.),
Frear (Wis.),	Simmons (Neb.),
Green (Iowa),	Sinclair (N. D.),
Haugen (Iowa),	Speaks (Ohio),
Hoch (Kan.),	Sproul (Kan.),
Bull (Iowa),	Strong (Kan.),
James (Mich.),	Summers (Wash.),
Johnson (S. D.),	Swing (Cal.),
Keller (Minn.),	Tincher (Kan.),
Kelly (Pa.),	Voigt (Wis.),
Ketcham (Mich.),	White (Kan.),
King (Ill.),	Williamson (S. D.),
Knutson (Minn.),	Winter (Wyo.),
LaGuardia (N. Y.),	Woodruff (Mich.),
Lampert (Wis.),	Zihlman (Md.).

Those paired on the Mellon plan and not voting were: For—Luce (Mass.), Vare (Pa.), Kahn (Cal.), Reed (W. Va.), Dempsey (N. Y.), Hersey (Me.), Kopp (Iowa). Against—Black (Texas), Gallivan (Mass.), Rouse (Ky.), Berger (Wis.), Thomas (Ky.), Wilson (La.), Taylor (Col.).

The same men were paired and not voting in the rollcall on the Longworth compromise, and also Funk, Illinois, for, and Wilson, Louisiana, against.

On the Mellon vote there were 261 voting nay and 153 voting yea. Fourteen were paired, and Representative Boyce of Delaware, Democrat, voted present. On the Longworth vote, 216 men voted yea, 199 voted nay. There were sixteen paired.

In each case a vacancy caused by the death of Representative Dupre of Louisiana, two absentees through illness, Representatives Wise of Georgia and Mudd of Maryland, and the Speaker, who did not vote, made up the House membership of 435.

An attack on the section granting the 25 per cent. reduction in taxes for last year's incomes was made early in the day by Representative Crisp of Georgia, who moved to strike out the whole section.

Representative O'Connor of Louisiana wanted to limit any possible reduction to $400; and Representative Simmons to limit the cut to normal taxes. The opponents of the plan argued that it would militate against a possible bonus, but Chairman Green of the Ways and Means Committee denied this.

The O'Connor motion was defeated by 153 to 102, the Simmons motion by 140 to 120 and the Crisp motion on a rising vote, by 150 to 145. Representatives Andrew of Massachusetts, Linberger of California, Fairchild of New York, Ramsfyer of Iowa and Murphy of Ohio, Republicans, voting with Mr. Crisp, and Representative Woodruff of Michigan, Abernethy of North Carolina, Hawes of Missouri, Davey of Ohio and Byrns of Tennessee, Democrats, against him. On a teller vote he was again defeated by 181 to 145.

This procedure disposed of the bill in "the committee of the whole" in which the bill had been considered so as to be handled with easier machinery, and the members resolved themselves again into "the house." Separate votes were at once demanded on various amendments which had been inserted, and then Representative Hawley of Oregon presented the Mellon plan for a vote.

"Does this follow the provisions of the bill?" asked Representative Garrett, the Democratic leader.

"Changes have been made in twelve or fourteen brackets, so it could be got into a parliamentary status," was the reply.

"It gives the best chance we can get to come to a vote on the original Mellon plan," Mr. Hawley concluded.

"This further demonstrates the ethics of that side," stated Mr. Garrett.

The vote was taken, resulting in a rejection of 261 to 153. Mr. Longworth then moved his substitute.

"This offers you," he said, "the difference between a well considered Republican tax revision plan that will raise the necessary revenue and an ill-considered Democratic makeshift that will cause a tremendous deficit."

At this point Mr. Longworth said that his compromise rates would not cause a Federal deficit, being within the estimated surplus of $320,000,000 in the coming fiscal year, which is to be absorbed by tax cuts.

Five Amendments Are Sustained.

After the vote on the Longworth program, the various amendments in the bill were taken up.

First the House reaffirmed by a vote of 238 to 134 the "peeping Tom" amendment, as Representative Tilson of Connecticut called it, whereby the House Ways and Means and Senate Finance and Special Congressional Committees may secure income tax details from the Secretary of the Treasury. The Barkley amendment which allows this information to State officials, even though the State has no income tax of its own, was confirmed by a vote of 222 to 179.

In a ratification of the Ramseyer inheritance taxes, only a handful of Republicans voted a dissent, together with Representatives Tucker and Bland of Virginia, and Browne of New Jersey, Democrats. The successful vote was 261 to 107.

The gift tax inserted in the bill on motion of Chairman Green was approved by a viva voce vote.

The Collier amendment lifting the 2-cent tax on each $100 worth of promissory notes was verified by a vote of 232 to 102, and the Larsen amendment forcing Senate confirmation of board of tax appeal members by a vote of 206 to 159.

When the vote came on changing the cigarette tax from $4 per 1,000, as proposed by Mr. Garner, to $3, as it stands in the bill, Representative Abernathy of North Carolina, who fought hard for the reduction, sounded a loud "aye" as his name headed the roll call. The vote reversing the Garner amendment was 268 to 133.

In the first stages of the long day Representative Simmons, Republican, of Nebraska, persuaded the House to cut the expenses of members of the Board of Tax Appeals from $10 to $7 per day.

It was 5 P. M. when the last votes came on the bill. Representative Mills of New York moved to recommit it to the Ways and Means Committee. At once Representative Crisp saw in this an attempt to shut off possible Democratic amendments, and he moved the previous question. Democrats voted against it, but lost on a divisional vote of 223 to 196 in which Representative Schafer and Nelson of Wisconsin and Wefald of Minnesota stood with the Democrats. Mr. Crisp forced a roll-call, and this time he won by 209 to 205.

Mr. Crisp then demanded that the bill be sent back to the Ways and Means Committee with instructions to report it "instanter" with the Green 25 per cent. present reduction of taxes struck out. On a roll-call the Crisp motion was beaten by a vote of 348 to 68. Republicans and Democrats then joined to defeat the Mills motion to recommit, the result being 352 to 10. The final vote of 408 to 8 was taken at 6 o'clock.

Many Changes in Bill as Passed.

Outstanding in the bill as it left the House are the Longworth income tax rates. The personal exemptions are the same as in the present law, that is $1,000 for a single individual, and $2,500 for those who are married. The Longworth normal tax rates apply 2 per cent. to the first $4,000, 5 per cent. between $4,000 and $8,000 and 6 per cent. above that.

The surtax rates are three-fourths of each bracket of existing law, Mr. Longworth using as his first bracket that of the present schedules which place a 2 per cent. tax on incomes between $10,000 and $12,000 and ending with the bracket putting a 50 per cent. tax on incomes of above $200,000. Reduction of the last bracket one-quarter makes it 37½ per cent.

Earned incomes as differentiated from money acquired elsewhere are allowed a deduction of 33⅓ per cent. in the case of wages, salaries, professional fees, including earnings of small merchants and farmers. Gains from stock dividends are taxed at regular income rates whenever the securities are sold.

An increase in the present inheritance taxes levies 1 per cent. on estates below $50,000, scaling upward to 40 per cent. on estates of $10,000,000 and above. The gift tax sponsored by Chairman Green carries the same rates, in each case there is an initial exemption of $50,000.

The existing tax of 3 per cent. on automobile trucks is eliminated where the chassis costs less than $1,000 wholesale, and there is a reduction from 5 to 2½ per cent. of the tax on accessories.

Under the bill a board of tax appeals of from seven to twenty-eight members, with ten-year terms, at salaries of $7,500, is created to sit in various parts of the country.

Various other changes have been made in the bill since it left the hands of Secretary Mellon, including his suggested tightening of the tax laws in order to prevent evasions, and also cuts in the excise or nuisance taxes. The Ways and Means Committee estimated that $108,000,000 worth of these had been eliminated. Taxes on theatre and moving picture admissions were cut to 1 cent on each 10 cents, with an exemption below 50 cents. Taxes on telegraph and telephone messages were thrown out of the law.

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Luxurious wraps of fine dark mink skins, exquisitely patterned to bring out the rich tones of the fur.

BEIGE ERMINE WRAPS
875.00
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A selected group of gorgeously patterned full length beige ermine coats. Trimmed with deep shawl collars, cuffs, and deep bands of dyed blue fox of perfect quality.

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FUR JACQUETTES
75.00 to 295.00
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Smart fur jacquettes of fine furs, suited to immediate wear and for next season's modes. Of raccoon, muskrat; every new and smart shade of caracul; gray or cocoa squirrel; or nutria furs with self or contrasting fur collars.

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YOUR last opportunity to buy *"PADDINGTON"* Overcoats at these record low prices! Please bear in mind, too, that you are not only taking advantage of singular values—you are also acquiring all the style and comfort that can possibly *be* acquired in any overcoat, at any price. *Small charge for alterations.*

Saks & Company—Fifth Floor

Men's SOFT HATS
Today—Special at 2.95
The season's choicest shapes and colors

Hats of excellent quality—splendidly made and finished. Colors: pearl, steel, Belgium, cedar, seal, and a smart new shade of brown. Lined or unlined. *Saks & Company—Street Floor.*

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Handkerchiefs
with woven colored borders to match
Box of Six for
1.85

Just over from the other side—these fine handkerchiefs provide excellent values. Finished with hand-embroidered initials and woven colored borders in a variety of patterns and colorings—guaranteed absolutely fast.

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Special 55c *Pair*

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Musterole is easy to apply and it gets in its good work right away. Often it prevents a cold from turning into "flu" or pneumonia. Just apply Musterole with the fingers. It does all the good work of grandmother's mustard plaster without the blister.

Musterole is a clean, white ointment, made of oil of mustard and other home simples. It is recommended by many doctors and nurses. Try Musterole for sore throat, cold on the chest, rheumatism, lumbago, pleurisy, stiff neck, bronchitis, asthma, neuralgia, congestion, pains and aches of the back and joints, sprains, sore muscles, bruises, chilblains, frosted feet—colds of all sorts.

To Mothers: Musterole is also made in milder form for babies and small children. Ask for Children's Musterole.

35c and 65c, jars and tubes; hospital size, $3.00.

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The pancake is probably the oldest form of bread. Ancient ceremonies connected with it are still practiced.

The most widely observed is the popular custom of eating them on Shrove Tuesday,

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WHERE TO GO TO CHURCH

On page 21 of today's issue of The New York Times appear announcements of tomorrow's services of churches of all faiths.

SMITH DECLINES TO RUN IN ILLINOIS

Orders Withdrawal of His Name as Entrant in Presidential Primaries.

WAS IGNORANT OF MOVE

Governor Sends Refusal in Compliance With Law to Secretary of State.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Feb. 29.—One hour after Governor Smith had started for New York City this afternoon, announcement was made at the executive chamber that he had sent the following communication to L. L. Emmerson, Secretary of State of Illinois, asking that his name be withdrawn from the Presidential preferential primaries in that State:

Hon. L. L. Emmerson, Secretary of State, Springfield, Ill.

Sir: I, Alfred E. Smith, in whose behalf a petition entering my name for the Presidential preferential primaries in the State of Illinois has been filed, do hereby request, pursuant to the statutes of the State of Illinois, that my name be withdrawn as an entrant for such Presidential preferential primaries.

Very truly yours,
(Signed) ALFRED E. SMITH.

A petition placing the Governor's name in the Presidential primaries in Illinois was filed in that State yesterday by Raymond O'Keefe. Last night the Governor said that he knew nothing about the filing of the petition.

Attached to the Governor's communication was an affidavit signed by Joseph J. Wisely, notary, of Albany, declaring that the Governor had personally appeared before him today and signed the request that his name be withdrawn.

There was much speculation at the Capitol regarding the Governor's action. More than one legislator was heard to say:

"Just another shrewd political move on the part of Governor Smith."

When asked yesterday about the filing of the petition, the Governor admitted that he was personally acquainted with O'Keefe, but insisted that the petition had been filed without his "knowledge or consent."

ACCUSED NAMES POLITICIAN.

Ship Employe Says Seized Cigars Were for McWhinney of Nassau.

H. D. Warner, an employe of the Ward Steamship Line, who was fined $184 by customs authorities last week for attempting to smuggle a quantity of cigars and cigarettes off the Ward liner Orizaba when she arrived from Cuba, admitted yesterday that the contraband was destined for Thomas A. McWhinney, a Republican politician of Nassau County, who, he said, purchased the articles on a recent visit to Cuba. The legal division of the Custom House said that McWhinney admitted ownership of the tobacco.

Coolidge to Run in Jersey.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., Feb. 29.—Petitions nominating President Calvin Coolidge as a candidate in the Presidential preferential primaries to be held in New Jersey April 22 were filed with the Secretary of State here today by the Republican State Committee.

KENLON AND 40 MEN FELLED BY FUMES

Continued from Page 1, Column 4.

opening, another disclosed the interior of the store of B. Levy & Son filled with eddying smoke.

Quick Run to the Fire.

Ryan ran down to the corner of Broadway and sent in an alarm, flashing in word to his station house directly afterward. By a quick run the reserves of the Beach Street house arrived in Reade Street only a few seconds after the first of the fire-fighting apparatus in charge of Deputy Chief James Heffernan clattered into action.

Leading his men, Heffernan crashed a way through the front doors and led them down through dense smoke into the cellar, where the heart of the fire seemed to be. The firemen had no sooner began to work in the acrid atmosphere than one by one they began to drop. Heffernan, realizing that he would soon be fighting a fire woefully undermanned, ordered a second alarm.

This second call brought Chief Kenlon and a host of additional apparatus down to the scene. Fighting hard, the firemen seemed to be gaining on the flames, although the smoke continued to gain in volume and potency, when fire was discovered creeping up the rear wall of the store. It had worked its way through the floor, despite the streams of water poured in. Kenlon at once ordered a third summons sounded.

Fast Work by Dr. Archer and Aids.

Dr. Archer and his aids were worked at top speed. At first the surgeon, who responded in the new departmental ambulance, equipped to cope with all the turts and exigencies of a fire, tried to take care of his patients in the usual sidewalk way. When, however, the number of men suffering from smoke inhalation began to mount he was forced to seek an improvised hospital.

By the time he had made this decision calls had brought ambulances from Broad Street, Beekman Street and Gouverneur hospitals. Five ambulance doctors and several nurses were enlisted as aids to Dr. Archer. When the fireman-physician was casting about for a place to locate his hospital, S. Rabinowitz, owner of a shoe store next door to the fire, pushed his way through the police lines and offered his store. Dr. Archer lined the floor with blankets and went to work.

Captain O'Toole in Hospital.

One of the first of the men to be hurried off to Beekman Street Hospital was Captain O'Toole. He, too, was overcome three times, but insisted upon going back as soon as he regained his senses and breath. Like Chief Cavanagh, the fourth trip found him too exhausted to continue his work.

At 9:30 o'clock the firemen began to master the fire, but found that a small blaze was going strong in the subcellar. According to the men who were overcome there, a large quantity of chemicals was stored there. When the firemen first began to display the effects of some powerful gas, their officers believed that a gas pipe had been broken and that illuminating gas was causing the unusually high percentage of prostrations.

Upon investigation of the reported store of chemicals they expressed the opinion that the great heat, reaching the chemicals, had generated a powerful gas. This had been supplemented by the chemical in a quantity of treated leather, stored in the cellar by the Excello Leather Company.

A preliminary estimate of the fire damage was between $30,000 and $50,000.

'HIRAM JOHNSTON' OUT FOR MICHIGAN PRIMARY

Farmer Will Compete With California Senator for Presidential Honors.

Special to The New York Times.

LANSING, Mich., Feb. 29.—Hiram Johnston of Melbourne, Zilwaukee Township, Saginaw County, leaped into the political limelight on the extra day of this year 1924.

Nominating petitions for him for the Republican Presidential primary were filed today with the Secretary of State. One hundred signatures are needed to a Presidential nominating petition. Hiram's had 106, and he had all of the signatures certified.

At the Secretary of State's office no one knew "Hiram Johnston," or anything about him, but from John W. Baird, Commissioner of the State Department of Conservation, it was learned that he is a farmer of Zilwaukee Township, about 65 years of age and a bachelor.

Mr. Baird says Johnston will not make any campaign, believing that candidates who make speeches do not make votes.

The Zilwaukee farmer will shortly announce his platform, Mr. Baird said, and with this formal announcement will rest his case and let the people of Michigan decide.

Senator Hiram W. Johnson of California already has filed as a candidate, and with Johnson and Johnston both on the ballot it is pointed out that many voters may mark the wrong ballot, thus splitting Senator Johnson's vote and assuring the selection of Coolidge as the choice of the Michigan people.

M'ADOO MAN CHARGES ARMOURS EMPLOY REED

Senator Denies It—McAdoo Will Not Go to Missouri to Answer Attacks.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Feb. 29.—Announcement that William G. McAdoo will not come to Missouri to answer charges made by Senator James A. Reed, who opposes him for the nomination, was issued today in the pre-convention campaign in this State.

In reply to a speech by Senator Reed at St. Joseph, Wednesday, Breckenridge Long, who was defeated by Reed for Senator in 1920, and now is associated with C. O. Oliver in the McAdoo headquarters here, issued a statement today referring to Senator Reed's opposition to the food control bill in 1917, stating that the Senator "has been the legal representative of the J. Ogden Armour interests," and that the Armour interests were opposed to the passage of the food control bill.

JOPLIN, Mo., Feb. 29.—Replying to a statement by Breckinridge Long, Senator James A. Reed today denied he had ever been employed by any of the Armour interests and defended his fight on the food control bill.

Coolidge in Nebraska Primary.

LINCOLN, Neb., Feb. 29.—Frank P. Corrick, director of the Coolidge campaign in Nebraska, today filed petitions with the Secretary of State placing President Coolidge in nomination for the Republican primary election, and entering a full ticket of delegates at large, district delegates and alternates, thirty-eight names in all. A total of 6,324 names appeared on the petitions, Mr. Corrick said.

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Hats for daytime, for street or for dress, present new notes for spring. Exquisite in line, in workmanship, in style, colorings and trimmings, they come in a diverse array. Becoming models for both Madame and Mademoiselle.

Among the Featured Styles—
NEW MILAN and TAFFETA HATS in smart new shapes, trimmed with dashing fancies of burnt plumage.
TAILORED HATS from London, of Milan straw, with unusual trimmings of ribbon or embroidered bands.

The close-fitting cloche, rolled brim models, larger styles are here in brown, navy, henna and smart combinations.

MACY'S—Second Floor, 34th Street, Front.

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In Its Most Interesting Phases; Reproduced from Notable Paris Models by the Gimbel Millinery Studio; to Sell for So Little as

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The Retrousse Cloche with Metal Slides—Sketched — Is a Copy of a Model by Agnes. $10.00

GIMBELS—Third Floor

In Paris the fashion of cloches is Spring's dominant tailored fashion. Brim changed, to be sure. But always the cloche line. And always milan for fabric. With ribbon in tailored band or bow modes. With metal ornaments. With a Venetian mask of lace. Exactly such cloches as the Gimbel Studio is presenting. Lacquer red; powder blue; almond green; black; black with red or black with camellia-white.

Franklin Simon & Co.

A Store of Individual Shops

FIFTH AVENUE, 37th and 38th STS.

For Madame and Mademoiselle

PARFAIT SHEER SILK STOCKINGS

GUARANTEED RUN-PROOF

Cannot be Copied at the Parfait Price

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Silk from Top to Toe

No other *guaranteed* silk stocking can have all these super qualities, because no other guaranteed silk stocking is Parfait: Parfait guaranteed sheer silk stockings are strong and serviceable—yet fashionably sheer—achieved only by using pure thread silk of a particularly fine quality—Parfait quality—woven without flaws of any kind, the texture is a veritable gossamer silk web.

In seventeen smart shades; also black

PARFAIT
GUARANTEED RUN-PROOF SHEER SILK STOCKINGS
"EVERY PAIR MUST SATISFY"
We Guarantee this Pair of Silk Stockings Free from All Imperfections and to Give Satisfactory Service
Franklin Simon & Co.
FIFTH AVENUE, NEW YORK

HOSIERY SHOP—*Street Floor*

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"McCreery Silks"*

Famous Over Half a Century

"The Original Silk Shop"

For Today Only!

A One-Day Sale!

Canton Crepe yard 2.45

of a quality which usually sells for 3.50 a yard

In These Colors—
Rose
Madonna Blue
New Beige
Chinese Yellow
Moss Green
King Blue
Springtime
Caramel
Navy
Sandalwood
Silver

FOR Saturday we offer this Canton Crepe at a saving of 1.05 a yard. It is a rich, heavy quality; soft, lustrous and 40 in. wide. It comes in all the bright springtime colors as well as in the more conservative shades. A remarkable value at this exceedingly low price.

[*Second Floor*]

In These Colors—
Golden Brown
African Brown
Powder Blue
White
Jade
Fuschia
Black
Armistice
Purple
Empire Blue
Seal Brown

* *Reg. U. S. Pat. Off.*

5TH AVENUE James McCreery & Co. 34TH STREET

RAYNOR TESTIMONY AIDS MRS. HARRIS

Ex-Gambler Says That He Educated and Protected Her Because of "Deep Affection."

AVOIDS PATERNITY ISSUE

His Son, on Witness Stand, Denies That He Cast Reflection on Banker's Wife.

The testimony by deposition of Eli Raynor, described as "a sporting man" and a former gambler of Memphis, Tenn., was heard yesterday in Justice Wasservogel's part of the Supreme Court in the suit brought by Beverly D. Harris, a former Vice President of the National City Bank, for annulment of his marriage. The name of Raynor plays a prominent part in the complaint of the banker, who charges that his wife, Eleanor Elaine Lee Harris, at one time lived with the ex-gambler. The defense, while not so stating definitely, has inferred that Mrs. Harris was an illegitimate child, and that Raynor was her father.

In his testimony, Raynor presented an entirely different version of his relations with Mrs. Harris than that charged by the husband. He undertook her education and protection while she was very young, he said, although he never explained why. He denied vehemently that there ever were improper relations between them.

Raynor's testimony was taken on July 11, 1923, at Memphis, by Caruthers Ewing, counsel for Mr. Harris, George Gordon Battle, counsel for Mrs. Harris, said that Mr. Ewing decided not to use the deposition and that he was introducing it in the defendant's behalf.

Witnesses for the plaintiff had described Raynor as "owner of a pool store," "a fair and square gambler," "a sporting man" and "a man of the Memphis underworld." Raynor described himself as a man of many business affairs. He said he had been cashier of a Memphis street railway, a hotel proprietor for five years and a real estate agent. He admitted he had gambled and was the owner at one time of the Southern Club, a Memphis gambling establishment.

Denies Charges Made by Harris.

"Mr. Raynor, it is charged that you had improper relations with the defendant. Is that correct?" asked Mr. Ewing in the course of the deposition.

"Any one who says it tells a damnable lie," replied Raynor. "I never had any improper relations with her.

Q.—It has been charged that she was a woman of the underworld. Is that correct? A.—That's another lie. Anybody who says it knows it.

Q.—Did you tell any one that she was a woman of the underworld. A.—I should say not.

Raynor vehemently denied other statements attributed to him by Harris. He said he had first seen Eleanor Elaine Lee during the Summer of 1905 at the home of her aunt in Indianola, Miss. She was 9 years old at the time, he said, "was well taken care of, had every luxury, a teacher and a mammy nurse." He had paid for her expenses, he added, since she was an infant. The question of a school for Elaine was left to her aunt, who decided upon Miss Ethel Wilmont's School in Los Angeles, Cal.

Regarding his friendship with the mother of Mrs. Harris, he refused at first to answer, but later said that he had met Mrs. Lee "two years before the defendant was born." From his first sight of Mrs. Harris as a baby, he said, he had held a deep affection for her. He declared their registration at hotels as uncle and niece was not "to defraud the management, but out of regard for her."

Married Against His Wishes.

Raynor said that on the advice of doctors he took Mrs. Harris, then Elaine Lee, to Texas in the Fall of 1911, and there she began her social career "among the best people." She did not return to Memphis until early in 1915, when she told him of her engagement to Harris. He disapproved of the union, he said, on the ground that the banker was too old for her and asked her to wait until he could investigate Harris. But they were married despite his objections, he added. Two years later Harris came to see him in Memphis and said that they couldn't agree. Raynor said he refused to intercede in their domestic life. From the action of Harris Raynor said, he thought the banker knew that Mrs. Harris was illegitimate.

Raynor's son, Whitfield E. Raynor, of Memphis, testifying in person, clashed with Mr. Ewing when he was asked on cross examination: "Did you say to Alf D. King, house detective at the Chickasaw Hotel in Memphis, when Mrs. Harris arrived at the hotel, 'There goes the girl my old man used to keep. She is married to a rich New Yorker now'?"

"How could I have said anything like that?" Raynor shouted at the lawyer. You——"

"Mr. Raynor," said Justice Wasservogel, "answer the question Yes or No."

"No," yelled the witness.

The case was adjourned until Monday, when it will be resumed in Part II. of the Trial Term.

CARTER WITHDRAWS ACTION.

But New Suit Against Egyptian Government Will Start Next Week.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

CAIRO, Feb. 29.—Howard Carter's action against the Egyptian Government was withdrawn this morning, and in a new action the names of Almina, Lady Carnarvon, and General Sir John Maxwell, one of the executors of Lord Carnarvon, who have telegraphed authorization for it, will be instituted early next week.

M'ADOO ENDORSEMENT WILL BE RECONSIDERED

California State Central Committee May Review Teapot Expose Today.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 29.—A resolution which the Democratic State Central Committee adopted at a meeting here on Jan. 19 endorsing the candidacy of William G. McAdoo for the Presidency, is to be reconsidered when the committee meets here tomorrow to draw up its prospective delegate list to the National Democratic Convention in New York, Randolph V. Whiting, Chairman of the Executive Committee of the State body, announced today.

Although not officially stated, it is presumed by Democratic leaders here that the McAdoo resolution is to be reconsidered because of the angles of the Teapot Dome inquiry in Washington, which have involved the former Secretary of the Treasury.

The delegate list will be made up of two representatives from each of the eleven Congressional districts and eight delegates-at-large.

SOVIET SEEKS £300,000,000.

Riga Hears Russia Expects to Get Huge Credit in Britain.

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

RIGA, Feb. 29.—Russia hopes to obtain from Great Britain a credit of £300,000,000, according to M. Rakovsky, who is in Moscow awaiting instructions to return to London.

An Anglo-Soviet conference would begin as soon as possible after his return, he said, and he hoped to settle the debt question satisfactorily and also to obtain a credit of £300,000,000 to be placed at the disposal of the Soviet Government without conditions, although he knew that in some circles in Great Britain a grant of such a credit was regarded as impossible.

He said the claims of certain British industrialists were exorbitant, and nobody in Great Britain objected today to Russia making counter-claims.

Reports have reached here recently of the Soviet Government's intention to try to persuade the British Labor Government to appoint "more kindly disposed" English representatives, not only in Soviet Russia but also to most of the important neighboring States. The Pravda of Feb. 26 had a prominent article on the front page attacking the British Minister to the Baltic States for pursuing an anti-Soviet policy and submitting Soviet officials to undue questioning before granting visas.

ORIZABA VOLCANO ACTIVE.

High Mexican Peak Throws Out Showers of Sulphur.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MEXICO CITY, Feb. 29.—The volcano of Orizaba, near Orizaba, in the State of Vera Cruz, has become active, showers of sulphur filling the air and covering the ground for a radius of several miles. The top of the peak is covered with a heavy cloud of gas. The entire capping of snow has disappeared.

Dwellers in nearby towns fear an eruption.

Orizaba known to the Aztecs as Citlaltepetl or the Mountain of the Star is more than 17,000 feet high. It is a landmark for sailors as it is visible many miles out to sea. Long before ships sight the outline of the Mexican coast the majestic peak of Orizaba covered with snow, looms up as the silent sentinel of the Gulf of Mexico.

RAISE PIPE LEVIATHAN HIT.

Damaged Sewerage Outlet in Bay Brought to Surface.

Two sections of the sewerage pipe damaged by the United States Shipping Board steamer Leviathan, when she ran aground off Robbins Reef last December, were raised yesterday afternoon. Workmen of the Passaic Valley Sewerage Commission and wrecking crews, riggers and divers of the Merritt-Chapman Wrecking Company have been working at the scene of the accident for two months.

The pipes were brought to the surface about 100 feet north of the Robbins Reef Lighthouse, near the entrance to Kill van Kull. A third section of pipe, with a rent fifteen feet long in it, will probably be repaired underwater, according to the diver's reports to Chief Engineer J. Ralph Van Duyne of the Sewerage Commission.

The pipes are each fifty feet in length, with an inside diameter of eight feet. They weigh about seventy-five tons. The total cost of replacement will be about $100,000.

BACKS WILSON COLLECTION.

Edward R. Sheldon Makes Possible Gathering of Clippings.

The gift of Edward R. Sheldon, President of the United States Trust Company of New York, has made possible the collection of newspaper clippings and editorial comment on the death of Woodrow Wilson that is being made for Princeton University by Walter Hyams & Co., 128 Lexington Avenue, the agency announced last night.

The collection is expected to fill twelve volumes of 100 pages each and four months will be required to complete it.

Sign Claims Treaty Today.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 29.—The exchange of ratifications of the General Claims Convention between the United States and Mexico will take place at the State Department at 3 o'clock tomorrow afternoon. Secretary Hughes will act for the United States and Manuel C. Telles, Chargé d'Affaires of the Mexican Embassy, will represent Mexico.

WALLACE PROTESTS HIGHER OCEAN RATES

Secretary Tells Steamship Owners That Farmers Cannot Stand Advance Set for Today.

URGES DECREASE INSTEAD

A. G. Smith, Head of Shipping Association, Contends Agriculture Will Not Feel Rise.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 29.—American farmers can stand no advance in agricultural commodity freight rates at this time, either on land or sea, Secretary Wallace declared today in a letter to Alfred G. Smith of New York, President of the American Steamship Owners' Association.

The Secretary wrote in reply to a letter from Mr. Smith saying that the increase in ocean freight rates from 40 to 50 cents a hundred pounds, effective tomorrow on North Atlantic routes, was entirely justified, and that as the commodities affected are principally manufactured packing house products the prices received by farmers could not in any way be affected.

The shipping lines, Secretary Wallace said, not only would not be justified in making the advance, but would render a great service to agriculture in its present depressed state by making substantial reductions in freight rates on grains and meat products. He declared he was convinced that such a move would be decidedly helpful as well to the shipping lines themselves.

"From the standpoint of the shippers, the advance cannot be justified," Mr. Wallace wrote. "And when I speak of the shipper of meat products I am thinking not of the packer, but of the farmers and of stock men who produce live stock from which the meat is processed.

"Our meat products are competing in the European market with meat products from other countries. High freight rates and shipping rates handicap us in meeting that competition."

A study of relative prices of American meat products before the war and at the present time, and of shipping costs at those times, the Secretary said, shows that there has been a disproportionate advance. He pointed out that the rates on meat products were advanced from 35 to 40 cents a hundred pounds last November, and that there had been a steady upward trend in freight rates on wheat and flour since last September.

Frees McLean, Indicted for Murder.

Joseph McLean, who had been a prisoner in the Tombs since last November on a first-degree murder indictment, was released yesterday by Judge Koenig in General Sessions when Assistant District Attorney Joyce reported that he had insufficient evidence on which to try McLean for shooting and killing George Gillen, a fugitive from the Eastern Penitentiary, near Philadelphia, in the Hotel Langwell last October.

FIND DANCE HALLS HERE 20% IMMORAL

Continued from Page 1, Column 5.

serious. The interest of the community is only sporadic. Chain dance halls are appearing there and one man is conducting four. There is a bad psychological environment. Many of the places are in cellars and poorly ventilated.

"The restaurants and cabarets vary, some of them being of a high type. There are others where the hostess will find any kind of a companion wanted by either a man or woman. One of our investigators was introduced in a Fifth Avenue hotel to a 'professional companion' who could be engaged for from $10 to $15 for an afternoon or evening. One of these men was a Belgian, who said he had been doing this work for years and occasionally danced in a theatre.

"Our investigators hired out as dancers in closed dance halls, of which there are twenty-one on the east side. As a rule, women are refused admittance. The girls dance on a commission basis, and have to dance over and over again to make a living. The admission fee includes six or eight dances. After that the men have to pay 10 cents a dance. The girls get 4 from the management, 5 when they dance both Saturday and Sunday nights. A girl must dance 400 times a week, or seventy times an evening, to make $20. Most of the girls dance two or three nights a week and have other jobs.

College Students Blamed.

"Back of the dance halls is the question of public behavior. Young people read about things and see things on the stage they want to do. The boys and girls of our colleges are as much responsible for conditions in our dance hall as any other group. The dance halls adopt dances originating at Harvard or Amherst. They are degraded all the way down until they are finally very different. We don't want to be old-fashioned or straight-laced. The world has not grown mad, but is gradually swinging back to conditions existing before the war.

"Sporadic attempts to remedy conditions can accomplish nothing. The real need is for continuous effort and all of the organizations interested in recreational work are going to attack the problem as a unit. This effort will be welcomed by the city administration and by the dance hall managers themselves.

Some interesting figures are disclosed in our survey. They are based on a total of 105 visits. The majority of the patrons fall in the age groups between 20 and 30. The number below 17 years of age and above 40 was few. It is indicated that the total attendance of men in the twenty-one closed dance halls averages per week in Manhattan 8,840, or 442,000 per year. The average number of young men and women attending licensed dance palaces in Manhattan daily per week is 22,272, or 6,113,604 per year. In other words, 14 per cent. of the total number of males between 17 and 40 in Manhattan attend dance halls once a week, and 1.9 per cent. of males attend closed dance halls once a week. Ten per cent. of females attend dance halls once a week.

$3,524,658 a Year for Dancing.

"It is estimated that in Manhattan females average spending $18,161 per week in dance halls, and that males spend in a year for admission to closed dance halls $410,060; to dance palaces, $841,757, and to dance clubs $410,860, making a total of money spent on admission for males for these three types of dancing in Manhattan per year $1,662,667. In addition to this, men also 682,667. In addition to this, men also pay for other additional dance charges $238,877 in dance palaces, and in closed dance Women pay admissions per year of $400,077 in dance palaces. A grand total of money spent on dancing per year in the Borough of Manhattan alone is $3,524,658."

Miss Lambin outlined dance hall conditions in San Francisco, and Patrick Thomas Harmon, President of the Chicago Ball Room Owners' Association, said his organization had cooperated in raising the dance hall standards there.

B. Altman & Co.

The Men's Custom Shirt Department

has been developed through many years of exacting service to discriminating purchasers.

A long period of progressive effort has perfected a system of shirt making that produces satisfactory results without delay or inconvenience.

The Collection of Shirtings for Spring, 1924 now on display, comprises interesting assortments from the foremost makers of France, England and Scotland.

Shirts made to measure $6.00, 8.00 upward

(First Floor; Fifth Avenue entrance)

Madison Avenue - Fifth Avenue
34th and 35th Streets New York

MACY'S MEN'S DEPARTMENTS
MEN'S WEAR OF CHARACTER 34TH ST. & BROADWAY
LOWEST-IN-THE-CITY PRICES NEW YORK CITY

Continuing the Clearance!

Men's Suits— Tuxedos— Overcoats

All the clothing on which we are making these large price concessions for clearance comes from makers who supply us regularly. In other words, these suits, overcoats and Tuxedos are of the high grade and quality which we ordinarily sell.

Overcoats, Domestic woolens, originally $29.75 and $34.75	$19.50
Overcoats, Imported and domestic woolens, originally $34.50	$24.75
"Viceroy" Overcoats, Made in England, originally $49.75	$39.75
"Viceroy" Overcoats, Made in England, originally $69.75 to $84.75	$54.75
Men's Suits, Originally $34.75 and $39.75	$23.50
Men's Suits, Originally $44.75	$29.75
Men's Suits, Originally $49.75	$39.75
Men's Suits, Originally $54.75 and $59.75	$44.75
Tuxedos, Coat and trousers, formerly $39.75	$29.75
Tuxedos, Coat and trousers, formerly $46.75	$39.75

Fifth Floor, Front.

R. H. Macy & Co. Inc.
34th ST. & BROADWAY NEW YORK CITY

J. M. Gidding & Co.
Incorporated
724-726 Fifth Avenue 56TH AND 57TH STS.

After March 4th at 37 and 39 West 57th Street

Only Three More Days
in the present building

Will Close Out Today in Removal Sales

$125 to $175 Dance Frocks at $50
Made in our own workrooms by the Former Lucile Staff
Of tulle, chiffon, silk net, taffeta and satin, chic youthful styles in pastel colorings as well as black and white—Wonderful Values.

$275 Furred Evening Wraps at $145
Metallic brocades and lustrous chiffon velvets, reversible effects with deep fur collars—exquisite color combinations.

$65 Tailored Frocks—$25—$35
Town and country styles of twill, serge, flannel, striped and plaided fabrics, mostly youthful models.

$85 to $150 Day Coats—$35—$58
Rough tweeds, imported mixtures and soft, rich fabrics in high shades, many with fur collar, cuffs and border—suitable for present or Spring wear.

$25 to $40 Smart Hats at $10
Spring models that have served in the workroom—of straw and silk.

Marvelous Buying Opportunities in
Smart Knitted Fashions

$95 to $125 Pure Silk Knitted Dresses—$45—$55
Stunning effects in light and dark shades of pure knitted silk, one and two piece effects, many with rich embroideries.

$50 to $85 Wool Knitted Frocks—$22—$28
Novelty combination effects suitable for town or country wear; offered now in Removal Sales at less than half regular prices.

$50 to $75 Pure Silk Sweaters—$18
Slip-on and coat styles in pure silk knit, bright rich shades, novelty styles—phenomenal values.

$75 to $100 Silk Knitted Sport Coats—$35
Tuxedo coats and slip-over effects—richly embroidered—mostly imported novelty designs. Light and dark shades.

All Sales Final and for Cash

WHITEHALL, LONDON, CLOTHES FOR MEN

YOU might acquire a complete English wardrobe by visiting half-a-dozen different shops but why waste time in that fashion? Best's WHITEHALL English clothing and Furnishings meet all your requirements, if you are particular.

WHITEHALL *Topcoats, Box and Raglan Models*
$37 to $62
Exclusive with
Best & Co.

FIFTH AVENUE AT 35th STREET — FIFTH FLOOR

USED CARS

In considering the purchase of a used car consult the Automobile Exchange Columns of The New York Times. Care is exercised to prevent insertion of questionable or misleading statements. Advertisements subject to censorship.

GEORGE WHITTELL LEFT $6,200,140

San Francisco Man's Estate Included $2,142,931 in This State.

MRS. TREVOR LEFT $2,502,165

Property of Richard C. Veit, Standard Oil Secretary, Appraised at $779,033.

George Whittell of San Francisco, who died March 26, 1922, left an estate appraised yesterday at $6,200,140, of which $2,142,931 was in New York. His securities taxable in this state included 2,200 shares National City Bank, $1,008,000; 1,500 Consolidated Gas, $161,622; 500 Standard Oil of New York, $186,500; 600 Bank of New York, $285,000; 1,000 National Bank of Commerce, $254,000; 100 United States Trust Company, $96,000, and 1,500 American International Corporation, $83,750.

Under the laws of California the entire estate with the exception of $62,000 was community property of Mr. Whittell and his wife, Anna L. Whittell.

Mrs. Emily N. Trevor, who died at Yonkers on July 22, 1922, left an estate of $2,502,165 gross and $2,322,993 net. She gave $200,000 each to her son, John, and daughter, Emily, and divided the residuary estate between them. To her son-in-law, Grenville Winthrop, she left only a life interest in the portrait of his wife, Mary Winthrop, daughter of the decendent, painted by de Madrazo and appraised at $150. At his death the picture goes to his daughter, Mrs. Trevor left $50,000 each to Mr. Winthrop's daughters, Emily and Kate, for life, and to her grandchildren, John B. and Bronson Trevor, she left $50,000 each outright.

Richard C. Veit, who was secretary of the Standard Oil Company of New York, and died in the hospital at Yokohama on Aug. 28, 1919, left $779,033 gross and $567,128 net, all to his widow, Mary K. Veit. He had debts of $199,821.

Katharine R. Neuhoff, who died June 13, 1920, left an estate appraised yesterday at $555,156. Of this sum, $209,837 was due her as the residuary legatee under the will of Mrs. Augustus Kountze. She had $106,507 in personalty and $345,070 in securities.

The estate of Erwin Wardman, Vice President of The New York Herald and The Sun, who died at his home in New Rochelle on Jan. 13, 1923, was appraised yesterday at $390,453 gross and $237,059 net. Mr. Wardman had debts of $127,565. His net estate did not pay all his bequests in full. At the time of his death he owed $123,709 to the Stock Exchange firm of Simmons & Slade, which sold securities valued at $110,260 to apply on the indebtedness.

Mr. Wardman left $250,000 to his wife, Violet B. Wardman; $10,000 for life to his mother, Mrs. Mary W. Wardman, and $1,000 each to Mary K. Huntington and Ellsworth Greenley. Because the net estate was only $237,059, each bequest was abated in proportion to the amount of the net estate.

BANK EMPLOYES INDICTED.

Levy and Hartjen Accused of $22,000 Fraud.

The Federal Grand Jury returned an indictment yesterday charging Irving L. Levy and Harry Hartjen, former employes of the Chatham and Phenix National Bank, of defrauding the latter and the United National Bank out of more than $22,000 between November, 1922, and August, 1923. Levy was employed in the Foreign Exchange Department of the Chatham and Phenix Bank and Hartjen was a bookkeeper in the branch of the bank in East Eighty-sixth Street.

The sentence of three years' imprisonment imposed on Louis Perlman, one of five convicted of robbing the Chatham and Phenix Bank out of $75,400, was reduced by Federal Judge A. N. Hand yesterday to a term of two and a half years.

"CHEEKS" LUCCIANO FREED.

His Testimony Was Largely Instrumental in Convicting Bank Slayers.

Nicholas ("Cheeks") Lucciano and Willie Fried were released yesterday from Raymond Street Jail by order of Supreme Court Justice Norman S. Dike in Brooklyn. They had been held in $50,000 bail each as material witnesses in the cases growing out of the murders Nov. 14 last of William H. McLaughlin and William S. Barlow, messengers of the West End Bank. The messengers were robbed of $47,607 after being shot.

No charge now rests against Fried. But Lucciano is on bail awaiting trial in Manhattan on an indictment charging grand larceny in the theft for Morris Diamond of one of the Cadillac sedans which figured in the crime.

The four condemned men will appear Monday morning before Justice James C. Cropsey, who presided at all the trials, to be sentenced. Counsel for all will file notice of appeal immediately.

BOARD QUITS COAST TRADE.

Government Ships End Competition With Private Vessels.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 29.—Government participation in the coastwise trade will cease tomorrow, President Palmer of the Emergency Fleet Corporation announced today. He also announced the withdrawal, under an order of the Shipping Board, of the four vessels operated by the North Atlantic and Western Steamship Company from the trade routes between North Atlantic and Pacific ports.

Charles E. Ware, President of the line, appealed to Mr. Palmer today to continue these vessels in operation, declaring that they represented only a small percentage of all tonnage in the intercoastal business. Mr. Palmer replied that the board's action could not be changed by him, but if the matter came up for his decision he would sustain the withdrawal, because he was not in favor of Government vessels competing with privately owned ships.

Davis Not In Government Cases.

A published report that Norman H. Davis, ex-Assistant Secretary of State, was one of the former Government officials who have returned to the practice of law and have appeared before Government departments, was denied yesterday in a statement issued from his office.

"Mr. Davis is not a lawyer by profession," the statement said, "and he has not at any time since leaving office appeared before any Government department in any capacity."

CITY BREVITIES.

The United States Women's Wear League of America will give a dinner and dance at the Hotel Astor this evening.

Major George Creighton Webb of 640 Madison Avenue has just been cited for gallantry during the Spanish-American War and Cuban insurrection. He served in the Inspector General's department of United States Volunteers. The citation carries with it the right to wear the silver star on the war campaign ribbon.

The Society for Ethical Culture of New York will hold an open forum meeting to discuss "The Press and the Public," at Central Park West and Sixty-fourth Street, Sunday evening, March 23. Royal J. Davis will preside. Ernest Gruening will be one of the speakers.

The Sphinx Club will give a dinner at the Waldorf-Astoria, March 11. Speakers will include Harry McEnery of New Orleans; Clement S. Ucker and Walter Parker. The Pullman Quartet will sing.

The annual meeting of Mount Sinai Hospital will be held at that institution on March 9. Dr. George David Stewart, President of the New York Academy of Medicine, will speak on "The Hospital Today."

The cross of Knight of the Legion of Honor will be bestowed upon Major Clark Williams today, at the Army War College, in Washington, by General Dumont, Military Attache of the French Embassy, in recognition of Mr. Williams's services in the World War. Major Williams was Director of the Red Cross Army Field Service in France.

PALM BEACH PARIS

Jay-Thorpe Inc.

24-26 WEST 57th STREET

SPECIAL VALUES

For Saturday.

The well-dressed woman knows that her entire ensemble is judged by the smartness of her accessories—and those at Jay-Thorpe have that truly Parisian touch that is so necessary and so attractive.

Imported Gloves

Biarritz gloves of French kid (Paris point stitching), imported especially for Jay-Thorpe for madame's spring tailleur. In white, black, mode and beaver.

Formerly 3.50

2.45

Smart Underarm Bags

An important detail in the spring mode is the underarm bag in satin, striped moire, antelope and mocha. The colors are brown, beaver and black. Attractively fitted with mirror and change compartment. Specially priced.

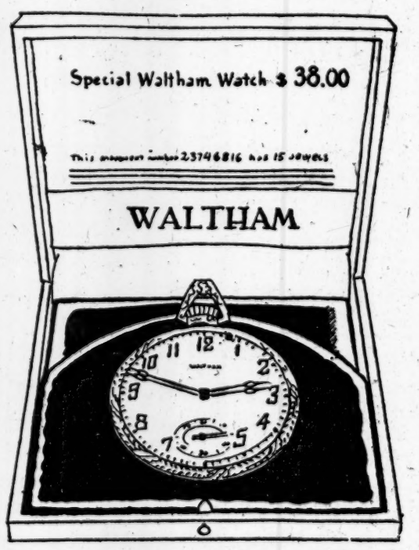
5.75

Sheer Silk Hosiery

Of an excellent quality of silk, surprisingly long-wearing for sheer hosiery. In bernike, peachblow, aurora, Sheba, sunburn and Sappho.

2.95

MAIN FLOOR



Important Sale of Men's

25 Year Gold-Filled

Waltham Watches

Special at **22.50**

(List Price 38.00)

WALTHAM WATCHES can always be relied upon to register the correct time. These are 12 size pocket models, handsomely engraved and engine turned, set with dependable 15 jewel Waltham movements. A rare opportunity indeed!

Street Floor

Saks & Company

Broadway at 34th Street

THE John Wanamaker STORE NEWS

Astor Place at Ninth Street — Formerly A. T. Stewart — Store Hours: 9 to 5:30 — Telephone Stuyvesant 4700

Now Come the Great March Sales for the Home Manager

CHINA . . GLASSWARE . . LAMPS . . HOUSEWARES

From the Founder's Writings

A Window That Cannot Be Opened

is a misnomer, for it leaves a stagnant atmosphere.

According to its name, a window should be a "wind door," to be used to refresh the house.

One of the complaints of taxation in some of the old countries was the window tax.

One feature of these buildings is that they have 2,197 windows, to say nothing of vast skylights also upon the roof.

All these are an index of the daylight that rests upon the getting and selling of the merchandise offered here.

(Signed) John Wanamaker

For Miss 14 to 20

Imported Frocks, $48

Our $65 to $90 grades

From Paris, of course! But not like the thousands of stereotyped French beaded dresses that come to these shores.

Only 100 frocks of crepe de chine and Georgette crepe—for afternoon, dinner and evening wear.

Ten models—affording a fascinating selection of silhouettes and applications of beads. A few of the frocks are embroidered as well as beaded. One model has the new eyelet work—finished with beads—otherwise it might be called Broderie Anglaise.

Sleeveless dresses, others with short sleeves and one stunning model with the new, long, close-fitting sleeves elaborately beaded.

Exquisite colors, including coral, rose, red, Lanvin green, jade, Nattier blue, gray, cocoa, brown, fuchsia; also white, NAVY BLUE and BLACK.

"C'est Paris" Fashions

Wanamaker Exclusivities for Miss 14 to 20

Suits, $59.50 Coats, $69.50, $79.50

Second Floor, Old Building, Tenth Street

Charming

HANDBAGS

Of Black Silk

At $6.50

A special purchase of the same type of bags which were sold in our stock at $12.

Beautiful figured silks of black, to be sure, for fashion chooses black for Spring even to the smallest detail in the wardrobe. Delightful metal frames studded with imitation stones in brilliant colors. The workmanship inside as well as out is carefully finished.

Street Floor, Old Building

All China and Glassware Is Included

For the first time we offer our entire stock at these discounts:

All Dinnerware, Open Stock, 10 to 20 per cent. less.
All Dinner Sets, Complete, 20 to 50 per cent. less.
All Glass Stemware, Open Stock, 20 per cent. less.
All Fancy Glassware, 20 to 50 per cent. less.
All Cut Glass, 20 to 50 per cent. less.
All Fancy China, 20 to 50 per cent. less.
All Service Plates, 20 to 50 per cent. less.
All Pottery, 20 to 50 per cent. less.
All Garden Furniture, 20 per cent. less.
All Domestic Glassware, 20 to 50 per cent. less.
All Earthenware, 20 to 50 per cent. less.

All Electric Lamps Are Lowered

—from 10 to 50 per cent.—five thousand of them.

Second Gallery, New Building

All Kinds of Housewares

are in the March Sale, but not our entire stock of every kind. These are the discounts:

Enamelware, 20 per cent. less.
Tinware, 20 to 33 1-3 per cent. less.
Woodenware, 15 to 20 per cent. less.
Trunks, 25 per cent. less.
Refrigerators, 25 per cent. less.
Bathroom Fixtures, 20 to 33 1-3 per cent. less.
Sewing Machines, 20 to 25 per cent. less.
Brushes, Dusters, 20 per cent. less.
Clothes Baskets, 25 per cent. less.
All Nickelware, 20 to 33 1-3 per cent. less.
Cutlery, 25 per cent. less.
Ironware, 20 to 33 1-3 per cent. less.
Aluminumware, 25 to 33 1-3 per cent. less.
Kitchen Cabinets, 20 per cent. less.
Kitchen Tables, 15 to 20 per cent. less.
Electrical Devices, 20 per cent. less.
Coffee Mills, Food Choppers, 20 to 33 1-3 per cent. less.
Scales, 20 to 33 1-3 per cent. less.

Now, Mrs. Home-manager, make the most of it!

Seventh Gallery, New Building

11,000 Yards of

Printed Silks

$1.95 yard

Our $3.75 and $4.50 grades

Patterns more beautiful than any that have been presented at this price. Glorious color combinations.

A noteworthy event because printed silks will play a very important role in the Spring and Summer mode.

Silk, silk and wool, and silk and cotton mixtures of a beautiful crepe weave. 39 and 40 in. wide.

Silk Rotunda, Street Floor, Old Building

Girls' Coats, $25 and $29.50

Beautiful imported fabrics, and other lovely woolens from fine American looms, in Chinese green, beige, French blue and brown, and in the always *chic* combination of black with white.

Coats for girls 6 to 10, $25; for girls 6 to 14, $29.50

Second Floor, Old Building

Girls' Sweaters, $1.95 to $5.95

For $3.95 to $8.50 grades

Imported and American made sweaters, in pull-over and coat models. Brushed wool, brushed wool with alpaca. Shetland floss and soft worsteds, in desirable Spring colors. Sizes 6 to 12.

Main Aisle, Old Building

Two-Trousers Spring Suits

For Boys 8 to 18 — **$13.50**

The material is a fine wool tweed. The tailoring is done in the Wanamaker way—the Norfolk coat and trousers are fully lined; all pockets are sturdily bar-tacked to prevent ripping.

Other Two-Trousers Suits, $17.50

Ordinarily the price of these suits, for boys 8 to 19, would not be less than $23.50. Unexpectedly we were able to purchase the materials—new Spring fabrics in a large assortment of pleasing patterns—at attractive savings.

Three models—coats belted only in the back, and full belted coats in the correctly plain or pleated style. Regulation golf knickers.

Third Floor, Old Building

New Small Hats

To Accompany the Tailleur

$12

Smart buckle-trimmed hats that turn up in the front, tricornes and other tiny shapes that have the lines of the cloche but are entirely new in feeling.

Straw, of course—that fine Milan picot with which Paris is doing so many clever things this season.

Beige, gray, cocoa, red, navy blue and black.

Second Floor, Old Building

Women's SILK Stockings

At Remarkable Savings

Full fashioned pure thread silk stockings in black, nude, Oriental pearl, pink and tan bark. Our $2 grade, $1.65 pair.

Pure thread and ingrain silk stockings in black and several smart colors. Slightly variable in weave. Our $1.85 to $2.25 grades. $1.15 pair.

Chiffon silk stockings in a fine clear weave. Gun metal, fawn, nude, beige and tan bark. Our $2.75 grade, $1.95 pair.

Full fashioned, extra size sheer silk stockings in black only. Our $2.25 grade, $1.35 pair.

Street Floor, Old Building

Children's Stockings and Golf Hose

Seven-eighth length cotton stockings. Turn-over tops in self color. In black, white, cordovan brown, buck and gray. Not all sizes in each color. Irregular weaves of our 50c grade, 25c. pair.

Imported wool golf hose in a large variety of colors. Our $1 and $1.50 grades, 65c pair.

Three-quarter length silk socks with mercerized cotton tops and feet. In white, blue, brown and black. Our $1.25 grade, 65c pair.

Third Floor, Old Building

WANAMAKER SHOPS FOR MEN

A Group of

250 Overcoats

100 of the $40 to $55 grades . . } **$26**

150 of the $60 and $65 grades } **$36**

All from our regular stocks. The wise man will buy one, perhaps two, to lay away until next Winter. Styles in overcoats change but little, and a coat bought now can be worn all of next Winter.

There are ulsters, storm ulsters, town ulsters and box overcoats, in single and double-breasted models.

There are plaid-back and plain-back fabrics. In grays, tans and browns.

There are models for men and young men, in sizes from 34 to 46.

But there are only 250 coats, so the wise man who would save on his 1924 clothing budget will choose early.

* * *

1,275 Sweaters for Men

For $6.50 to $13.50 grades } **$4.85**

It is many moons since we have been able to offer such a group of fine sweaters at such a little price. But the makers are dissolving partnership and wish to turn their stock into money immediately. They offered us this group at a very low price. We accepted at once. The savings to you are reflected in the price noted above.

Such a group of sweaters! Most of them are coat models, but there are some slip-overs in the lot. All are pure wool, of course. And they are the sweaters which well-dressed men will be wearing all Summer on the golf courses and for general sports wear. Stunning patterns in gray, green, brown, tan, blue or black. Smart checks or all-over figures. Narrow stripes. Attractive Scotch plaids. And plenty of plain colors, too.

Every one who has seen these sweaters has been enthusiastic. We feel that you, too, will be more than pleased by them. Better come in and see them.

Street Floor, New Building

SPECIALIZED SERVICE — STREET FLOOR

IMPRESARIOS CLASH OVER BARBARA KEMP

Max von Schillings, Husband of Metropolitan Singer in Controversy With Gatti-Casazza.

DISAGREE OVER CONTRACT

Director of Opera House Insists on Illness Being Given as Cause of Cancellation.

An operatic storm was precipitated yesterday when Max von Schillings, impresario of the State Opera of Berlin and composer of "Mona Lisa," called reporters to his apartment in the Peter Stuyvesant Hotel and dictated a statement in which he assailed his fellow-impresario, Giulio Gatti-Casazza of the Metropolitan, because of difficulties over the contract of the prima donna, Barbara Kemp, who in private life is Mrs. Schillings.

The Metropolitan gave out a statement last Tuesday in which it was said that because of illness Mme. Kemp had asked to be relieved of her contract to sing at the Metropolitan. Yesterday Max von Schillings said that was all wrong. He said he had come to this country to see what the intentions of the Metropolitan were with regard to future use of several of his artists who are singing there, among them Mme. Kemp. When he asked Gatti-Casazza whether he intended to re-engage Mme. Kemp, the Metropolitan impresario replied, Schillings said, that the "question was unpleasant to him."

During the course of his statement Schillings said:

"In conversing with Mr. Gatti-Casazza, it appeared that he was not satisfied because she had not met all the conditions of her contract last season. Mme. Kemp freely admits that this was the case—not knowing New York, the weight of work, closeness of rehearsals and inability properly to prepare her rôles, especially that of Selika in 'L'Africana.' Mr. Gatti-Casazza expressed regret over this, but showed his confidence by renewing her contract for this season.

Interview with Gatti-Casazza.

"This year she was entirely prepared for everything her contract called for; and I feel sure that she was up to expectations in 'Mona Lisa.'

"In a second interview I asked Mr. Gatti-Casazza whether, since he felt no especial interest in Mme. Kemp, he could not cancel her contract. He said that he was ready to permit her release at once; not, however, on artistic grounds, but on that of illness. I agreed to this, but talked it over with Mme. Kemp and decided to announce that it was mainly a matter of artistic interest. Mr. Gatti-Casazza would not agree to this, but insisted that the ground of illness must be given. He said that, if she and not agree, he would proceed against her legally, and make her sing, having however, an understudy ready in the wings in case she refused.

"Under the circumstances I agreed to his wishes for I had come on an official mission to increase friendly relations and did not want to do anything that would have the reverse effect. I regret that I agreed to this—especially since, owing to the interest taken in Mme. Kemp, there was no chance of making the public believe this story. When I make this statement, I wish it understood that it is not attacking Gatti-Casazza, but to make sure that the name and reputation of Mme. Kemp in Europe will not be damaged in any way."

Statement by Mr. Gatti-Casazza.

Mr. Gatti-Casazza made a statement in reply last night which read in part as follows:

"A few days after Mme. Kemp arrived here with her husband, Mr. Schillings, he came to see me, and in the presence of Edward Ziegler asked me what were my intentions regarding re-engagement of his wife for the coming season, because he desired to have a reply before he left this week. As, according to my contract with her, I had the right to make my decision at the end of the present season, I did not give Mr. Schillings the reply he requested. Then two days later Mr. Schillings came to me again, and in the presence of Mr. Ziegler made an appeal to my sentiments as a gentleman that I release Mme. Kemp from her contract, because the condition of her nerves was very serious.

"To this I replied that to justify the cancellation of the contract Mme. Kemp should declare herself ill and unable to sing for several weeks.

"Mr. Schillings expressed himself quite willing to accept this solution and thanked me warmly in the presence both of Mr. Ziegler and Mr. Bodanzky, adding that in a few days he would send me a doctor's certificate.

"Naturally supposing everything settled, I made the necessary engagement of Mme. Easton and modified my repertoire.

"However, Mr. Schillings did not send me the certificate and the day after came to tell me that, having had a talk with his wife, they had decided not to send the promised certificate. I therefore replied: 'If Mme. Kemp is not ill, let her sing.' To which Mr. Schillings replied that she could not sing.

Insists on Letter.

"'Then if she cannot sing,' said I, 'with all these contradictions, we cannot proceed. Furthermore, after your assurance yesterday that she could not sing, considering you a serious man, I have made all my arrangements accordingly, changing my repertoire, and it is better for all concerned that Mme. Kemp write the promised letter.

"The letter, in fact, was received by me on Wednesday evening and it contained, besides, Mme. Kemp's thanks for my kindness.

"I have been for twenty-six years at the head of big opera houses, and this is the first time that an incident of this calibre has happened to me. It is strange that it should have been perpetrated by a colleague. To him let me say, 'You have lost a splendid occasion to remain silent.'"

"Masse Mensch" Coming In April.

The long-awaited production of Ernst Toller's "Masse Mensch," first announced by the Theatre Guild about two years ago, will be seen at the Garrick Theatre in April. Toller was one of the leaders of the Spartacide revolution of five years ago, and is now serving the last year of a prison sentence. The play has aroused great excitement in Germany and provoked a riot when an attempt was made to produce it in Nuremberg. Louis Untermeyer has translated the play for the Guild, and Lee Simonson has designed the settings.

Negro Plays to Open Monday.

A group of "authentic negro plays," it is announced, will be produced at the Lafayette Theatre, 131st Street and Seventh Avenue, beginning on Monday. The Ethiopian Theatre Company, composed of professional negro actors, will make the productions. On the list of plays are "The Gold Front Stores, Inc.," "Going White" and "Wukkers fo' de Lawd." "Going White" is the work of Miller and Lyles, comedians of "Runnin' Wild"; the authorship of the other plays is unannounced.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

There will be a midnight performance of "Topics of 1923" at the Winter Garden Thursday night.

Clarke Silvernail, partner with Jack Devereaux in Devalick, Inc., producers of "Rust," will hereafter be the sole proprietor of that play. He is arranging also to make a second production.

"The Main Line," by Grace Griswold and Thomas McKean, will be offered at the Klaw Theatre for a series of matinees, beginning March 25.

OPERA

The Early Massenet.

LE ROI DE LAHORE. Opera in five acts and six scenes. Book in French by Louis Gallet. Music by Jules Massenet. At the Metropolitan Opera House.

Alim, Kliff of Lahore.....Giacomo Lauri-Volpi
Scindia, Prime Minister.....Giuseppe de Luca
Timur, High Priest.....Leon Rothier
Indra .....Jose Mardones
Sita .....Delia Reinhardt
Kalad .....Merle Alcock
Conductor, Louis Hasselmans.

By OLIN DOWNES.

The most amusing experience of opera the writer has had this season in New York was the production for the first time in this city, and for the first time on an adequate scale in this country, last night in the Metropolitan Opera House, of Massenet's "Le Roi de Lahore." (A performance of this work, with limited resources, was given in New Orleans in the season of 1883-84.) It is the old-style Meyerbeerian grand opera, written in the days of Massenet's youth, his third work performed on the stage, his first effort in the grand opera form. The music is written with extraordinary freshness, enthusiasm and complete lack of originality. There is not a measure of revolutionary genius in it. But it is composed with unmistakable gusto, and it is amazing, in view of the limited experience of the composer at the time—the production was in 1877—to realize how skillfully and effectively, in practically all respects, he accomplished his task. The writing for the solo voices is throughout in the "grand" and rather affected manner which was already ageing in the days of the youthful Massenet, but admirable for purposes of song in the theatre; the scoring for choruses is of masterly sonority, even reminding at times of passages in the ensembles of Giuseppe Verdi's "Aida," which had been heard in Paris one year before Massenet's work, and composed five years before that; and finally, there is the usefulness for stage, as there is barrenness of poetry or emotion, in the libretto of Louis Gallet.

We repeat, this opera is empty of originality. But that is not the point. To examine "Roi de Lahore" from the standpoint of an esthete or stylist, or one who believed in art being more than an amusement, would be idle and even a little unjust to the composer. "Roi de Lahore" was written for exactly what it is, an opera to entertain the idle rich and the tired business man, and it completely fulfills its mission. It is a piece for display, and last night it was seen in its proper setting, before what is undoubtedly the most brilliant operatic audience that assembles in any theatre today; ringed about by the handsome, bejewelled and costumed, with lights, chatter, rustle and the applause of those who did not have to think to enjoy the music, finding pleasure and satisfaction in bestowing upon it the color and distinction of their presence! So was the opera given and received. It will be very popular here. If one must be serious in any way about it, it was historically an instructive example of the style, spirit and manner of performance of the older type of French grand opera, which is advisedly becoming more and more obsolete, but which the younger generation may well examine with curiosity and appreciation of its dimensions and its workmanship.

One aspect of this production was not, however, that of French grand opera of the '70s, and we can, upon the whole, be thankful for it. This is the scenery of Boris Anisfeld. He has been let loose by the Metropolitan to do his most gorgeous, and he has done it. It is true that Louis Gallet, not only librettist but accomplished with pencil and color, and the designer of the desert scene for the original Paris performance, would never have recognized the extraordinary sky, the rather futurist and Muscovitish tents, &c., of Mr. Anisfeld in this place. But it is better so, because we imagine no Parisian scene painter of Massenet's period could have conceived, for example, the gorgeous interior of the temple in the second scene of the first act, with its incomparable rose and gold, or the extravagant colors that are fairly flung on the stage in the scene of the third act—the god Indra's realm. There are golds, deep blues, purples, glowing reds, greens, blacks—it is futile to begin to enumerate the colors with which the settings and costumes are saturated, heaped together like an immense pile of jewels, surmounted at the back of the stage, high up, by the golden throne of Indra, and permeated in an impressionistic manner with the design of the lotus flower. These are the two most striking scenes. There are others it would take too long to describe. What matter? This is an opera of sound that signifies nothing in particular except passages for chesty tenors, deep basses and brilliant sopranos, and color, glint, bravery of spectacle and attire. And these things, in costumes as well as background, Mr. Anisfeld has notably and characteristically achieved.

The story of the opera has been told in these columns, and is about as necessary for an appreciation of its musical features as the plot of a "Follies" show would be. Suffice it then to remark that King Alim and the Prime Minister Scindia are rivals for the love of Sita, high priestess of the temple of Indra in Lahore of the eleventh century and the Musulman invasions. Sita is granted the relinquishment of her vows, that she may wed with Alim, on condition that Alim immediately set forth to fight the invaders. This is the pronouncement of the high priest, Timour, friendly to the lovers. On the battlefield Alim is treacherously slain by Scindia, and Sita is carried away by Scindia's command. These incidents cause acts one and two. Act three is the scene of the Oriental paradise, where the soul of Alim, surrounded by fabulous delights, longs only for Sita. The god Indra, perceiving Alim's unhappiness, grants him his desire. A chorus proclaims Alim's destiny. He shall return to earth, in poverty, helpless, to regain his Sita if he can, but when Sita dies Alim also shall perish. The chorus repeats the god's command at the beginning of the fourth act, when Alim confronts Scindia, about to marry Sita, is taken for a ghost by an amazed populace, and sheltered by Timour from the anger of Scindia in the temple where first, as an unknown admirer, he tendered Sita his love. To this temple, from her intended bridegroom, Sita escapes. There the pair are surprised by Scindia. Sita stabs herself, Alim falls; Scindia cries out his remorse as those whom death has at last united are seen ascending to Indra's realm.

To discuss the music is simply to discuss the performance. The first act is musically the strongest. It gave the chorus opportunity for magnificent singing, not only in the opening appeal to Timour to stay the inroads of the Musulman, but in the sonorous finale with the solo voices. It was in this finale that Mr. Lauri-Volpi rose to his full height as a singer. He astonished his admirers by suddenly appearing as the kind of singer of whom there are too few today in opera land, a singer of robust and dramatic qualities and by no means the singer of lyrical music which he has been in past performances of this season. The audience, and quite rightly, responded with special enthusiasm to his performance, and in every respect he fulfilled its desires. The tone was not only brilliant, but often of sensuous beauty, manly, ringing, and, of course, when the opportunities came to send B-flats, triple fortissimo, crashing against his palate, the audience gave Mr. Lauri an ovation.

He was equally successful in the pallid and syrupy love music of the second act. He sobbed, tonally speaking, and sighed, but not inartistically. He waved his hands about in the good old grand opera manner, lay down dying, stabbed by Scindia, when he did not have to sing, and stood up singing when he should have laid down as one about to die; took the middle of stage with geometrical precision between two wings of the chorus, alternately embraced or parted by a few paces from his soprano, in delivering his amorous address. It was the way to do it. Any other way, truer to drama, would have been infinitely falser to Massenet's opera.

Miss Reinhardt gave an eloquent performance of the music of Sita, and was dramatically well in the picture. Her movements had the quality of line as well as excellently considered pose. Her solo in the first act, her duet with her hand maiden in the second act, which is quite as silly and exactly as mellifluous as the duet of Crobyle and Myrtale in "Thais," was delivered with excellent quality of tone and manner of phrase, and when it was possible she expressed herself in dramatic spirit.

A big personage in the theatrical sense is the high priest, Timour, and Mr. Rothier made the most of his music. He was always a commanding figure, and always master, as singer and as interpreter, of his part.

Mr. de Luca is of less commanding presence, nor is he by nature an actor. But when he sang he was the man for the place. The romanza of the fourth act, famous and popular on this side of the water long before the opera was known here, "Promesse de mon avenir," evoked a response equal to that which greeted Mr. Lauri-Volpi, and always there was Mr. de Luca's mastery of legato, his smooth tone and prevailingly beautiful style. Perhaps it was necessary in places for him to sing more robustly than was exemplary of the finest shades of his art, but he was always a singer of style and he received his reward. From the heights, in Act 3, came the splendid, sonorous bass of Mr. Mardones. It would have been hard to find a better organ for the voice of Indra. The phrases given the god, very broad and stately, were superbly delivered. Mme. Alcock took the part of Kolod intelligently, though she has sung to better advantage.

The opera, originally in five acts, was advisedly condensed into four acts, the last act, like the first, in two scenes. In the second scene comes the first hint of an Orientalism, which is faint indeed in Massenet's score, but quite lovely in this place — the evening hymn of the priestesses of Indra, well introduced in two places, as interruption of the early scene between the raging Scindia, Timour and Sita, and in the last act as Sita prepares for her suicide. Another faint touch of the same exoticism, this time more literal but hardly more real, is the Hindu air given to a flute in the orchestra, then used as a basi for variation in the ballet music of act three.

But Massenet looks at the Orient incuriously, provincially, from the comfortable and traditional point of vantage of the Paris Opera stage. He has written good, melodious, conventional rhythms, music for dancers. The ballet was very elaborate and brilliant, though not what a Russian would have made of it any more than the music was what a Russian would have made of it, in this scene. The little children, with sprouting wings, made a pleasing episode, which could not have occurred upon the stage, in, for example, the State of Massachusetts. The well rehearsed evolutions of the ensemble, and the solo dances were doubtless near tradition, just as the scenery of Mr. Anisfeld was far away from it. Nor should the admirable elephant of act four go unmentioned. His legs deserved the highest praise.

An opera far indeed from music-drama, though Massenet, because he used a few phrases in a symbolic manner, was accused of being a Wagnerian and hearkening to counsels from the other side of the Rhine, but an opera written with amazing skill and talent for the theatre by a composer of such ability for these things that after forty-seven years, in which all kinds of changes of musical taste and custom have occurred, a modern and highly sophisticated audience listened, approved and highly enjoyed his finished and superficial art. It is easy to sneer at all this. We would rather have out-and-out old-fashioned opera so well made, than a baker's dozen of the weak and amateurish affairs that cannot pull through an act, in spite of the pretentions and loquaciousness of composers of today.

Curtain calls were answered not only by principal singers, but by Mr. Hasselmans, who had an extremely vigorous and secure first performance; Mr. Setti, chorus master; Mr. Anisfeld and Miss Galli.

EQUITY PLANS PLAYHOUSE.

Players Expect to Have Own Theatre by Next Season.

A theatre built by and for the Equity Players is within the possibilities for next season, according to a statement made yesterday by Harry O. Stubbs, managing director of the players. At a recent reorganization meeting, the group was practically guaranteed a working capital of $100,000 annually, and accordingly Mr. Stubbs believes that the players are justified in hoping to build their own playhouse. No definite plans have been made to that end, however. At present the Equity Players occupy the Forty-eighth Street Theatre, which they re-lease annually.

The Theatre Guild, which has made definite plans for its new playhouse, will take title today to its site, at 243 to 259 West Fifty-second Street.

Two Openings Scheduled.

Two new plays are announced for production here during the week of March 10. Israel Zangwill's comedy "We Moderns," which has lately been running in Chicago, will be presented at the Gaiety Theatre on Tuesday night, March 11, by George C. Tyler. The cast will include Helen Hayes, O. P. Heggie, Kenneth McKenna, Mary Shaw, James Dale, Gilda Leary and Isabel Irving. On Monday night of the week "The Lady Killer" will be offered at the Morosco Theatre by the Morosco Holding Company. The authors are Frank and Alice Mandel, and Claiborne Foster and John Craig will head the cast.

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES AND SUCCESSES

EMPIRE B'way at 40th St. Evs. 8:30. | Last Mat. Wednesday TODAY, 2:30. | Week
MARY NASH in "THE LADY"
COMING MONDAY—SEATS NOW
BERNARD SHAW'S Latest and Greatest Play
SAINT JOAN
with Original Garrick Theatre Cast

The SWAN
COURT WEST 48th STREET. Evenings at 8:30 Mats. TODAY & Wed., 2:20.

KLAW THEATRE, W. 45th St. Evs. at 8:37 Mats. TODAY & Wed., 2:37.
MEET THE WIFE
with MARY BOLAND
IN LYNN STAALING'S FUNNY PLAY

FROLIC THEA., Atop New Amsterdam Thea. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30
OLGA PETROVA
3RD MONTH in "HURRICANE" More Laughs Than "KIKI"

COLONIAL, B'way, 62d St. MATINEE SATURDAY
GEORGE WHITE Presents
MILLER & LYLES in "Runnin' Wild"
"Better than any two white shows on Broadway."—N. Y. Kaufman, Telegram.
MIDNIGHT SHOW THURSDAY

HENRY MILLER'S THEATRE 124 West 43rd Street Evenings 8:30. Matinees Today & Thurs., 2:30.
Grace George
Laura Hope Crews
in Laurence Eyre's "Comedy that will go straight to the heart"—Times
Merry Wives of Gotham

BELASCO WEST 44th ST. Evenings 8:30 Mats. TODAY & Thurs., 2:30.
DAVID BELASCO Presents
LIONEL BARRYMORE with IRENE FENWICK
in "LAUGH, CLOWN, LAUGH!"

FRAZEE, W. 42 St. Evs. 8:30. Mts. Today & Wed.
HELL-BENT FER HEAVEN
"SMASHING GOOD, RED-BLOODED COMEDY."

CHILDREN'S THEA. 5th Av. & 104th St. University 0004.
MATINEE TODAY AT 2:30.
HANSEL and GRETHEL
Prices 75c. to $1.75, plus war tax.

World's Greatest Motion Picture
ABRAHAM LINCOLN
GAIETY Theatre, Broadway at 46th Street Twice Daily, 2:30-8:30

5th CAPACITY MONTH OF NEW YORK'S GREATEST MYSTERY MELODRAMA
IN THE NEXT ROOM
VANDERBILT 48 St. E. of B'y. Evs. 8:30 Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30

Seats 8 Weeks in Advance for Both Attractions
Cecil B. DeMille's THE TEN COMMANDMENTS
GEO. M. Cohan Thea., B'way, 42 St. Twice Daily, 2:30-8:30
Both Paramount Productions—(Famous Players-Lasky Corporation)
THE 50th WEEK
COVERED WAGON
Criterion Thea., B'way at 44th St. Twice Daily, 2:30 8:30

Alexander Woollcott, N. Y. Herald, said:
"UNFORGETABLE—EVERYONE SHOULD SEE"
JANE COWL in "Anthony and Cleopatra"
AT THE LYCEUM Evgs., 8:20. Mats. Today & Thurs., 2:20.
THE HIT OF THE TOWN
GEORGE M. COHAN
In the Success of His Career
The Song and Dance Man
HUDSON THEATRE West 44th St. Evs. 8:30 Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30
THE HIT OF THE TOWN

GEORGE M. COHAN'S COMEDIANS in
THE BIGGEST OF ALL COHAN MUSICAL HITS
"THE RISE OF ROSIE O'REILLY"
LIBERTY THEA., West 42d St. Evs. 8:30 Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30.
THE GREAT AMERICAN SONG AND DANCE SHOW

PUNCH & JUDY Thea., 49th St. E. of B'way. Evs. 8:40. Last Mat. Today, 2:40
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SIX CHARACTERS IN SEARCH OF AN AUTHOR
With an All Star Cast

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Marion Davies
"QUEEN OF THE SCREEN"
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Yolanda
"The Picture of the Century"
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Victor Herbert and His Orchestra
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PLAZA Mad. Ave. at 59th St. | EMMETT FLYNN'S "IN THE PALACE OF THE KING." WITH BLANCHE SWEET & HOBART BOSWORTH
BEG. TOM'W. | Lionel Barrymore with "Unseeing Eyes," with Seena Owens.

OLYMPIA B'way at 107th St. | EMMETT FLYNN'S "IN THE PALACE OF THE KING." WITH BLANCHE SWEET & HOBART BOSWORTH
BEG. TOM'W. | Glenn Hunter in "West of the Water Tower," with May McAvoy

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B'way & 51 St. Capitol Grand Orchestra
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SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA. Program Changed Sun.

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ZIEGFELD'S Greatest Musical Comedy
EDDIE CANTOR in "KID BOOTS" with MARY EATON

142d TIME
EARL CARROLL Presents
WHITE CARGO
The play that all New York is talking about
DALY'S 63RD ST. MATINEES TODAY & WED., 2:30.

MUSIC BOX Thea., West 45th St. Evs. 8:25 Mats. TODAY & Wed., 2:25
SAM H. HARRIS Presents
IRVING BERLIN'S 3rd ANNUAL MusicBoxRevue
Staged by Hassard Short. 197 Times

SAM H. HARRIS Theatre, W. 42d St. Evs. 8:15 Mats. Today & Wed., at 2:15.
Lewis & Gordon (in association with Sam H. Harris) present
NERVOUS WRECK By OWEN DAVIS 176 Times
with OTTO KRUGER and VIVIAN TOBIN

FULTON Theatre, West 46th St. Evs. at 8:30 Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30.
"Makes audiences fairly squeal with delight. There is a genius akin to Charlie Chaplin in Mr. Truex."—Telegram-Mail.
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ONLY CONCERT APPEARANCE MARIA JERITZA
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TORONTO MENDELSSOHN CHOIR
Tues. Eve., Mar. 4, Beethoven's Ninth Symphony. Wed. Eve., Mar. 5, Bach B Minor Mass Excerpts, &c.
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Trios, Georgi Schumann & Smetana & Piano Soli.
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ALBERT SPALDING
3D VIOLIN RECITAL.
ANDRE BENOIST at the Piano (Steinway)
Popular Program, KREUTZER SONATA.

AEOLIAN HALL, Mon. Eve., March 3, 8:15.
Second Subscription Concert
PHILHARMONIC STRING QUARTET

CARNEGIE HALL, TONIGHT AT 8:15
INTERCOLLEGIATE GLEE CLUB CONTEST
Tickets at Box Office Chickering Piano

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SHUBERT 44th, W. of B'y. Evs. 8:15 Sharp. Matinees Today & Wed., 2:15.
ARTISTS AND MODELS OF 1923 SENSATIONAL REVUE

WINTER GARDEN Evs. 8:30. Matinees Today & Tom.
MATINEE TODAY AT 2:30.
New York's Greatest Revue, TOPICS OF 1923
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SPECIAL MIDNIGHT PERFORMANCE THURSDAY, MARCH 6.

SUNDAY NIGHT CONCERT
ALWAYS THE BEST SUNDAY ENTERTAINMENT IN NEW YORK.

LYRIC 42nd, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Matinee Today, 2:30.
ELEANOR PAINTER
in the romantic Musical Comedy THE CHIFFON GIRL
Moves
NEXT MONDAY NIGHT TO JOLSON'S 59th ST. THEA.
One Block from Columbus Circle.

BROADHURST 44th, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30 Mats. Today & Thurs., 2:30
Beggar ON Horseback
with ROLAND YOUNG

MOROSCO West 45th Street. Evgs. at 8:30. Mats. TODAY & Wed. at 2:30.
David Belasco, in ass'n with Wm. Harris, Jr., Presents
FAY BAINTER
in "THE OTHER ROSE"
with HENRY HULL and distinguished cast.

52ND ST. THEATRE, West of 8th Ave. Evs. 8:30. Mats. TODAY & Thurs.
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REFRESHMENTS, DANCING AND SMOKING.

REPUBLIC 42d St., West of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. TODAY & Wed. at 2:30.
ANNE NICHOLS' LAUGHING SUCCESS
Abie's Irish Rose
THE PLAY THAT PUTS U IN HUMOR

PRINCESS 39th, East of B'way
SUN UP
Evs. 8:45. Matinees Today & Thurs., 2:45. with LUCILLE LAVERNE

Maxine Elliott's 39th St., E. of B'y. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30
JEANNE EAGELS in "RAIN"
541 TIMES. Staged by John D. Williams

The Theatre Guild Presents
BERNARD SHAW'S
SAINT JOAN

GARRICK 65 West 35th St. Evs. 8:15. Matinee TODAY, 2:15.
MOVES TO EMPIRE THEATRE NEXT MON.
Opening GARRICK Monday
Ernst Vajda's Comedy.
FATA MORGANA

WM. HODGE in "FOR ALL OF US."
AMBASSADOR 49th, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30 Pop. Mts. Today & Wed., 2:30

WALTER HUSTON in Zona Gale's Comedy Success, "MISTER PITT"
39th ST. THEATRE, E. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mat. Today & Wed., 2:30.

ARTHUR HAMMERS EIN'S TWIN MUSICAL TRIUMPHS
2ND YEAR
WILDFLOWER with EDITH DAY
CASINO B'way & 39th Street. Evs. at 8:30 Matinees Today & Wed. at 2:30

MARY JANE McKANE with MARY HAY & HAL SKELLY
IMPERIAL Thea., 45 St. W. of B'y. Evs. 8:30 Chick. 6360. Mts. Today & Wed.

JOHN GOLDEN Presents
BOOTH THEATRE, West 45th St. Evs. 8:30. Matinees Today & Wed., 2:30.
7th Heaven
POPULAR MAT. TODAY at 2

F. RAY COMSTOCK and MORRIS GEST Present
WORLD'S BIGGEST PRODUCTION
THE MIRACLE
Staged by MAX REINHARDT—Company of 700
WILL NOT BE PRESENTED IN ANY OTHER CITY IN AMERICA
800 SEATS $1. 500 SEATS $1.50. 500 SEATS $2
AT EVERY PERFORMANCE
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F. RAY COMSTOCK & MORRIS GEST present
THE MOSCOW ART THEATRE
POSITIVELY LAST 2 TIMES!
Today Mat. 2, "THE CHERRY ORCHARD"
Tonight at 8, "UNCLE VANYA"
At JOLSON'S 59TH STREET THEATRE

49th St. Thea., Op'g Mon. Night, MARCH 3 Seats Now
LIONEL ATWILL in "The Outsider"

ASTOR THEATRE, 45th Street and B'way. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30.
Elsie FERGUSON
in "THE MOON-FLOWER"
with SIDNEY BLACKMER
MATINEE TODAY, 2:30.
THE Shame Woman
COMEDY Thea., 41st, E. of B'way. Evs. 8:30 Matinees Today & Thurs., 2:30.

THE GOOSE HANGS HIGH
with Norman Trevor, Mrs. Whiffen & Kath. Grey
BIJOU Thea., 45th St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30 Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30.

BELMONT 48th St., E. of B'y. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Thurs., 2:30.
Tarnish MAT. TODAY

PLYMOUTH 45th St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30 Mats. Today & Thurs., 2:30.
"THE BEST AMERICAN COMEDY OF THE SEASON."—Heywood Broun, World.
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ALL ABOUT THE FOLKS NEXT DOOR

NATIONAL Thea., 41st St., W. of B'y. Evs. 8 Matinees Today & Thurs., at 2.
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"THE GREATEST LIVING AMERICAN ACTOR."—J. Ranken Towse, in Eve. Post.
WALTER HAMPDEN
in CYRANO de BERGERAC
MAIL ORDERS 4 WEEKS AHEAD

SHUBERT-RIVIERA 97th St. and B'way Mat. Today.
CHAINS with HELEN GAHAGAN
Next Week: THE FOOL
Sunday Concerts 2 to 5:30 and 7 to 11:30.

RITZ WEST 48 ST. Evs. 8:30. Mats. TODAY & WED., 2:30.
OUTWARD BOUND

CENTRAL Thea., B'way & 47 St. Evs. 8:30. Matinees Today & Wed. 2:30.
MUSICAL COMEDY TRIUMPH
SWEET LITTLE DEVIL
with Constance Binney
NO CUT RATES—NO BARGAINS BUT—BEST SEATS AT BOX OFFICE.

PLAYHOUSE 48th St., E. of B'way. Evs. 8:30 Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30.
THE SHOW-OFF
By George Kelly
SEASON'S COMEDY SENSATION!

LONGACRE Thea., W. 48th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30.
MOONLIGHT MUSICAL COMEDY GEM

LITTLE, W. 44th St. Evs. 8:30. Mts. Today & Wed.
LITTLE JESSIE JAMES
WITH THE JAMES BOYS (A. PAUL WHITEMAN BAND)
Geo. Choos' Screaming Musical Comedy
Mr. Battling Buttler
with Charles Ruggles and Wm. Kent
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CECILIA LOFTUS
Assisted BEATRICE HERFORD
by Unique Program of Impersonations & Monologues. Pop. Prices. Mgt. JAS. B. POND, 25 W. 43d.

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MADGE KENNEDY in POPPY
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7th Month—Biggest Musical Comedy Hit of Year

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FREDERICK LONSDALE'S Comedy Hit
SPRING CLEANING
With Violet Heming, Estelle Winwood, Arthur Byron, A. E. Matthews

TIMES SQ. THEA., W. 42nd St. Evs. 8:30 Matinees Today & Wed., 2:30
CHARLOT'S Revue of 1924
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WEAF RULES THE AIR IS WHALEN'S CHARGE

Asking for $50,000 City Plant, He Accuses Companies of Holding a Monopoly.

RADIO OFFICIAL EXPLAINS

Harkness Says Right Must Be Reserved to Reject Broadcasting Matter Offered.

The American Telephone and Telegraph Company's radio broadcasting station, WEAF, was accused of having taken "complete control of the air" in the metropolitan district by Commissioner of Plant and Structures Grover A. Whalen yesterday when he appeared before the Board of Estimate to hurry construction of the municipal broadcasting station. He announced that he had abandoned the proposed Central Park site for the city radio plant and had decided to establish the station atop the Municipal Building.

Commissioner Whalen asked authority from the Board of Estimates to expend the $50,000 fund appropriated for the city radio plant without public letting. He explained that a bid of the Western Electric Company on the contract to install the municipal broadcasting plant carried restrictions imposed by the parent company, the American Telephone and Telegraph Company, which would have altered the terms of the contract as advertised.

"After an investigation," Mr. Whalen said, "it was found that the Radio Corporation of America, the Westinghouse Electric and Manufacturing Company, the General Electric Company, the Western Electric Company and the American Telephone and Telegraph Company, through their ownership of radio patents, were in control of the radio industry."

Calls Control Monopolistic.

Commissioner Whalen said that the control was monopolistic in that the manufacture and sale of broadcasting apparatus for commercial work were left to the Western Electric Company, which does not manufacture or sell radio receiving apparatus. He added:

"This monopoly is, in my opinion, dangerous to the public interest, I intend to point out how it has hampered and delayed the city in its acquisition of a broadcasting station.

"As an instance of the complete control of the air that the American Telephone and Telegraph Company exercises at the present moment, the experience of the Health Commissioner may be cited. Dr. Monaghan, before he was permitted to broadcast a health talk through Station WEAF, was required to state that he was giving the talk under the auspices of the New York Tuberculosis Association. If the Health Commissioner did not agree to make this preliminary statement he would not have been permitted to broadcast through Station WEAF.

"It is because of the conditions in the radio field I am forced to appear before your honorable board to request the expenditure of this fund without public letting. In so doing I feel that the city's interest will best be protected against those who are seeking, if they have not already obtained, complete control of the air. I believe that the people of the City of New York, with its million radio fans, should be acquainted with the commercial aims and monopolistic tendencies of this company to coerce this city, which is endeavoring by means of the establishment of this broadcasting station to give a maximum service and greater happiness to its citizens."

Board Favors Whalen Plan.

Commissioner Whalen said that if his plans were approved there would be no necessity to grant Police Commissioner Enright's request for $30,000 for the retention of wireless apparatus at Police Headquarters. He said all city department work could be handled efficiently through one station. Acting Mayor Murray Hulbert and four of the five Borough Presidents were in favor of granting the request of Commissioner Whalen. It was put on the calendar for next week.

William E. Harkness, in charge of the radio activities of the American Telephone and Telegraph Company, would not answer Commissioner Whalen's attack on the ground that he was not a member of his company's legal department. Regarding the censorship charge, he said:

"On all medical subjects we are cooperating with the American Red Cross and the Tuberculosis Association. We are getting their suggestions and advice as to subject-matter. We ask them to pass on matter to be broadcast. We reserve the right to reject or accept subject-matter for broadcasting, and we follow precisely the methods of the newspapers in selecting what we think worth while to broadcast."

As for the telephone company's opposition to the installation of additional broadcasting stations, Mr. Harkness said that was a question which the public ultimately would decide. He pointed out that when WEAF broadcast the funeral services of Woodrow Wilson, receiving transmission was blurred by near-by radio stations broadcasting a memorial service. It is also a question, he said, whether additional stations in a limited area such as New York City are desirable from the economic standpoint.

Today's Radio Program

SATURDAY, MARCH 1, 1924.
(Eastern Standard Time.)
Numerals after names of stations show wave length in meters.

WEAF, NEW YORK—492.
1:45-3:30 P. M.—Foreign Policy Association luncheon; "British Labor Party and the European Settlement," by Sir William Wiseman and Henry J. Golding.
4:00-5:00 P. M.—Carolinians Dance Orchestra.
5:00 P. M.—Arthur Lovasseur, tenor.
7:15-8:15 P. M.—Chiclet Quartet and Trio.
8:15-11:00 P. M.—Intercollegiate Glee Club contest direct from Carnegie Hall. Colleges competing are Amherst, Columbia, Dartmouth, Harvard, Middlebury, New York University, Pennsylvania State, Princeton, University of Pennsylvania, Wesleyan, Grinnell and Syracuse.

WHN, NEW YORK—360.
2:15-2:45 P. M.—Musical revue.
3:45-3:15 P. M.—Musical program.
4:00-5:30 P. M.—Popular songs; orchestra.
7:30-12:00 P. M.—Popular songs; dance music.

WBBR, BROOKLYN, N. Y.—244.
3:30-10:30 P. M.—Music; Bible questions and answers.

WJZ, NEW YORK—455.
3:00 P. M.—Memphis Syncopators.
5:15 P. M.—Popular songs.
5:30 P. M.—Memphis Syncopators.
5:45 P. M.—Popular songs.
4:00 P. M.—Hotel Belmont Stringed Ensemble.
5:00 P. M.—Lora Green, soprano.
5:30 P. M.—Farm reports; closing quotations of the New York Stock Exchange; foreign exchange quotations; financial report; news.
7:30 P. M.—Erva Giles, soprano.
8:00 P. M.—"Sausage," by John C. Cutting.
8:30 P. M.—E. Landberg, baritone.
8:45 P. M.—Music Week contest.
9:00 P. M.—Talk, "Employes and Satisfactory Service."
9:30 P. M.—Creighton Allen, piano.
10:00 P. M.—"Home Building," by W. H. Beers.
10:15 P. M.—Creighton Allen, piano.
10:30 P. M.—Coleman's Orchestra.

WOR, NEWARK—405.
2:30 P. M.—Miller's Orchestra.
3:00 P. M.—"Muscle Building," by Dr. Bess M. Mensendieck.
3:30 P. M.—Miller's Orchestra.
6:15 P. M.—Belle Terre Orchestra.
7:15 P. M.—"Sport News," by F. J. Bendel.
8:00 P. M.—Ingraham's Orchestra.
8:50 P. M.—Belle Bart, astrologist.
9:00 P. M.—James Macdonald, baritone.
9:20 P. M.—"How I Make a Success of Being My Own Manager," by Cecil Arden.
9:35 P. M.—Belle Bart, astrologist.
9:50 P. M.—James Macdonald, baritone.
10:05 P. M.—"Equality of Women," by Doris Stevens.
10:15 P. M.—Combined Musical Clubs of Stevens Institute of Technology.

WRW, TARRYTOWN—273.
6:55 P. M.—Musical program.
9:00 P. M.—Police reports.

WDAR, PHILADELPHIA—395.
11:45 A. M.—Daily almanac.
2:00-3:00 P. M.—Orchestra.
4:30 P. M.—Cotton Pickers' Orchestra.
7:30 P. M.—Dream Daddy.

WFI, PHILADELPHIA—395.
10:15 A. M.—Market and live stock reports.
1:00 P. M.—Meyer Davis Orchestra.
3:00 P. M.—Concert program; talk.
4:00 P. M.—Dance orchestra.
6:00 P. M.—Bedtime story.
6:30 P. M.—Meyer Davis Orchestra.
8:00 P. M.—Musical program.
10:10 P. M.—Kerr's Orchestra.

WOO, PHILADELPHIA—509.
11:00 A. M.—Organ recital.
11:30 A. M.—Weather forecast.
11:55 A. M.—Time signals.
12:00 M.—Orchestra.
4:45 P. M.—Grand organ, trumpets.
5:00 P. M.—Sport results; police reports.
9:55 P. M.—Time signals.
10:02 P. M.—Weather forecast.

WIP, PHILADELPHIA—509.
1:00 P. M.—Organ recital.
1:30 P. M.—Weather report.
3:00 P. M.—Orchestra program.
6:00 P. M.—Weather forecast; orchestra.
6:45 P. M.—Stock and market reports.
7:00 P. M.—Bedtime stories; roll-call.
8:00 P. M.—"Sugar," by Dr. H. C. Wood.
8:15 P. M.—Musical revue.
10:15 P. M.—Weems's Orchestra.

WEAN, PROVIDENCE—273.
12:00 M.-1:00 P. M.—Dance music.
12:10 P. M.—Weather forecast.
4:00-5:00 P. M.—Dance orchestra.
8:00 P. M.—Same program as WNAC.

WJAR, PROVIDENCE—369.
1:05 P. M.—Biltmore Orchestra.
7:05 P. M.—Lenara Bonlay, violin; Florence Vanasse, contralto.

WSAD, PROVIDENCE—261.
2:30-4:00 P. M.—Concert program.
6:00-7:00 P. M.—Bedtime story; music.

WBZ, SPRINGFIELD, MASS.—337.
11:55 A. M.—Time signals; weather reports; Boston market reports.
7:00 P. M.—Hotel Kimball Trio.
7:30 P. M.—Bedtime story; "Bringing the World to America," talk.
8:00 P. M.—WBZ Trio.
8:30 P. M.—Tenth Regiment Band.

WNAC, BOSTON, MASS.—273.
1:00-2:00 P. M.—Orchestra.
4:00-5:00 P. M.—Dance music.
6:00 P. M.—Children's half hour.
6:30 P. M.—Dinner dance.
8:15 P. M.—Hockey game description.
9:45 P. M.—Dance music.

WGI, MEDFORD, MASS.—360.
6:30 P. M.—Big Brother Club meeting.
6:45 P. M.—Code practice.
7:05 P. M.—Weather forecast; crop notes.
7:30 P. M.—Business problems, by A. R. Curnick; dancing lesson; music.

WGY, SCHENECTADY—380.
11:55 A. M.—Time signals.
12:30 P. M.—Stock market report.
12:40 P. M.—Produce market report.
9:30 P. M.—Romano's Orchestra.

WRC, WASHINGTON—469.
5:15 P. M.—Instruction in code.
6:00 P. M.—Stories for children.
7:45 P. M.—Bible talk.
8:00 P. M.—Dance music.
8:45 P. M.—Song recital.
9:00 P. M.—"Radio in Other Countries," by L. E. Whittemore.
9:15 P. M.—Instrumental music.
9:35 P. M.—Song recital.
9:55 P. M.—Time signals; weather forecasts.
10:00 P. M.—Hawaiian music.

NAA, ARLINGTON, VA.—435.
10:05-10:20 A. M.—Weather reports.
3:45- 4:00 P. M.—Weather reports.
10:05-10:20 P. M.—Weather reports.

WHAM, ROCHESTER—283.
3:00-3:30 P. M.—Orchestra.
4:15-4:45 P. M.—Orchestra; organ.
6:50 P. M.—Market and weather reports.
7:00-7:30 P. M.—Orchestra.
10:45 P. M.-12:30 A. M.—Barrett's Orchestra.

WGR, BUFFALO—319.
10:45 A. M.—Weather reports.
12:30 P. M.—Organ recital.
2:30-4:00 P. M.—Concert.
6:30 P. M.—Vincent Lopez Orchestra.

WCAE, PITTSBURGH—462.
6:30 P. M.—Dinner concert.
7:30 P. M.—Bedtime story.
8:30 P. M.—Musical program.

KDKA, PITTSBURGH—326.
9:45 A. M.—Live stock market reports.
11:55 A. M.—Time signals.
12:00 M.—Weather forecast; market reports.
1:30 P. M.—Daugherty's Orchestra.
6:15 P. M.—Band concert.
7:30 P. M.—Address.
7:45 P. M.—Children's period.
8:00 P. M.—Feature.
8:15 P. M.—Address.
8:30 P. M.—Band concert.
9:55 P. M.—Time signals; weather report.

CKAC, MONTREAL—430.
7:00 P. M.—Bedtime story.
7:30-8:30 P. M.—Mount Royal Orchestra.
8:30-9:15 P. M.—Concert program.
10:30 P. M.—Mount Royal Dance Orchestra.

WTAM, CLEVELAND—390.
9:00 P. M.—Orchestra; vocal solos.

WLW, CINCINNATI—309.
2:30 P. M.—Market reports.
5:00 P. M.—Musical program.

WSAI, CINCINNATI—309.
11:00 P. M.—Weekly news review.
11:15 P. M.—Musical program.
1:00-3:00 A. M.—Midnight Entertainers.

WCX, DETROIT—517.
6:00 P. M.—Orchestra concert.

WWJ, DETROIT—516.
3:00 P. M.—Detroit News Orchestra.
3:30 P. M.—Weather forecast.
3:35 P. M.—Market reports.

WHAS, LOUISVILLE—400.
8:30-10:00 P. M.—Vocal and instrumental solos; news; reading; time announced at 10 o'clock.

WDAP, CHICAGO—360.
8:00-8:30 P. M.—Dance orchestra.
11:00 P. M.-2:00 A. M.—Dance music.

WMAQ, CHICAGO—448.
9:00 P. M.—Suburban Band concert.
10:00 P. M.—Musical Revue.

WJAZ, CHICAGO—448.
11:00 P. M.-2:00 A. M.—Vocal and instrumental solos; Oriole Orchestra.

KYW, CHICAGO—536.
7:30 P. M.—Bedtime story.
8:00-8:30 P. M.—Doerr's Orchestra; De Bary Orchestra.
9:00-9:58 P. M.—Musical program.
10:05 P. M.—Stories; news every half hour.
11:00 P. M.-1:00 A. M.—Midnight revue.

WOC, DAVENPORT, IOWA—484.
6:45 P. M.—Chimes concert.
7:30 P. M.—Sandman's visit.
7:50 P. M.—Weather forecast; sport news.
8:00 P. M.—"Facts About Balloon-Type Tires," by J. F. Block.
10:00-11:30 P. M.—Dance orchestra; V. S. Rochte, baritone.

KSD, ST. LOUIS—546.
10:00 P. M.—Orchestra; organ, vocal and instrumental solos.

WLAG, MINNEAPOLIS—417.
8:30-9:15 P. M.—Lecture.
10:15-11:15 P. M.—Philippine Orchestra.
11:15 P. M.-1:30 A. M.—Dance music.

WMC, MEMPHIS—500.
9:00 P. M.—"The Place of Women in Modern Society," by Dr. Earl Barnes.

WSB, ATLANTA—429.
9:00-10:00 P. M.—Musical program.
11:45 P. M.—Radiowl concert.

WDAF, KANSAS CITY—411.
12:45 A. M.—Coon-Sanders Orchestra.

WOAW, OMAHA—526.
7:30 P. M.—Harmo-Jazz Orchestra.
10:00 P. M.—Musical program.

WFAA, DALLAS—476.
9:30-10:30 P. M.—Band concert.
12:00 P. M.-1:00 A. M.—Hotel Adolphus Orchestra.

WBAP, FORT WORTH—476.
8:30-9:30 P. M. — Interdenominational Sunday school lesson and radio Bible class.

6KW, TUINUCU, CUBA—332.
7:30 P. M.—Music.
12:00 P. M.—Test program.

PWX, HAVANA—400.
8:30-11:00 P. M.—Vocal and instrumental solos.

KGO, OAKLAND, CAL.—312.
11:00 P. M.—Concert program.

KHJ, LOS ANGELES—395.
1:00-3:00 A. M.—Hickman's Orchestra.

KFI, LOS ANGELES—469.
11:00-12:00 P. M.—Women's Lyric Club.
12:00 P. M.-1:00 A. M.—Concert program.
1:00-2:00 A. M.—Musical program.
2:00-3:00 A. M.—Cocoanut Grove Orchestra.

KPO, SAN FRANCISCO—123.
11:00 P. M.-3:00 A. M.—Weldner's Orchestra.

R. C. A.
U.V. 200, 201 A,
C. 300 AND 301 A.
$5.00
ALL STANDARD RADIO SETS AND SUPPLIES THAT ARE UNOBTAINABLE ELSEWHERE, AT LOWEST PRICES.
SHEARN
1122 Madison Ave. at 84th St.
BUTTERFIELD 4946 RHINELANDER 1733 OPEN EVENINGS UNTIL 9 P.M.

OLD BOWERY TROOPS TO ATLANTIC GARDEN

Songs of 35 Years Ago Sung in Famous Music Hall Last Night by Their Composers.

OLD BAR GREETS CROWD

Ovation for "Sidewalks of New York," Sung by Blind Author, Charles Lawler.

Aside from the modern aspect of the audience, Atlantic Garden in the Bowery was flung back thirty-five years last night and there appeared on the stage men and women who had written and sung songs of old New York in that very same place more than thirty years ago. In the body of the hall there were persons who had been entertainers, a block or so away from the place where they sat rapturously enjoying melodies like "A Bicycle Made for Two," "My Pearl She's a Bowery Girl," "Annie Rooney," "The Sidewalks of New York," "On a Sunday Afternoon" and other old-time songs.

The occasion was the presentation of a motion picture, "Fools Highway," the plot of which deals with the famous old thoroughfare, its prize fighters, policemen, clothes dealers and work girls of three and half decades ago. Long before the film was shown, when Harry von Tilzer asked which songs were liked best—the old or the new—there was not the slightest hesitancy in the clamor for the old.

At the entrance to Atlantic Garden the humorists had arranged a bar, a real, old-fashioned affair, with huge, thick glasses, models of prizefighters and the old-time signs. Legally it was dry as a bone, but there were floods of orangeage, ginger ale and sparkling waters. Outside were cars, some of them of the finest makes, which stretched in a line almost as far as Park Row. There were fat men with red faces, once the dispensers of drinks, who, with rather large cigars in their mouths, wandered into the lobby of the old hall. Some of them had come, just as they had been in the habit of coming—once in a blue moon. They wondered what ailed the management, ridiculing the glorious past with a dummy bar. Inside they glanced around.

Balloon-Sleeved Girl Appears.

The old balcony was gone. It has been gone some time now, but there was a girl in a red velvet dress walking up the aisle. An extraordinarily good-looking girl, too. Her sleeves were large, shaped something like a mutton chop—and then it dawned on them that they had unwittingly stepped back thirty-five years when they crossed the threshold old the theatre. The woman in red was the old-fashioned woman in a trim gown, reaching far below her ankles, with pleats at the sides of the skirt, a funny little short bodice, and a hat with a feather—some hats have feathers now, but this was thirty-five years older looking, but not at all ungainly.

Then Paul Gulick, master of ceremonies, came forth and introduced Harry von Tilzer, who just as if he had suddenly shaken thirty-five years off his shoulders, lunged forth with "Down Where the Wurzberger Flows," and followed this with "On a Sunday Afternoon." Maude Raymond engendered more sympathy for the past with "Bye, Bye, My Honey" and "There Once Was a Girl."

Maude Nugent, composer of "Sweet Rosie O'Grady," rendered her own composition, and the men and women present appeared as if they were going to forget that the event of the evening was a motion picture, from the way they continued asking for the chorus.

But the song of the night, the one which echoed the past more than any other, the melody that brought a strong touch of pathos and showed up true courage and great devotion was "The Sidewalks of New York," sung by the blind composer, Charles Lawler, and his daughter, Alice Lawler. Any actor on Broadway would have been glad to listen to the music of that applause, and then the audience, as it had with the other songs, began trying out their voices with the chorus.

Walker Nominates "Al" Smith.

"There's a man in the housse—Jack Coleman—who used to sing this song with me in Miner's many years ago," announced Mr. Lawler, holding to the chair on which sat his daughter.

Mr. Coleman arose. There was silence, and soon in a sweet tenor he burst forth with the words of "The Sidewalks of New York." It was not enough, Mr. Coleman had to do it over again and to add to the effect Miss Lawler joined with him.

Senator James J. Walker informed those present that the first glass of beer he drank in public was in Atlantic Garden. The very first he had in his home. He said that people in New York would be able to have a drink at home if the man who was born five blocks away—Governor Smith—were made the first citizen of the land.

One or two of the women who used to play in the old orchestra were there as was also the old leader, Charles Eschert.

"Fools Highway," is an entertaining film, well directed and one which clings to the idea of telling a story. Pat O'Malley is excellent as the famous fighter, and Mary Philbin with plenty of frizzy hair, is an efficient heroine. It is effectively furnished with scenes of old New York, most of the "sets" having been made from drawings. This picture will be seen next week at the Broadway Theatre.

FORD BILL GETS PRIORITY.

House Agrees to Take Up Muscle Shoals Measure Tuesday.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 29.—The McKenzie bill, which would authorize acceptance of Henry Ford's offer for Muscle Shoals, will be taken up Tuesday by the House, under an agreement reached today.

The Rules Committee reported a resolution giving the measure priority after disposition of the tax bill. Chairman Snell said that general debate, limited to ten hours, would begin Tuesday.

Representative McKenzie, Republican, of Illinois, author of the bill, predicted that it would be voted on before the end of next week and passed without material change.

START GERMAN RELIEF PLAN

Every Woman Church Member Will Be Asked to Help.

The Women's Church Committee of Emergency Appeal for Relief of German Children was organized yesterday afternoon, following a luncheon of fifty women who are leaders in religious and philanthropic life in the United States. The luncheon was served at the National Board of the Young Women's Christian Association, and was held under the auspices of the Federal Council of Churches of Christ in America. The council is cooperating with the American Committee for Relief of German Children, the Chairman of which is Major Gen. Henry T. Allen.

The women's organization will work with the Federal Council, and its purpose is to reach with its plea of help for starving children every woman in every church organization in America. Catholic and Jewish women will be asked to serve on the Permanent Committee, which will number about forty.

Mrs. Frank A. Vanderlip was nominated for Permanent Chairman, and she has the matter under consideration.

Those at the luncheon chose the following committee of five to organize a permanent committee: Mrs. Vanderlip, Mrs. William Wallace Rockwell, wife of Professor Rockwell of Union Theological Seminary; Mrs. Henry H. Meyer, Mrs. Henry Goddard Leach and Miss Anna Chase, a secretary of the Federal Council.

5 HELD IN CROSSING DEATHS

Long Island Superintendent and Police Officers Accused of Manslaughter.

C. Dwight Baker, General Superintendent of the Long Island Railroad; George Mammon, Oscar Toombs, and Lincoln G. Ross of the railroad police, and James S. Fletcher, crossing watchman, before Judge Burt J. Humphrey in the Queens County Court yesterday, pleaded not guilty to an indictment charging them with manslaughter in the second degree. The indictment grew out of the death of George Kroder and his wife, Weltha Kroder of Elmhurst, when an automobile in which they were riding was struck by an engine at the Long Island Railroad crossing at Laurel Hill Boulevard and Review Avenue, Laurel Hill, on the night of Jan. 22 last.

The defendants were accused of negligence in permitting the gates at the crossing to become out of repair and allowing the Kroder automobile to cross in front of a train without having proper warning of its approach.

Superintendent Baker is charged specifically with failing to provide additional protection at the crossing when the gates became out of order. Mammon, Chief of Police, is charged with negligence in the management of the men under him, and Toombs, a Captain, is charged with negligence in the hiring of men who are not competent. Judge Humphrey fixed bail at $10,000 in each case.

Asks Coolidge for Radio Address.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 29.—C. Hamilton Cook of Lackawanna, N. Y., called on President Coolidge today to invite him to broadcast a brief address by radio on the occasion of the dedication, April 5, of the building erected in that city as a memorial to its citizens who served in the World War. It was said at the White House that it was doubtful whether the President would be able to comply with the request.

R. H. Macy & Co. Inc.
34th ST. & BROADWAY NEW YORK CITY

A Special Purchase of

Spring Top Coats

Which Interpret the Tailored Mode in Terms of Comfort

For Women, $23.74

Tweed coats in two distinctive models, in tan and gray mixtures. The model illustrated (A) has patch pockets and a mannish notch collar. Another model, not illustrated, has a swagger full back, convertible collar and slash pockets. Both coats full silk lined.

Besides these models we have a comprehensive stock of spring coats and wraps, including sports coats, in the season's favored materials; dress coats in twills, pile fabrics, satins and novelty materials; and a good showing of coats and wraps for the larger woman. The last mentioned range from sizes 42½ to 52½.

For Misses, $18.74

Smart top coats on the new spring lines but warm enough for immediate wear. Some are straight line models, with swagger back and side fastenings; others, single or double breasted with set-in or raglan sleeves. Sizes 14 to 20 years.

Two models illustrated, B and C

THE FABRICS: All-wool coatings in smart stripes and plaids as well as solid colors. Lined throughout.

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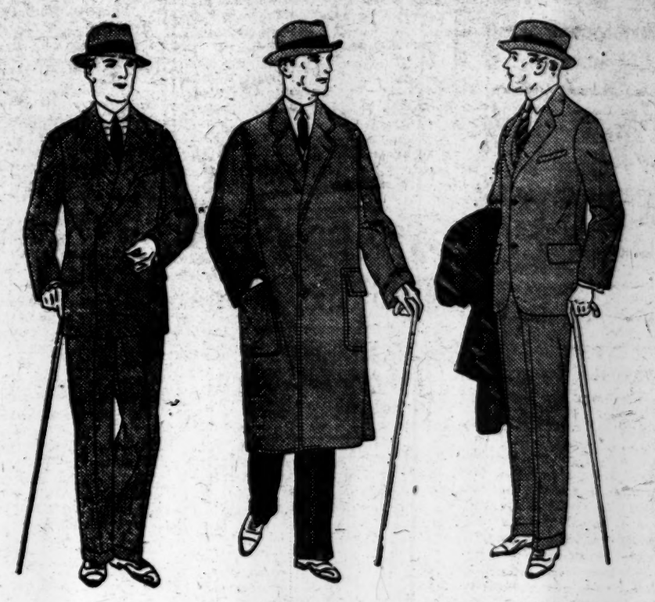
The McCreery Men's Shop



McCreery Sponsors These Styles for Spring

SUITS AND TOPCOATS $38 to $65

LONDON styles, adapted by McCreery to meet Fifth Avenue standards of good taste, promise an interesting Spring. Both single and double breasted suits bring wider lapels, a new slight suppression at the waist and roomy trousers. Topcoats are comfortable affairs with set-in or raglan shoulders and loose, easy draping lines. Each garment is designed with the usual McCreery care and is tailored from the finer quality British and American woolens. The Men's Shop invites you to see them today.

Topcoats
imported from London
Single breasted slip-on models with set-in or raglan shoulders. Gray, tan, brown and heather mixtures. Correct in every detail of design and finish.
Special $28.50

Spring Hats
new shapes and colors
Men's hats for Spring are being shown in all desirable new shapes and colors. A splendid selection is now ready at
$3.50

(Second Floor, Annex)

FIFTH AVENUE James McCreery & Co. 35TH STREET

Stern Brothers

WEST 42d ST. (Between Fifth and Sixth Avenue) WEST 43d ST.

Final Days of Our Clearance Sale

Men's Overcoats

At Decided Reductions

$27.50	$49.50	$69.50

Formerly $40 to $95

This is a particularly fine group of Kirschbaum overcoats—and all of them are from our own select stock. Big, warm Double-Breasted Ulsters and Raglans in rich patterns and colors. All models, but not in every size.

Full Dress or Tuxedo Suits, $50 (coat and trousers)

MEN'S SECTION—THIRD FLOOR

DEMPSEY'S CONDITION TAKES SERIOUS TURN

Complications Develop After Operation—May Not Leave Hospital for Some Time.

SUPPRESS SICK-ROOM NEWS

Report That Champion Is Suffering From Hernia Is Denied by His Physician.

FEAR AS TO HIS FUTURE

But Rumor That His Career as a Fighter Is Ended Also Meets With Emphatic Denials.

Jack Dempsey, world's heavyweight champion, will be confined to his room at the Polyclinic Hospital for at least ten days or longer, it was learned yesterday, as a consequence of complications. This statement was made yesterday by Dr. Robert E. Brennan, 1 West Sixty-fourth Street, who performed the operation on Dempsey last Wednesday morning. Dr. Brennan stated that Dempsey, in addition to being a sufferer from fistula, also was suffering from hemorrhoids, which necessitated a more serious operation than was at first thought necessary. Dr. Brennan added that the titleholder is improving steadily.

The announcement of the turn in Dempsey's condition came as a surprise in view of previous statements that the champion would be able to leave the hospital within five days after the operation. It was reported yesterday that Dempsey was suffering from a hernia, for which, it was said, the operation on the champion was performed. Other reports said that Dempsey's ring career would be abruptly halted as a consequence of the ailment.

That Dempsey was suffering from a hernia was emphatically denied by Dr. Brennan. The report that the career of Dempsey was ended as a result of the operation also was denied by Dr. Brennan.

Atmosphere of Mystery.

Despite the encouraging reports of the operating surgeon, credence was placed in the reports that Dempsey was operated on for a hernia in some boxing circles. The atmosphere of mystery which surrounded the titleholder's decision to enter the hospital; the emphasis which was placed upon the fact that Dempsey was to undergo only a minor operation, and that he would be out of the hospital within a few days, and the stringent efforts which have been observed to protect him since he entered the hospital, all contributed to the belief of many boxing men that the operation was serious.

Efforts to communicate with Jack Kearns, the champion's manager, at his home during the past few days have been unsuccessful. Repeated telephone calls at hours when Kearns ordinarily is available have been unanswered. At the Polyclinic Hospital the utmost care is exercised with respect to visitors permitted to see the champion and in the announcements concerning him.

No newspaper men are permitted to visit the sick room. Not even close friends of Dempsey's among the boxing writers have been permitted to see him. Daily calls at the hospital have elicited only the stereotyped information that "Dempsey is resting easily and his condition is improving steadily."

News Is Suppressed.

Information as to the nature of Dempsey's illness is not forthcoming, nor is any other news made public about the sick room beyond the report quoted above. It is said that this custom is observed with respect to all private patients and Dempsey is a private patient.

Nothing in Dempsey's personal appearance before he entered the hospital would indicate that he was suffering any of the pain associated with a hernia. Upon his arrival here last Saturday the titleholder went through a particularly active day. Never once was there any reference to any ailment from which he was suffering and there was no indication that he was in serious pain.

GERMAN CHAMPION BEATEN.

Koerner Stops Breitenstraeter in Savage Three-Round Bout.

BERLIN, Feb. 29 (Associated Press).—Samson Koerner tonight knocked out Hans Breitenstraeter, heavyweight champion of Germany, in the third round of what was to have been a twenty-round bout.

Koerner had the better of the milling from the sound of the first gong. He floored Breitenstraeter in the second, but the champion managed to last out the round. In the third the men mixed matters furiously, but Koerner managed to shoot over a right hook to the jaw which sent Breitenstraeter to the canvas, where he was counted out.

Koerner, who spent twelve years in the United States, is said once to have been a sparring partner of Jack Dempsey. Tonight's victory was the second scored by Koerner over Breitenstraeter, who was defeated in the eighth round of a bout in Berlin on Nov. 7, 1922. This fight also ended in a knockout.

DARCY TO BOX BERLENBACH.

Oregon Middleweight Named Substitute for Jack Stone.

Jimmy Darcy, Portland (Ore.) middleweight, yesterday was announced as the boxer who will oppose Paul Berlenbach, Astoria light-heavyweight, at the Broadway Exhibition Association, Brooklyn. The contest is scheduled for twelve rounds. The selection of Darcy was approved by the State Athletic Commission, it was announced at the offices of the board.

Darcy will be substituting for Jack Stone, veteran east side light-heavyweight, who was originally signed to box Berlenbach, but who was declared by the State Athletic Commission to be an unsuitable opponent for the Astoria lad.

SPALLA'S BROTHER BEATEN.

Giuseppe Loses to Cook, Australian Boxer, in Berlin Bout.

BERLIN, Feb. 29 (Associated Press).—George Cook, the Australian heavyweight, defeated Giuseppe Spalla, Italian heavyweight, in the sixth round tonight. Giuseppe is a brother of Erminio Spalla, the European heavyweight champion, who is to fight Luis Firpo next month.

Reich Saw Firpo Box Twice; Believes He Can Defeat Him

RIO JANEIRO, Feb. 29.—Al Reich, the American heavyweight, is not going to Buenos Aires with any idea of being an easy victim of Luis Firpo's powerful right. "This chance at Firpo means everything to me," said Reich, on board the steamer American Legion today, en route to Buenos Aires, where he has contracted to fight fifteen rounds with the Argentine star at a charity boxing festival March 15. "I saw Firpo fight twice, including his fight with Dempsey," added Reich. "I recognize his power and aggressiveness, but I do not believe Dempsey is the only one able to defeat him." Reich expects to weigh in at 210 pounds.

ACTION FOR $50,000 BEGUN BY O'ROURKE

Veteran Manager Sues Rickard and Star Publishing Co. for Alleged Libel.

Tom O'Rourke, veteran manager of boxers, matchmaker and club promoter, whose sensational charges concerning alleged ticket speculation in connection with the Dempsey-Firpo bout have led to demands for a legislative investigation of boxing, last night announced that he had instituted legal action for $50,000 against Tex Rickard, Madison Square Garden promoter, and the Star Publishing Company for alleged libel.

O'Rourke declared that he had engaged Nathan Vidaver as attorney to institute action.

Rickard was served with a summons in the action yesterday at Madison Square Garden. The promoter declined to discuss the matter beyond saying that he had twenty days in which to file an answer and that he would immediately engage counsel.

O'Rourke said that he was preparing another letter which he said he intended to send to Assemblyman Lord in Albany. The letter, he said, would probably reach Assemblyman Lord Monday morning. O'Rourke declined to divulge the contents of the letter or to elaborate on the charges he had made in previous letters.

"I have not started to talk yet," was the reply O'Rourke made to questions.

NEIS FALLS IN LINE AT BROOKLYN CAMP

Former Holdout Accepts Robins' Terms and Stars at Bat in Practice Game.

Special to The New York Times.

CLEARWATER, Fla., Feb. 29.—Two more players, an outfielder and an infielder, reported to Manager Wilbert Robinson at the Robins' training camp here today, and they arrived in time to take part in the practice game this afternoon. The newcomers are Bernie Neis and Harry Silverman. Neis was a hold-out, but he was ordered to come here and talk over terms with Ebbets. Before the player went to the park he accepted the club's terms, but did not sign a contract. He will go through the ordeal of signing on the dotted line tomorrow. It is believed Silverman is a twenty-year-old infielder who played in Zanesville, Ohio, last season and was recommended to the club by Jack Fournier.

Neis was a very active young man in the practice contest. He played centre field for the Reds and although his side was again beaten by the Hams, Bernie starred at bat and in the field. He slammed out two hits, a double and a three-bagger and caught several long drives lifted into his territory. The Hams won the game, 16 to 10. A five-run rally in the ninth frame settled the issue in favor of Hank Gowdy's club.

Tom Griffith is nursing a sprained right wrist as a result of yesterday's hard workout. He was not in uniform today, but umpired the game. His partner was Bill Pipp, the father of the Yankees' first baseman, who is spending a few weeks here with Uncle Robbie.

Red Johnston, an infielder obtained from the St. Petersburg Club of the Florida State League and who reported at the camp last night, took part in the practice game. He is a second baseman.

T. J. LYNCH IS BURIED.

Heydler Attends Funeral of Former National League President.

NEW BRITAIN, Conn., Feb. 29.—The funeral of Thomas J. Lynch, former President of the National Baseball League, held today at St. Mary's Church here, was attended by John A. Heydler, President of the National League; William Tracy of Bristol, Conn., former President of the Old Eastern Baseball League, and other baseball notables.

Floral tributes were received from the National League Baseball Clubs and President Ban Johnson of the American League. Interment was in a local cemetery.

CHILEAN FIGHTER DELAYED.

Luis Vicentini Gets Off Vessel to Find His Missing Baggage.

The arrival here of Luis Vicentini, Chilean lightweight, who is seeking a match for the world's title now held by Benny Leonard, will be deferred, according to advices which reached Promoter Tex Rickard yesterday at Madison Square Garden. Rickard received information that Vicentini had started for this country, but after being four days out on the ship discovered that part of his baggage was not aboard. Accordingly he turned back when the boat touched at a port near the borderline between Peru and Chili.

TUNNEY TO FIGHT DELANEY.

Light-Heavyweights Will Meet in St. Paul on March 17.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Feb. 29.—Jimmy Delaney, St. Paul light-heavyweight, today came to terms for a bout here on March 17 with Gene Tunney, American light-helvyweight champion. The fight will be a ten-round no-decision affair. But Tunney will lose his title in the event he is knocked out or fouls his opponent.

Y. M. C. A. Gymnasts Meet Tonight.

More than forty entires have been received for the third annual Young Men's Christian Association gymnastic championships which will be held tonight at the Twenty-third Street branch.

BOXING BOUTS TONIGHT.

Commonwealth Sporting Club—Augie Ratner vs. Larry Estridge; Pat Mills vs. Willie Doyle. Two twelve-round bouts.

Ninth Regiment Armory—Johnny Williams vs. Buddy Wallace; Vic Burrone vs. Sonny Cashin. Two ten-round bouts.

105th Field Artillery Regiment Armory—Charley Murray vs. Tommy Chip, twelve rounds; Nick Mercer vs. Joe Wright, eight rounds.

Ridgewood Grove S. C., Brooklyn—Joey Silvers vs. Frankie Edwards; Jimmy Hutchinson vs. Joe Glick; Jackie Coburn vs. Van Alderman; Jackie Marlowe vs. Irving Shapiro. Four six-round bouts.

Fourteenth Regiment Armory, Brooklyn—Harry Murk vs. Kid Labra, twelve rounds; Dominick Mastrian vs. Willie Summers, ten rounds.

FIRST YANKEE SQUAD DEPARTS FOR SOUTH

Roth Leads Group of Players and Newspaper Men to Camp at New Orleans.

NO CONTRACTS RECEIVED

Group of Hold-Outs Silent After Barrow's Ultimatum on Terms—Other Local Baseball News.

The first party of Yankees to leave for the team's main training camp at New Orleans departed from the Pennsylvania Station yesterday afternoon. In the contingent were Mike Gazella and Mrs. Gazella, Milton Gaston, Hinkey Haines, Mike McNally, William Mahoney Jr., Benny Pengough, Lou Gehrig, Scout Paul Kritchell, Mark Roth, an official of the Yankees, who will be in charge of the party on its trip southward, and five newspaper men.

Several players and newspaper men are scheduled to join the party at various points on the way to the Crescent City. The delegation is due to arrive at New Orleans tomorrow morning, and headquarters will be established at the Bienville Hotel. Miller Huggins is expected to be on hand in New Orleans tomorrow, and he already has announced that the first practice session of the season will be held on Monday.

Several of the veterans now going through a preliminary period of training at Hot Springs are scheduled to join the main squad at New Orleans in about a week. The other veterans also are expected to reach the camp at about the same time, and, unless any of the regulars continue to hold out, the entire squad ought to be in action at New Orleans by a week from Monday.

None of the players to whom the Yankee officials recently sent an ultimatum regarding the terms in their contracts has sent in one of the documents with his signature affixed to it as yet. Business Manager Barrow stated yesterday that there was nothing new regarding the hold-out situation. It is expected, however, that one of two of the signed contracts will be received at the offices of the Yanks today.

Earle Combs, the star outfielder whom the Yankees recently purchased from the Louisville Club of the American Association, may quit professional baseball, according to a report from Louisville yesterday. He is reported to be dissatisfied because he has not been given part of the price which the Yankees paid for him. The Yankees first sent him a contract for $3,500, but when he refused to accept it he received another calling for $5,000.

When informed of this report yesterday, Business Manager Barrow stated that Combs was entirely satisfied with the terms of the second contract sent to him by the Yankees. He added that Combs's dissatisfaction was due only to his failure to receive part of the purchase price and that this was a matter entirely between the player and the Louisville club.

City Field, on Bloomfield Avenue, Newark, may become the future home of the Newark club of the International League, it was learned yesterday. Negotiations for a long-term lease of the field have been under way for several days. An offer by Michael McTigue, President of the Newark club, to lease the field for ten years from the Board of Education was brought before the board's Building Committee on Thursday by Frederick W. Ball, President of the board, to whom the offer was made.

McTighe stated yesterday that he desired to purchase the field, but that if this could not be done he would rent it on a long-term lease. City Field has been the scene of many athletic contests of the Newark high schools. Under present plans, a temporary wooden grand stand, to seat 15,000 persons, would be erected, to be replaced later by concrete stands.

DARTMOUTH BEATS PENN.

Hockey Team Triumphs by 5 to 1—Sheehy and Manser Star.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 29.—Dartmouth defeated Penn at hockey tonight, 5 goals to 1. The game was much faster than the score indicates, as Penn made the visitors fight hard for every goal.

Sheehy and Manser each scoredd two goals for Dartmouth. Perry, a Dartmouth defensive player, broke through Penn in the middle of the first period for the opening score, and Sheehy quickly followed. In the second period Sheehy and Manser located the goal again, and Gray evaded the Dartmouth defense and scored early in the final period. The game closed Penn's season.

The line-up:

DARTMOUTH (5).		PENN (1).
Hall	L.W.	Prince
Everett	R.W.	Warner
Manser	C.	Angle
Mills	L.D.	Murray
Perry	R.D.	Gray
Learnard	G.	Caminez

Goals—Dartmouth: Sheehy (2), Manser (2), Perry. Penn: Gray.

Substitutions—Dartmouth: Sheehy for Hall, Sly for Perry. Penn: Emmerling for Murray.

Referees—Jack Divine and Martin Cross. Timekeeper—Jules Aronson and Fred Ford. Goal Judges—Roy Hauser and Jack Marshall. Time of periods—15 minutes.

STARS WILL SKATE TODAY.

Moore, Kaskey and Donovan Entered in New Jersey Title Meet.

One of the fastest fields of skaters that ever competed in the New Jersey speed skating championships is expected for the title meet which will be held today and tomorrow at Long Branch, N. J., under the auspices of the Long Branch Ice Boat and Yacht Club. Prominent among those expected to start are four members of the United States Olympic skating team. They are Joe Moore of New York, Harry Kaskey and William Steinmetz of Chicago, and Richard Donovan of Saranac Lake.

PRINCETON GYMNASTS WIN.

Easily Defeat Dartmouth in First Meet of Season, 30 to 15.

Special to The New York Times.

PRINCETON, N. J., Feb. 29.—Princeton easily defeated Dartmouth in gymnastics here this afternoon by a 30-to-15 score in the Tigers' first scheduled intercollegiate meet of the season. Captain Johnny Ewing and Otto Crouse, intercollegiate tumbling champions, easily won their events, and Parker, Princeton's all-around star, added three second places to the Tigers' total. Flint and Volkhardt both scored wins for Dartmouth.

SANDHILL POLO FOUR WINS.

Defeats Greens, 6 to 5, in Match at Pinehurst—Tuckerman Stars.

PINEHURST, N. C., Feb. 29.—In an evenly contested game, the Sandhill polo team defeated the Greens of Pinehurst this afternoon by 6 to 5. The Greens were given a 3-goal handicap and goals by Duval and Gross gave them a total of 5. Tuckerman scored four goals for the winners, who had a handicap of 1 goal, and Lovering's goal, scored on a long run from a scrimmage in the middle of the field, settled the tilt.

The line-up:

SANDHILLS (6).	GREENS (5).
No. 1—Cowgill.	No. 1—Cameron.
No. 2—Tuckerman.	No. 2—Duvall.
No. 3—Silcock.	No. 3—Gross.
Back—Lovering.	Back—Batson.

FIVE COAST NATIVES JOIN GIANTS' SQUAD

Kelly, Meusel, O'Connell, Oeschger and James Get Into Practice at Sarasota.

McGRAW EXPECTED TODAY

Frisch, Groh and Maguire Also Are Due—Team May Shift to Another City.

Special to The New York Times.

SARASOTA, Fla., Feb. 29.—Preceding John McGraw and Captain Frankie Frisch by a day, five of the native sons from California joined the Giants' populous family at the Hotel Miramar today. They were Long George Kelly, Irish Meusel, Jimmy O'Connell, Joe Oeschger, the pitcher obtained from the Braves, and Walter James, a tall, speedy outfielder found in the rough by Bill Lange, Kelly's uncle.

In addition to McGraw and Frisch, Heinie Groh and Fred Maguire are expected in tomorrow. Frisch and Maguire are coming from New York, McGraw from Havana, and Groh from Cincinnati. With their arrival the squad will be only four short of its complete number. Claude Jonnard, Ross Young, Billy Southworth and Leamis Wilson—the last named the outfielder from Portsmouth, who played in a game or two last September—are the missing athletes.

Alarm is being felt over the case of Ross Young, from whom nothing has been heard. Unless the question is speedily settled, it will be definitely established that the peppery Texan is a holdout. There was a report to that effect current today, but it was discounted by those at the head of the party.

May Have Misjudged Time.

Young may have misjudged the traveling time from San Antonio to Sarasota—quite a trip, as the California contingent will gladly testify. The native sons left San Francisco on Saturday and required nearly a week for the tortuous trip through San Antonio, New Orleans and Jacksonville.

Despite the rigors of the journey, the Californians jumped into uniforms speedily and took part in the double-barreled practice session which Commander Hugh Jennings staged at the local stadium. Meusel and Kelly reported with little excess flesh clinging to their big frames. But O'Connell was heavier, stronger and in better health than last season, when illness bothered him at various times. If appearances are not deceptive, the costly athlete from the Coast will be ready to show the citizens of New York his real form for the first time.

The native sons reported that they had spent a langubrous Winter, which consisted of doing little or nothing except resting. Meusel is in far better shape than last Spring, when he showed up at San Antonio with a large waistline which he had accumulated somewhere in Japan on the baseball tour.

Meusel Hits Ball Hard.

The absence of the Aldermanic front was very becoming, and by way of celebrating the event Meusel hit the ball as hard today as he ever hit. One of his line drives caused the hasty exit of a young pitcher. The ball grazed the rooky head as he stood in the box and the young man promptly walked out of the box.

"Is that the way they hit them in this league?" inquired the recruit. "If so, I'm going to wear a mask."

Oeschger has been working outdoors in sunny California, and his fellow travelers said that Joseph is ready to pitch nine innings tomorrow, if necessary. Meusel declares the former Brave right-hander will be a big winner for McGraw this season and ought to win twenty games, with the handsome start he has made in physical condition.

Walter James, the Pacific Coast outfielder, had his first inspection today, and the début was something of a success. He is fast and agile and stands 6 feet in his stocking feet. Walter displayed speed and adeptness at going after flies but, of course, no line could be got on his hitting ability. He was a free agent when signed by Lange and lives in Hollywood with the movie folk.

After several days of absence the sun came out brightly this morning, and the morale of the party perked up noticeably. The practices continued along the usual lines of batting, pitching and infield drills.

Well Advanced Physically.

When McGraw arrives tomorrow—if he does arrive—he will find the athletes well advanced in physical condition. Only one day has been lost, and even in the cold weather of the last two days the squad has made some progress. The pitchers will still need another week before they are fit, but the entire delegation of battery men is considerably ahead of its form a year ago, when it rained most of the time at Marlin.

Art Nehf, the Giants' star left-hander, showed up with a heavy cold today, but found enough strength to go to the park to toss a few to Dwyer. Nehf contracted the cold during the recent cool spell.

All hands will be on deck to pipe John McGraw when the boss of the Giants reaches Sarasota. It is not altogether certain that the Giants will stay in this town after McGraw looks over the situation and gets a report from Magistrate McQuade. It is possible, and perhaps probable, that the Giants will shift to another city because of dissatisfaction over conditions here.

The Miramar, which houses some of the delegation, is thoroughly satisfactory, but not all the party can be accommodated there. The natives, also, are stung by newspaper comments on the arrangements obtaining when the Giants arrived here Friday, and the hostility displayed in certain quarters is far from welcome to the Giants.

ATHLETICS START SOUTH.

Mack Heads Contingent Leaving Philadelphia for Montgomery.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 29.—Headed by Manager Connie Mack, the local contingent of the Philadelphia Athletics left here tonight for its Spring training camp at Montgomery, Ala. In the party were catchers Bruggy and Perkins, pitchers Heimach, Ogden and Baumgartner, and infielder Dykes.

With the exception of Miller, Strand and Simmons, every player on the Athletics' roster has sent in his signed contract.

Florida Golf Club Elects.

Special to The New York Times.

BELLEAIR HEIGHTS, Fla., Feb. 29.—At the annual meeting of the Belleair Country Club, held here today, Joseph Schlottman of Detroit was elected President. Frank G. Jones of Memphis and George K. Morrow of New York were named Vice Presidents.

Carey Wins on Hot Springs Links.

HOT SPRINGS, Ark., Feb. 29.—Emerson Carey, left handed golfer of Hutchinson, Kansas, won first honors today in the annual Spring invitation tournament at the Hot Springs Golf and Country Club, defeating J. Bour of the Calumet Country Club, Chicago, 2 and 1.

Hyatt Plays Kinney Tonight.

Harry Hyatt of New York will meet Leonard Kinney, amateur champion of Illinois, in a 50-point game of three cushions at the Hoppe Billiard Academy tonight.

HOCKEY RESULTS.

Minnesota 4, Wisconsin 0.
Pittsburgh 9, Ottawa 1.
Boston College 3, Montreal Nationals 1.

Thinks Ens Has Scarlet Fever; May Quarantine the Pirates

SAN LUIS OBISPO, Cal., Feb. 29.—With Jewell Ens, one of the members of the Pittsburgh Pirates, in the Atascadero Hospital isolation ward with what is supposed to be scarlet fever, there is a possibility that the whole team will be quarantined for observation in the Paso Robles Hotel, where Winter training quarters have been established. Manager W. B. McKechnie said tonight that he doubted whether the player had scarlet fever, and that the usual Spring workouts were carried on successfully today. The team as a whole is feeling fine, he reported.

MRS. MALLORY WINS WITH MISS WALSH

Pair Defeat Miss Bancroft and Mrs. Batchelor in Southern Florida Doubles Final.

PALM BEACH, Fla., Feb. 29.—Miss Phyllis Walsh of Philadelphia, paired with Mrs. Molla B. Mallory in the women's doubles final of the Southern Florida championship today, contributed the most brilliant net play of the meeting and was largely responsible for the defeat of Miss Leslie Bancroft of Boston and Mrs. Bronson Batchelor of New York, 6—3, 6—0.

Time after time Miss Walsh, playing in midcourt, turned hard smashes across the net at angles which made it impossible for her opponents to play the ball. Mrs. Mallory's long, low game from the rear court fitted in admirably with Miss Walsh's excellent play.

Mrs. Mallory and Miss Walsh took the first two games of the initial set in easy fashion, but Miss Bancroft and Mrs. Batchelor ran off the next two games rapidly. Miss Walsh's work at the net gave her a love game, but her double fault in the sixth game gave it to her opponents. Miss Walsh and Mrs. Mallory won the next two games easily.

Miss Bancroft and Mrs. Batchelor were able to take only one point in the first game of the second set and lost the next game without scoring. Miss Bancroft roused the gallery in the third game with a beautiful backhand drive, making the count thirty—all, only to net the ball on the next serve. Then Mrs. Mallory and Miss Walsh broke through for the game.

In the final game of the set Miss Bancroft and Mrs. Batchelor made a determined stand after forty had been counted against them. Miss Bancroft made it 40—15 with a neat shot to midcourt and another volley was added when Mrs. Mallory returned short, but the game ended when Miss Bancroft failed to get Mrs. Mallory's swift service.

The summaries:

Women's Doubles, Semi-final Round—Mrs. Molla Mallory, New York, and Miss Phyllis Walsh, Philadelphia, defeated Mrs. De Forest Sands and Mrs. Stokes Weaver, New York, 6—2, 6—0; Miss Leslie Bancroft, Boston, and Mrs. Bronson Batchelor, New York, defeated Miss Gertrude Conway, Philadelphia, and Miss Dorothy Bellehouse, Cheshire, England, 6—1, 6—4.

Final Round—Mrs. Molla B. Mallory and Miss Phyllis Walsh defeated Miss Leslie Bancroft and Mrs. Bronson Batchelor, 6—3, 6—0.

PLAY STARTS TODAY IN SQUASH TENNIS

National Amateur Title Tourney Draws Entry List of Sixty Performers.

The national amateur squash tennis championship will begin this afternoon on the new courts of the Princeton Club, Park Avenue and East Thirty-ninth Street, with all of the leading players entered in the tournament. R. Earl Fink of the Crescent Athletic Club, the present titleholder; Thomas R. Coward, Auguste J. Cordier of the Yale Club and F. Van S. Hyde of the Harvard Club, all former champions, have entered, as also have Jay Gould of the Columbia University Club, Hewitt Morgan of the Harvard Club, Charles M. Bull Jr. of the Crescent A. C., R. L. Farrelly of the Princeton Club, winner of the national Class B championship; William Murray Lee of the Columbia University Club, runner-up for the same title, and Otis Guernsey and Douglas Bomeisler of the Yale Club.

Sixty players are included in the draw, with Fink at the top of the upper half in the second round and Coward at the bottom of the second half in the same round.

The draw follows:

Upper Half.

Second Round (first round byes)—R. Earl Fink, Crescent A. C., vs. F. S. Keeler, Columbia University Club.

First Round—C. T. Cooney, Yale Club, vs. R. G. Coburn, Harvard Club; J. P. Trounstine, Yale Club, vs. Ward, D. K. E.; Otis L. Guernsey, Yale Club, vs. W. H. Putnam, Columbia University Club; R. W. Wolf, Yale Club, vs. Morris Phinney, Harvard Club; C. W. Fyfe, Crescent A. C., vs. A. D. Gulliver, Yale Club; C. J. McGuire, Yale Club, vs. Jay Gould, Columbia University Club; E. Van S. Hyde, Harvard Club, vs. Andrew Baxter Jr., Crescent A. C.; A. M. Kidder, Princeton Club, vs. H. S. Thorne, Yale Club; W. D. L. Starbuck, Columbia University Club, vs. S. M. Sperry, Princeton Club; H. P. Townsend, Princeton Club, vs. Douglas M. Bomeisler, Yale Club; Auguste J. Cordier, Yale Club, vs. Jarvis Cromwell, Princeton Club; E. Muller, Princeton Club, vs. C. W. Dingee, Crescent A. C.; J. M. Denison, Princeton Club, vs. R. L. Rand, Harvard Club; John C. Newby, Princeton Club, vs. Murray Taylor, Harvard Club.

Lower Half.

First Round—Charles M. Bull Jr., Crescent A. C., vs. G. G. Davidson, D. K. E.; H. M. Turner, Yale Club, vs. M. L. Morrill, Columbia University Club; C. F. Neave, Yale Club, vs. Grover O'Neill, Harvard Club; R. L. Farrelly, Princeton Club, vs. F. S. Whitlock, Harvard Club; Hewitt Morgan, Harvard Club, vs. A. Wood Jr., Princeton Club; Basil Harris, Princeton Club, vs. D. S. Baker, Yale Club; W. R. K. Taylor, Princeton Club, vs. W. C. Becker, D. K. E.; Gavin Brackenridge, Princeton Club, vs. W. E. Chamberg, N. Y. A. C.; W. Rand Jr., Harvard Club, vs. W. W. Taylor, D. K. E.; F. R. Howe, Princeton Club, vs. L. Bradford, Yale Club; W. N. Rothschild, Princeton Club vs. A. S. Moses, Columbia University; H. V. Crawford, Yale Club, vs. G. M. Rushmore, Harvard Club; Gerald Henderson, Harvard Club, vs. E. F. Torrance, Crescent A. C.; William Murray Lee, Columbia University Club, vs. E. S. Lloyd, Princeton Club.

Second Round (first round byes)—Arthur Goldburg, Yale Club, vs. Thomas R. Coward, Yale Club.

MANHATTAN FIVE WINS.

Vanquishes Villanova by Score of 32 to 31 in Close Contest.

Manhattan College defeated Villanova in a closely contested basketball game on the De La Salle Institute court last night, winning by the margin of a single point at 32—31. Two minutes before the end of the game the score was tied at 28—28. Henlin, a substitute, and Steffins each came through with a field goal, the latter's deciding the contest in the local team's favor. At half time Manhattan College led, 21 to 11.

The line-up:

MANHATTAN (32).		VILLANOVA (31).
G. Meenan	L.F.	Sheehan
O'Melia	R.F.	Conrad
E. Meenan	C.	Jacoby
Steffins	L.G.	Francella
Mulligan	R.G.	Pickett

Goals from field—O'Melia, G. Meenan (4), Steffins (2), Mulligan (3), Sheehan, Conrad (5), Jacobs, Francella (2), Pickett (2). Goals from foul—O'Melia (3), G. Meenan (2), Steffins (3), Sheehan, Conrad (2), Francella (2), Pickett (3).

Substitutions—Manhattan: Allen for E. Meenan, Henlin for Mulligan. Villanova: Callahan for Sheehan, Connelly for Francella.

Referee—Hastings, Cornell. Time of periods—20 minutes.

MRS. GREEN GAINS MET. TENNIS FINAL

Triumphs Over Mrs. Taylor in Seventh Regiment Armory by 6-2, 6-3.

MRS. ROESER ALSO SCORES

Easily Beats Mrs. Pritchard in Semi-Finals—Misses Wagner and Bayard Win in Doubles.

Mrs. H. Stuart Green and Mrs. Edna Hauselt Roeser reached the final round of the women's metropolitan indoor tennis championship yesterday on the courts of the Seventh Regiment Armory and will meet in the title match this afternoon at 1 o'clock. Mrs. Green defeated Mrs. J. S. Taylor in the semi-finals yesterday by the score of 6—2, 6—3. Mrs. Roeser advanced by an even more decisive score, allowing Mrs. William H. Pritchard only one game. The score was 6—1, 6—0.

The final round of the doubles will bring together Miss Marie Wagner and Miss Martha Bayard and Mrs. Barger-Wallach and Mrs. Lewis Gouverneur Morris. The former pair defeated Mrs. Green and Mrs. Roeser yesterday in a bitterly contested three-set match that belonged to either team up until the last point was played. The score was 7—5, 1—6, 9—7. Mrs. Wallach and Mrs. Morris defeated Mrs. Bernard F. Stenz and Mrs. Albert Humphries. This match also went to three sets before it was decided at 6—4, 2—6, 6—3. The final match will be played at 11 o'clock this morning. The final of the girls' national singles will be put on at 12.

Mrs. Roeser and Mrs. Green both won by so big a margin yesterday that neither was called upon to show her best, so that they enter the final round practically even favorites. Mrs. Roeser's hard hitting was too much for Mrs. Pritchard, forcing her into error-making constantly. Mrs. Roeser was almost impenetrable on the defense. When her opponent played her backhand she got the ball back safely, if crudely, and then followed up her shot with a deep forcing drive that Mrs. Pritchard was unable to handle.

The summaries:

Singles, Semi-Final Round—Mrs. Edna Hauselt Roeser defeated Mrs. William H. Pritchard, 6—1, 6—0; Mrs. H. Stuart Green defeated Mrs. J. S. Taylor, 6—2, 6—3.

Doubles, Semi-Final Round—Miss Marie Wagner and Miss Martha Bayard defeated Mrs. Green and Mrs. Roeser, 7—5, 1—6, 9—7; Mrs. Barger-Wallach and Mrs. Lewis Gouverneur Morris defeated Mrs. Bernard F. Stenz and Mrs. Albert Humphries, 6—4, 2—6, 6—3.

N. Y. U. FIVE BEATEN BY PENN STATE, 25-19

Loses Poorly Played Game Despite Use of Eleven Substitutes in Contest.

In one of the poorest played games of the season in the New York University gymnasium, the N. Y. U. basketball team went down to defeat last night at the hands of Penn State College. The score was 25 to 19. Neither team showed a consistent attack or a tight defense and, except for the playing of Loehler, right guard on Penn State, the contest was spiritless and lacking in interest. Penn State ran into a lead of 13-2 in the first half. N. Y. U. managed to cut it down by 6 points before the period was up, the score reading 13 to 8 at half time. Eleven substitutes were sent in by the local combination in an effort to avert defeat but the team could not get started and played poorly to the end. Fineberg was the high scorer for N. Y. U., finding the basket twice from the field and three times on free throws.

The lineup:

PENN STATE (25).		N. Y. U. (19).
McVicker	L.F.	Ingram
Gerhardt	R.F.	Hawes
Fixter	C.	Masline
Reed	L.G.	Berger
Loehler	R.G.	Handler

Goals from field—Fineberg (2), Hawes, Masline, Berger, Loehler (3), Shaner (2), McVicker, Gerhardt, Reed. Goals from foul—Fineberg (3), Ingram (2), Hawes (2), Loehler, Beecher; Loehler (5), Gerhardt (2), Fixter, Neff.

Substitutions—Penn State: Shaner for Reed, Neff for Fixter, Hood for McVicker, Reed for Loehler. N. Y. U.: Fineberg for Masline, Masline for Ingram, Ingram for Hawes, Hawes for Ingram, Maher for Fineberg, Fineberg for Handler, Nichols for Hawes, Heimowitz for Berger, Boesch for Masline, Dillenbeck for Maher, Maher for Nichols.

Referee—Carl Reed, Springfield Y. M. C. A. Time of halves—20 minutes.

C. C. N. Y. FIVE WINS, 31-29.

Goals by Match Beat Catholic University in Final Minutes.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 29.—The College of the City of New York basketball team defeated Catholic University here tonight in a thrilling game by a score of 31 to 29. Match was the star of the game, shooting two field goals and two fouls in the last three minutes of play that gave C. C. N. Y. the victory.

The line-up:

C. C. N. Y. (31).		CATHOLIC U. (29).
Periman	L.F.	Eberts
Palitz	R.F.	Breslin
Hodesblatt	C.	Fitzgerald
Goldberg	L.G.	Lynch
Match	R.G.	McIntyre

Goals from field—Eberts (2), Breslin (3), Lynch (3), McIntyre, Periman, Hodesblatt, Match (8). Goals from foul—Breslin, 5 in 6; Lynch, 6 in 7; Periman, 2 in 4; Palitz, 2 in 3; Hodesblatt, 3 in 4; Match, 4 in 4.

Substitutions—Catholic U.: Lawlor for McIntyre, Garvin for Breslin.

Referee—Hughes. Time of halves—20 minutes.

ST. JOHN'S QUINTET LOSES.

St. Francis College Is Victorious by Score of 30 to 27.

The St. Francis College basketball team defeated St. John's College on the Second Signal Corps Armory court in Brooklyn last night by the score of 30 to 27. At half time the winning team led, 19 to 14.

The line-up:

ST. FRANCIS (30).		ST. JOHN'S (27).
Moran	L.F.	Freeman
Keating	F.	McCready
Raye	C.	Kubat
Kenny	L.G.	Weis
Crane	R.G.	Keenan

Goals from field—Keating (4), Raye (3), Crane, Brennan, Freeman (4), McCready (4), Kubat (2). Goals from foul—Moran (4), Keating (4), Raye (3), Brennan, Freeman (5), McCready, Weis.

Substitutions—Brennan for Crane, Todd for Keenan, Dougherty for Weis.

Referee—McCarthy, N. Y. U. Umpire—W. Brennan, New York Aggies. Time of halves—20 minutes.

BASKETBALL RESULTS.

Penn State 25, N. Y. U. 19.
C. C. N. Y. 31, Catholic University 29.
Manhattan 32, Villanova 31.
St. Francis 30, St. Johns 27.
Buffalo U. 29, Lafayette 21.
Yale Junior Varsity 27, Princeton Junior Varsity 26.
Yale Freshmen 28, M. I. T. Freshmen 16.
Notre Dame 23, Mich. Aggies 21.
Illinois 38, Iowa 19.
Albright 35, Franklin and Marshall 28.
North Carolina 41, Kentucky 20.
Auburn 35, Georgia Tech. 29.
U. of Georgia 36, W. and L. 24.
Maryland 34, V. M. I. 19.
U. of Alabama 44, U. of Mississippi 42.
Tulane 60, U. of South Carolina 23.
Vanderbilt 42, Clemson 13.
West Philadelphia H. S. 26, Catholic H. S. (Philadelphia) 24.
Manlius 37, St. Joseph's Prep (Philadelphia) 29.
York Collegiate Institute 33, Franklin and Marshall Academy 7.
Wilmington Friends School 38, New York Friends School 14.
All Hallows 30, Iona Prep 21.
Horace Mann 52, McBurney School 16.
St. Agatha 33, Vetin School 32.

Thomson of Princeton Stars In Track Games at Oxford

OXFORD, England, Feb. 29.—American students at Oxford University did well today in the first day of the university sports, notwithstanding the cold and wet weather. The best all-round performance was that of S. H. Thomson, Princeton, who won the pole vault, clearing the bar at 9 feet 6 inches, and qualified for the final heats on Monday of the 120-yard high hurdles and the 220-yard low hurdles, both of which events he won. B. M. Baker, University of Virginia, won the preliminary heat in the 100-yard dash. J. S. Anderson, Dartmouth, also qualified for the 100 yards, and

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POLO

The biggest polo tournament in the history of this fast, thrilling, galloping game is now being played for National and Intercollegiate championship honors.

TO-NIGHT AT 8:30
Squadron A Armory,
94th St. and Park Avenue, New York.
101st Cavalry Armory,
1579 Bedford Avenue, Brooklyn.
Prices: $1.00 and $1.50
Boxes (6 seats): $12.00
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All High Grade Leathers
Not All Sizes.

EDWARD GRAY WINS OLD SOAK PURSE

Loscalzo's Gelding Gains Season's First Success at New Orleans in Taking Feature.

FAVORITE GETS SECOND

Sympathy, Backed at 9 to 5, Is Beaten by Half a Length—Isosceles Is Third.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 29. — Edward Gray, four-year-old gelding by Von Tromp—Bonsetta and owned by N. Loscalzo, gained his first success at the Fair Grounds meeting this afternoon when he carried off first money in the Old Soak Purse, a journey of a mile and seventy yards, for four-year-olds and upward. Carrying Jockey Wallace and 103 pounds, he gained a half-length victory over T. M. Botts's Sympathy, the 9 to 5 favorite, running the distance in 1:43 4-5 over a fast track.

Six paraded for the featured number, the winner going to the post at 7 to 1, backed from a high of 10 to 1. Edward Gray was slow to get under way. Sympathy cut out the early pace and Edward Gray chased the filly, and after a fine rush carried him up within striking distance. At the end he outstayed the filly, which was six lengths in front of Isosceles.

Bad starts marred the first three races on the afternoon card. Bruening was the leading jockey of the day, riding two winners. He brought Queen Charming home in front in the third race and piloted La Orb to victory in the last event of the day.

Edward Cebrian's bay filly Brown Trout, by Troutbeck—Mammy, which he bred himself, graduated from the maiden class in the opening dash of three and a half furlongs for maiden two-year-olds. Thirteen ran and were sent away to a bad start. Brown Trout had the advantage of an inside position. Belle H. raced neck and neck with her to the last sixteenth and then began to tire slightly. As it was, Brought Trout only lasted to win by a head. Belle H. was two lengths in front of Little Jimmy, which took third money by two lengths from Night Shade.

The summaries:

FIRST RACE—For two-year-olds; maidens; allowances; purse $1,000; three and one-half furlongs. Brown Trout, 115 pounds (McDermott), 4 to 1, 8 to 5, 7 to 10, first; Belle H., 115 (Gross), even, 1 to 2, second; Little Jimmy 118 (Martin), 5 to 2, third. Time—0:41 2-5. Night Shade, Bernice Harrar, Step by Step, Huey, Waratah, Billy Skidd, Captain Schneller, Hurry Scurry, Charinat and Dulcy Lou also ran.

SECOND RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $1,000; six furlongs. Patrician, 102 pounds (Parke), 8 to 5, 1 to 2, 1 to 5, first; Haidee, 100 (Mergler), 6 to 1, 3 to 1, second; McIntosh, 104 (Wallace), 4 to 5, third. Time—1:14. Easter Bonnet, Froth, Archie Alexander, Black Hackle, Charlie Sunmy, The Peruvian, Orlova, Valentia, Assume and Doris also ran.

THIRD RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $1,000; six furlongs. Queen Charming, 98 pounds (Bruening), 18 to 5, 7 to 5, 3 to 5, first; Whalebone, 103 (Jones), 10 to 1, 5 to 1, second; Lugs, 109 (Parke), 7 to 10, third. Time—1:13 2-5. Idle Thoughts, Lady Rose, Sizzle, Tender Seth, Eventide and Ducky also ran.

FOURTH RACE—For four-year-olds and upward; allowances; the Old Soak Purse; purse $1,000; one mile and seventy yards. Edward Gray, 103 pounds (Wallace), 7 to 1, 2 to 1, 4 to 5, first; Sympathy, 103 (Heupel), 3 to 5, 1 to 4, second; Isosceles, 105 (Parke), 2 to 5, third. Time—1:43 4-5. Llewelyn, Lily M. and Pequot also ran.

FIFTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $1,000; one mile and seventy yards. Attilla, 96 pounds (Lang), 13 to 5, even, 2 to 5, first; Barleycorn, 101 (Parke), 3 to 1, 7 to 5, second; Anne, 100 (Bruening), 1 to 3, third. Time—1:44 3-5. Black Grackle, Dobson, Despard and Xanthos also ran.

SIXTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $1,000; one mile and one-sixteenth. Sway, 108 pounds (Blind), 16 to 5, 7 to 5, 7 to 10, first; Irish Pat, 109 (Leyland), 3 to 1, 8 to 5, second; Dumbfounder, 111 (Jones), 8 to 5, third. Time—1:48 3-5. Westwood, Charles J. Craigmile, Kirklevington, Jake Feld, Atta Boy II and Sagamore also ran.

SEVENTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $1,000; one mile and one-sixteenth. La Orb, 94 pounds (Bruening), 18 to 5, 8 to 5, 4 to 5, first; Pete Foy, 116 (McDermott), 8 to 5, 4 to 5, second; Royal George, 95 (Lang), 4 to 5, third. Time—1:48 3-5. Doctor Jim, Royal Charlie, Stonewall, Lubeck, Tulsa, Jock Scot, Bright Trash, Jake Berger and Kennesaw also ran.

Weather clear; track fast.

KEENE TO VISIT ARGENTINA.

Polo Enthusiast Expected to Further International Play.

Negotiations for the international polo competition planned for next year between the United States and the Argentine Federation will be furthered in all probability through the visit of Foxhall P. Keene to South America, for which continent he departs today for an extended tour. Although Mr. Keene is not going to the Southern continent as an official representative of the United States Polo Association, his interest in the game here and in the promotion of international competition probably will lead him to discuss the plans for the matches and get the reaction and the plans from the Argentine horsemen.

There is little doubt that the Argentine horsemen are anxious to come here next season and it is practically certain that the first matches for the new trophy will be played at Meadow Brook in the Fall of 1925, but the visit of Mr. Keene to South America is expected to further the movement and it is believed that he will return with definite statements concerning the proposed games from the South Americans.

TIJUANA RESULTS.

FIRST RACE—For two-year-olds; fillies; allowances; purse $600; four furlongs. Boar Shot, 106 pounds (Ellis), $7.60, $4, $2.80, first; San Isabel, 115 (Boganowski), $18.20, $5.20, second; Girl Scout, 118 (O'Donnell), $3.20, third. Time—0:49. Otarer, Sequan, Francis Victoria, Shasta Rapids, My Destiny, Helen Van, Pacifist and Donita also ran.

SECOND RACE—For four-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $600; one mile and a sixteenth. H. Warren, 102 pounds (O'Donnell), $3.80, $2.60, $2.20, first; *May Prosper, 105 (Ellis), $3.60, $2.40, second; Martha L., 105 (Connelly), $2.40, third. Time—1:50 3-5. *Malzavena finished second and was disqualified. Brown Shasta, Bettie Dear and White Boots also ran.

THIRD RACE—For four-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $600; one mile and a sixteenth. Frank Fogarty, 110 pounds (Cantrell), $7, $2.80, $2.60, first; Encrinite, 108 (Claver), $2.80, $2.60, second; Billy Doe, 108 (Corbett), $3, third. Time—1:49 3-5. Ike Mills, Seven Seas, Domination, The Gallant, Temptress, Lady Leonid, Madson, Al Wick and Bacchus also ran.

FOURTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $600; five furlongs. Joe Tag, 111 pounds (Watrous), $13.60, $8.40, $7.40, first; Jay Roberts, 111 (O'Donnell), $4.60, $3.40, second; Vesper Bells, 107 (Corbell), $4.60, third. Time—1:01 3-5. Cannonball, War Winner, Broom Peddler, Lemon Seth, Mabel Kripp, Morro Castle, Good Hope, Ravenwing, Sweet and Low, Preservator and Boomerang also ran.

FIFTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; handicap; purse $1,000; six furlongs. (Declared off.)

SIXTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $600; five and one-half furlongs. A Lester, 102 pounds (Wilson), $7.60, $3.60, $2.60, first; Miss Fryer, 117 (E. Fator), $4.80, $3.80, second; Grayson, 124 (Collins), $9.80, third. Time—1:07 4-5. Clarkson, Havana Electric, Noon Glide, Peerless One, Gonwithhim, Great Finisher and Debtor also ran.

SEVENTH RACE—For three-year-olds; allowances; purse $700; one mile. Cassius, 112 pounds (Connelly), $23, $12, $8.60, first; Golden Cup, 107 (Walls), $7.40, $5.60, second; Rock and Rye, 112 (Konnedy), $5.60, third. Time—1:41 2-5. Over Short, Settee, Hiltrump, Humorette, Voorgold and Combustor also ran.

EIGHTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $600; one mile and seventy yards. Mannikin II., 116 pounds (Wood), $7, $4, $4.20, first; Whiff, 104 (Ellis), $5.20, $3.60, second; Malvern, 101 (Ridenour), $4.80, third. Time—1:46 1-5. Monardella, The Competitor, Dalton and Giuseppe a lao ran.

NINTH RACE—For four-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $700; one mile. Supercargo, 111 pounds (Barnes), $4, $3.40, $2.60, first; Ever Bold, 108 (O'Donnell), $4.20, $2.60, second; Blarney Stone, 113 (Collins), $2.60, third. Time—1:40 3-5. Louis A., Ten Buttons and Tailor Maid also ran.

Weather clear; track fast.

Injury to Ad Stone's Hand Costs Him Bout With Tunney

Ad Stone's victory over Dave McGill in Madison Square Garden last Thursday night cost the Philadelphian a chance at the American light-heavyweight title in a bout against Gene Tunney, the champion, it became known yesterday. Tunney and Stone were practically matched for a bout in the Garden on March 10, but Stone reported yesterday that he would have to cancel the match because of an injury he sustained to his left hand in the bout with McGill. This upset in plans for the organization's next series of bouts caused Matchmaker Frank Flournoy to announce that there would be no boxing show in the Garden until March 14.

SHORT GRASS STUD SELLS 38 HORSES

All but Three of Herz's Stock Disposed Of at Lexington, Netting $55,725.

Special to The New York Times.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Feb. 29.—The Short Grass Stud of thirty-eight horses was disposed of here today by the Kentucky Sales Company, bringing a total of $55,725, with three of the horses unsold when their owner refused to part with them for the amount offered by the bidders.

Mary Powell was withdrawn from the sale when Emil Herz, owner of the farm, decided that the high bid of $2,500 was not enough for the foal. She was bred to Jim Gaffney last Spring. Imported Honest Lass also was passed by the bidders without an offer being made.

John S. Anderson, Superintendent of the Short Grass, who had three horses in the sale, refused to part with the imported mare Misty Queen, having a reserve bid of $3,000 on her.

Joseph Marrone of New York led in the buying with five of the best horses in the consignment added to his string. They included Christophine, Triple Crown, Common Law, Rimple and Home Star.

Following the sale of the stud, the guests of Mr. Herz were served burgoo and sandwiches on the lawn of the home, which was later put up for sale. The price of the 287 acres of blue-grass land, with many thousands of dollars of improvements in the way of breeding and foaling barns, as well as barns of every discription, started at a price of $200 an acre and climbed to $411 when Mr. Herz withdrew it from sale and declared that rather than sacrifice it at the price offered he would keep it and dispose of it privately. With the withdrawal of the farm, Mr. Herz also withdrew all other machinery and equipment, holding it for a future buyer.

The sales follow:

Imported Short Grass, b. h., 16, by Lavena—Outburst; Major S. C. Reynolds, United States Remount Service	$850
Adele, br. m., 9, by Burgomaster—Elizabeth D.; Carroll Reid, Houstonville, Ky.	950
Fair Helen, ch. g., 12, by Broomstick—Belle of Troy; W. S. Threlkeid, Pleasureville, Ky.	1,100
Chestnut filly, by Short Grass—Fair Helen; J. O. Keene, Lexington, Ky.	750
Intrigue, br. m., 22, by Kingston—Pink Domino; Harry Morrissey, Lexington, Ky.	300
Bay filly, by Short Grass—Intrigue; Colonel John A. Payne, Cincinnati	400
Mary Belle, blk. m., 10, by Ballot—Winging; J. W. Parrish, Midway, Ky.	4,100
Bay filly, by Short Grass—Mary Belle; S. Ottenheimer, Shelbyville, Ky.	1,250
Triple Crown, br. m., 15, by Star Shoot—Miss Kearney; Joseph Marrone, New York	8,000
Comsora, br. m., 9, by The Commoner—Hawksora; C. H. Hughes, New York	3,700
Chestnut colt, by Short Grass—Comsora;; Colonel John A. Payne, Cincinnati	1,550
Common Law, ch. m., 9, by The Commoner—Brief; Joseph Marrone, New York	2,400
Chestnut filly, by Short Grass—Common Law; Judge J. P. Edwards, Louisville, Ky.	350
Christophine, br. m., 13, by Plaudit—Emma Traunmiller; Joseph Marrone, New York	1,800
Bay filly, by Short Grass—Christophine; Dan W. Scott, Lexington, Ky.	400
Mary Powell, b. m., by Star Shoot—Flora Pomona; withdrawn from sale at	2,500
Gentle Woman, b. f., 11, by Sain—Homespun; Cold Stream Farm, Lexington, Ky.	1,600
Imp. Castle Douglas, ch. m., 7, by Lochryan—Castle Jewell; H. E. Sellers, Versailles, Ky.	1,250
Bay colt, by Short Grass—Castle Douglas; Newton Dale Stables, Boston	600
Imp. Queen's Loch, ch. m., 15, by Lochryan—Queen of the Plains; W. E. Caskey, Lexington, Ky.	2,600
Chestnut filly, by Short Grass—Queen Loch; J. O. Keene, Lexington, Ky.	1,000
Imp. Set Square, ch. m., 12, by Simon Square—Scythia; W. S. Dudley, Lexington, Ky.	2,200
Imp. Suzie, b. m., 8, by Lookryan—Dingle; H. C. Reagan, Lexington, Ky.	1,700
Bay filly, by Short Grass—Suzie; Henry R. Bosworth, Lexington, Ky.	300
Mana Grass, ch. m., 5, by Short Grass—Ida Claire; J. P. Edwards, Louisville, Ky.	700
Eria Lee, ch. m., 22, by Hindo—Bastante; J. P. Edwards, Louisville, Ky.	400
Imp. Ala Cushion, b. f., 4, by Feather Bed—Vain Air; H. P. Headley, Lexington, Ky.	1,800
Imp Balm, b. f., 5, by Swynford—Melissa; Newtondale Stables, Boston.	2,000
Imp. Golden Lassie, b. m., 5, by Golden Sun—Jane Grey; T. C. Geary, Lexington, Ky.	700
Imp. Home Star, b. f., 4, by Sunstar—Santa Casa; Joseph Marrone, New York	3,000
Imp. Honest Lass, b. f., 4, by Simon Square—Nantgara	Passed
Imp. Lucy Flight, ch. f., 5, by Flying Orb—Lucky Star; T. C. Geary, Lexington, Ky.	1,900
Imp. Rimple, br. f., 3, by Adulan—Dimples; Joseph Marrone, New York	1,000
Deceitful, blk. f., 2, by Short Grass—Eria Lee; J. H. Russell, Covington, Ky.	400

The following owned by John S. Anderson, Superintendent Short Grass Stud:

Ida Claire, b. m., 12, by Golden Maxim—Wealth; W. S. Dudley, Lexington, Ky.	$750
Imp. Fairy Tale, ch. m., 8, by Elf II.—Orende; Miss Elizabeth Daingerfield, Lexington, Ky.	525
Imp. Misty Queen, br. m., 7, by King's Proctor—Misty Law; passed under a reserve bid of	3,000
Brown filly, by Short Grass—Misty Queen; S. Ottenheimer, Shelbyville, Ky.	550

NEW ORLEANS ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE—Purse, $1,000; the Recruit Purse; allowances; two-year-olds; four furlongs. aWattle 109 pounds, b f. Sweep—Wanda Pitzer, owner, R. Hyams. Sam Mengel 118, Parole II. 115, Federalist 115, Foxmore 115, Neat Girl 112, Mad Boy 112, Fanny De Coursy 112, Wilbur C. Whitehead 112, Try Again 112, Dave Goldie 112, aFlavia 109, Moon Magic 108, Channel 105.

allyams-Newtondale Stable entry.

SECOND RACE—Purse $1,000; claiming; three-year-olds and upward; six furlongs. Harry B. 113 pounds, Daydie 113, Round Robin 111, Carpenter 109, Good Time 109, Avispa 111, Anticipate 106, Dan Bolling 106, *Maud Harvey 101, *Stargo 99, *Businesslike 95, Warren Lynch 92, *Welcome 92, *Tomtella 90.

THIRD RACE—Purse $1,000; allowances; the Sophie Tucker Purse; three-year-olds and upward; six furlongs. Reckett 114 pounds, O. Henry 106, Sloughjordan 102, Blue Nose 100, Calcutta 100, Shine On 99.

FOURTH RACE—Purse $2,000 added; the New Orleans Handicap; three-year-olds; one mile, Thorndale 122 pounds, King O'Neill II. 113, Leatherwood 110, Brilliant Cast 108, Telescope 106, Invictus 105, Doronda 105, Blotter 104, Flying Fur 103, Hermidale 103, Fredericktown 102, Polyo 99.

FIFTH RACE—Purse $1,200, three-year-olds and upward; the Hausmann Cup Handicap; mile and an eighth. aCherry Tree 120 pounds, aRevenge 113, Setting Sun 115, bFlintstone 122, bO. Henry 101, Rama 105, Best Pal 111, cBarracuda 107, Thimble 99, Brunell 97.

aWhitney-Goldblatt entry. bMcMillen entry. cHolman entry.

SIXTH RACE—Purse $1,000; allowances; the Middle Classes Purse; four-year-olds and upward; mile and a sixteenth. Rock Bottom 107 pounds, Crack o' Dawn 104, Shamrock 102, June 99, Red Arrow 97, Winner Take All 97, Miss Meise 97.

SEVENTH RACE—Purse $1,000; claiming; four-year-olds and upward; mile and a sixteenth. *Royal Duck 119 pounds, Sands of Pleasure 114, Normal 111, Alard 111, *Colonel Winn 108, *Escarpolette 107, *Tan Son 107, *Rork 93, *Bucado 100, *Neddam 102, Fred Kinney 103, Buddie Kean 104, Good Night 104, Six Pence 105.

*Apprentice allowance claimed.

Weather clear; track fast.

C.C.N.Y. BEATS N.Y.U. IN SWIMMING MEET

City College Captures First Place in Every Event to Score Victory.

ONE POOL RECORD FALLS

800-Foot Relay Mark Is Lowered to 2:39 2-5—Dundes Equals Time for 50-Yard Dash.

The C. C. N. Y. swimming team decisively defeated N. Y. U. in the City College pool last night by the score of 51 to 11 taking first place in every one of the events, and second also in four of them. The home team representatives had a walk-a-way in every race, winning by large distances. Usually the competition was between two of the C. C. N. Y. tank men, with the N. Y. U. representative a hopeless third.

In only the 440-yard swim and the fancy dive did the Violet make any kind of a showing, taking second and third places in the former and second in the latter. Glynn of City College finished 25 feet ahead of Brown of N. Y. U. in the 440-yard swim, and Balsam of the home team won a total of 91.40 points in the fancy dive to 86.75 for Judge of N. Y. U. It was the first victory of the season for Balsam. Schein, C. C. N. Y. veteran, finished third with 82.33. The City College relay team broke the pool record in winning the 800-foot relay race in 2.39 2-5.

Dundes of C. C. N. Y. tied the record for the pool when he won the 50-yard dash in 0.26 2-5. The competition was furnished by Casper of C. C. N. Y., who was second, with Marks of N. Y. U. bringing up the rear. Casper won the 100-yard dash by a foot over Harvey, a team mate, after the two had raced stroke for stroke for the first eighty yards. Abbate of the home team was first in the 100-yard back stroke, winning easily, and Wallace of C. C. N. Y. captured the 100-yard breast stroke.

The C. C. N. Y. varsity defeated the City College Alumnae in the water polo game, 14 to 13.

The summaries:

Swimming.

50-Yard Dash—Won by Dundes, C. C. N. Y.; Casper, C. C. N. Y., second; Marks, N. Y. U., third. Time—0:26 2-5.

440-Yard Swim—Won by Glynn, C. C. N. Y.; Brown, N. Y. U., second; Erwin, N. Y. U., third. Time—6:32.

Fancy Dive—Won by Balsam, C. C. N. Y. (91.40); Judge, N. Y. U. (86.75), second; Schein, C. C. N. Y. (82.33), third.

100-Yard Back Stroke—Won by Abbate, C. C. N. Y.; Ginsberg, C. C. N. Y., second; Seltwick, N. Y. U., third. Time—1:24.

100-Yard Breast Stroke—Won by Wallace, C. C. N. Y.; Schneeweis, C. C. N. Y., second; McDermott, N. Y. U., third. Time—1:21

100-Yard Dash—Won by Casper, C. C. N. Y.; Harvey, C. C. N. Y., second; Mahler, N. Y. U., third. Time—1:05 3-5.

800-Foot Relay Race—Won by C. C. N. Y. (Harvey, Dundes, Blanc and Casper); N. Y. U. (Marks, Mahler, Eaton and Brown), second. Time—2:39 2-5.

Water Polo.

C. C. N. Y. (14).	VAR- SITY	C. C. N. Y. ALUMNI (13).
Schmurer	C.F.	Menkes
Clancy	L.F.	Dondero
Schecter	R.F.	Weinstein
Eiterick	L.B.	Grasheim
Vlock	R.B.	Ornstein
Trachman	G.	Lilling

Touch goals—Schecter (2), Menkes, Dondero. Thrown goal—Lehrman (substitute for Grasheim). Foul goals—Trachman (4).

Substitutions—Varsity: Dundes for Schnurer, Almont for Clancy, Grasheim for Guernsback, Josephson for Lehrman, Meyer for Ornstein, Fine for Dondero, Dondero for Fine, Ornstein for Meyer.

Referee—L. B. MacKenzie. Time of periods, 2 of 8 minutes each.

WALTHOUR TO RACE GOULLET IN GARDEN

Other Bike Events Scheduled for Tonight—Six-Day Test Opens Tomorrow.

Local bicycle racing fans will have their appetizer for the annual March six-day bicycle race tonight in Madison Square Garden. The occasion will be the customary Saturday night sprints in advance of the opening of the week-long grind. A series of races have been arranged by Manager John M. Champion which will bring into competition some of the foremost cyclists of the world, among them many of the prospective starters in the six-day whirl, in addition to the leaders of the local amateur ranks.

Tonight's feature will be a one-mile match race between Alf Goullet, America's premier rider, and Bobby Walthour Jr., son of the once famous "Dixie flier." The pair is scheduled for a clash which will be decided in heats, the best two in three heats to determine the winner. It will be a return race between Goullet and Walthour. In their clash a year ago Walthour showed the way to his rival.

An international race in which Eddie Madden of Newark, Al Grenda, Tasmanian; Oscar Egg, Swiss rider, and Charles Deruyter of Belgium will compete, is another of the outstanding features. In this event, which will be run in mile heats, only three cyclists will compete in any one heat. Under the rules of the race the cyclists alternate in remaining off the track while a heat is in progress.

There will also be an Australian pursuit race between Maurice Brocco and Giuseppe Azzini, Italian rivals. The contenders will start from opposite sides of the track and circle the saucer until one rides up on the other. Two other professional races and as many events for amateur cyclists also will be conducted.

The six-day race will start at one minute past midnight tomorrow night, when sixteen teams are scheduled to start in the grind, which will continue until the night of March 8. The pairs scheduled to start are Goullet and Grenda, Madden and Horan, Brocco and M. Buysse, Egg and Beckman, Hill and McHeath, Kockler and Stockholm, Nefatti and Azzini, Deruyter and L. Buysse, Fredericks and Stockelynch, De Wolfe and Wynsdau, Eyckman and Declerck, Georgetti and Carli, Grimm and Spencer, Cozzolino and Gallo and Kopsky and Norantonio.

HAVANA RESULTS.

FIRST RACE—Purse $700; for two-year-olds; maidens; allowances; four furlongs. Cream Puff, 103 pounds (H. Callahan), 5 to 1, 2 to 1, even, first; Irish Lace, 106 (Pickens), 1 to 5, 1 to 10, second; Lady Haideman, 101 (Woodstock), 6 to 5, third. Time—0:50. Naomi G., Silver King, Marquesito, June Day and Left Alone also ran.

SECOND RACE—Purse $700; for four-year-olds and upward; claiming; five and one-half furlongs. Cleaque, 102 pounds (Pernia), 4 to 1, 7 to 5, 3 to 5, first; Approval, 110 (G. Williams), 1 to 4, 1 to 8, second; Happy Go Lucky, 110 (Beach), even, third. Time—1:10. Aunt Dede, Milda, Air Vezina, Homan, Heliocross and Gilder also ran.

THIRD RACE—Purse $800; for four-year-olds and upward; claiming; six furlongs. Miriam Cooper, 107 pounds (Pernia), 8 to 1, 3 to 1, 7 to 5, first; Rog, 107 (J. O'Brien), 4 to 1, 2 to 1, second; Sportibet, 108 (Callahan), 1 to 6, third. Time—1:15. Glory of the Seas II., Lucy Churchill, Clem Theisen, Bill Spivins, H. C. Basch, Gupton and Kremlin also ran.

FOURTH RACE—Purse $700; for three-year-olds; claiming; one mile and fifty yards. Lee Adrian, 98 pounds (Eaton), 4 to 1, 7 to 5, 7 to 10, first; Damara, 98 (Dawson), 5 to 1, 2½ to 1, second; Mrs. Gardner, 110 (Pernia), 1 to 2, third. Time—1:46. Franchise, Wee Dear, Gold Leaf, Asa Jewell, Thor and Postman also ran.

FIFTH RACE—Purse $700; for four-year-olds and upward; claiming; one mile and fifty yards. British Liner, 107 pounds (Pickens), 6 to 5, 1 to 2, 1 to 4, first; Squire Wiggins, 111 (Pernia), 8 to 5, 7 to 10, second; Flying Prince, 103 (Overton), 2 to 1, third. Time—1:44 2-5. Gay Boy II., Halu, Horeb and Hullo also ran.

SIXTH RACE—Purse $800; for four-year-olds and upward; claiming; six furlongs. Lottie Loraine, 103 pounds (Grace), 2½ to 1, 4 to 5, 2 to 5, first; Jack Pot, 118 (Sersmba), 7 to 5, 7 to 10, second; Black Watch II., 113 (Pronko), 7 to 10, third. Time—1:14. Needy, Primitive, Kendall, Chow Chow, Almirante, Drapery, Midday, Doctor D. and Harar also ran.

Weather clear; track good.

LEWIS CAPTURES MET. SWIM TITLE

Defeats Florence by a Foot in 220-Yard Senior Event at People's Palace.

MISS WAINWRIGHT FIRST

Takes Fancy Dive Championship From Miss Riggin by Quarter of a Point.

Harry Lewis of the Central Y. M. C. A., Brooklyn, won the 220-yard Metropolitan A. A. U. senior swimming championship last night in the 75-foot pool of the People's Palace in Jersey City. He defeated a field of three other starters, finishing a foot ahead of Harold Florence of the Boys' Club of New York after an exciting race in 2:33 2-5. George Wissler, also of the Boys Club, was third and George McCoy of the Wallkill Club last.

A second Metropolitan A. A. U. senior champion was crowned when Miss Helen Wainwright of the Women's Swimming Association of New York won the senior fancy-diving contest from a ten-foot springboard. She captured first place and the title by the narrow margin of less than a quarter of a point over Miss Aileen Riggin, a clubmate. Miss Wainwright's point score was 129.34, Miss Riggin's was 129.10. Miss Louise Davidson of the home club was third with 118.96.

Two club championships were held also. James Tomkins won the championship of the People's Palace for the 100-yard swim, finishing first in 1:05 4-5, and Miss Margaret Redfern took the women's title for the same distance in 1:23 2-5.

The summaries:

Women's Met. A. A. U. Senior Fancy Diving Championship (from 10-foot springboard)—Won by Miss Helen Wainwright, Women's Swimming Association (129.34); Miss Aileen Riggin, W. S. A. (129.10), second; Miss Louise Davidson, People's Palace (118.96), third.

Men's 220-Yard Met. A. A. U. Senior Championship Swim—Won by Harry Lewis, Central Y. M. C. A., Brooklyn; Harold Florence, Boys' Club, second; George Fissler, Boys' Club, third. Time—2:33 2-5.

100-Yard Swim. Men's Championship of People's Palace—Won by James Tomkins; C. R. Lemonier, second; Walter Reid third. Time—1:05 4-5.

100-Yard Swim, Women's Championship of People's Palace—Won by Miss Margaret Redfern; Miss Margaret Gray second; Miss Mina Snyder third. Time—1:23 2-5.

100-Yard Swim (Women's Handicap)—Won by Miss Sara Lord, W. S. A. (20 seconds); Miss Margaret Redfern, People's Palace (15 seconds), second; Miss Margaret Gray, People's Palace (17 seconds), third. Time—1:20 2-5.

RUTGERS SWIMMERS WIN.

University of Pittsburgh Team Is Beaten by 49-22 Score.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., Feb. 29.—The undefeated Rutgers swimmers hung up another victory in Ballantyne pool tonight when they defeated the University of Pittsburgh by a score of 49 to 22.

Coach Reilly's swimmers took the relay from Pittsburgh by half a pool length, won first and second in the dive, due to the splendid work of Galbraith and Bennett, and then won the 220-yard swim. Steele and Brodie took the next events for Pittsburgh, but Rutgers claimed first in the rest.

DARTMOUTH WINS IN POOL.

Defeats Wesleyan, 40 to 28, After Score Is Tied Three Times.

Special to The New York Times.

MIDDLETOWN, Conn., Feb. 29.—Dartmouth won the swimming meet from Wesleyan this afternoon, 40 to 28. The meet was close, for up to and including the sixth event the score had been tied three times. Dartmouth then took first and second places in the breast stroke and clinched the meet.

TIJUANA ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE—Purse $600; for two-year-olds; four and one-half furlongs. aHerdsman 100 pounds, Harvey S. 109, Woodcry 109, bAlto Quiver 112, bAlto Bloom 112, Joe Patton 112, Millwick 112, aOrmsbrook 112, cNot Enough 115, Minstrel Boy 115, Lahonton 115, Run Lathe 115, Parnell 118, aKelly entry. bSpreckels entry. cApplegate entry.

SECOND RACE—Purse $600; claiming; for three-year-olds and upward; five furlongs. Tayolitta 99 pounds, Clare Frances 107, Chet G 108, Mayo B. 111, Van Loo 113, Capon 114, Melody Man 114, Byrne 114, Regular Girl 115, Lucy Arnold 111, Scottish Lad 107, Toombeola 117, Glengarry 118, Fort Churchill 121, Charlotte B. 103, Sea Beach 114, Pavlowa 111, Shifty 107.

THIRD RACE—Purse $700; claiming; for four-year-olds and upward; one mile and a quarter. Laura Cochran 99 pounds, Fireworth 101, Prince Direct 101, Gallford 104, Wedding Prince 106, Sportsman 106, The Wit 101, Dominator 106.

FOURTH RACE—Purse $700; fillies and mares; for four-year-olds and upward; six furlongs. Contribution, 98 pounds, Pavilion 102, Catherine Marrone 107, McGee's Pink 104, My Reverie 109, Belle of Elizabethtown 104.

FIFTH RACE—Purse $800; claiming; for three-year-olds; six furlongs. Bramton 99 pounds, Queen Catherine 104, Publicity 104, Odd Seth 106, Cypreme 107, Taxation 107, New Beauty 110.

SIXTH RACE—Purse $1,000; handicap; for three-year-olds and upward; one mile and seventy yards. aChiva 95 pounds, Great Luck 96, John S. Reardon 99, Billy Starr 100, bWild Heather 102, Blarney Stone 105, Spread Eagle 107, bSunny Land 107, aAbadane 115. aIrwin entry. bColorado entry.

SEVENTH RACE—Purse $600; claiming; for four-year-olds and upward; six furlongs. Bess L. 110 pounds, Margaret White 110, Bobby Allen 117, Salton 112, Dernier Sou 112, Norford Honey 112, Kirkwood 112, San Hedron 112, Nek 112, March Lad 112, Mayor House 115, Harrigan's Heir 117, Runleigh 117, Mountaineer 117, Yukon 112, Peerless One 112, Dovesroost 112, Jean Corey 110.

EIGHTH RACE—Purse $800; for three-year-olds and upward; claiming; one mile and seventy yards. Red Legs 113 pounds, Woodie Montgomery 108, Missouri Boy 108, Dickie Dix 108, Sea Way 107, Mary Jane Baker 107, Romeo 109, Bill's Luck 106, Fayelle 106, Canny Lady 102, Furor 106, Betty Alden 106.

NINTH RACE—Purse $800; claiming; for three-year-olds and upward; six furlongs. Couer de Lion 102 pounds, Dr. Corbett 106, Canyon 106, Doubtful 107, The Falconer 111, The Aroucanian 115, Crusera 115, Singapore 105.

Weather clear; track fast.

HAVANA ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE—Purse $800, for four-year-olds and upward, claiming; six furlongs. *Glabella 95 pounds, Lady Harrigan 103, Willigan 103, The Girl 105, Crest 108, Smite 108, *Mallowmot 108, Bodangky 103, *El Coronal 103, Execution 108, Kentmere 108, Dr. Shafer 108, Eva Fox 108, Virge 108, *Lottie Loraine 103, Ballynew 108, John Spohn 108, Lustre 110.

SECOND RACE—Purse $800, for three-year-olds and upward, maidens, claiming; six furlongs. Corlette 98 pounds, Suzuki 98, Fear 98, My Error 103, Monopoly 106, Dorienne 107, Fair Egeria 98, Nano Ronan 98, *Laluna 102, Bolivar 103, Illustrator 103, Wilton Fianna 107, Great Way 98, Sister Cecelia 98, *Lady Bretenham 102, Eight Bells 103, *Carpathian 107, Caesar 112.

THIRD RACE—Purse $700; for four-year-olds and upward, claiming; one mile and fifty yards. Alluring 100 pounds, Black Baby 106, Fannie Nail 106, Wheel In 100, Spectacular Girl 108, Haran 110, Jap Muma 106, Polite 105, Ruddles 110.

FOURTH RACE—Purse $700, for four-year-olds and upward, claiming; one mile and fifty yards. Kitty Carpenter 100 pounds, Joe Underwood 110, Drapery 110, Neenah 105, Copyright 110, West Meath 110, Sandy H. 110, Blue Brush 110, Regal Lodge 110.

FIFTH RACE—Purse $800, for three-year-olds and upward; handicap; one mile and seventy yards. Chemiserie 98 pounds, Blue Hill 101, Wildcat 107, Sun Maiden 95, †Plentycoos 102, Wida 112, Eiretoma 101, †George Kuffan 104.

†E. L. Fitzgerald entry.

SIXTH RACE—Purse $800, for four-year-olds and upward, claiming; one mile and a sixteenth. *Nig 100 pounds, *American Soldier 103, *Grand Son 108, *Superior 103, *Acosta 103, Cabin Creek 108, *Herc

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NEW YORK, SATURDAY, MARCH 1, 1924.

THE DEFEAT OF GARNER.

Before yesterday's vote in the House on the Income Tax bill, it was said that the fate of the measure lay in the hands of Senator LA FOLLETTE. If he ordered his Wisconsin and other insurgents to line up with the Republicans for the Longworth compromise and against the Garner bill, the latter would be defeated. Well, defeated it has been. Whether this was because the Wisconsin Senator turned thumbs down on it is not established. Probably it could not be proved. But if there is any one whom Mr. LA FOLLETTE hates worse than he does Republicans who oppose his ambition to be President, it is the Democrats. To resign his control to them would be gall and wormwood to him. The same feeling must have actuated his followers in the House, whether he gave them a quiet hint how to vote or not. It would be too humiliating for a Republican majority to pass a bill visibly stamped with the name of a Democrat. The Republican label had to be put on it at all hazards. Representative GARNER'S frequent boasts that the Republicans would not "dare" to vote against his bill were shown to be empty at the final test. They dared and they did.

The bill now goes to the Senate, and till it emerges from that body the President has apparently made up his mind not to declare publicly what he will do with it. His preferences are well known. He came very near committing himself in his Lincoln Day speech to tax schedules very different from those adopted by the House yesterday. But it is right and wise for him to wait to see what the Senate will do. Thereafter the President will have to determine upon his course. By maintaining silence for the present, he will the better make the fear of a possible veto by him effective in preventing the bill from being perverted from its original intent in the course of its passage through the Senate. The satisfying thing to date is that the extreme mutilators of the Mellon plan in the House have been defeated. It may be that their sympathizers and imitators in the Senate will also be outvoted.

DETERMINED TO QUARREL.

Before the session of the Legislature Speaker MACHOLD and Governor SMITH spoke words of peace. Since the session began there has been more eirenic talk, even a little actual eirenic disposition and action. There was to be no "factious opposition." That is the ritual term. Mr. MACHOLD and the other Republican leaders consented to confer with the Governor, but the maxim about whisky and business applies unerringly to politics and the State business. Give up that business if it interferes with politics. Speaker MACHOLD has now taken lofty ground. Invited by the Governor to consult with him and eleven distinguished Republicans in regard to a four-year term for the Governor and the Executive budget, he involves himself in his own virtue, disdains the invitation, pours out reproof and admonition.

"It is not the constitutional prerogative of the Chief Executive nor of the chosen leaders of the more numerous branch of the Legislature to meet behind closed doors and determine legislation. Nothing could be more subversive of the principles upon which this Government was founded." There is a glow about the Speaker's indignation that faintly recalls "JOE" BLACKBURN'S "He that dallies is a dastard, and he that doubts is damned." The doors would be no more closed than they were, for instance, on the conferences about automobile legislation, which the Republican purest were able to attend without subverting any principles. Governor SMITH says that the conference can be held in Carnegie Hall or the Assembly Chamber; but the Republicans have gradually grown sour to conferences. It was unkind of the Governor to reimpress upon the public mind the fact that the Executive budget and the four-year term are old and sound Republican proposals, supported by great Republican personages like Mr. STIMSON, Mr. WICKERSHAM and Mr. ROOT. Coming from a Democratic Governor, a Republican program is taboo. Besides, the up-Staters view with alarm the election of a Governor in a year not bedeviled with national partisanship.

So the feint of "getting together" ends. Henceforth, war for war. The Senate will pass, the Assembly will kill, and vice versa. The glories of 1923 will bloom again. Wouldn't a little consideration of the public interest by the Legislature be expected? Not in a Presidential year. Nothing counts now but politics; though it is only fair to say that, compared with Washington, Albany is a model of devotion to the public welfare.

CONGRESS AND THE OIL LEASES.

Announcement that the special counsel for the Government are to begin proceedings in the courts next week, by injunction or otherwise, to set aside the oil leases in the naval reserves, revives interest in the legislation under which the contracts were made. There has been an attempt to show that Congress did not know what it was about when it made them possible. Senator WALSH has been at great pains to distinguish between the general Federal Leasing act and the amendment to the Naval bill of June, 1920, which authorized leasing in the naval reserves. The implication has been that the latter was somehow sneaked through Congress. But this theory cannot bear the weight of the facts.

Early in March, 1920, Secretary DANIELS wrote to the Chairman of the House Committee on Naval Affairs, pointing out the danger that the oil reserves for the navy might be drained by wells in adjacent territory, and asking for a change in the law so as to enable the Secretary of the Navy to conserve the oil by getting it out of the ground. Mr. DANIELS, for the Navy Department, proposed the amendment very nearly in the form in which it was finally adopted. It was a most sweeping grant of power. As originally proposed by the Secretary, he could have "refined" the oil as well as extracted it. This word was afterward stricken out in the Senate. It also struck out the words "or other-" wise dispose of the oil and gas "products"—a phrase which would seem to authorize him to give the oil away, if so inclined. One hesitates to think what Secretary FALL might have done with it, had this clause not been deleted!

The main thing to keep in mind is that the amendment as enacted gave almost unlimited power to the Secretary of the Navy to deal with the properties within the naval oil reserves. It was not confined to Mr. DANIELS. It was vested in any Secretary of the Navy who came after him. Any such Secretary was authorized to "conserve, develop, use and operate "the same, in his discretion, directly "or by contract, lease or otherwise, "and to use, store, exchange or sell "the oil and gas products." The apparent intent was to leave nothing out. And the thing was not done in a corner. The amendment was carefully considered by the Senate committee, and was brought specifically to the attention of the Senate on two successive days in April, 1920.

On the legal questions involved it is not for a newspaper to pronounce. The lawyers will fight them out in the courts. But the record is absolutely clear on the point that Congress cannot disavow responsibility for what was done with the naval reserves. With its eyes open it legislated so as to make this possible and give it at least in appearance full warrant of law. The pretense that Congress was tricked, and that somehow a sinister conspiracy subverted its real intent, is both belated and unfounded. This myth should be ruled out of the case, whatever else is left in it.

ELIMINATING THE 1890 CENSUS.

Use of the 1890 census as a basis for determining the immigration quotas has been made impossible by the action of the Senate Immigration Committee. The principal objection which led to its defeat is that it would result in discrimination against the "newer" immigration, most of which has come in since 1890. In practice it would have reduced the number of Italians admissible from 42,057 to 3,912, the Russians from 21,613 to 1,992 and the Poles from 21,076 to 5,156. The committee decided to substitute for the 1890 census the census of 1910, as at present used, but to reduce the number of aliens admissible from 3 per cent. to 2 per cent., not including the relatives for whom special provisions are made in the proposed Johnson bill. This will leave the total annual quota about as it now is under the temporary restriction law.

This action is at best only a makeshift, and means postponement of a constructive immigration policy. The census of 1890 was obviously an unwise and unfair basis on which to fix quotas. But many of the objections brought against it can also be brought against the census of 1910. This latter, as a matter of fact, favors the "newer" immigration at the expense of the old, and permits fewer representatives of those races which built up the United States during the last century to come in than of the recent arrivals.

In formulating a permanent policy two considerations are of prime importance. The first is that the country has the right to say who shall and who shall not come in. It is not for any foreign country to determine our immigration policy. The second is that the basis of restriction must be chosen with a view not to the interest of any group or groups in this country, whether racial or religious, but rather with a view to the country's best interests as a whole. The great test is assimilability. Will the newcomers fit into American life readily? Is their culture sufficiently akin to our own to make it possible for them easily to take their place among us? There is no question of "superior" or "inferior" races, or of "Nordics," or of prejudice, or of racial egotism. Certain groups not only do not fuse easily, but consistently endeavor to keep alive their racial distinctions when they settle among us. They perpetuate the "hyphen," which is but another way of saying that they seek to create foreign blocs in our midst.

The more the population of the United States is recruited from divers racial groups, the more essential is it that all racial distinctions be eliminated. So long as racial consciousness is fostered, whether it be in the form of the dual loyalty preached by the representatives of certain nations, or in the banding together of the foreign born or their descendants to further the political or other interests of their group as a group, the fusing of the American nation will be delayed. Particularly true is this as bearing on immigration restriction. A policy must be formed without discriminating unfairly against any given groups, but at the same time with regard to the interests only of the whole and not of any special part.

THE CONSTITUTION AND THE SCHOOLS.

The Constitution of the State of New York requires the Legislature to provide for the maintenance and support of a system of free common schools "wherein all the children may be educated." To this end the State has been divided into more than ten thousand school districts, and the Legislature has not only required them to maintain and support public free schools, but has required attendance on the part of every child of school age unless private or parochial instruction of like standard is provided. The result is that in these thousands of districts with an average daily attendance varying from one, in a number of such districts, to nearly a million in the New York City district, schools are being maintained by the districts, large and small, rich and poor, under widely varying rates of taxation and with widely varying degrees of efficiency, but all under a general State supervision and with a general State contribution that was a few years ago materially increased.

While under Article IX. the Constitution imposes this duty upon the Legislature, in the article immediately preceding it limits the amount of indebtedness which may be incurred by any municipality, and also limits the amount of the tax which may be raised in any one year by any city of over 100,000 inhabitants to 2 per cent. of the assessed valuation of the real and personal property of the city, in addition to provision for the public debt. This affects potentially about 70 per cent. of the total school population of the State. But it is imminently affecting at least two of the cities of the State this year. The Governor reports that there is a possible necessity of closing the schools in Buffalo on May 1, because of limitations placed upon school expenditures, and that in Rochester the schools cost two millions more than is available, with the result that it is necessary to incur new indebtedness from year to year.

The children must be provided for, but this cannot be done in some cities under the present constitutional limitation without impairing the efficiency of the schools or cutting down municipal activities which tend everywhere to increase. Yet it is not likely that the people of the State will be disposed to raise the constitutional debt or tax limit. And though the Court of Appeals has held that "education is a State function," it has also decided that expenditures for school purposes must be included in reckoning the total amount of a city's indebtedness or tax rate. It was so intended in the fixing of the constitutional limit. Moreover, a 2 per cent. limit for other municipal expenditures than those for school purposes would be no effective restraint upon the cities.

What, then, is the solution? Undoubtedly there are city economies that might be effected, yet, as Regent WALLIN, the former Mayor of Yonkers, said in a recent discussion of the subject before the Mayors' Conference, cities are, generally speaking, better managed in New York State than they were ten or twenty years ago, and, while some savings are possible, the cities are constantly under pressure to take on new duties and give greater service. As to the schools, no reduction will be tolerated by the public that will lower their standards or narrow their educational scope. Whatever economies may be made are likely to be required for better schools.

There remains but one alternative—increased contribution by the State to the local districts for the maintenance and support of the schools. The State quadrupled its total quotas to the schools in 1920, but all other States except seven or eight make greater grants in proportion to total expenditures for education than does New York. A larger share on the part of the State itself in the maintenance of the schools, city, village and rural alike, is the only practicable, adequate and permanent solution. But the greater contribution should be made only upon conditions that will insure independent financial control on the part of the Boards of Education in cities, an improvement of rural schools and an equalization of the educational burden over the State. The Constitution clearly indicates the State's responsibility for the education of all the children; and while local initiative and interest must not be discouraged, the State must take its part—and it is a greater financial part than it is taking at present.

NEW AMERICAN CAPITAL IN MEXICO.

President OBREGON has not waited for the end of the Huertista insurrection before proceeding with plans for national economic development through the enlistment of foreign capital. Mexico is to receive from American sources loans variously estimated at from $25,000,000 to $40,000,000 in return for extensive oil, timber, tobacco land and food crop land concessions. The money is needed. Even before the outbreak of hostilities Finance Minister PANI was not at all happy over the condition of the Mexican Treasury. His charges of looting against his predecessor, DE LA HUERTA, would not be the real answer. Normally, the Mexican Government would have had to look around for additional sources of income; and the normal way was through loans in return for economic concessions.

Part of the new money thus found will probably go to the service of the foreign debt, although in the settlement with Mexico's foreign bondholders certain oil revenues were allocated for that purpose. Representatives of the foreign bondholders, with recognized claims amounting to half a billion dollars in original loans and $200,000,000 in accrued interest, expressed no alarm when the Huertista troubles began. Their confidence has been justified by events, just as was Secretary HUGHES'S bet on the Obregon Government. Though some foreign Governments are still feeling their way toward recognition of OBREGON, his régime is obviously winning the most substantial form of recognition, and that is from the foreign investor. It is this solid kind of recognition that the Soviet Government is now so deeply concerned about. The vague rumors about Mexican "Bolshevism" on the one hand and the peril of Government confiscation on the other have plainly been discounted by the owners of the new money now being put into the country.

These latest large-scale loans represent the continuation of a policy which the civil war interrupted. In the middle of last November the Huasteca Oil Company, representing the now unpopular Mr. DOHENY, came to an arrangement with the Mexican Government over the operation of the Juan Felipe hacienda. The terms were payment for drilling rights, plus a loan of ten million pesos to the Government. At that time it was the opinion of oil men in Mexico that the Huasteca agreement marked the beginning of a new policy with respect to foreign concessionaries. The famous battles of Article 27 were over. The rights of the Mexican nation were found to be compatible with the just rights of foreign investors. After nearly fifteen years of civil war, the Mexican people seem to be getting ready to translate the abstract fruits of the revolution into productive labor, with the aid of the foreign capital that is indispensable to the economic development of the country.

A CONTINUING NEED.

Political conditions in Greece vary from day to day, but the condition of the refugees is unchanged except for the worse during these Winter days. The appeal made by The American Friends of Greece, of which organization Professor CAPPS of Princeton University, former Minister to Greece, is the President, and backed by Dr. NANSEN, former Ambassador MORGENTHAU, VENIZELOS and Dr. DOXIADES, the Minister of Public Assistance, states that half a million of the refugees who fled to Greece after the Smyrna disaster are still living under conditions of indescribable misery. Only immediate relief in the way of food, medicines, clothing and supplies can save thousands of people who are now slowly dying from disease brought on by malnutrition, exposure and unsanitary conditions. This is the "unanimous opinion" of competent observers.

The impoverished Greek Government is furnishing between four and five hundred thousand refugees with 1½ to 2 cents a day for food. More it cannot do. The British relief organizations are giving one meal a day to forty thousand women and children. This is all that is being done except that the American Red Cross has made a generous contribution of quinine and shipments of clothing, and the Near East Relief is caring for about ten thousand orphans from Asia Minor in orphanages and could extend its work if it had the means. An international loan is being raised for the purpose of establishing the refugees upon land, but funds are sorely needed to care for them and others until their permanent rehabilitation can be provided for. It is estimated that $3,000,000 will be required. But whatever is sent to the Treasurer of The American Friends of Greece at 521 Eighteenth Street, Washington, will reach the needy promptly with no deduction for expenses.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

He's Only a One-Way Messenger.

There was difficulty in taking with seriousness the tale of a pigeon sent with a threat of death to collect blackmail, but the idea was novel, and therefore interesting.

The pigeon obviously could be used in the manner described, but, as always is the case with these birds, he would have the fault of going only one way. As a messenger therefore, except in peculiar circumstances, he does not amount to much, in spite of his wonderful powers of finding his way home from long distances. The fact that he first must be carried the long distance over which he is to return makes him a poor rival for the mail service, the telegraph or the familiar boy in uniform.

The fanciers breed pigeons, not as messengers, but as racers, and considering the number of men and boys devoted to this form of sport, and the fervor of their interest in it, there is room for surprise that it attracts so little attention outside of their own circle. It is an innocent and harmless amusement, requiring the exercise of far more intelligence than does the miserable business of shooting live pigeons—a crime now pretty well done away with in civilized communities. The "homers" are well worth the careful study they receive, for they are birds with a lot of character, monogamists about as faithful in their matings as human beings are, and marked by a passionate love of the natal cote—a love so strong that absence from home seems to be real torture for them. To end it they will make desperate exertions and take any risk.

Their sense of direction probably has a good deal less of the mystical in it than is commonly supposed, but, after all explanations are made, it remains a cause for no little astonishment.

Information About Sealyhams.

By winning official recognition as the best dog at the Westminster Kennel Club's recent show, Bayberryhill Bootlegger drew deserved attention to the Sealyham breed or strain and may have made its representatives more "fashionable" than they hitherto have been. It would be well if they, with their near relatives, the Aberdeens and the white Highland terriers, displaced in popular favor several kinds of dogs now too numerous, and first of all the wolfish "police dog" and the far-wandering Airedale. Both of the latter would be all right if they were properly trained; but as they next to never are, they have become dangerous nuisances in every suburban community.

The London Post prints a long article on Sealyhams. It is by ROBERT LEIGHTON, who evidently writes from much knowledge. These terriers, he says, have not existed as a distinct type for more than sixty years. Their first breeder seems to have been one Captain EDWARDES of Sealyham House, in Pembrokeshire, and it was not until about fifteen years ago that they became even a little known outside of Wales.

The breed was developed for the purpose of acting as auxiliaries of the otter hounds which Captain EDWARDES used on the River Cleddau, and he sought, and as it were created, a courageous dog of small size, with short legs and a water-resisting coat. It seems to have been produced by crossing what Mr. LEIGHTON calls "the old kennel terrier, or its plebeian representative known in Wales as the Corgy," with one brought from out of the district. Both the dachshund and the Dandie Dinmont have been suggested as supplying the "outcross," but Mr. LEIGHTON rejects them both and holds that the West Highland white terrier gave just what was wanted in the way of color, shape and character.

He laments that the Sealyhams now have been cultivated for show purposes, to their great injury, for many of them have lost their sporting intrepidity and degenerated into a docile, spiritless household pet, suitable for exhibition in a rivalry for "points," but useless for strenuous work. It certainly is a fact that dog shows do not tend to develop intelligence or courage in dogs, and not infrequently the prize winners haven't brains enough to follow their master through a village street.

More Trouble for the President.

Certain clergymen of several denominations met in Washington on Wednesday and adopted a resolution asking President COOLIDGE to issue an order closing the departments on Good Friday. The movement has the endorsement of many more or less eminent residents of Washington, including Senators and members of the lower house, and one Jewish rabbi, Dr. ABRAM SIMON, former President of the District Board of Education.

What the President will do remains to be seen, but he well may take warning from the fact that at Wednesday's meeting there broke out a decidedly bitter controversy when one of the clergymen present protested against the proposed action. Besides saying it really was wanted only by the followers of one church, he raised the point that Christ did not die on Friday, according to the Bible narrative, but on Wednesday, as he arose on "the third day," which was the Jewish Sabbath or Christian Sunday.

With all the troubles that President COOLIDGE has on his hands at present, it does seem regrettable that a question involving a religious or ecclesiastical problem should have been added to them. If the departments were closed on Good Friday, there certainly would be at once demands for like closing on many other days and reasons for refusing them would be hard to find.

Is Old Age a Basis for Deductions?

One of the "colyumists," noting the fact that owners of oil wells have been allowed to cut down their income taxes by charging off a lot for "depletion," suggests that old age also is a depletion of resources and a diminution of capital, and that deductions because of it also should be allowed.

The insurance companies do recognize depreciation in human beings by charging them higher rates as they grow older, but that refers to expectations of life, while it would be a delicate undertaking to say when mental ability and consequent earning power begin to decrease. The brain does wear out at last, but it is about the most perdurable of our organs, the heart alone excepted, and it often works extremely well long after bodily failing has begun and even after it has gone far.

And who would like to set down on his income tax return, "I am no longer the man I was," and to fix an exact money measure of depreciation?

A Precedent.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I have been agreeably surprised, upon returning home from a trip throughout the Middle West, to find that there is a real, intense interest in Washington in the possible nomination of John W. Davis for the Presidency on the Democratic ticket.

In several thousand miles of travel I discovered wherever Davis was known he is accepted as the best possible bet for the Democrats this year. And I found that his name and works are a great deal better known than I had supposed.

The only thing which any one quotes against him is his legal connection, but I have had it called to my attention that the firm of Stetson, Jennings & Russell is the same firm with which Grover Cleveland was connected when he was nominated and elected the second time.

John Davis can win in November. He can carry Ohio. He can carry Indiana. He can carry Kansas. He can carry New Jersey, and possibly New York. Why look further for a candidate? OBSERVER.

Washington, Feb. 26, 1924.

Unrest Among Ex-Service Men.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The only unrest among ex-service men is caused by the supreme disgust the real soldier has for those Hessians who are plotting against the real man of courage to buy his honor.

The writer only followed his forefathers when he enlisted in the French Army way back in 1914 after going on his own from Chicago. Hospital for eleven months after serving on the Meuse and Somme and Verdun as a motor driver and ambulance chauffeur for almost a year.

Returning to the States, he enlisted in the Reserve Corps, being over age for draft, and was sent to Plattsburg, where he was under the command of a political captain who knew not even right dress or anything else. Discharged on account of head wounds received in prior service, he enlisted in the R. E. F., went through the disaster at Halifax, Dec. 6, 1917, and served with honor in the British Motor Transport, returning through the Canadian casualties, with a final discharge in December of 1919.

Does any one believe he has applied for a pension from the French, a bonus from the British or the bonus from the Canadians? Should they have an idea he has, they are absolutely wrong, as he voted against the New Jersey bonus.

This is the only country where there is a decided play or fight for a bonus, and the only unrest real men experience is that caused by those wishing to drafn the country dry of money. HEATHE GREGORY,
Pollu French Commissariat et Transport;
Sergeant Q. M. E. R. C., Captain, B. M. T.; Sergeant C. C.

New York, Feb. 28, 1924.

Gurdjieff Demonstrations.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The growing body of those who are aware that "we are in for wonders" in the realms of psychology and of feeling are not always able to recognize one another in the mass of cults and curios which these days offer. It may thus be that hundreds in New York who are interested in the idea of the extension of human consciousness to new levels will not connect this interest with the Gurdjieff Institute of France, whose founder is now in New York. Yet the free demonstrations which have been given in the last month at the Neighborhood Playhouse, and the final formal demonstration to be given at Carnegie Hall next Monday evening, March 3, preceding the return to Fontainebleau of the twenty-five teachers and pupils of the school, have as their basis this ancient wisdom. The Asiatic dances are very beautiful, but these are merely an introduction to the technique developed by Mr. Gurdjieff, whose institute, now established in the chief European cities, may in another year have an American branch. ZONA GALE.

New York Feb. 28, 1924.

Immigrants Who Labor.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Lewis H. Lee in his letter appearing in today's issue intermingles the two questions of immigration and tariff. He says that immigration from northern Europe may be diverted into Canada for the reason that our Canadian friends are likely to avail themselves of the figures of the Tariff Commission showing that the cost of raising grain is considerably lower in Canada than in the United States, in order to induce the northern Europeans to immigrate into the Dominion.

Mr. Lee deceives himself when he says that Italians and Greeks stay only in big cities and live off others. Mr. Lee may be ignorant of the fact that if the Italians and Greeks thrive, if they do at all, in this country, it is because of the hard labor and great thrift to which they subject themselves. GEORGE VARDALACHOS.

New York, Feb. 28, 1924.

Clothing for Eye Patients.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Will you again ask your liberal public for old clothing for the New York Eye and Ear Infirmary? Defective vision seriously handicaps the patients, but a few warm garments will often make the difference between happiness and misery to our people. Men's overcoats and suits are particularly needed and may be sent to

SOCIAL SERVICE DEPT.,
New York Eye and Ear Infirmary,
Second Avenue and Thirteenth Street.

New York, Feb. 28, 1924.

"LOVE, TO BE LOVE."

Some there are
Who want to be
Just what you
Would make o' me,
Sheltered, guarded,
Never free:
Owned for all
Eternity!

Somewhere in
This fevered town,
Lovely in
Her silken gown,
You will find her
Fair and—tame—
Who shall wear
Your honored name.

But, ah, lover,
Never stray
From the City's
Hard Highway:
Never seek her
In a wood:
Like you, she fears
Solitude!

Never seek her
By a stream
Where mad ripples
Dance and gleam:
Never seek her
Under stars:
Wild things run
From bolts and bars!

Give her jewels,
Give her gold:
Shelter her
From Winter's cold:
But know, Love
Is not for thee:
Love, to be Love,
Must stay free!

ELIZABETH NEWPORT HEPBURN.

QUOTAS FOR IMMIGRATION.

Taking the Country as a Whole, the 1890 Census Is Regarded as Fair.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

With reference to the charge by certain New York Congressmen that the pending Johnson-Lodge Immigration Restriction bill is racially unfair, I should like to point out that a careful study of the census figures shows that the discrimination is not in the proposed quotas, but in the existing quotas. The present law bases the quotas on the enumeration in the census of 1910 of the foreign born of each European country then alive in the United States, and takes no account of the racial elements by stocks in the country today. According to that law it is only the number of actual immigrants from each quota country here in 1910 which determines the quotas. No credit is given to any country by reason of the fact that the number of persons derived by descent from that country is greatly in excess of those who actually immigrated thence in the present generation. For instance, under the law of 1890 the joint quota for Great Britain and Ireland is 77,342. If it were apportioned according to the census figures of 1910, between England, Scotland and Ireland respectively, the quota of England and that of Scotland would be less than the quota of Russia, Poland or Italy. In fact, during the last fiscal year, in which the British and Irish quotas were exhausted before the end of the year, fewer immigrants were allowed to enter the United States from England, fewer from Scotland and fewer from Ireland than were permitted to enter from either Russia, Poland or Italy. This result is certainly extraordinary. It amounts to a clear discrimination against the very peoples who principally settled the American Colonies and founded our civilization, and whose descendants constitute at least 50 per cent. of our present white population, in favor of peoples who have only come in any numbers to the United States within the last thirty years.

Perhaps the greatest need in immigration legislation today, and certainly one of the prime considerations in the minds of members of Congress in framing the pending bill, is the maintenance of at least that degree of racial homogeneity which the American people possesses today. Judged by this principle, it is the present law—not the pending bill—which is open to objection. The former gives 44.6 per cent. of our total quota immigration to the countries of Southern and Eastern Europe, including Asiatic Turkey and Palestine—an amount vastly in excess of what they could claim on any theory of proportional representation by races, with reference to the racial elements in our present population. This will appear from an examination of the official figures of the 1920 census, which show that the total number of people of foreign stock in the United States in that year derived from the countries of Southern and Eastern Europe (including Asiatic Turkey and Palestine) is approximately 12,266,115, or 11.7 per cent. of the total population of the United States in 1920. The above figure is reached by adding to the number of the foreign born from those countries the number of native born both of whose parents were born in those countries and one-half of the native born one of whose parents was born in those countries. Under the provisions of the Johnson-Lodge bill, 15.3 per cent. of the total quota immigration would be apportioned to these same regions in Southern and Eastern Europe and Near Asia. Obviously, this would be a liberal allowance, but in addition thereto the "newer immigration" would get the lion's share of the exemptions for near relatives of United States citizens, who, under the new bill, are exempted from quota restrictions. It is clear that the newer immigration, represented by the great wave from Southern and Eastern Europe since 1900, must have many more of these near relatives than the representatives of the older immigration now alive in this country, most of whom came over before 1900. It may incidentally be noted that the total number of foreign born from Southern and Eastern Europe alive in the United States today is only 6,422,727.

The figures given above show indisputably that the charge of unfairness and discrimination, as applied to the pending bill, which bases the quotas on the census of 1890, is entirely unfounded. That bill, in fact, merely preserves the racial status quo in the United States with respect to immigration more nearly than can be done by taking any other census as the basis. In other words, the proposed legislation, far from being aimed at any particular race, is based on broad considerations of public policy and the welfare of the country as a whole. FRANCIS H. KINNICUTT.

New York, Feb. 27, 1924.

Investigation of the Senate.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Your editorial article "Government by Clamor" hits the nail on the head. I hope every one in Washington reads it, but fear that it won't penetrate the heads of those for whom it was intended.

How amusing is the appeal of Borah for "personal sacrifices for the good of the Republican Party." A lot he cares for the good of that party when he antagonizes the Administration at every opportunity.

Seeing that now is the open season for investigations, and that seems all the business the Senate can find to do, I respectfully would urge Congress to start an investigation of the Senators who are wasting the nation's time and neglecting their duty, going into their political and financial affairs, and try to find out who is supplying them with aid and comfort in their efforts to fool the public and neglect the business of the nation. J. SAGE.

New York, Feb. 28, 1924.

Barnard College Tempers.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

It is with surprise that I noted this morning that you are puzzled by one of the phenomena resulting from the "anger tests" (should be called "irritability tests) recently conducted at Barnard College.

These Barnard girls are on their good behavior as regards one another for the five days of the week, because friendships can easily be severed for disregard of amenities, unkind words, &c.; moreover, the girls all crave popularity among their "fellows"; but when they arrive home the constraint is thrown off and the spleen and anger stored up for five days give rise to the series of explosions directed at their relatives, who are powerless to break the relationship and at the same time, by the same token, are pledged to silence concerning these indignities and have to bear the burden of these displays of temper. M. HIRSCHTHAL.

Hoboken, Feb. 27, 1924.

Keeps an Auto on $500 a Year.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I am surprised at the number of letters received inquiring how my wife and I buy food, clothes and fuel on $500 per annum. As wife says, it doesn't cost that. I will include auto expense in the $500.

In the matter of economies, I may say we took a ten-day auto trip through scenic North Carolina, over 1,000 miles, and 322 covered every expense, not to mention the auto trip we took to Washington, D. C., remaining there a month, at a cost of $33. GEORGE T. KEARSLEY.

Jonesboro, N. C., Feb. 27, 1924.

CHURCHES TO FIGHT IMMIGRATION BILL

Federal Council Holds Japanese Exclusion Violates Fair International Dealing.

SAYS IT ANNULS TREATIES

Dr. Gulick Declares the Pending House Measure "a Wanton Affront to Japan."

WASHINGTON, Feb. 29.—Characterizing the denial in the pending House Immigration bill of admission to the United States of "aliens ineligible to citizenship" as a "flagrant violation of accepted principles of courteous and friendly international relations," the Administrative Committee of the Federal Council of Churches has sent an appeal to each Representative and Senator requesting a change in the bill.

The letter, signed by Dr. Charles S. Macfarland, General Secretary, declares that the clause "proposes to abrogate the treaty with Japan and to annul the 'gentlemen's agreement' without conference or consultation with the Government of Japan." The letter enclosed resolutions objecting to the clause, because:

"First—It abrogates treaties and annuls international agreements by an act of Congress, without consultation or conference with the nations with which the treaties and agreements were made.

"Second—It is unnecessarily and inevitably offensive to the nations affected thereby, and certain to be resented as an unfriendly act."

"A wanton affront to Japan," is the way Dr. Sidney L. Gulick, Secretary of the Commission on International Justice and Good-Will of the Federal Council of Churches, speaks of the clause in a statement issued today.

"The Japanese question has two distinct aspect, that of the 'gentlemen's agreement' and that of the liberty and opportunity for work of Japanese already lawfully in the United States. These two questions are often confused, though they should be clearly distinguished.

"With regard to the 'gentlemen's agreement' the facts are quite clear. Between the Summers of 1908 and 1923 22,737 more Japanese males left the United States, including Hawaii, than entered. The net increase in continental United States by immigration of wives, children and parents permitted by the agreement was 8,681 during the same period.

"There are today fewer alien Japanese males in California than there were fifteen years ago. But there are more women and children, especially American-born children. Japan has been loyal in her observance of the 'gentlemen's agreement.'

"The proposal, therefore, of the House Committee on Immigration to deny admission to the United States of 'aliens ineligible to citizenship,' with certain obvious exceptions, is a wanton affront to a nation that for fifteen years has been faithfully and effectively carrying out her obligations in the regulation of immigration.

"This question has nothing to do with that of the anti-alien land laws of California. It is entirely a question of good faith, theirs and ours, in carrying out our joint agreement. They agreed to stop further labor immigration from Japan; we agreed to withhold proposed exclusion legislation that would be differential and humiliating.

"Japan has done its part faithfully. Congress has thus far done its part faithfully. The Pacific Coast States have not done their part.

"The assertion of certain California leaders that the Foreign Minister of Japan has made an 'extraordinary attempt to influence voters on a domestic question' is itself 'extraordinary.' That assertion quite befogs the issue. An agreement requires two parties. When one party proposes to flout it, is the other party not at liberty to express concern and to enter a protest? All acknowledge that the Japanese protest is courteously worded. It is not concerned with the question of naturalization, as the anti-Japanese agitators on the Coast imply; it is concerned with the good faith of the United States in the matter of observing the 'gentlemen's agreement.'"

SEEK TO CHECK ALIEN FLOW.

Senators Are Aroused, Declares Commissioner Curran.

The Senate Committee on Immigration, aroused by the entrance of thousands of aliens in excess of their quota allotments due to the Markarian and other court decisions, will write into the Immigration bill to be reported as soon as possible after a hearing on March 11 a provision which "will make it impossible for any court to throw open the doors again in this way," according to Commissioner Henry H. Curran. Mr. Curran returned to Ellis Island yesterday from Washington. The liner Colombo is due today from Italy with almost 2,000 immigrants, which will bring the total number of Italians to come in over their quota in the last six weeks up to 8,000.

Mr. Curran, who took with him to Washington data covering the most recent alien rush, said that he had discussed the situation informally with members of the Senate Committee on Immigration. "I feel that every one of these decisions is based on a mistaken apprehension of the law," he said, "and the United States Government is appealing all of them to the United States Supreme Court."

A final decision in the Gottlieb case, on which the other decisions hinge, Mr. Curran said, is not expected for a month or six weeks. In the meantime, apparently, there is no way to check the entrance of thousands of aliens now on their way to this country.

The provisions in the Senate bill, which Mr. Curran termed "an iron-clad one that will see to it that the new quota law won't be tampered with," reads in part as follows:

"No person who is not within any of the exceptions specified in this section [which deals with exemptions] shall be excepted from the quota restrictions created by this act by reason of relationship to any person who is so excepted, or by reason of being excepted from the operation of any other law regulating or forbidding immigration."

Approximate figures at Ellis Island show, Mr. Curran said, that of the 8,000 Italians who will have arrived in the last six weeks when the Colombo docks today, 6,000 are women and children and 2,000 are men, a proportion of three to one; whereas during the period when the Italian quota was not exhausted (before Dec. 7) the figures showed three male adults to one woman or child. The reversal is due to the Markarian decision, he said, which allows a husband to "visit" abroad and claim exemption for his family on returning because he is exempt as a returning resident alien.

Evidence that Italians have sought to take the fullest possible advantage of the loophole in the quota law was seen by Ellis Island officials in a notice which had been stamped by the Italian Vice Consul here on the visa attached to the passport of a recent immigrant. It read:

"NOTICE—

BIG DINNERS MARK THE WANING SEASON

Mr. and Mrs. Saint George Are Hosts at the Largest Given at Pierre's.

ENTERTAIN BRIDAL PARTY

Miss Pillot Hostess at Dinner, Which Is Followed by Dance Given by Miss Brokaw.

Dinners and dances last night marked the fast ending fashionable season. The largest was given at Pierre's by Mr. and Mrs. Robert C. C. Saint George for some of their married friends and a number of debutantes of the season.

Miss Rosalie Pillot, daughter of P. Stuyvesant Pillot, who will be one of the bridesmaids tomorrow at the marriage of Miss Diana Dalziel and Thomas Reed Vreeland, gave a dinner at her father's house, at 116 East Fifty-sixth Street, for the members of the bridal party, and afterward a dance was held for them by Miss Barbara Brokaw, another member of the bridal party, at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Irving Brokaw, 985 Fifth Avenue.

Mr. and Mrs. Saint George's dance was preceded by dinners given by Mr. and Mrs. Winthrop E. Dwight, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Hunt Talmage, and Mr. and Mrs. John F. Talmage. The dinner guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Talmage included Mr. and Mrs. John E. Cowdin, Mr. and Mrs. Marshall Jewell Dodge, Mr. and Mrs. William Warner Hoppin, Mr. and Mrs. Henry C. Beadleston, Mr. and Mrs. J. Murray Mitchell, Mr. and Mrs. Walter Watson Stokes, and Mr. and Mrs. Rowland Stebbins.

Among the guests at the dance were Miss Eleanor Margaret Green and her fiancé, Prince Viggo; Lady Evelyn Beauchamp, daughter of the late Lord Carnarvon, and her husband, Brograve Campbell Beauchamp, son of Sir Edward Beauchamp, Bart, recently arrived in New York; Mr. and Mrs. Philip Bartlett, Mr. and Mrs. George F. Baker Jr., Mr. and Mrs. Herbert L. Satterlee, M. and Mrs. William Gorden Loew, Mr. and Mrs. Howard B. St. George, Mr. and Mrs. Paul G. Pennoyer, Mr. and Mrs. F. Bayard Rives, Mr. and Mrs. George B. Post Jr., Mr. and Mrs. James Cameron Clark, Mr. and Mrs. Edward T. Hunt Talmage, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Scribner Jr., Mr. and Mrs. Charles Reed, Mrs. Potter Hyde, Miss Sarah Schuyler Butler, Miss Adrienne Iselin, Miss Anna Alexandre, Caroline T. Talmage, Betty Franklin, Margaretta Delafield, Lydia Dadmun, Marian Willard, Emily Schniewind, Schuyler L. Parsons, Lawrence S. Butler, Anson A. Bigelow, A. Coster Schermerhorn, Charles Dana Draper and Abbot L. Moffat.

Miss Pillot's guests, in addition to Miss Dalziel and Mr. Vreeland, included the Misses Alexandra Dalziel, Jeanne A. Reynal, Frances C. McKeever, Isabelle Reed, Jean Potter, also Charles Shipman Payson, Harold Vreeland, Godfrey S. Rockefeller, Eliot Buffington, Randal MacDonald, John H. French Jr., James F. Vreeland, Lawrence Foster, Robert Carson 3d, Phillips R. Turnbull and John T. Robertson. The party later attended the dance given by Miss Brokaw.

Under the auspices of the Gardner School Alumnae Association a benefit dance and cabaret was held last night in the crystal room at the Ritz-Carlton for the Alice Chapin Adoption Nursery. Florence Walker and Leon Leitrim, in dances, accompanied by Paul Whiteman and his orchestra, opened the program. Marion Green and Miss Rosamond Walker Whiteside sang. Among the amateurs taking part in a musical skit directed by Mr. Green were the Misses Dorothy Spooner, Catherine Bull, Elizabeth Bull, Phoebe Guthrie, Kathleen Hughston, Ella Driver and Mrs. J. B. Stuart.

Miss Maude Ellinger is President of the association, and the patronesses included Mrs. Henry Spalding Schley, Mrs. Gilbert Pitcairn, Mrs. William Norris Hubbard, Mrs. Charles C. Irwin, Mrs. Charles T. Lansing, Mrs. Langhorne C. Hill, Mrs. Francis O. Dale, Mrs. Frank-lin P. Ferguson, Mrs. William Lanman Bull and Mrs. Stephen Ames.

Judge and Mrs. Alton Brooks Parker gave a dinner last night at the Ambassador. Their guests were former Governor and Mrs. Nathan L. Miller, Mr. and Mrs. Edwin Gould, Mr. and Mrs. David Hunter Miller and Mr. and Mrs. William R. Willcox. They will entertain a few young people tonight at the Saturday Supper Club, which will meet at the Ambassador, for Judge Parker's granddaughter, Miss Mary Hall.

Packer's Annual Prom.

The seventy-second graduating class of the Packer Collegiate Institute held its promenade last evening at the institute in Brooklyn. Among the girls dancing were:

The Misses Gladys Allison, Alice Alvarez, Harriet Babcock, Margaret Beatty,, Ingeborg Carlmark, Elizabeth Chase, Grace Circle, Irene Cleary, Margaret Covert, Eleanor Davis, Helen Disney, Corinth Dodd, Helen Ferguson, Catherine Gallagher, Marjorie Grimley, Betty Hart, Florence Heineman, Adele Howe, Emma Jones, Grace Koster, Marjorie Linn, Flora MacNaughton, Audrey Martin, Elizabeth Mears, Milly Milliken, Virginia Raynor, Irene Reynolds, Eleanore Richards, Helen Rose, Alma Schlecht, Eleanor Scholtz, Dorothy Schumerich, Joan Sefton, Emily Sherer, Jean Sherman, Harriet Tillinghast, Evelyn Tiscornia, Constance Travell, Emily Wolfley, Marbret Mason, Arietta Smith, Janet Ellis, Olga Narvaez, Muriel Wilkie, Helen Wigham, Charlotte Gray, Delphis King, and Ruth Carpenter.

Miss Guyol to Be Bride Today.

Miss Louise Patterson Guyol, daughter of Mrs. Julia Patterson Guyol of Concord, N. H., will be married this afternoon to Harold Holmes Owen, son of Mr. and Mrs. E. Scott Owen of Concord. The ceremony will take place at the Church of the Transfiguration, the Rev. Randolph Ray, rector of the church, officiating. Only near relatives and a few intimate friends will be present. The ceremony will be preceded by a luncheon at the Amherst Club of New York. Miss Guyol is the granddaughter of the late General Joab Nelson Patterson of Civil War fame. She was graduated from Smith College in the class of 1923, and is at present engaged in literary work in this city. Mr. Owen was graduated in 1921 from Amherst College. He is now a student at the Columbia School of Architecture.

Entertain at Theatre Party.

Mr. and Mrs. William Montague Geer Jr. of 48 West Ninth Street gave a party last night for Mrs. Geer's brother, F. Sreiton Farr, and his fiancée, Miss Louise A. Jackson, whose engagement was announced last week, taking their guests to the Globe Theatre to see the performance of "Stepping Stones." Others in the party were Mr. and Mrs. Bracford B. Locke, Mr. and Mrs. H. Barton Farr, Mrs. Charles Tyson, Mr. and Mrs. John Farr Jr., Miss Gertrude Geer, Mr. and Mrs. Bache McEvers Whitlock, Francis H. Geer and William Carson.

Benefit for Welfare League.

A performance for the benefit of the School Children's Welfare League will be given at the Selwyn Theatre on Sunday, March 9. The league was organized in 1914 for the free distribution of milk to undernourished children. Last year 200,000 quarts were distributed in thirty-seven public schools in Manhattan and the Bronx, and in addition 80,000 free midday luncheons were supplied in various public schools.

Luncheon to Mrs. Stimpson.

Mrs. F. Tracy Taylor of Overcliff House, Park Hill-on-Hudson, gave a luncheon yesterday for Mrs. Stimpson, President of Sorosis. Among the guests was Mrs. Mary Riley Smith, former President of the organization.

SOCIAL NOTES

New York.

Mr. and Mrs. Oliver Burr James and Mr. and Mrs. Henry Hill Anderson will give a joint dance tonight at 7 East Seventieth Street, the home of Dr. and Mrs. Walter B. James.

Mrs. J. Francis A. Clark has returned to her home at 1,014 Fifth Avenue after passing a fortnight at Wrentham House, her Newport villa.

Mr. and Mrs. Frederic R. Coudert will give a dinner tonight at 124 East Fifty-sixth Street for Frederic R. Coudert Jr. and his bride, who was Miss Mary Callery, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James D. Callery of Pittsburgh and Hot Springs, Va.

Miss Ellin Mackay, daughter of Clarence H. Mackay, went to Washington, D. C., yesterday to attend the marriage of her cousin, Miss Evelyn Wadsworth, daughter of Senator and Mrs. James W. Wadsworth, to W. Stuart Symington 3d, which takes place today.

Mrs. Vanderbilt will give a dinner on March 6.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Lawrence Riker are sailing today for Bermuda to remain six weeks.

Mrs. George Barton French, who has been seriously ill at Darena, her Summer home in Southampton, N. Y., is now convalescent, and for the first time since last September has been able to leave her room.

Mr. and Mrs. Philip A. S. Franklin and Miss Betty Franklin will sail next week on the Lapland to pass some time abroad.

Dr. Thomas S. Baker, President of Carnegie Institute of Technology, is at the Schuyler.

Mrs. George W. Vanderbilt is at the Ritz-Carlton, Atlantic City.

Mr. and Mrs. Stuart Duncan have returned from Washington to their apartment at Carlton House.

Mrs. Walter C. Witherbee and Miss Annie Witherbee of Ledgetop, Port Henry, N. Y., are at the Ritz-Carlton.

Miss Isabelle Kemp gave a luncheon at the Plaza yesterday for the bridesmaids of Miss Diana Dalziel, who is to be married today. Miss Kemp is one of the bridesmaids.

Mr. and Mrs. George B. Agnew left yesterday for a three weeks' trip to California.

Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Van R. Stires and their infant daughter, Louise Homer Stires, have been visiting Mr. Stires's grandmother, Mrs. George Washington Hardwick, at Augusta, Ga.

Mrs. Howard Chandler Robbins, wife of the dean of the Cathedral of St. John the Divine, will arrive home today from a trip to Florida.

Mrs. William Phillips, wife of the recently appointed Ambassador to Belgium, who has been at the Ambassador, has returned to Washington.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Philippe von Hemert are sailing today on the Olympic for Paris.

Miss Eleanor Pettinos, who has been at the Plaza all winter with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Charles E. Pettinos, will leave next Tuesday for a cruise in the Mediteranian with Miss Margaretta Delafield and her mother, Mrs. Edward C. Delafield.

Miss Elisabeth Marbury and Miss Elsie de Wolfe have discontinued their Sunday afternoon receptions for the season. Miss de Wolfe returns from Palm Beach on Monday and will sail for Europe the end of this month.

NEWSPAPERS IN STONE.

Find Copies of New York Times in Church Cornerpiece.

In tearing down St. Chrysostom's Church at Thirty-ninth Street and Seventh Avenue, workmen yesterday removed the cornerstone and found buried in it a small lead box containing a Bible, a prayer book, a convention journal of the diocese, canons of the church and copies of THE NEW YORK TIMES and The New York World, dated Oct. 28, 1868.

The issue of THE TIMES presents an interesting contrast to that of today. There are virtually no headlines, the news being classified under States, localities and cities. The foreign news is described as having been brought via the steamship City of Boston from the European correspondents.

The box was taken to the Trinity Parish house at 187 Fulton Street, where it will be placed in a vault.

LATER HOURS AT SMITH.

10 P. M. Rule Is Abrogated in Two Weeks' Honor Test.

NORTHAMPTON, Mass., Feb. 29.—Smith College students, hitherto required to be quietly in their own rooms at 10 o'clock, are to be allowed greater freedom, according to a new experimental rule announced today by Elizabeth S. Hazen, President of the Student Government Association.

The experiment, effective for two weeks allows the girls to be out of their rooms after 10 o'clock, but stipulates that "absolute quiet must be maintained." The new rule makes each student responsible not only for herself, but for the whole dormitory, and is a more stringent application of the honor system.

E. R. Turner Joins Yale Faculty.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Feb. 29.—The appointment of Edward Raymond Turner, Professor of European History at the University of Michigan, to a Professorship in English history at Yale University is announced by the University Secretary. He has been assigned to the Faculty of Yale College. He is a member of the American Historical Association, the Royal Historical Society and Phi Beta Kappa. In 1910 he was the winner of the Justin Windsor prize of the American Historical Association.

Gives Dance for Miss Gibbons.

Mrs. Herbert Adams Gibbons gave a small dance at her home in Princeton last night for her daughter, Miss Christine Este Gibbons, and her house guests, including Miss Beatrice Gaylord Wistar of Philadelphia, Miss Katherine Elkus of New York, Miss Emily Farrell of Easton, Pa., and Miss Margaret Oliphant of Montclair, N. J.

Paul Reimers In Private Recital.

Paul Reimers gave the first of a series of recitals in private homes yesterday afternoon at the residence of Mrs. Orme Wilson, 3 East Sixty-fourth Street. His second recital will be given at the home of Mrs. A. Ronald Tree, 7 East Ninety-sixth Street, on March 20.

Handicraft Salon Tomorrow.

The third Sunday reception of the Unique Book and Handicraft Salon will be held at the Astor tomorrow. Mrs. Alfred C. Corbin will act as hostess, and there will be music by Miss Lilla Kalman. Miss Flora Adler and Miss Olga Corbin. Arthur Stringer will speak on "The Deadly Americanism—Slang."

Makes Wilson's Birthday a Holiday.

COLUMBIA, S. C., Feb. 29.—Woodrow Wilson's birthday, Dec. 28, will be an annual holiday in South Carolina under a joint resolution of the General Assembly, which has gone to Governor McLeod for his signature. The measure, which originated in the House, was adopted last night by the Senate.

Barnard Juniors In Play.

"Even Odds," a musical comedy given by the junior class of Barnard College, had a successful première last night at Brinckerhoff Theatre, and will be repeated this afternoon and tonight. The authors are Margaret Meloch of Jersey City and Marian Pinkussohn of Savannah, Ga. The performance was coached by Mary V. Benjamin.

3,500 LEAVE PORT ON 13 STEAMSHIPS

Europe, Asia, Africa, South America and the Tropics Are Objectives of Winter Exodus.

OLYMPIC CARRIES BIG LIST

Royalty, Finance, Society and the Theatrical World Represented on White Star Liner.

Thirteen steamships will leave port today with 3,500 passengers, bound for Europe, Egypt, Palestine, Northern Africa, South and Central America, West Indies, Panama and Bermuda. Among the 650 in the first cabin of the Olympic for Cherbourg and Southampton are Prince Viggo of Denmark, Count Moltke, Sir Arthur Duckham, Count Anton Sigray and Countess Sigray, Sir Douglas Alexander, Lord Cullen of Ashbourne and Lady Cullen, Countess Mildred Holnstein, Lady Isobel Kirkpatrick, Colonel W. A. Bishop, V. C., D. S. O.; Lady Queenborough, Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Anson and Miss Audrey Emery, Countess Otto Salm, and Mrs. Florence St. George of London. From the theatrical world are A. H. Woods, Mr. and Mrs. Arch Selwyn, Edward Knoblock and Charles B. Cochran.

Others on the Olympic are W. P. G. Harding, Dr. Edwin Beer, Dr. George E. Vincent, Mrs. Reginald de Koven, Dr. A. S. W. Rosenbach, Percival W. Clement and Miss Elizabeth Clement, and Colonel J. J. Phelan.

Olympic passengers prominent in the financial and business world are Samuel McRoberts, Hugh J. Chisholm, Fred G. Gruen, Louis Sherry, Geoffrey Duveen, Armond Dessoer, L. W. Lendrum, E. H. Schniewind, Guy H. Mason, William T. Hume, Le Baron Willard, George Murnane, Leo von Passevant, Julian Allen and Joseph F. Cullman Jr.

Society Well Represented.

Well known in society here are Mrs. Percival S. Hill, Mrs. Anson W. Burchard, H. Durant Cheever, Mr. and Mrs. Henry C. Clark, Miss Marion deF. Clark, Miss Margaret Clark, Miss H. C. H. Clark, Mrs. William Pierson Hamilton, F. R. Hitchcock, Mr. and Mrs. Adolf J. Pavenstadt, Mrs. Charles A. Spofford, Reginald Ronalds, Mr. and Mrs. John T. Terry, Roderick Terry Jr., Mr. and Mrs. Charles Tiffany, Ronald Tree, Mrs. Owen D. Young, Mrs. Edward J. Barber, Dr. and Mrs. Angus McDonald Frantz, Mrs. C. F. Cowdin, James L. Sumter, Mrs. Tarn McGrew, Deane Percival, James F. Curtis, Harrison Williams, Miss Ruth Byers, Mrs. Melville Chapman, Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Hathaway, Juliet Hubbard, Mrs. Walter F. Metcalf, Miss Mary Parsons and Mrs. R. F. McDonald.

Some of the prominent passengers sailing today on the President Harding of the United States Lines for Plymouth, Cherbourg and Brement are Mme. Johanna Gadski-Tauscher, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph M. Bayo, Mr. and Mrs. S. C. Brady, Miss Jessie Bayes, Mr. and Mrs. Alberto E. Calderon and two children, Albert E. Daus, H. W. Elsfelder, Mrs. Yetta Finsie, C. A. Geppert, J. Hamscher, Mrs. Ruth Kaiser and Miss Marion Kaiser, S. J. Lawer, S. Meadows, Miss Anna F. Nugent, Emil Rilk and Mrs. Rilk, Alfred Sidenberg, Mortimer Wolford, Mr. and Mrs. W. Jesse Lee and W. Bishop Jr. of Detroit, J. R. Bockman of San Francisco, Mr. and Mrs. C. Brady of Washington, D. C.; Mrs. Consuelo de Granelo of Chicago; Mrs. Bertha Keuffel of Hoboken, N. J.; Charles Perrin of Philadelphia.

The list of those sailing today for Havre on the French liner Savoie includes Mrs. E. L. Anderson, Dr. and Mrs. A. B. Applebee, Miss L. Applebee, Mrs. L. E. Bray, James J. Burr, Miss Helen Condon, Miss B. Carter, Mrs. R. M. Cumings, Miss Lucile Curtiss, Mrs. William Dobie, F. D. H. Eaton, Miss August Fleming, Paul E. Foss, Mr. and Mrs. George C. Gardner, Edward Greenshield, Miss S. H. Hanson, W. M. Jeanes, Miss C. King, James Keating, J. M. Miller, R. L. C. Mallet, Miss Janes F. Moss, C. C. Patterson, Dr. Edward L. Russell, E. J. Sargeant, Miss N. A. Sinclair, Miss Sinclair, Miss Alice Thorp, G. Thomas, Miss H. Travers and Miss H. G. Wilder.

Sailing on the Antonia.

Passengers on the Cunard liner Antonia today for Plymouth, Cherbourg and London, include Captain and Mrs. A. Howe, George E. Green, Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Arnold, Adjutant and Mrs. L. Smith, Richard Czinner, Major and Mrs. D. C. Glover, Miss Chester Purington, Major C. B. Wheeler, Mr. and Mrs. William Osborn, the Rev. Carl B. Kazel, Miss Elizabeth P. Kirby, Mr. and Mrs. J. Henry Harper Jr., Miss E. A. McC. Gamble, Miss Grace S. Arthur, Mr. and Mrs. Waldo Warner, Colonel J. E. Smithan, Miss Fannie Ross, Mrs. L. C. Berry, Thomas Poueire.

The Athenia of the Anchor Line leaving for Queenstown and Liverpool today will have among her passengers J. D. Sadler, Mrs. Mary C. Henry, Mr. and Mrs. Gilbert Craven, M. G. Wesselo, Edward M. Weld, Mr. and Mrs. David McMurray, Mrs. A. Van Pragh, Mrs. Gilman Walker, Harry Tudor, Mrs. E. Mitchell, James H. Dick, Mrs. E. J. Harrington, Harold S. MacLaine, Miss Della Walsh, Mr. and Mrs. David Marshall.

Sailing on the Anchor liner Columbia for Londonderry and Glasgow today will be Lady Burness Miss Evelyn Bell, Mrs. J. S. Scott, Miss Annie M. McLochlan, Captain and Mrs. A. Fairlong, William Rabb, Miss Janet Munro, Miss Jean W. Ross, Rena Roderick Gillies, Charles Burton, Miss Helen Murray, Miss Isabel McDougall, Mrs. James Husband, Miss Irvena Husband, Robin Balfour, Mrs. B. Carstairs, Miss Christianla Armstrong, Mrs. Jessie R. Eastwood, Bernard Travers.

Among the passengers sailing tomorrow on the North German Lloyd liner Stuttgart for Bremen are Mr. and Mrs. Max von Schilling, Heinhold Pasch, Dr. W. Briggs, Professor Foettinger, Eberhard Frowein, Mrs. Frowein, Gerd C. Heye, Mr. and Mrs. E. G. Hothorn, Richard von Donner, Mrs. Paula Jaffe; Dr. Martin, Chicago, Ill.; Heinrich Ruhstrat, Mr. and Mrs. Stahl, Dr. Carl Trensen, Dr. Arthur Paetzold, Dr. T. Warnia von Zarzaki, Friedrich Ruoff, George Mowat, Miss C. E. Glosque, Helmuth Bueckle, Harold Fischer-Schlerholz, Leo Forschheimer, Simon Frank, Augustus W. Friess, Ed Meyer-Glitze, Heinrich Goldschmidt, Charles Huesgen, Eugene Menzer, Peter J. Michels, Mrs. Michels, Oscar Sinrim, Mrs. Frieda Boeckeler, Mrs. Martha Buder, John Gehl, Mrs. Johanna Grube, Helmuth Heitz, Mrs. Sarah Kocis, Karl Kostner and Mrs. Paula Kostner, Paul Ott, William Paul, August Spelker, Mrs. Louise Steuber, Max Stossmeister and Mrs. Katherine White.

Bound for South America.

Sailing for South America today on the Pan America of the Munson Line are John Konz, C. E. Lucke, Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Goss, Thomas Haley, James A. Carddock, Julius F. Kuthlow, Edward Richette, Mrs. Johana Gustavis, Lesmoir R. Bliss, Mr. and Mrs. G. T. S. Milne, H. C. Brockser, Silvio Gaguire, Mr. and Mrs. E. Rose, Harry L. Derby, Martin Cantine, W. Jesse S. J. Fraser, Miss A. M. Parker, Edwin S. Morgan, Mrs. J. A. Riburo and child, Mr. and Mrs. Robert L. Hallett, Miss Frances Hallett, Mr. and Mrs. Claude Boudine, Albert E. Ford, Alexander G. Dibbs, H. M. Soat, W. E. Mahoney, Dr. Fred C. Smith, Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Sauerbrur and child, Louis Westphoel, Mr. and Mrs. Ludwig Asmussen, Mr. and Mrs. R. L. Hallett and son, Mrs. Elizabeth Lambert and son, Mr. and Mrs. Kamel Arido, Mr. and Mrs. George Baldwell, E. E. Watson, Mrs. Edith B. Coburn, Thomas Del Rio, Charles Coachman, P. West and W. E. Simms.

The list of passengers sailing today for Cuba, Canal Zone and Costa Rica on the United Fruit steamer Pastores includes Mr. and Mrs. T. F. Armstrong, Mr. and Mrs. A. Baker, Mr. and Mrs. James Beury, Miss G. Bladgon, Mrs. Bosell, Mr. and Mrs. M. B. Brainard, Miss D.Brault, Mr. and Mrs. J. I. Bruce, Mr. and Mrs. A. D. Burlinganer, Mrs. H. H. Butler, W. E. Butler, Mr. and Mrs. L. H. Casler, Mrs. W. Chisholm, Mr. and Mrs. R. Clark, Mr. and Mrs. F. L. Clark, Miss J. B. Converse, Mr. and Mrs. D. S. Cowles, P. Cunningham, Mrs. H. R. Dewey, Mr. and Mrs. N. P. Dominick, Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Eddy, Mr. and Mrs. L. H. Elliott, Miss E. L. Ely, Mr. and Mrs. A. R. Evans, Mr. and Mrs. E. Finkleberg, Mrs. A. B. Forbes, S. P. Francis, Mr. and Mrs. Cutler J. Fuller, Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Fullerton, Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Gulbert and Mrs. Gulick.

The following have booked passage on the Arcadian of the Royal Mail Line, which sails today for Bermuda: Mr. and Mrs. Anthony Paterno, F. T. Ackarman, Mr. and Mrs. E. D. Kingsley, F. M. Avery, Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Bowers, Mr. and Mrs. L. E. Chamberlain, Senator and Mrs. F. S. Goodwin, Mr. and Mrs. S. P. Haight, Mr. and Mrs. F. L. Gould, Mr. and Mrs. H. G. Hyde, T. V. Swift, Mrs. W. J. Warburton, Mr. and Mrs. G. F. Thompson, Dr. and Mrs. R. D. Grimmer, Dr. and Mrs. H. H. Gile, Mrs. H. B. Gould, Miss C. A. Gould, Mr. and Mrs. M. A. Hogan, Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Searles, W. T. Palmer, Mr. and Mrs. F. F. Brewster, Mr. and Mrs. W. I. Landis, R. R. Atterbury, Mr. and Mrs. J. L. V. Bonney, Mrs. Bonney, Mr. and Mrs. L. De Forest, Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Campbell, Mr. and Mrs. J. Bradstreet, Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Cardoza, John V. McDonnell, Dr. and Mrs. F. H. Lasher, Miss Anna Lee, Mr. and Mrs. H. P. Madeira, Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Mauser, Mr. and Mrs. B. K. Rankin and Mr. and Mrs. I. Robeson.

Going to Valparaiso.

The Ebro of the Pacific Line sails today for Havana and Valparaiso with a large list of passengers and tourists, including Foxhall Keene, J. G. Nicholson, H. N. Nicholson, Hans Rappolt, Mr. and Mrs. A. Hyatt Verrill, Mr. and Mrs. C. G. Watt, Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Blackwood, Trevor Bell, Warren Thorpe, Mr. and Mrs. Louis B. Jameson, A. W. Hecker, H. C. Houghton, Mrs. Mary L. Millard, Edward C. Delafield, the Rev. E. J. Donnelly, C. O. Crum, Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Orr, Mr. P. Harley, Miss Julia Montage, Mr. and Mrs. Alexander J. MacGregor, W. P. Zinn, Dr. George F. Whiting, Miss M. L. Stark, Henry Philbin, Mr. and Mrs. Jacquen Hauscher, A. Van Der Mije, W. F. Stanton, Miss Betty Turner, W. C. Anderson, A. G. Wilson, H. MacNair Kahler, W. A. Eadie, James C. King, L. E. La Grand and F. K. M. Hunter.

Among the passengers sailing today on the Porto Rico on the Porto Rico Line are Mr. and Mrs. H. Wicks, Herman Vander Linde, Mr. and Mrs. L. A. Murray, Mr. and Mrs. P. V. A. Brett, Dr. and Mrs. George Lenz, George T. Stenecker, Mr. and Mrs. R. W. Dobisky, Mrs. Irving D. Phillips, Mrs. Milton H. Phillips, Frank Jessup, Mrs. Frank F. Jessup, James Palmer, Dr. and Mrs. E. Emerson, Mrs. A. E. Jelley, Miss Mary McEvoy, A. C. Calhoun, Mrs. Ward, F. R. Kisor, Miss R. V. Baldwin, Frank Camp, Oscar Willigerod, Mrs. Oscar A. Woodruff, Mrs. William Pinkney, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Gans, Miss Marjorie Gans, Mr. and Mrs. F. T. Jackson, Miss Jackson, Mr. and Mrs. E. Stevens, Dr. H. H. Howard, B. Sanderson, Mr. and Mrs. T. B. Lawler, H. C. House, Miss Edith House, S. Crawford Jr., R. W. Chrystie, Miss Cornelia Williams, Mrs. E. H. Williams, Charles G. Bancroft, George A. Bancroft, Mr. and Mrs. A. L. Duggan, George V. Rumage, Robert C. Muhr and Mr. and Mrs. S. W. Levine.

Among the passengers sailing today for Bermuda on the Fort St. George of the Furness Bermuda Line are: Mrs. H. Truesdale, W. S. Sterns, Mrs. E. T. H. Talmadge, Mrs. P. K. Rhinelander, Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Wall, John W. Thomas, Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Kent of Boston, Dr. and Mrs. Carl Beck of Boston, George W. Greer of Montreal and Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Whitman of Philadelphia.

Back from the Mediterranean.

Among the passengers who arrived yesterday from Alexandria, Naples and Monaco on the Red Star liner Lapland were Mr. and Mrs. J. Allard, Mr. and Mrs. B. Borie, Miss M. Coles, J. P. Dering, Mr. and Mrs. D. B. Forbush, Dr. Harry A. and Mrs. Garfield, Mrs. Floyd Harris, Miss M. V. Harris, Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Jefferies, Mr. and Mrs. D. M. Kenyon, Karl Kitchen, Mr. and Mrs. Albert Leon, F. W. Peters, Mrs. Jesse T. Nalle, Dr. John H. Quale, Miss Alice L. Quale, Mr. and Mrs. D. C. Reed, Miss G. B. Richmond, Miss F. Sharpe, Dr. Daniel Sullivan, Miss Evangeline Sullivan, Hugh Sutherland, Miss A. Tennant and Miss F. Sharpe.

GEST WILL PRESENT NEW FAIRBANKS FILM

To Give Premiere Here on March 17 and Later Show It in Russia in a Tent.

Morris Gest, whose last achievement was the production of "The Miracle," announced yesterday that he had entered the motion picture field. He has accepted Douglas Fairbanks's invitation to assume the direction of the presentation of "The Thief of Bagdad," a film of the fantasy and mystery of the Orient.

At the time the announcement was made, at Mr. Gest's offices in the Princess Theatre Building, Douglas Fairbanks, his brother Robert, and one or two other friends were present. Mr. Fairbanks declared that Mr. Gest had no equal in presenting artistic entertainment to the public. Mr. Fairbanks worked fourteen months on the picture.

"I have long admired Mr. Fairbanks as an artist on the screen and stage," said Mr. Gest, "and it is because of the high artistic value of his production, as well as my long friendship for him, that I have undertaken this project.

"For years I have been importing European art to America. Now I will present to Europe this great triumph of American art. 'The Thief of Bagdad,' which is to have its world's premiere on March 17 at the Liberty Theatre here. Later it will be given in other cities, and in cases where it is impossible to find a theatre large enough to accommodate the crowds I plan to present it in a tent, capable of holding 15,000 persons for a single presentation, the whole production going with special train. I will thereby reach great crowds which an ordinary theatre cannot hold.

"This is especially true in Russia, where they have hardly any theatres, and where I will present the Fairbanks film in an American tent in Moscow and other big cities. These presentations will follow those in London and Paris."

CHORUS MUST WEAR MORE.

Chicago Mayor's Committee Makes Report on White's "Scandals."

CHICAGO, Feb. 29.—More clothing for some of the girls in George White's "Scandals" production was ordered today by Chief of Police Collins as a result of the first report of Mayor Dever's Advisory Committee appointed recently at the instigation of a Church Federation committee.

The committee reported today that a "doll chorus" required more clothing from the waistline up, that certain "living statues" should change their postures; that the "Sapphire Girl" should wear more sapphires; recommended the elimination of a part of a "looking glass" scene and decreed at least tights for certain living models.

John Valentine Sings.

John Valentine, tenor, at his Aeolian Hall matinee yesterday, was assisted by Walter Golde in Handel's "Largo" and an air from Mozart's "Don Giovanni," among grouped songs in four languages. Of his French texts, one was by the English composer Goossens, and another by Mme. Foldowski, whose "Dansons la Gigue" was followed by the waltz of Arensky. Mr. Valentine sang unevenly, changing tone quality with volume, but using a lyric voice with most graceful effect in a light encore on recall.

Flora Negri Wins Favor.

Flora Negri, soprano, won the favor of her first audience at Aeolian Hall last evening by natural beauty of person and voice, notably in the Nile scene air from "Aida," introduced midway in her program. She sang modern Italian and French lyrics, classic German Lieder and songs in Russian. A group by American composers included Pearl Curran, Ruth Rappaport, Robert H. Terry, A. Walter Kramer and one in manuscript by Horace Johnson. Nina Massell assisted at the piano.

PRINCE IS WED HERE IN SPEEDY ROMANCE

Love Began in January, When He Saw His Future Wife's Picture in Spain.

CROSSED SEA TO WOO HER

Met Bride in Boston Convent and Won Her in a Few Days—He Is 22, She 20.

José Ramon de Bobadilla, nephew of the Duke of Solferino and Prince Pignatelli d'Aragon, an Italian title, married Marchesa Josefina Carvajal y Refecas, a member of an ancient Spanish-Cuban family, on Thursday afternoon at the Church of the Good Shepherd, it became known yesterday. The bridegroom is 22, the bride 20 years old.

The Prince wooed and won his wife, who was in a Boston convent, after a courtship of a few days. The romance of their marriage dates back to a day in Madrid in January of this year. The Spanish-Italian nobleman was then in the house of his wife's cousin, Señor de Alferas. He saw there the picture of a girl.

"Who is that?" Señor de Bobadilla asked his friend, and when he had been told he offered the comment that she was a very beautiful woman. Shortly afterward his friend proposed a visit to this country. Señor de Bobadilla, as he confessed yesterday, then proceeded to carry out the intention he had formed of marrying the original of the photograph.

He went to Boston and his ardent courtship proved successful. The marriage license was issued on Feb. 21 from the Marriage License Bureau in the Municipal Building here, but it was not until some days later that the final arrangements for the ceremony could be completed. Then Princess de Bourbon and Vicomte and Vicomtesse di Frise were summoned to witness the hurried wedding.

By a coincidence the bridegroom received news that on the day of his marriage his castle in Northern Spain had collapsed from a minor earthquake. He sent a laconic cable to his agent in Spain, ordering him to have it rebuilt with fitting splendor for its new mistress.

Meanwhile the young couple are leaving their apartments at the Ritz-Carlton Hotel today for a honeymoon at Monte Carlo.

"It is all so delightfully unconventional," the Marchesa said yesterday. "In Spain there would have been a great deal of rigorous formality, but here everything went off without trouble. My husband was so quick that I have not got my wedgement ring, but it will be ready for me when I sail on the Olympic today."

MISS MABEL BURTON WED.

Becomes Bride of John Moore Wallace at St. Thomas's.

The marriage of Miss Mabel Barker Burton, daughter of Mrs. Charles D. Donahue of 33 West Fifty-sixth Street, to John Moore Wallace, son of Mrs. Peters Wallace of Cincinnati, took place yesterday afternoon in St. Thomas's Church. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Mr. Wilbur L. Caswell and was followed by a reception at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Donahue.

The bride, who was escorted by her stepfather, Charles D. Donahue, had Miss Anne C. Judson as maid of honor, and her bridesmaids were the Misses Marion Hopkins, Ann Kieserwette, Mathilde Fowler and Claire Schenck. Virginia Ehret and Jule Evelyn Donahue were flower girls. Charleton Wallace Jr. acted as his brother's best man. The ushers were Clinton Gray, Robert Coleman, Ludwig Moorehead, Frederic Phillips, Robert Winkler and Russell Sherman. Following their wedding trip, Mr. and Mrs. Wallace will make their home in Cincinnati.

TRIANGLE REVUE TONIGHT.

Princeton Players to Appear Before Pall Mall Supper Club.

Several numbers from the Princeton Triangle Club revue will be presented at the meeting tonight of the Pall Mall Supper Club at the Lorraine. Wallace Smith, President of the Triangle Club, will be in charge of the entertainment, and Miss Ada Heinze is chairman of the committee of the Supper Club. Miss Zella Lentilhon Crook is chairman of the Débutante Committee.

Among those on the Supper Club committee are Mrs. Bruce Falconer, Mrs. Leonard Cox, Mrs. Robert Wetmore, Mrs. Julian Potter, Lady Sackville-West, Mrs. J. Wilmer Biddle, Mrs. Albert Sterner, Mrs. Arthur Ryle, Mrs. Jonathan T. Lanman, Mrs. Reginald Hiscoe, Mrs. James Henry McCoon, Mrs. William A. Hamilton, Mrs. David Banks and Mrs. M. Lentilhon Crook.

An amateur fashion show arranged by The Younger Set in connection with the meeting of the Saturday Supper Club at the Ambassador tonight will be directed by Mrs. Alvin Devereux, Mrs. Wisner H. Miller, Mrs. E. S. Sherman, Mrs. Fenton Taylor, Miss Glory Thomas and Miss Clarissa Stern. Among those who will act as mannequins are the Misses Grace P. Hendrick, Constance Banks, Helen Bronson, Harriet Camac, Constance Delaney, Marjorie Hughes, Prudence Hussey and Catharine Okie.

Prince Viggo to Sail Today.

Prince Viggo and his fiancée, Miss Eleanor M. Green, attended the opera last night for the first performance here of "Le Roi de Lahore." They were the guests of Mrs. Frederick Pearson, with whom they had dined previously. They were with their hostess in Box 2, the other guests being Mrs. J. Sergeant Cram, who is a cousin of Miss Green; Pennington Pearson, George Ledlie and Jean Beyer, Financial Attaché of the French Embassy. This is Prince Viggo's last appearance in New York for some time, as he is sailing today on the Olymp

ASSOCIATED PRESS MOVES TOMORROW

New Quarters at 383 Madison Avenue to Give It Nearly Twice Present Space.

BUSINESS MUCH INCREASED

One Cause of This Is Establishment of News Service to South America.

To get larger quarters necessary because of the expansion of its business, The Associated Press will move its New York office tomorrow from the Emigrant Savings Bank Building, 51 Chambers Street, to 383 Madison Avenue. Business at the present office, which The Associated Press has occupied for the last ten years, will end at 8 o'clock in the morning and will be resumed at the same hour at the new office. The trunk line telegraph wires of The Associated Press, which are always open, will be switched to loops running into the new quarters at that moment. It is not expected that there will be even the slightest interruption of service.

Edward McKernon, the Associated Press New York superintendent, said that there had been a great increase in the business of the office, due largely to increase in membership in The Associated Press, but partly to the development of its business and the addition of a South and Central American service. He said the membership of The Associated Press had practically doubled in the last few years and that this threw an increased amount of work on the New York office.

Found Us Misunderstood.

"The establishment of a South and Central American service is perhaps the most interesting development of the business," Mr. McKernon said. "A few years ago, I visited the States of South and Central America and to my surprise found their people, from President to peon, hostile to the United States. I wondered at this until I determined the cause. They hated us because they had a perverted view of us, due largely to the fact that they received their news of the United States chiefly from a foreign news agency, supplemented by an occasional despatch from goodness knows where, but designed seemingly to misrepresent our Government and its state theirs. I read in a leading South American journal what purported to be a dispatch from Washington. It set forth that Congress was greatly perturbed because the Secretary of the Treasury had reported a deficit in the National Treasury of $50,000. To meet the deficit Congress was represented as contemplating selling a part of the United States and abolishing the office of Vice President as a means of permanent retrenchment.

"Obviously, the sure way to bring about understanding and accord between the two continents and avoid petty frictions was to have the Latin Americans receive the news of the United States from the United States. We have elected forty-six Central and South American newspapers to membership in The Associated Press and now we are sending them 3,500 words a day over an All-American cable circuit of 7,452 miles.

Outdoes Diplomacy.

"They look to us not only for American news but for news of the world. I expect that this news connection will do more in ten years than diplomacy has accomplished in a century to assure peace in the Western Hemisphere."

Mr. McKernon explained that the establishment of this South and Central American service has meant the establishment of a new department in the New York office. Extension of the financial service, the sports service and the mail service, which is supplemental to the regular telegraph news service, also required additional office space, he said.

In its new quarters at 383 Madison Avenue, The Associated Press will occupy the entire sixth floor, or about 22,000 square feet of floor space, nearly double that of its present office. There will be twenty telegraph circuits, many of them double, running into the new office, and fourteen telegraph printing machines. The installation of the printing machines requires delicate adjustments, but it is expected that these can be made from the time that service by them is stopped at 4 o'clock Sunday morning until 6 o'clock Sunday evening, when service by them is resumed.

Sale of Rare Furniture.

The first of two sales of English furniture of the Tudor Georgian period, the property of Benjamin Benguist, with Oriental rugs, needlework, velvets and brocades, Italian, French and English, was held yesterday at the American Art Galleries. A total of $15,183.50 was paid for 233 items.

CALL FOR RECRUITS IN FIELD ARTILLERY

Drive of the 104th, 27th Division, N. Y. N. G., Starts Today With Parade to Times Square.

OFFER MANY INDUCEMENTS

Band Will Lead March From Armory—Need 381 More Men and 11 Officers.

With a parade of a composite battery of four of the French .75 guns which the regiment used in France, the 104th Field Artillery of the Twenty-seventh Division, New York National Guard, will begin its recruiting drive in Times Square shortly after noon today. About 300 men are needed in the 104th to bring it up to authorized strength, and every effort will be made within the next few weeks to enroll these men before the opening of the Spring training season.

Picked men from the various batteries composing the 104th will man the guns when they pull out of the armory at Sixty-seventh Street and Broadway today. With them will be a band under the leadership of George Olsen of "Kid Boots" at the Earl Carroll Theatre. Most of the members of the band are ex-service men from the West. They will be dressed in their old service uniforms. An address will be made in Times Square by Captain Eugene Cray of the Headquarters Battery of the 104th. Recruits will be signed during the parade and any evening at the regimental armory.

"Weekly drills, schools for aspiring non-commissioned officers, a two-weeks' Summer encampment, probably this year at Montauk Point; plenty of horseback riding, complete outfits of uniforms and equipment and association in an organization that has an enviable war record are all included in membership in the 104th," Colonel Austin said. "The men are paid for attendance at drills and the monthly dues are merely nominal. Frequent social functions are held and the armory offers all the facilities of a well organized club."

The present strength of the regiment is forty-four officers, one warrant officer and 707 enlisted men. The officers are authorized to recruit up to fifty-five officers and 1,088 enlisted men.

LOST AND FOUND

Advertisements for tomorrow received until midnight. Bryant 1000.

LOST.

BAG—Lost, in taxi Monday evening, cowhide over-night bag. Gold initials S. E. H. Liberal reward. Melvin R. Horton, Peekskill, N. Y.

BAG, black moire, money, keys; removable bridge, valuable only to owner, Broadway and 72d Wednesday; reward. Dr. Blattstein, 200 West 59th.

BILLFOLD — Thursday evening, between Rivoli Theatre and 132 East 45th; reward. P. E. Turner, Murray Hill 8700.

BOOKS found in auto 1177359, containing list of names of no use to finder, but necessary to charitable organization; be generous and mail them back to Yeshivah, Rabbi Akibah Elger, 9 Montgomery St.

CERTIFICATE lost; two shares Pacific Oil certificate 78246, in the name of Mlle. Helena Chiqueta; transfer has been stopped; parties cautioned against negotiating this certificate. If found notify Tucker, Anthony & Co., 60 Broadway, N. Y. C.

DOCUMENT—The will of Alvin Neumann, deceased; reward; finder return to Henry Frank, 2 Rector St., New York.

EYE GLASSES, silver case; very liberal reward. Franklin 5610.

HANDBAG, leather, lost between 50th and 52d Sts., 6th Av., Wednesday; reward. K. Ketchum, 25 West 52d.

PURSE containing commutation, &c., 5th Av., 42d-37th; reward. Far Rockaway 4355.

SUIT CASE—Lost on Friday evening, Feb. 22, ladies' black leather, conaining pig skin jewel case, containing platinum diamond Tiffany rectangular wrist watch, Case No. 28715, Scratch No. 1699; platinum diamond bracelet, white enamel bracelet with onyx and diamond locket; platinum ring set with sapphire and three diamonds on side; liberal reward. Room 442, 17 West 42d St.

WALLET containing money and valuable papers, in vicinity of 42d St. and 5th Av.; reward. J. G. Young, 12 East 44th St.

$40, by working woman, Madison or 5th Av., between 40th-42d Sts.; reward. Plaza 7036.

Jewelry.

BARPIN, diamond and sapphire, Thursday, Feb. 28, either in Belmont Hotel, Schrafft's 42d St. store, near Madison, or Grand Central Station or on street between. Finder return to cashier, Belmont Hotel, and receive reward.

BAR PIN, opals set in silver, lost Thursday night, between 66th St. subway and 112th St. Reward return to 58 Central Park West.

BRACELET, antique, gold, with small diamond centre; valued as a keepsake; lost at Commodore Hotel Kracke dinner; reward. E. F. Stephens, 39 Stephens Court, Brooklyn.

BROOCH, gold, diamonds, set in platinum, shape of a lizard, about 3½ inches, ruby eyes, Thursday, between 375 Park Av. and Pelham Manor via subway and Boston & Westchester Railroad; reward. Phone Plaza 2448.

CUFF LINK, heavy gold, lost in subway or between downtown and East 63d St. Phone Broad 5160, Mr. Drouillard.

DIAMOND STONE, lost from solitaire ring, between 5th Av., 36th St. and Alamac Hotel; hours 6 and 8 P. M.; liberal reward. Room 1218 Alamac Hotel.

LEATHER CASES (2), containing 63 platinum and diamond rings; liberal reward. B 332 Times.

LORGNETTE, gold, green and gold antique chain, Carnegie Hall to East 35th St., Thursday afternoon; reward. Caledonia 2654.

MESH BAG, gold, containing vanity, powder box, lost in vicinity 88th St. and West End Av.; $10 reward. Please return Rosenberg, 875 West End Av.

PEARLS, string, lost probably on 5th Av., between 42d-59th, Friday. Finder return Belmont Hotel, receive reward.

RING—Gold, nineteen-diamond cluster, platinum setting, between Scarsdale and Grand Central, 8:45 morning train, Saturday, Feb. 23; reward. Phone Scarsdale 575.

RING—Party who found diamond dinner ring in Lord & Taylor's ladies' room Thursday please return and receive grateful reward. Y 2349 Times Annex.

RING, Eastern Star emblem, between Hotel Albert and 59th St.; $5 reward. Barclay 9826.

SUITCASE-BAG from automobile, 23d and 6th Av., Friday; $20 reward. B. Schapiro, 53 Bible House, Astor Place.

WATCH, round, gold with gray band, south side Gramercy Park, Friday afternoon; finder please telephone Gramercy 3451.

WRIST WATCH, white gold, between Broadway, Liberty and Chambers Sts. or Stanley's Restaurant; reward. Tel. Rector 1647.

$300 REWARD

for return of diamond and platinum ring, lost Feb. 29 between 51st St. and Wall St.; no questions asked. Raymond C. Yard, Inc., 297 5th Av.

Wearing Apparel.

COATS—Two men's raccoon coats, Saturday evening, at Rosemary Hall Subscription Dance; reward for any information leading to their return. 81 East 62d St.

NECKPIECE, marten, between 96th and 5th Av. and Carnegie Hall, Thursday; reward. Wells, Morningside 8905.

SCARF, black caracul fur, in or near Brooklyn Academy of Music evening of Feb. 26; suitable reward. Mrs. William Borden, 182 West 58th St.

FOUND.

MONEY—Found Thursday in Yorkville above 86th St., envelope with sum of money; give description. H 535 Times.

PUBLIC NOTICES

I, ALFRED GORDON, DO HEREBY CERtify that I am conducting or transacting business under the name of David Gordon in the business of insurance broker and adjuster, as successor in interest to David Gordon, deceased Aug. 28, 1923, and further certify that the true or real full name of the person conducting or transacting the same is as follows: Alfred Gordon, 132 Nassau St., Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

MY WIFE, MARION HOLLAHAN, HAVING left my bed and board, I will not be responsible for any debts contracted by her. RICHARD V. HOLLAHAN, 4,605 6th Av., Brooklyn.

MR. B. DOLINSKY IS NO LONGER CONnected with the Hydol Plush Mfg. Co. HYDOL PLUSH MFG. CO.

EIGHTY-ONE YEARS OF FAITHFUL SERVICE

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32ND STREET — BROADWAY — 33RD STREET — NEW YORK CITY

An Important Sale of DELION CORD TIRES

Splendid Savings For Car Owners

Delion Cord Tires are guaranteed for 10,000 miles! Scientifically constructed. In addition to the superior construction, this tire is attractive in appearance, and adds beauty and distinction to the car. Thousands of satisfied users.

SIZES	PRICE	SIZES	PRICE
30 x 3½ Cl.	$9.95	33 x 4½	$23.35
30 x 3½ S.S.	$14.95	34 x 4½	$26.95
32 x 3½	$17.95	35 x 4½	$28.45
32 x 4	$21.45	36 x 4½	$29.35
33 x 4	$22.25	33 x 5	$32.18
34 x 4	$22.45	35 x 5	$33.95
32 x 4½	$22.95	37 x 5	$35.50

GIMBELS—Fourth Floor

Lord & Taylor

FIFTH AVENUE

TELEPHONE FITZROY 1900

FINAL CLEARANCE

MISSES' FROCKS

Silk frocks for afternoon. Dainty evening frocks. Wool jersey, flannel and twill frocks for day-time wear. Frocks of the sports variety, tailored styles for street wear, and slightly more dressy models for afternoon. There are not all kinds at any one price.

$15

$25

$35

WOMEN'S GOWNS

Silk, wool and velvet gowns. Gowns for sports or street wear, for informal or formal afternoon occasions and for evening wear. Canton, satin, Georgette, jersey, twill and wool crepe are the materials. You will not find all materials at each price.

$19

$29

$39

BLOUSES

Blouses of tailored types to complete the tailored suit. Beaded and embroidered overblouses that make a costume. Plain white blouses for sports wear. Also a few imports. All have been marked much higher.

$8.95

THIRD FLOOR

SKIRTS

Imported and domestic materials. Checks, stripes, plaids and plain colors are found in this group. Plaited, tailored and wrap models. Nickle, tan, henna, navy, black and white, red and green. Also a few velvet skirts.

$5.75 and $8.75

THIRD FLOOR

Lord & Taylor

FIFTH AVENUE

TELEPHONE FITZROY 1900

Light in Weight but Warm

Misses' Spring Topcoats

$59.50

Bright shades of brown, red, blue and grey are those favored by misses' topcoats. They are smart, flaring and wrap around styles in the three-quarter lengths that are going to be worn most this spring. In sizes 14, 16 and 18.

Other topcoats from $49.50 to $89.50

THIRD FLOOR

Every Paris Opening Sponsors

Black Satin Gowns

A wardrobe for spring is incomplete unless it includes at least one simple black satin gown. Paris says this gown relies almost entirely on its straight, simple lines and texture of material for its attractiveness. Sketched above is such a gown, one that will be so useful on so many occasions in the weeks to come. Worn under your fur coat the last few weeks of winter, it will appear on the Avenue in the first warm spring weather with a fur neck-piece. $39.50

THIRD FLOOR

The Collector of Internal Revenue has assigned a representative to *Lord & Taylor* to assist the public in preparing their income tax returns.

The End of the Week is the End of the Sale

Flint's Fine Furniture

SATURDAY AFTERNOON marks the end of Flint & Horner's great Mid-winter Sale. There is not a single item in our nine floors of furniture that is not well made and low priced. In upholstered sets, in dining-room groups and in bedroom furniture there are many pieces marked below their true value. The store is open Saturday until five-thirty.

Bedroom groups . . . . . from $210
Dining groups . . . . . from $298
Upholstered sets . . . . . from $224

FLINT & HORNER CO., INC.
20-26 WEST 36TH STREET
A few yards from Fifth Avenue

ASK SMITH TO BACK NEW STATE 'DRY' BILL

District Attorneys Also Send Measure to Lunn and Machold, Urging Support.

OMIT "DOUBLE JEOPARDY"

Prosecutors Declare Provisions Are Necessary if Law is to Be Upheld.

FEAR FEDERAL INVASION

Bill Is Certain to Pass Assembly—Democrats May Be Forced Into Line.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Feb. 29.—The District Attorneys of the State formally asked Governor Smith today to return to them for use in enforcement of prohibition the weapon he took away a year ago when he signed the repeal of the Mullan-Gage law.

In an official communication, addressed to the Governor, to Lieut. Gov. Lunn, as President of the Senate, and to Speaker Machold of the Assembly on behalf of the State Association of District Attorneys, the prosecutors submitted a draft of an enforcement measure which had been prepared by a special committee headed by District Attorney Moore of Erie County.

Governor Refuses Comment.

Governor Smith for the time being declined to comment on the communication or the bill, but said that he might issue a statement next week. There is no reason to believe that he has changed his mind on prohibition enforcement. He regards it as primarily the duty of the Federal authorities but recognizes, as he so forcibly stated at the conference last week, that the Federal Government has the right to expect the fullest measure of cooperation from peace officers of the State and its political subdivisions.

The Governor does not believe a State enforcement law is needed.

Conditions had grown steadily worse since the repeal of the Mullan-Gage law, the prosecutors averred in their letter, while public officials were practically powerless to enforce the law in the absence of a statute under which State and local courts were empowered to assume jurisdiction over violations. With nothing done by the State to enforce the law, they set forth, the time might come when the State would be overrun by Federal agents as the result of the State's virtual surrender of its sovereign power in relation to prohibition enforcement.

The Prosecutors' Letter.

The letter of the District Attorneys follows:

To the Honorable Alfred E. Smith, Governor; the Honorable George R. Lunn, Lieutenant Governor, and the Honorable H. Edmund Machold, Speaker of the Assembly of the State of New York:

Gentlemen—At the conference of District Attorneys of this State, held in Albany on the 20th day of February, 1924, resolutions were adopted favoring the re-enactment of a State prohibition enforcement law and directing the appointment of a committee to prepare such a bill and to present same to the Legislature at the present session.

The need of such re-enactment was also emphasized by the proceedings of the recent conference of enforcement officials, national, State and local, which was convoked by the Governor of this State. It was the unanimous sentiment of that conference that the welfare of the people of this State required the enforcement of the Eighteenth Amendment and the legislation enactment under its mandate.

In discharge of the duty enjoined upon us, we herewith submit draft of a bill for consideration of your honorable body. We urge the re-enactment of a State prohibition enforcement law for the following reasons:

1. Since the repeal of the Mullan-Gage law conditions of law enforcement have grown steadily worse.

2. Without a State enforcement act State and local officers are practically powerless in enforcing the national law.

The number of Federal agents, attorneys and courts now is wholly inadequate for effective law enforcement.

In the absence of a State enforcement act, all cases must be prosecuted in the United States courts. In the State of New York there are only four United States District Courts, only four United States Attorneys, only 200 Federal agents. Only a Federal agent can serve a Federal search warrant or a warrant of arrest. No State or local police officer can serve a Federal warrant or process of any kind. No State court has jurisdiction over offenses against the Federal law. No State or local Prosecuting Attorney can prosecute violations of Federal law.

Hold State Authorities Powerless.

As a consequence of this situation, all our Supreme Court justices and county judges, more than two hundred in number, all our sixty-one attorneys, district attorneys and their staffs, all our 20,000 police officers are practically powerless to apprehend, prosecute and punish violations of the Federal law. Effective law administration requires certainty and celerity in apprehension and punishment. Now, as Police Commissioner Enright of New York declared, the efforts of police officers are practically nullified by the necessary delays and congestion of criminal business in the United States courts, of which there are only four in the entire State as against 200 State judges. The delays in Federal administration also cause great expense and loss of time to local police systems.

3. We oppose extension of Federal control for the following reasons:

A. It is a violation of the principle of local self-government.

B. The duplication by the United States of already existing State courts, prosecuting attorneys and police officers would add immensely to the tax burdens of our citizens.

Such duplication would not only over-run the State with thousands of Federal agents but would also entail an enormous and annual expense. Yet the adequate enforcement of the law so earnestly urged by all clearly requires either this enormous extension of Federal organization or the simpler remedy of a restoration of the State enforcement act.

The draft herewith submitted embodies principles and procedure which have already received judicial construction in this State.

We believe that the proposed modifications of the former law will promote both justice and efficiency in law enforcement.

Provisions of the Bill.

In the first place, possession of liquor as a first offense is made a misdemeanor of which Courts of Special Sessions shall have exclusive jurisdiction. This will relieve greatly the Courts of Record of this State.

In the second place a possible ambiguity in former sections 802-B, 5 and 802-B, 6 of the Code of Criminal Procedure has been eliminated by appropriate language.

In the third place a theoretical objection to the former law that double jeopardy of defendants was possible has been eliminated, so far as State law permits by the addition of a new section to the penal law to number 1,219 and entitled: Prevention of double jeopardy.

It provides in effect that conviction or acquittal of a defendant in a United States court shall be a bar to prosecution in the State courts on the same charge.

The provisions of th eproposed draft in reference to search and seizure are believed to be absolutely essential to the enforcement of the law and reasonable in all respects. They are substantially the same as those contained in the old liquor tax law which was upon our statute books without objection for many years before the adoption of the Eighteenth Amendment.

It also seems to us that all persons are amply protected against unreasonable searches and seizures, either with or without a warrant, by the provisions of the Civil Rights act.

Fear Invasion of State Rights.

The neglect of the State of New York to enact appropriate legislation in enforcement of the Eighteenth Amendment in our judgment constitutes in effect an invitation to the Federal Government to assume an exercise within this State of police powers which hitherto have been exclusively exercised by the State.

We regard such surrender of essential sovereign powers by this State as unsound in principle and vicious in practice and respectfully urge upon the Legislature of this State the eminent desirability of reclaiming at the earliest possible moment the full control of these sovereign rights and powers of Statehood for the conservation of public health, morality and safety.

For these reasons, on behalf of the State Association of District Attorneys, we earnestly ask the enactment of the two bills submitted herewith.

Respectfully submitted,

GUY B. MOORE, Erie.
H. W. MAIN, Franklin.
GLENN W. WOODSON, Chautauqua.
BURT A. DUQUETTE, Niagara.
CHARLES A. WEEKS, Nassau.

Committee of the District Attorneys' Association.

Dated at Albany, N. Y., Feb. 28, 1924.

Speaker Machold was not at the Capitol when the District Attorneys filed their communication. He already announced that on receipt of the bill he would submit it to a conference of Republican members of the Assembly. This conference will probably be held next week. There is now every prospect that the Assembly will pass a State enforcement act, with the public prosecutors so strongly on record in favor of it, the is a belief in many quarters that the Democratic Senate may be compelled to fall into line.

ASKS STATE TO CURB HOME PROFITEERS

Senator Downing Demands Trade Commission to Abolish Building Material Combinations.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Feb. 29.—Creation of a State trade commission of five members to be appointed by the Governor with broad powers over trade and commerce, is provided for in a bill introduced today by Senator Downing, New York City Democrat. A similar bill, introduced last year at the request of Samuel Untermyer, was defeated.

The members of the proposed commission would receive a yearly salary of $10,000 and would be appointed for five-year terms. There would be three deputies at $6,000 a year, with a chief counsel and other officers and assistants.

Senator Downing explained that the purpose of the bill was to end trade combinations in building materials which he believes to be necessary to end the housing shortage.

Assemblyman Lord, Republican, of Chenango, former State Motor Vehicle Commissioner, today introduced a bill providing for a tax of 1 cent per gallon on gasoline, to be collected from the large distributing concerns.

Under a bill introduced by Assemblyman Steinberg, New York, Republican, the giving of false information by a voter when registering would be made a felony.

SHIPPING BOARD ACTION PLEASES BRITISH PAPER

London Star Views the Decision to Sell Our Fleet as a Free-Trade Triumph.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Feb. 29.—The decision of the United States Shipping Board to sell its ships has been adopted by The Star, the organ of the free traders, as one more argument against a protective policy for Great Britain.

"The decision," says an editorial, "indicates once more what protection does for the mercantile marine, and it justifies the stand which Lord Pirrie, Lord Inchcape and other prominent figures in the shipping industry took against Mr. Baldwin's protection policy.

"The United States once owned the finest ships and the most successful sailors, when it was maintaining the cause of free trade against protectionist Great Britain. It possesses coal and iron, which are raw material for ships; it possesses many harbors, and it has an enormous export of goods to supply cargoes for its ships. It has tried every shade of policy, from protection to State socialism, and they have all failed in face of the competition of the ships of free trade England.

"The decision of the American Shipping Board to sell its ships marks another chapter in the triumph of free trade."

The Evening Standard, commenting on the proposed sale, says that it believes the American Government has lost a billion pounds on its shipping in the last seven years.

"When the war ended," it says, "practically all Americans believed that they were going to establish a merchant navy that would rival the British, and Congress in 1920 passed a law that was deliberately aimed at ousting us from our position as the first carrying power. Just as they thought that money meant commercial dominion, so they made the mistake of thinking that ships meant a mercantile marine. In both cases the process of awakening has been bitter and expensive."

Eagle and 9-Year-Old Boy Battle for Half an Hour

Special to The New York Times.

SUFFERN, N. Y., Feb. 28.—Fred Kilpatrick, 9-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Kilpatrick, living at the foot of the Ramapo Hills, near here, was attacked early this morning by a large eagle. In the battle the boy's clothes were badly torn and his face severely scratched.

After a fight of nearly half an hour the eagle flew away.

'SPIGOT-BIGOT' WINS AS NAME FOR DRYS

Miss Katherine G. Welling of New York, a Religious Poet, Gets $25 Prize.

WETS RAINED EPITHETS

"Puritank," "Cocktail Flea" and "Cookie Pusher" Were Other Entries in Harvard Contest.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Feb. 29. — The word "spigot-bigot," entered by Miss Katharine Greene Welling of New York City in the contest conducted by the Harvard Advocate to bring forth a term for "an unalterable, die-hard dry" has won the prize of $25 and the Advocate's degree of "summa cum laude."

Five hundred and two letters were admitted to the contest and about 3,280 words were entered. New York State ranked first in the number of ephithets. Only one Harvard man was quoted in the list of successful contributors.

Miss Welling also entered several other words which brought her another degree of "magna cum lauda." These were "cocktail-flea," "water-baby," "corn-hawk" and "aquaduck," and she shared the degree with L. W. Whitcomb of Newtonville for the term of "fearbeer."

R. Cornelius Raby of New York won "magna cum laude" for the term "puritank," while a similar rating was given contestants who entered "scoffdrop," "camelouse" and "whiffsniffer." "Cum laude" was marked for the words "still alarms," "smuggler," "jug buster," "clutch throat," "squawk hawk," "wobo," "sudshater," one of the 105 epithets contributed by Raymond J. Walker of Passaic, N. J., and "crepe-law" by E. Blum of Brooklyn. On the strength of the invective and taking humor in "cookie-pusher," rather than its revelancy, J. P. Corr of New York was rated in the latter class.

The editors chose the winning word because "it is at once humorous slightful, scornful and apropos, and while a little long lends itself easily to abbreviation." They frankly admit being "wets," but argue that they are not endeavoring to encourage violation of any law. The public must decide whether any of the words stick, the editors added. The Advocate is Harvard's oldest literary publication.

Winner a Welfare Worker.

Miss Katherine Greene Welling of 53 Washington Square South, the winner of the anti-prohibitionist epithet contest conducted by The Harvard Advocate, is a kindly, elderly woman whose only outside interests have been welfare work for the poor and the ill, particularly children. At her home yesterday she said she had never belonged to other than church organizations before joining the Association Against the Prohibition Amendment, Inc. She writes poems, mostly of a religious nature, and has two brothers and a brother-in-law who are prohibitionists. She is a descendant of General Greene of Washington's army.

Miss Welling is an attendant at the churches of the Transfiguration and St. Mary the Virgin. She formerly was a member of Calvary Episcopal Church, where she was a founder of the St. Agnes's Guild. She is a member of the New York Altar Guild and the Archdeaconry Committee.

Miss Welling is a sister of Richard W. G. Welling, a Civil Service Commissioner under Mayor Gaynor, who was an original member of the old City Reform Club and once mandamused the local Excise Commission to be stricter with saloons.

Miss Welling's other brother, also a prohibitionist, is W. Brenton Welling of New York. Charles Edward Manierre, a New York lawyer, brother-in-law, has been a candidate for various offices on the Prohibition ticket. Another brother-in-law, however, Harry R. Baltz of New York, was a brewer before prohibition.

Miss Welling was holding her customary Friday afternoon reception and tea yesterday when she learned from a reporter of her success in the contest. She said that while she looked upon prohibition as "tying the whole world in apron strings, tying up the will power of the people and causing them to lose the beautiful virtue of temperance," she never violated the law.

"I don't like the law, but I only try to change it," she observed. "If I have an illness and I am told I must take something alcoholic for it, I have it mixed up with something else.

"I find my deepest joy in my Christian faith. I never want to change the old creed."

She said she would donate the prize money to the Association Against the Prohibition Amendment.

CONGRESS 'DRY' BILL GAINS 10 SUPPORTERS

Forty House Sponsors Joined by Nine New Yorkers and Eagan of Jersey.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 29.—The group of forty Representatives who announced yesterday that they would jointly introduce a bill for the modification of the Volstead act so as to permit an alcoholic content of 2.75 per cent. in wines and beers was augmented by ten today, making a total of fifty members of the House who have agreed to support the movement.

Of the ten recruits nine are Representatives from New York. The other is Representative Eagan of Weehawken, N. J. The nine New Yorkers are Messrs. Black, Bloom, Carew, Cleary, Cullen, Griffin, Lindsay, O'Connell and Quayle. All ten are Democrats. The New Yorkers are from Manhattan, Brooklyn and the Bronx.

The bill will be introduced in the House next Tuesday, it was announced.

CUT IN LANDTAG NUMBER.

Prussia Would Halve Parliament—Reichstag Takes Recess.

By CYRIL BROWN.

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Feb. 29.—The Prussian State Government has submitted to the Prussian State Council for approval a bill for cutting in half the membership of the Prussian Landtag or State Legislature, "for motives of economy." But the ruthless 50 per cent reduction of the Prussian Solons from 420 to 210, in addition to the obvious saving of the taxpayers' money, is further recommended as "likewise desirable to concentrate the forces of the Prussian Parliament, thereby to create more favorable conditions for the fulfilment of their tasks; instead of one to 40,000, one representative to 8,000 voters in the future."

VIENNA STRIKE CONTINUES.

Bankers' Negotiations With Their Employes Are Broken Off.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

VIENNA, Feb. 28.—The negotiations of the bankers with their employes regarding the strike, which appeared to be nearing an agreement yesterday, were definitely broken off last night.

Apart from its serious effect on Austrian finance, this strike is viewed as having great importance in being part of the Social Democratic program.

Burglar Tries to Steal the World's Meter, Worth $16,000 in Itself but More to Science

PARIS, Feb. 29.—An attempt to steal the international standard meter was foiled last night by the janitor of the International Weights and Measures Bureau. The burglar managed to escape over a fence, leaving an elaborate outfit of tools behind.

The bureau houses, in addition to the standard meter, a number of other delicate instruments and standards, all made of platinum, iridium or other valuable metals.

The bar which is preserved at the International Bureau of Weights and Measures, Paris, contains the absolute scale on which is based the metric system of weights and measures. It is a platinum bar about 40 inches long, and aside from its unique scientific value has an intrinsic value of between $16,000 and $20,000. On it are marked two lines between which is the absolute distance of one meter when the bar is at freezing point (0 degrees Centigrade and 32 degrees Fahrenheit).

This measure, multiplied or divided by tens, forms the metric system of distance; in bulk, a litre is a cube of 1-10 meter; in weight, a gram is 1-1000 of a litre filled with water at four degrees above the freezing point (4 degrees C).

The meter, whose measure was made between 1791 and 1799, is one 10,000,000th of the quadrant of the earth's meridian passing through Paris.

The report of the French National Assembly proposing the metric system was made on March 17, 1791; the meridian measurements were finished and adopted June 22, 1799, and the system has been in force in France since Jan. 1, 1840. Some other nations have adopted it and it is legal in the United States and Great Britain.

LUDENDORFF HEARD IN HIS OWN DEFENSE

He Reads a Long Political Speech, Assailing Socialists, Jews, Ex-Kaiser and Pope.

TELLS STORY OF "PUTSCH"

Understood the Bavarian Government Would Back Attempt to Restore the Monarchy.

MUNICH, Bavaria, Feb. 29 (Associated Press).—General Ludendorff, one of the chief defendants in the trial of those held responsible for the Bavarian "putsch" last November, took the stand today. For three hours he read from typewritten sheets, in short, staccato sentences what amounted to a political speech, in the course of which he denounced Marxism and communism. He was listened to quietly by the large crowd and addressed by the President of the Court as "Excellency."

The General declared that for him the Jewish question was a racial question; that the Jews had no more right than the English or French to be allowed to obtain authority and influence in Germany. He admitted he was a Monarchist, but he considered the monarchial question insoluble at the present time.

Describing his cooperation with General von Lossow, former Commander-in-Chief of the Bavarian Reichswer, General Ludendorff said he wanted to establish a new Germany on Bismarckian foundations.

Copyright, 1924, by The Chicago Tribune Co.

MUNICH, Feb. 29.—Dressed in a simple blue business suit, bearing little resemblance to the helmeted, decorated General who led Germany's army through the last stages of the war to crushing defeat, General von Ludendorff took the stand today in his trial for high treason.

"I stand here as a simple German," began the former Quartermaster General. "I hold no special position in my country. I am ready to answer every question.

"I am an old man. I became old under the heavy burdens of the war, the physical efforts I was forced to make, and through my struggles with the people. Nevertheless, my heart is young and I am ever one who loves the freedom of my people and my people themselves."

Introduction General von Ludendorff launched into a long explanation of the reasons for attempting a coup d'etat against the Republican Government.

"There cannot be the slightest doubt of my attitude towards the Communists. Before the war this Marxist world turned against every military power. Herr Scheidemann said to France, 'You are not our enemies, but our friends and allies.' Therefore I am opposed to all Marxist and Communist elements.

"In connection with this is the Jewish question. I made its acquaintance during the war. For me it is a question of race. Little as the Englishmen or Frenchmen can be permitted to govern dominion over us, so little can the Jew be permitted. Freedom of the nation cannot be expected from him. Therefore I was against him."

As General von Ludendorff's testimoney continued he drew a picture of that night in the beer cellar and the next day in the streets when German soldiers were the first to turn against their former idol. No new facts were brought out and General von Ludendorff, like three others, laid much blame on the former Kaiser, accusing him of failing to live up to his word.

General von Ludendorff declared that no coercion was used on Herr von Kahr and that he understood that the Bavarian Government would back the attempt or he would have carried on.

The Pope also was assailed by the old General, who declared:

"When peace was signed the Pope did not act as a neutral man, but he favored France. This was illustrated by a letter written at the time of the sanctification of Joan d'Arc."

General von Ludendorff also attacked Cardinal Faulhaber for his speech in America. Toward the close of his long speech, which continued throughout the afternoon, General Ludendorff spoke his creed of monarchism.

"This is not the time to discuss the monarchy," he declared. "The nation does not exist for the dynasty, but the dynasty for the nation. When Germany finds itself it will have a dynasty ready to serve it. I wish the German Empire to be strong and free and belong only to Germans."

RUSSIAN GRANTS TO ITALY.

Soviet Trade Monopoly Gives Rights Not Included in Treaty.

Copyright, 1924, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MOSCOW, Feb. 27.—The Italo-Russian trade agreement does not actually carry Caucasian oil concessions, colonization rights in the Ukraine, or timber, manganese and grain apportionments of Russian exports for Italy's benefit, mentioned in a previous dispatch, said a member of the Foreign Office collegium, M. Rothstein, today.

The Italians receive by the agreement a tariff rebate and shipping facilities in the Black Sea, but the points above mentioned are merely matters of individual agreement of the Russian Foreign Trade Monopoly Bureau with Italian firms and not a part of the agreement itself.

ZINOVIEV REPORTS REDS GAINING HERE

Predicts "Surprises From American Labor Movement" and a Revolution in Japan.

NEW INTERNATIONAL BASE

Transfer to Another Country to Follow "First Decisive Victory Over European Bourgeoisie."

MOSCOW, Feb. 29 (Associated Press). The Communist International has full right "to expect welcome surprises from the American labor movement," declares G. S. Zinoviev, Chairman of the Executive Committee, in an article appearing in the Pravda today.

Reviewing the work of the movement for the past five years and outlining its aims for the next five, he says that communist revolutionary theories are making great progress even in America and Japan and adds that the latter country is on the verge of a revoluton "like that of Russia in 1905."

M. Zinoviev also recommends the removal of the headquarters of the Third International from Moscow to another central country with a greater percentage of industrialists than Russia "after our first decisive victory over the European bourgeoisie."

Great Britain was extremely important, for when "a majority of the English workers become communized the people of the suppressed East will arise and the proletarian revolution be successful throughout Europe, and the aim of the communistic International is to work unceasingly to this end."

Continuing, he said that the International had not changed its belief that revolution would march through Europe via Germany. He outlined the fifteen principal aims of the communistic International for the next five years, as follows:

(1) To strive in the nearest future for a proletarian revolution in Germany, in which the Communists of Russia, Poland, Austria, Czechoslovakia and France should be ready to aid.

(2) The creation of a strong Communist Party in England.

(3) All-around help to American and Japanese Communists.

(4) Assistance to the Polish Party.

(5) Assistance to the Bulgarian Communists, where the events of 1923 are only preliminary to the general Balkan struggle.

(6) More and still more attention to the East.

(7) The attraction of a majority of the orkmen to the ranks of the International, and those countries in which communism already is strong must prepare to direct the struggle.

(8) Where the organization is complete it must organize into real Communist parties.

(9) To improve the relations between workers and peasants.

(10) Give attention to the problems of national minorities and colonial questions.

(11) More attention to the Young Communist movement.

(12) Full support of the Red trades unions.

(13) The promotion of a united front of all the Internationals.

(14) The consolidation of international discipline and order, saying: "Our policy may be directed a very short time from Moscow and afterward transferred to another central country with a greater percentage of the proletariat after our first decisive victory over the European bourgeoisie."

(15) To assist the first proletarian State, Russia.

M. Zinoviev said that of the next million new members of the Russian Communist Party, one-nineteenth must be factory workers.

In conclusion he said: "The prehistoric war period of the communistic International has ended. Now begins the real historical struggle for the overthrow of capitalism and the creation of an international federation of Soviet and Socialist Republics, which he predicted would come in some big countries within the next five years, although the struggle might ebb and flow.

CALIPH'S FATE IN BALANCE.

Constantinople Believes He and All Imperial House Will Be Expelled.

Copyright, 1924, by The New York Times Company.

By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Feb. 29. — The Caliph Abdul Mejid celebrated this morning at Dolma Bagcheh what was in all likelihood his last Selamik. Owing partly to misinformation in the Turkish press, there was but a small attendance and within the court of the mosque itself the onlookers were almost all foreigners, especially Americans. The Caliph looked pale and serious, but returned the greetings of the crowd with his usual dignity of bearing.

The belief is growing that all members of the House of Othman, including the Caliph, will be expelled from the country, but I understand it is quite possible that the Commander of the Faithful will refuse to recognize the validity of its action if the Assembly decides to depose him. A decision on this point is expected either on Sunday or early in the coming week.

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GERMAN NOTE BANK TO BE IN HOLLAND

Dawes Committee Changes Plan to Establish New Institution in Switzerland.

BUDGET NOW CHIEF ISSUE

German Opposition to Outside Control More Pronounced, While Experts Hold It Essential.

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Feb. 29.—The Dawes Committee has decided that the bank of issue, which is to give Germany stable money, is to be located in Holland, instead of Switzerland, as at first proposed. Members of the committee guard their secret reasons for the change.

As the bank project finally approved today now stands, the head office of the bank would be set up in Holland, presumably at Amsterdam, while branches would be opened in Berlin, Frankfort, Hamburg, Munich and other German cities. Control of the bank is to be vested in a board on which Germany shall be represented, but in a minority. Every disposition is taken to keep the bank out of the reach of the German Government, and no issues of paper money will be made without the approval of the Control Board.

The capital of the bank is to be 400,000,000 marks, or about $100,000,000, but it is to have a gold reserve of 1,200,000,000 gold marks, or $300,000,000, one-third of which is to be furnished from the Reichsbank reserve, one-third by German subscription and one-third by outside subscription.

It is calculated that this bank can issue at once 3,000,000,000 paper marks against a 40 per cent. sold reserve, and additional sums as deposits may afford added reserves.

There is no grave difficulty with the Germans as regards international control of the bank of issue, and also experts have been given to understand, through channels of communication they have kept open, that Germany will accept the measure for international control of their railroads. But control or supervision of the German budget now presents the gravest difficulty in the way of success for the experts' plan.

Control of Budget Crucial Point.

While members of the Dawes committee have agreed unanimously that some outside audit of the German budget is an essential part of their plan, they have arrived at the conclusion that the working out of a plan for this audit is a most delicate and difficult task. I was told tonight by an important member of the Dawes committee that the success or failure of the experts' work hinged on this issue.

Every indication which comes from Berlin points to bitter opposition by the Reich Government to any veto power on appropriations. Foreign Minister Stresemann's speech yesterday only confirms information the experts have received as to the opposition this proposal will meet.

While the experts are preparing with the League of Nations officials to obtain information as to how control was applied in Austria and Hungary, I am told it should be emphasized that the Dawes committee does not intend to present exactly the same system for Germany, because in the case of Austria and Hungary the League's financial controller has the power of veto on any and all appropriations, whereas for Germany it is planned that the Controller should step in only when the German Government or the Reichstag trespasses on the part of the German revenue set aside for reparations.

As it was explained to me tonight the fears of the German politicians are quite unfounded if they intend to live up to their part of the bargain, for so long as German statesmen and Parliament abided by the terms of the experts' plan, supervision would remain quite invisible. It would be only when the Germans did not live up to the bargain that supervision would come into play. Therefore, it was argued, the way was entirely open to German politicians to avoid all embarrassment on this score.

Control Necessary for Loan Security.

Experts point out that after all the situation calls for some sacrifice by Germans, especially since, as Dr. Stresemann said yesterday, they need foreign loans, and all the English and American experts are quite agreed they could not possibly go home and recommend loans to the banks of their countries for Germany unless there was some sort of supervision which is not only intended to be out of the reach of German influence, but to be safely protected against interjection of politcs from other European nations.

All the experts with whom I have talked decry the idea that their insistence on supervision is the product of French demands, but it is clear that if M. Poincaré had taken no stand at all, they would still decide on supervision as the ultimate guarantee of the stability of the system they will propose.

Thus once more the effort to settle reparations on a non-political basis has got into politics, for the issue of control is innately a political issue. The reason the Germans object to it is not that it is not logical, but that it creates political difficulties. The reason M. Poincaré insists on it certainly is largely political.

There has been called to the experts' attention the fact that the plan for the budget offered them three weeks ago in Berlin has since been punctured by the fact that there has been an issue of 720,000,000 rentenmarks since they left the German capital and there has been a constantly decreasing receipt of taxes since the project was presented to them.

The French today called the attention of the Dawes Committee to the apparent manipulation of German Customs figures. According to the report furnished by the Reich, the total income from German Customs for the month of December last was 4,378,836 gold marks, whereas for the same month the customs collected by the French and Belgians along the Rhineland Customs border, based on the general German scale, amounted to 6,712,450 gold marks, in other words, 50 per cent. more along the Rhineland border than on all other borders of Germany, the result manifestly is illogical.

The experts plan to finish the reports of both committees by the end of next week. These reports will go to the Reparation Commission, and it is expected that the commission will almost at once approve them and pass them on to the Governments.

It has been suggested in some quarters that the reports will be kept secret until the Governments decide on their action, but on the other hand there is a belief, shared by a majority of the experts, that their recommendations should at once be made public. It is evident that public opinion would play a great part in the final disposition of the experts' advice, and it is recalled that within the next few months there will be in Europe numerous popular elections in which the attitude of the electors toward the experts' recommendations may make itself known if the reports are published.

TAKE OUR SPORTING TERMS.

French Savants Put Several Words in Their Dictionary.

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PARIS, Feb. 29.—The French Academy devoted yesterday to studying and discussing sporting terms for inclusion in the Academy dictionary.

The venerable savants voted to admit the words "bookmaker," "Boy Scout," "bridge," "camping," "challenge," "champion" and "cricket," but barred "canter," "crack" and "crawl" from the sacred pages of the official lexicon.

48 General Electric Employes 'Cited' for Meritorious Work

SCHENECTADY, N. Y., Feb. 29.—Forty-eight employes in plants of the General Electric Company have been cited by the company for meritorious work.

The awards, which the announcement described as comparable to the honors conferred by engineering and electrical societies, were the first to be made under the Charles A. Coffin Foundation, established as a tribute to the founder and first President of the company.

The honors in each case went to a worker who had suggested some new method of shop or manufacturing practice which increased efficiency or effected economy." One of the winners was a stenographer, who simplified the system of customers' records.

COMMONS ADVANCES WOMEN'S VOTE BILL

Measure Reducing Franchise Age From 30 to 21 Passes Second Reading, 288 to 72.

MEANS A MALE MINORITY

Duchess of Atholl Declares That Young Wives Will Not Have Time for Politics.

Copyright, 1924, by The New York Times Company.

By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Feb. 29.—The House of Commons celebrated leap year day this afternoon by giving the second reading to the bill granting the parliamentary vote to women on presicely the same terms as men by 288 to 72. This means the reduction of the qualifying age of women from 30 to 21 and an addition to the electoral register of 4,500,000 women. There would then be in the United Kingdom and Northern Ireland 12,400,000 women entitled to vote and only 10,500,000 men.

The bill is one of those which occupy an anomalous position in this anomalous Parliament. Introduced by William Adamson, Secretary of Scotland, before the Baldwin Government fell, it is a proposal of a Cabinet Minister, and yet is not sure of Cabinet support. J. R. Clynes did indeed express a wish for the Government that it would receive its second reading and held out the hope that it might turn out to be possible for the Government to adopt it after it had been put in final shape in committee.

Male Franchise Affected.

The hesitation of the Cabinet is inspired not by any fears of the results of enfranchising so many young women, but the doubt as to whether certain other clauses in the bill, which would materially affect the qualifications of masculine voters, are politic or advisable.

The debate largely turned on the illogicality of the present law. This law was drawn up by a conference of all parties in the midst of the war and was devised simply to prevent the electorate from being swamped by millions of inexperienced voters, but this afternoon the debate was interesting because of the division of opinion it revealed among the women members.

Miss Dorothy Jewson seconded the bill from the Labor benches. Mrs. Wintringham, a Liberal, supported it, but the Duchess of Atholl opposed it, and Mrs. Hilton Philipson was in sympathy with her. Lady Astor wound up the debate with a characteristic speech in favor of the measure.

The Duchess of Atholl took the view that since a conference had drawn up the present franchise system, a conference should revise it. In moving an amendment to this effect she dwelt on the difficulties that young wives of wage earners would have in studying politics in the midst of the cares of a growing family, and in dealing with the causes affecting the men voters brought out the inevitable educational argument. Why should the franchise be granted, she asked, to tinkers and traveling hawkers, who had no settled home and no opportunity to learn politics from the companionship of their fellow men?

The remark of the Duchess drew from Rhys Davies, Under-Secretary of the Home Office, the retort that tinkers were as well fitted to vote as hotel butterflies.

"I have no acquaintance with hotel butterflies," the Duchess replied, smiling, "but I know some tinkers. At any rate, hotel butterflies can read and write."

Lady Astor Scores Opposition.

Then Sir Martin Conway made a plea for preservation of the charm of young womanhood.

"The woman of 21," he protested, "should think of other things than voting. In her great flowering time, she should have her eye on the glory of the life upon the threshold of which, she stands and upon the prospect of a family."

Sir Martin said he would cheerfully see the franchise age raised to 25, for both men and women, and then upbraided the Duchess of Atholl for speaking disrespectfully of the Tinker. He was a famous traveler himself, he said, and he had much sympathy for tinkers and globetrotters, and had met old tinkers who were some of the most interesting men he had ever encountered.

The Duchess maintained that she had the same kindly feeling for tinkers but could not forget that they were uneducated. Sir Martin replied with the story of Ruskin, who, when a painter in his house confessed himself to be illiterate, rushed to him and shook his hands violently, congratulating him on not being spoiled by being able to read or write.

Lady Astor and Lord Hugh Cecil rose together, and the Speaker called on Lord Hugh.

"Oh," cried her ladyship, throwing up her hands in despair.

The whole House roared, and a voice from the Labor benches cried:

"Go and pull his hair."

Lord Hugh Cecil's speech, however, gave Lady Astor her opportunity. He had the temerity to regret that one result of woman suffrage was the return of women to the House.

"What the House has lost thereby in dignity," she said, "it might have gained in efficiency."

Lord Hugh sits for Oxford University and Lady Astor declared that he would never have dared to speak as he did had he represented anything except "people steeped in the Middle Ages." He did not represent the Unionist Party, she said.

"What about me?" put in Mrs. Philipson.

She admired Duchess of Atholl, Lady Astor went on, but she, the Duchess, was like King Canute trying to keep the waves back. Of course the university members were against the bill, she said, but they knew far less about human nature than tinkers.

The vote was then taken and the bill was sent to the Select Committee.

Kiel Shipyards Lock Out 13,000 Men

KIEL, Germany, Feb. 29.—The shipyard owners here today locked out their entire staff of 13,000 men. This action was taken because the men refused to increase their working hours from eight to nine.

WEST SIDE SUBWAY ROUTE IS REJECTED

Board of Estimate Decides Against a Tunnel Under Columbus Avenue.

DROPS 2 OTHER PROPOSALS

Action of City Leaves Central Park West Only Route Now Officially Approved.

SEES WAY CLEAR TO BUILD

Acting Mayor Hulbert Seeks to Find Owners of the Williamsburg Bridge Lines.

The Board of Estimate rejected yesterday the Columbus Avenue route, submitted by the Transit Commission as an alternative route between fifty-ninth and 114th Streets for the proposed Washington Heights subway, and rejected two other alternative route sections submitted, because they connected with Columbus Avenue.

This action left the route under Central Park West as the only one officially approved by both the Transit Commission and the Board of Estimate. Acting Mayor Murray Hulbert and Borough President Julius Miller of Manhattan declare themselves in favor of the Central Park West-St. Nicholas Avenue route and Mr. Hulbert asserted that the way was now clear for its construction. William G. Fullen, counsel of the Transit Commission, said that body had always been in favor of the Central Park West route and had submitted the Columbus Avenue route as an alternative.

Route Made Central Park West.

Inquiry at the office of the Transit Commission showed that the approved route was under Central Park West and did not provide for the construction of a subway under the western edge of Central Park, as was proposed at one time. Opposition to this suggestion developed on the ground that it would cause permanent and irreparable injury to the park. The objection to constructing a subway under Central Park West has been the claim that its cost would be excessive because of the presence of a more than usual amount of water mains, gas pipes and other sub-surface structures. The route, as approved, would permit the construction of the subway under the easterly sidewalk of Central Park West up to the park wall.

Controller Charles L. Craig's resolution stating that the city would enter into no new contracts with the Brooklyn-Manhattan Transit Corporation, approved at a meeting of the Committee of the Whole last Monday, was laid over for a week for formal action, Mr. Hulbert saying he wished to give the matter further study. Pressed for an explanation by Deputy Controller Frank J. Prial, Mr. Hulbert said:

"I want to find out who owns the lines that ran over Williamsburg Bridge and whose service was discontinued. I don't know whether the lines were owned by the B. M. T. or by the Brooklyn City Railroad. I can find out by the time we meet next week."

Brooklyn Tube Action Postponed.

"You can't find out in four years, if I know anything about it," said Grover A. Whalen, Commissioner of Plant and Structures. "I have tried in my official capacity to find out who ran those lines, and I couldn't do it. We received communications and letters without any letterheads and signed by five or six different individuals as President. If you can find out in a week, you'll be doing well."

The Board held its final hearing on the alternative Fulton Street and Lafayette Avenue routes for the proposed Brooklyn crosstown subway and voted to act on the matter in two weeks. John Flynn, Chairman of the delegation favoring the selection of the Lafayette Avenue route, criticized the action of Arthur S. Somers, President of the Brooklyn Chamber of Commerce, in urging the Fulton Street route while he was a director of the B. M. T., which might like to have its operation.

Borough President Edward Riegelmann of Brooklyn took occasion to criticize the B. M. T. for taking their cars off Williamsburg Bridge. "We'll make them run their cars across the bridge," he said. "We will bring the force of public opinion to bear upon the B.

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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Irregular Movement on Stock Exchange — Sterling and Francs Co Slightly Lower.

Yesterday seemed to be a period of indecision in pretty much all markets. Prices on the Stock Exchange moved irregularly, with very conflicting changes at the last, mostly downward. Cotton declined ¾ cent per pound, thereby canceling the greater part of its recovery from the 29-cent price of Tuesday, the lowest of the year. European exchange rates fell back slowly, with a fairly large business for the day. In none of these markets did the movement of prices have any apparent relation to the day's news. Railway shares on the Stock Exchange, for instance, in most cases went lower; this notwithstanding the verification of Thursday's reports of exceptionally large car loadings for the second week of February.

The formal statement in fact adds emphasis to the impression produced by the news of the 935,000-cars weekly figure; it shows that loadings in every district and total loadings of every class of commodities exceeded the record for that week in any previous year. Particular interest was rightly taken in the loadings of merchandise and miscellaneous freight, the familiar measure of mercantile trade activity, which exceeded the same week in 1923 by 75,400 cars, or 16 per cent., and whose total of 548,000 cars compares very respectably with the high record of our railway history, the 602,000 cars of such freight loaded in the final week of last October. It is possible that all this remarkable showing was "discounted" in the earlier stock market of the year; yet it was certainly not expected at the time, even in railway circles.

On the foreign exchange market, the franc lost a little more than half of Thursday's recovery, and sterling and lire moved down with it. As against this fairly uniform movement at New York there had to be placed a very rapid decline at Paris of the price of sterling measured in francs—showing now confused the speculative position of the franc has now become. Whether the exchange market is awaiting with its usual skepticism the French Senate's action on the tax increase, and what the market will do if the increase is voted, were left to financial imagination. Very possibly the market would then respond that this is all very well, but now we must wait for the French elections.

One statement published yesterday had some bearing on the condition of European exchange rates. The Government's report on our January foreign trade by countries of destination or origin showed the surplus of exports over imports, in our trade with Europe, to be still far above that of the preceding year. The export excess was $28,600,000 greater than that of January, 1923, and $33,700,000 above 1922. On the other hand it was $38,300,000 less than in December and $9,100,000 below November, whereas last year the January export surplus hardly changed from those two months. The export balance in our January trade with England was $40,000,000 less than in December. Evidently, that means cotton; for it was in January that England cut down its purchases on our markets and cotton's price declined.

In the week-end mercantile trade reviews the familiar story is told of the "boom" that does not come; with perhaps some emphasis this time on a certain apathy in the markets. Bradstreet's describes the week as resembling slack-water; it sees no evidence that trade or industry "is equal to that of a year ago at this time, when the near-boom of the late Winter and early Spring was gathering force." Dun refers again to the prevalence of "the same conservatism that has been seen for many months." Yet at the same time it is noteworthy that no talk of "reaction" is indulged in, and, in fact, it is pointed out that all tests show the volume of current business to be very large. That conclusion would, indeed, be hard to dispute in the face of the week's extraordinary report on railway traffic loadings.

READY TO EXCHANGE STOCK.

One Share of Chino Copper Equal to 1 2-3 of Ray.

Shares of the Ray Consolidated Copper Company are ready for exchange for those of the Chino Copper at the rate of 1 2-3 of Ray for every one of Chino, it was announced yesterday. Since Ray will issue no fractional shares, arrangements have been made with the Guaranty Trust Company to sell or purchase fractional shares necessary to round out holdings.

The Chino Copper Company, for the quarter ended Dec. 31, showed a net income of $8,448 after taxes and depreciation. The total income was $181,408, as compared with $182,628 in the same period of 1922.

P. R. R. Car Loadings Drop.

Loadings on the Pennsylvania Railroad for the week to Feb. 23, totaled 142,639 cars, compared with 158,162 the preceding week, and 142,432 a year ago.

UTILITY COMPANIES REPORT.

Two Show Decrease and One an Increase in January Earnings.

The Philadelphia Company yesterday reported January gross earnings of $378,163, a decrease of $15,215 from the same month last year. Net after taxes was $351,334.

The Equitable Gas Company and the Pittsburgh & West Virginia Gas Company, subsidiaries of the Philadelphia Company, reported gross of $1,626,723 for January, against $1,736,127 a year ago. Net after taxes was $678,941, against $911,085.

Gross earnings of the Duquesne Light Company in January totaled $1,903,550, an increase of $150,200 over January, 1923. Net after taxes was $755,008, an increase of $13,901.

Ward Baking Corporation Dividend.

Directors of the Ward Baking Corporation yesterday declared a dividend of 1¾ per cent. for the quarter to April 1, 1924, on preferred stock.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 29, 1924.

Day's Sales.	Thursday.	Wednesday.	A Year Ago.	Two Years Ago.
858,050	834,900	567,700	1,856,581	872,821

Year to Date.	Same Period 1923.	1922.	1921.	1920.
47,365,311	45,530,884	34,101,087	28,107,087	44,690,855

1924 High.	1924 Low.	Sales.	Stock and Dividend Rate.	First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.	Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.
82½	73½	100	Adams Express (6)	79½	79½	79½	79½	+ 1½	78½	80
81½	67½	300	Air Reduction (4)	78½	78½	78	78½	..	77	78½
10½	6¼	300	Ajax Rubber	8½	8½	8	8	+ ¼	8	8½
100	98½	100	All American Cables (6)	98½	98½	98½	98½	— ½	98	99
74¾	67½	1,100	Allied Chem. & Dye (4)	68⅞	69	68	68⅞	— ¼	68	68½
114¼	110¾	100	Allied Chem. & D., pf. (7)	112¾	112¾	112¾	112¾	+ ¼	111½	113
50½	45	1,400	Allis-Chalmers Mfg. (4)	46¾	46¾	45¾	45¾	— ¼	45	45½
17	11⅝	200	Am. Agricult. Chemical	12⅞	12⅞	12¾	12⅞	— ¼	12¼	12¾
40¾	33	600	Am. Agricult. Chem. pf.	36½	37	35½	35½	+ ½	35½	36
49½	40	900	Am. Beet Sugar	42¼	43	42	42	— ¾	41½	42¾
82	77	400	Am. Brake Shoe & F. (3)	80¾	81	80¾	81	+ ¼	81	81½
108¼	108	100	Am. Br. S. & F. pf. (7)	106¾	108¼	106¾	108½	+ ¾	107	109¼
122¾	103½	22,300	Am. Can (6)	114¾	115¾	113¾	114	— ¾	113¾	114¼
112¾	109	200	Am. Can pf. (7)	112¾	112¾	112¾	112¾	+ ¼	112¼	112¾
23½	22¼	200	Am. Chain, Class A (2)	22¾	22½	22¾	22½	..	22¾	22½
20½	16	300	Am. Chicle	19	19	19	19	..	18¾	19½
12¾	10¼	100	Am. Cotton Oil ctfs.	11¾	11¾	11¾	11¾	— ¼	11¾	12½
103½	94½	300	Am. Express (6)	96	95	94½	95	..	95	98
13⅝	9¼	200	Am. Hide & Leather	11¾	12	11¾	12	+ 1	11½	12
65	50½	1,200	Am. Hide & Leather pf.	57⅞	58¾	57¼	57¼	— ½	57	58
23½	20¾	200	Am. International	22	22	22	22	..	21¾	22
96½	95¼	100	Am. & For. Pow., 2d pd.	95¼	95¼	95¼	95¼	— ½	95	95½
12⅞	10½	400	Am. La F. Fire Engine (1)	11	11	11	11	..	11	11¾
76¾	71¼	2,700	Am. Locomotive (6)	75	75⅝	75	75	+ ⅛	74¾	75¼
105	94½	100	Am. Radiator (4)	100¾	100¾	100¾	100¾	+ ½	100½	100⅞
43	25	200	Am. Republics	40	40	40	40	..	39	40
7	6	300	Am. Safety Razor (50c)	7	7	7	7	..	6¾	7
63¼	54½	2,700	Am. Smelting & Ref. (5)	60¾	60¾	60¼	60¼	— ½	60	60¼
100¼	96	300	Am. Smelt. & Ref. pf. (7)	98⅝	98⅝	98½	98½	..	98¾	99
40⅝	37	600	Am. Steel Foundries (3)	38	38	38	38	+ ⅛	37¾	38
104½	102	300	Am. Steel F. pf. (7)	104	104	104	104	+ ½	103½	104½
61¾	54¼	700	Am. Sugar Refining	58	58	57¾	57¾	..	57¾	57¾
28½	20¾	200	Am. Sumatra Tobacco	21¾	21⅝	21½	21½	..	21	22
43¾	41	100	Am. Tel. & Cable (6), ex. d.	42¾	42¾	42¾	42¾	+ ½	42¾	43¼
129½	123½	700	Am. Telephone & Tel. (9)	129	129	129	129	..	129	129¼
157	144½	300	Am. Tobacco (12)	146¾	146¾	145½	146	+ ¾	145½	146¾
104	101⅝	200	Am. Tobacco pf. (6)	102⅝	102⅝	102⅝	102⅝	..	102½	102¾
44½	40	100	Am. Water Works & Elec.	41¾	41¾	41¾	41¾	— 1¼	41½	42
68⅞	66	200	Am. W. W. & E. pto.pf.(4)	68	68	68	68	..	67⅞	68
99¼	92	100	Am. Wholesale pf. (7)	99	99	99	99	..	99	100
78⅝	69¼	200	Am. Woolen (7)	73¾	73¾	72¾	72¾	— ¾	72½	73¾
41	32⅜	16,800	Anaconda Copper	33½	33⅝	32¾	33¼	— ⅜	33¼	33½
34	26	500	Ann Arbor pf.	28	28	26	26	— 2	25	26
93¼	92¼	300	Armour & Co. pf., Del. (7)	92¼	92½	92¼	92½	..	92¼	92¾
14½	9⅞	200	Arnold, Constable & Co.	9⅞	9⅞	9⅞	9⅞	— ⅛	9¾	10
96	79	9,800	Associated Dry Goods (5)	92½	96	92¾	94½	+ 2¾	94¼	94½
88⅞	85	500	Asso. Dry Goods 1st pf. (6)	87¾	88	87¾	88½	+ ¾	88½	89
95	89	100	Asso. Dry Goods 2d pf. (7)	93¾	93¾	93¾	93¾	— ¼	93	94
34⅝	29¼	1,000	Associated Oil (1¾)	30¾	31¼	30¾	31¼	+ ¼	31¼	31⅝
104¾	102¼	1,000	Atch., Top. & Santa Fe (5)	100	100¼	100	100	+ ¼	99	100
116⅝	112	300	Atch., Top. & S. Fe pf. (5)	88¼	88¼	87¾	87¾	— ⅝	87½	88
19	13⅝	200	Atlanta, Birm. & Atlantic	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	..	1⅝	1⅞
119¾	115¾	200	Atlantic Coast Line (7)	116¾	116¾	116¼	116½	+ ¼	115	115¾
17¾	13⅞	200	Atl., Gulf & West Indies	17¼	17¼	16¾	16¾	— ¼	16¾	17
17	14½	100	Atl., Gulf & W. Indies pf.	17	17	17	17	— ¼	17	18
140½	125	500	Atlantic Refining (4)	125	125	125	125	— 4	125	128
7⅜	7⅛	600	Atlas Tack	7⅛	7⅜	7⅛	7⅜	— 2⅜	5	8
30	23	100	Austin Nichols	23	23	23	23	..	22	23½
8½	4¼	200	Auto Knitter Hosiery	4¾	4¾	4¾	4¾	..	4½	5
131	118⅝	8,800	Baldwin Locomotive (7)	124¼	124¾	122⅜	122⅜	— ⅛	122⅛	123⅜
116	111	100	Baldwin Loco. pf. (7)	115	115	115	115	— ¼	114	116
60½	55⅜	1,700	Baltimore & Ohio (5)	56½	56⅝	56	56⅛	..	56	56¼
18⅝	14	1,300	Barnsdall, Class A	17	17	16¾	16¾	— ⅛	16½	16⅝
14⅝	11¾	100	Barnsdall, Class B	13¼	13¼	13¼	13¼	— ¼	13¼	14
54⅝	51⅛	300	Beech-Nut Packing (2.40)	52¼	52½	52¼	52⅜	+ ⅛	52¼	53
62⅜	53	4,000	Bethlehem Steel (5) x. d.	57⅝	58	57¼	57¼	— ⅝	57¼	57⅜
97	90¼	100	Bethlehem S. pf. (7) x. d.	94	94	94	94	..	94	95
17⅜	13½	700	Brooklyn-Man. Transit	15	15	14⅝	14⅝	— ⅛	14½	14⅞
60¼	59½	100	Brooklyn Union Gas (4)	59½	59½	59½	59½	— ½	59½	60
107⅜	97½	200	Burns Brothers (10)	101½	101½	101¼	101½	+ ½	100	102
25¾	19⅝	5,700	Burns Bros., Class B (2)	24½	24½	23⅝	24	..	23⅝	24
65¾	60	100	Bush Terminal (5)	65½	65½	65½	65½	— ½	62½	75
6½	5	300	Butte Copper & Zinc (50c)	5¾	5¾	5¾	5¾	..	5¾	6
20⅜	15⅛	400	Butte & Superior	17⅜	17⅜	17	17	+ ¼	17	17¼
23⅜	19	200	Butterick Co.	20	20	20	20	..	19	20
4½	2	300	Caddo Central O. & R.	3	3	3	3	..	2⅜	3
29¾	23⅜	4,300	California Petroleum (1¾)	25¾	25¾	25	25	— ¼	25¼	25½
107	90¼	100	California Pet. pf. (7)	101½	101½	101¼	101¾	+ ¼	100	102½
5¾	4⅜	100	Callahan Zinc-Lead	5	5	5	5	..	5	5½
49¼	43¾	400	Calumet & Arizona (2)	44½	44¼	43¾	43¾	— ¼	43	44⅜
19½	15¾	100	Calumet & Hecla	16⅝	16⅝	16⅝	16⅝	— ⅛	16	16⅝
150⅞	144½	1,800	Canadian Pacific (10) x.d.	145	145	144¼	144¾	..	144	144½
17⅞	13¾	1,800	Central Leather Co.	14⅞	15⅜	14⅝	15	+ ⅛	14⅜	15¼
44⅞	35⅞	2,100	Central Leather Co. pf.	38⅝	39¼	38¾	38⅝	+ ¼	38¼	39
48½	44¾	800	Cerro de Pasco Cop. (4)	46½	46¾	46¼	46⅛	+ ⅛	46	46½
76	75	100	Cert.-Teed Fr. 1st pf. (7)	75	75	75	75	— 1	75	80½
66½	58	4,000	Chandler Motor (8)	60¼	60¼	58⅞	58⅞	— 1½	58¾	59
77⅝	67¾	10,400	Chesapeake & Ohio (4)	71⅜	73⅜	71⅜	71⅜	+ ⅛	71¼	71⅝
5½	3⅜	3,000	Chicago & Alton	4¾	4¾	4¾	4¾	..	4¾	4¾
12⅞	9¾	6,300	Chicago & Alton pf.	12¼	12⅞	11⅜	11⅜	— ¼	11⅜	12
51½	43⅜	100	Chicago & E. Ill. pf.	43¾	43¾	43¾	43¾	— ¼	43¼	45
13⅞	10⅝	500	Chi. Great Western pf.	11⅜	11⅝	11½	11½	— ¼	11½	11¾
18⅜	13⅝	3,200	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul	15¼	15¼	14	14⅜	— ¼	14⅜	14¾
28	22⅜	4,700	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul pf.	23¼	23½	22⅝	22⅝	— ¼	22⅝	22⅞
54⅜	49	7,200	Chi. & Northwestern (6)	51	53¾	51	53¼	+ ¾	50⅝	51
103½	100	100	Chicago & N. W. pf. (7)	100½	100½	100½	100½	— 1½	100	103
84	81¾	200	Chicago Pneu. Tool (5)	82	83	82¾	82¾	+ 1	82½	83½
27⅝	21½	1,800	Chicago, R. I. & Pac.	23¾	24	23¾	23½	+ ⅛	23½	23⅞
37	29	200	Chi., St. P., M. & Omaha	32	32	32	32	+ ⅛	31½	33
75	70	100	C., St.P., M. & O. pf. (7)	75	75	75	75	+ 3	70	78
28⅝	26⅜	2,200	Chile Copper ex div. (2½)	27⅞	27⅞	27¼	27½	+ ⅜	27¼	27⅝
20¾	16¾	800	Chino Copper	17¼	17¼	17¼	17¼	..	17¼	17½
77½	68⅝	1,500	Coca-Cola (7)	71½	71⅝	71¼	71¼	— ¼	71¼	71⅝
29½	24¼	600	Colorado Fuel & Iron	26½	26½	26½	26½	— ¼	26½	26⅝
20½	20	100	Colorado & Southern	28	28	28	28	+ ¼	27½	28½
38	33⅜	2,800	Columbia Gas & El. (2.60)	34⅜	34⅜	34½	34⅝	+ ⅜	34	34½
55⅜	49¾	500	Columbian Carbon (4)	52¾	52¾	51⅜	51⅜	— ½	51½	52½
57	43½	100	Com. Solvents A (4)	53½	53½	53¼	53½	..	52	54
68⅜	45	4,500	Congoleum Co. (3)	63¾	63¾	62¾	63¼	— ⅜	63¼	63¾
22½	15⅝	500	Consolidated Cigar	15⅝	16½	15⅝	16	..	16	17
67¾	60⅞	4,600	Consolidated Gas (5)	64½	64⅞	63¼	63¾	— ½	63⅜	63⅞
8	6	200	Consolidated Textile	6½	6½	6½	6½	..	6	6¼
60	49¼	1,400	Continental Can (4)	51	51¼	51	51	— ¼	50⅝	51
8	7	300	Continental Motors	7¼	7¼	7¼	7¼	..	7⅛	7¼
187⅝	152⅜	800	Corn Prod. Refining (10)	174	177	174½	174½	— 1⅝	174	175
37⅜	31¼	100	Corn Prod. Ref. pf. (7)	35½	35¾	35½	35½	..	35	35½
120¼	117	100	Corn Prod. Ref. pf. (7)	118½	118½	118½	118½	..	118½	119
40¼	32	3,000	Cosden & Co.	35½	35¾	35½	35⅝	+ ⅛	35⅛	35⅞
71¾	61¾	2,900	Crucible Steel (4)	63⅝	64½	63	63	— ¼	63	63½
18	14½	2,100	Cuba Cane Sugar	16½	16⅝	16½	16⅛	..	16	16¼
71⅞	60⅜	4,000	Cuba Cane Sugar pf.	70	70¾	68⅝	68⅝	— 1¾	68¾	69
38⅝	33	1,700	Cuban-Am. Sug. ex d. (3)	36¾	36¾	36¼	36¾	+ ¼	36¼	36⅝
8½	4¼	200	Cuban Dom. Sugar	7¼	7½	7¼	7¼	..	7	7¼
74½	65⅞	1,000	Cuyamel Fruit (4)	72	72	70	70	..	69¾	70½
68½	46	7,600	Davison Chemical	54¼	55¼	53¼	53¾	+ ⅝	53¼	53½
21½	18¼	300	De Beers Mines	21¼	21¼	21¼	21¼	+ 1	21¼	22
112⅜	107¼	200	Delaware & Hudson (9)	110	110	109¾	109¾	— ¼	109½	110
115¼	110⅜	200	Del., Lack. & Western (6)	114¼	114¼	114¼	114½	— ¼	113½	114
20¾	17	200	Dome Mines (2)	17¾	17¾	17¾	17¾	— ¼	17¼	17½
141⅞	126¼	1,200	Du Pont de Nemours (8)	131	131	130	130	— ¾	130	131
87	85½	200	Du Pont de Nem. deb. (6)	86½	86½	86½	86½	+ ¼	86	86½
106¾	103	200	Duquesne Light 1st pf. (7)	103	103	103	103	+ 1½	102¾	104
24¼	21¼	700	Eaton Axle & Spring (2.60)	22½	23	22¼	23	+ ¼	22¾	23
67¾	62¾	700	Electric Stor. Bat. (15%)	62¾	62¾	62¼	62½	+ ¼	62	62¼
12	11	100	Elk Horn Coal	12	12	12	12	..	12	12½
1	½	300	Emerson Brantingham	1	1	1	1	— ⅛	1	1¼
37⅞	31¼	200	Emerson Brantingham pf.	11½	11½	11¼	11½	..	8	11¼
27¾	25¼	4,000	Erie	24⅞	25¼	24⅞	25	— ¼	25	25¼
32⅜	30¾	1,900	Erie 1st pf.	31	31½	30¾	30¾	— ¼	30¾	31¾
29¾	27¾	400	Erie 2d pf.	28¾	28¾	28¾	28¾	— ¼	27¾	28¾
69⅞	66⅜	700	Famous Players-Lasky (8)	67¼	67¼	66¾	66¾	— ¼	66	66⅝
45¾	43	100	Fed. Min. & Smelt. pf. (7)	91	92	91	91	— 1	90	92
114¾	111¼	1,800	Fifth Av. Bus (6%)	11¾	11⅝	11¼	11¼	— ¼	11¼	11½
206¾	205¾	200	Fisher Body (10)	205¾	205¾	205¼	205¼	+ ¼	205¼	206
102¾	100½	100	Fisher Body Ohio pf. (8)	100½	100½	100½	100½	+ ¼	99½	102
8½	8¼	100	Fisk Rubber	8¼	8¾	8¼	8¾	..	8½	8¾
52½	47¾	800	Fleischmann Co. (1¾)	48	48	47	47½	— ¼	47	47¾
73½	72¼	400	Foundation Co. (6) x d.	73⅜	73⅜	72⅞	72⅞	+ ⅛	72	72½
10	9¾	300	Freeport-Texas	10	10	10	10	..	9¾	10
40½	39¾	1,700	General Asphalt	40½	40	40	40	— ½	39¾	40¾
75½	74¼	100	General Asphalt pf. (5)	75½	75½	75¼	75¼	— ¼	74¾	75¾
208¾	207¼	5,600	General Electric (8)	208¾	211½	207¾	207⅞	— 1⅝	207	207¼
11	11	500	General Electric spcl. (60c)	11	11	11	11	..	11	11¼
14⅝	14⅜	2,700	General Motors (1.20)	14½	14½	14½	14½	— ⅛	14½	14⅝
50	50	100	Gimbel Brothers	50	50	50	50	+ ¼	49	50
12¼	12	200	Glidden Co.	12¼	12¼	12	12	+ ¼	11¾	12¼
36⅞	36⅜	400	Gold Dust cfs.	36⅞	36⅞	36⅞	36⅞	+ ¼	36	36⅞
22⅞	22⅜	1,000	Goodrich (B. F.) Co.	22⅞	22⅞	22⅛	22⅛	— ¼	22⅛	22⅜
42½	42¼	1,000	Goodyear Tire & Rub. pf.	42½	42¾	42½	42½	— ¼	42¼	43
91	92	300	Goodyr. T.&R. prior pf.(8)	91	92	91	91	..	92¼	93½
15⅝	15⅜	600	Granby Consol	15⅝	15⅝	15⅜	15⅜	— ¼	15¼	15⅝
7	7	600	Grand & Davis	7	7	6⅞	6¾	— ¼	6½	7
55½	55⅛	5,300	Great Northern pf. (5)	55½	55⅞	54¼	54½	— 2	54¼	54⅝
29⅜	28⅝	500	Gt. Nor. cfs. ore prop. (3)	28⅝	29	28⅝	28⅝	— ¼	28⅝	29⅛
14½	14½	100	Greene Cananea Copper	14½	14½	14½	14½	— ¼	14¼	16
9	9¼	500	Guantanamo Sugar	9	9¼	9	9¼	..	8¾	9
14	14	100	Gulf, Mobile & Northern	14	14	14	14	— ¼	14	15
82⅝	83¾	3,200	Gulf States Steel (5)	82⅞	83¾	82	82	— ¼	82	82¾
40⅜	40⅜	300	Hartman Corp. (4)	40⅜	40⅜	40½	40½	— ¼	40	40¾
45⅜	45⅜	900	Hayes Wheel (3) x d.	45⅜	45⅜	45	45	— ¼	45	45½
32½	32½	200	Household Products (3)	32½	32½	32½	32½	— ¼	32½	34
72⅜	72¼	1,800	Houston Oil	72⅜	72⅜	70¾	70¾	— 1½	70	70¾
26⅝	26⅜	100	Hudson Motor Car (3)	26⅝	26⅝	26⅜	26⅜	— ⅛	26⅜	26⅝
16	16	200	Hupp Motor Car (1)	16	16	16	16	..	16	16¼
100¾	100¼	300	Hydraulic Steel pf.	100¾	100¾	100¼	100¾	+ ¼	100¼	101
7¾	7¾	100	Illinois Central (7)	7¾	7¾	7¾	7¾	+ ⅛	7¾	7¾
21¼	21¼	100	Independent Oil & G. (25c)	21	21¼	21	21¼	+ ¼	21¼	21¼
4½	4½	200	Indian Motorcycle	4½	4½	4½	4½	..	4½	4½
36⅜	36	500	Indian Refining	36	36	36	36	— ¼	35¾	36⅛
23½	23⅛	4,000	Inland Steel (2½)	24	24	23½	23⅝	+ ¼	23⅜	23⅝
17	17	700	Inspiration Copper	17	17	17	17	— ⅛	16⅞	17⅛
96	96	100	Interboro Rapid Transit	96	96	95	95	+ ¼	94¾	95
43	43	900	Int. Business Machine (8)	43	43	43	43	..	43	43¼
23⅜	23⅜	600	International Cement (4)	23⅜	23⅜	23	23	..	23	23⅝
85½	85¼	4,100	Int. Combustion Eng. (2)	85½	85½	85¼	85¼	— ¼	84¾	85⅞
7⅞	7⅞	200	Internatl. Harvester (6)	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞	..	7⅞	7⅞
30⅝	30¼	100	Internatl. Mer. Marine pf.	30⅝	30¾	30½	30½	— ¼	30¼	30½
12⅞	12⅜	700	International Nickel	12⅞	13	12⅜	12⅜	— ¼	12⅜	13
38⅜	39¼	1,100	International Paper	38⅜	39¼	38⅜	38⅜	— ¼	37⅜	38¼
69½	69¾	500	Internatl. Tel. & Tel. (6)	69½	69¾	69¼	69¼	— ¼	69¼	69⅞
31¼	31¼	100	Intertype Corp. (1¼)	31¼	31¼	31¼	31¼	..	31¼	32
14⅝	14⅞	2,000	Invincible Oil	14⅝	14⅞	14⅝	14⅞	— ⅛	14¼	14½
21	21

NEW RECORD MADE IN FREIGHT LOADINGS

Total of 935,109 Cars Makes Up Largest Week for This Season.

INCREASE OF 28,620 CARS

American Railway Service Attributes Gain to the Merchandise Movement.

Cars of revenue freight loaded during the week ended Feb. 16 established a new record for this season of the year with a total of 935,109 cars, according to the figures of the Car Service Division of the American Railway Association. Despite the fact that the week contained Lincoln's Birthday, when a decline was expected, it was, with a single exception, the largest week of loadings in January, February or March in the history of the railroads. The exception was in the last week of March, 1923, when 3,600 more cars were loaded.

The total for the week of Feb. 16 was an increase of 28,620 cars above the preceding week, an increase of 118,463 cars over the corresponding week of last year and an increase of 161,834 cars over the corresponding week of 1922, as well as 163,007 cars more than in the corresponding week of 1920.

A considerable part of the increase was attributed to the additional number of merchandise and miscellaneous freight cars loaded. Merchandise loadings totaled 240,340 cars, 5,960 cars above the preceding week, an increase of 31,532 cars over the same week last year and an increase of 21,654 cars over the same week in 1922. Loadings of miscellaneous freight amounted to 307,778 cars, 14,369 cars above the previous week and 33,872 above the same week of last year. Compared with the corresponding week two years ago, it was an increase of 88,785 cars.

At least one record for all time was shattered, and that was in the loadings of forest products, which totaled 82,718, exceeding by 2,578 the previous record, which was established in the week of April 21, 1923. Compared with the same week of last year the total was an increase of 24,060 cars.

Comparison of the car loadings for the last four weeks with corresponding weeks of the last three years follows:

	1924.	1923.	1922.	1921.
Feb. 16.....	935,109	816,646	773,275	692,007
Feb. 9.....	906,489	849,352	777,791	687,867
Feb. 2.....	929,936	865,414	747,895	699,718
Jan. 26.....	891,326	869,464	743,728	701,605

Record loadings for all time were 1,097,274 cars in the last week of September, 1923. Previous to 1923 the record for car loadings was that set in the second week of October, 1920, when a total of 1,018,539 cars was loaded.

Compared by commodities, the loadings of grain, live stock, coal and ore all showed increases in comparison with the same week of last year, while coke reported a decline.

Increases over the week before and over the corresponding weeks in 1923 and 1922 in the total loadings of all commodities were reported in all districts.

FARSON REFUSES TO TALK.

Declines to Make Statement on Expulsion From Stock Exchange.

John Farson of Farson, Son & Co., brokers, 115 Broadway, whose expulsion from membership in the New York Stock Exchange was announced on Thursday, declined again yesterday to make any formal statement. "The least said about it the better," he said, "and on advice of my counsel I feel obliged to keep silent. Aside from the affair as it relates to the New York Stock Exchange and myself, I feel free to say this much: That the business of the firm will not suffer greatly, as only 5 per cent. of our business has been done through the Exchange, and the other 95 per cent. through other markets."

Mr. Farson said he appreciated the opportunity to present his side of the case, involving charges against Mr. Farson as a result of the failure of the Hercules Petroleum Company in the depression period of 1920, but said he preferred to keep silent.

According to friends, the broker was a victim of hard luck in that the only oil venture he ever attempted to float proved a failure, and complaints paved the way for his expulsion by the New York Stock Exchange.

MARKET AVERAGES.

STOCKS.

YESTERDAY'S RANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
25 railroads...	60.98	60.06	60.20	— .50
25 industrials.	111.52	110.42	110.53	— .33
50 stocks.....	86.25	85.24	85.36	— .45

DAILY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
Feb. 28.....	86.08	84.95	85.31	+ .37
Feb. 27.....	85.06	84.38	84.54	+ .11
Feb. 26.....	85.49	84.45	84.73	— .48
Feb. 25.....	85.87	84.97	85.21	— .46
Feb. 23.....	85.85	85.40	85.67	+ .27
Feb. 22.....	Holiday.			

MONTHLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

	High.		Low.		Last.
*1924.	88.56	Feb. 4	84.24	Feb. 19	85.36
1923.	91.64	Feb. 21	85.02	Feb. 1	90.84
1922.	78.71	Feb. 27	68.25	Feb. 1	78.00
1921.	71.72	Feb. 17	68.51	Feb. 24	69.20
1920.	87.98	Feb. 2	77.45	Feb. 12	80.24

YEARLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

	High.		Low.		Last.
*1924.	88.56	Feb. 4	83.31	Jan. 3	85.36
†1923.	91.85	Mar. 2	8417	Jan. 17	91.50

Full Years.

1923.	92.52	Mar. 6	77.15	Oct. 29	84.15
1922.	93.06	Oct. 18	66.21	Jan. 10	86.58
1921.	73.13	May 6	58.35	June 21	68.50
1920.	94.07	Apr. 3	62.70	Dec. 22	67.80
1919.	99.59	Nov. 5	69.73	Jan 21	89.60

DOMESTIC BONDS.

YESTERDAY'S CLOSE.

	Net Change.	Day.	Month.	Year.
40 issues	77.53	..	—.88	—1.08

DAILY RANGE OF 40 DOMESTIC BONDS.

Feb. 28...	77.53	—.01	Feb. 21...	77.78	+.20
Feb. 27...	77.54	—.22	Feb. 20...	77.58	—.11
Feb. 26...	77.76	—.09	Feb. 19...	77.69	—.13
Feb. 25...	77.85	+.05	Feb. 18...	77.82	—.09
Feb. 23...	77.80	+.02	Feb. 16...	77.91	—.05
Feb. 22...	Holiday.		Feb. 15...	77.96	—.10

YEARLY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

	High.		Low.		Last.
*1924.	78.56	Jan. 26	76.95	Jan. 2	77.53
1923.	79.43	Jan. 3	78.31	Jan. 31	78.61

Full Years.

1923.	79.43	Jan. 3	75.58	Oct. 2	76.71
1922.	82.54	Aug. 22	75.01	Jan. 3	79.12
1921.	76.31	Nov. 29	67.56	June 30	75.27
1920.	72.14	Oct. 21	65.57	May 21	68.66
1919.	79.06	June 2	71.05	Dec. 7	72.00

FOREIGN BONDS.

YESTERDAY'S CLOSE.

	Net Change.	Day.	Month.	Year.
10 Govt. issues..	98.45	+.02	+.42	—1.18

DAILY RANGE 10 FOREIGN BONDS.

Feb. 28...	98.43	+.02	Feb. 19...	98.12	..
Feb. 27...	98.41	—.10	Feb. 18...	98.12	—.03
Feb. 26...	98.37	+.01	Feb. 16...	98.15	..
Feb. 23...	98.36	+.01	Feb. 15...	98.15	..
Feb. 22...	Holiday.		Feb. 14...	98.15	—.07
Feb. 21...	98.35	+.24	Feb. 13...	98.22	—.09
Feb. 20...	98.11	—.01	Feb. 12...	Holiday.	

YEARLY RANGE OF 10 FOREIGN BONDS.

	High.		Low.		Last.
*1924.	98.72	Feb. 2	97.31	Jan. 5	98.45
†1923.	100.11	Jan. 4	96.92	Jan. 30	99.58

Full Year.

1923.	101.14	June 17	96.92	Jan. 30	97.83

*To date. †To corresponding date last year.

BIG DROP IN STOCK OF WESTINGHOUSE

New Low for Year Follows Report of Plans for $15,000,000 Issue of Common.

The stock of the Westinghouse Electric and Manufacturing Company, which ordinarily is steady, figured yesterday in a sharp break. The quotation, which on Thursday had advanced to 62⅝, broke to a new low price for the year at 59⅝, a net loss for the day of 3¼ points, or approximately 6 points in the case of the stocks selling around $100 a share. The selling influenced a number of other stocks and resulted in checking a rally which had set in during the morning hours.

The break followed a report that the Westinghouse Company contemplated a new issue of common stock amounting to $15,000,000 at approximately $53 per share. Inquiry revealed that the directors will hold their regular monthly meeting next Wednesday and until after that time the company would have nothing to say. Kuhn, Loeb & Co., expected to underwrite the new issue, also had nothing to say.

The annual report of the Westinghouse Company will not be issued until after March 31; when the fiscal year ends. For the last fiscal year, ended March 31, 1923, the company showed gross sales of $150,980,106; net income of $12,283,486, and surplus for the year after preferred and common dividends of $6,278,587.

Traction Directors Delay Meeting.

The meeting of directors of the Market Street Railway Company of San Francisco, scheduled for last Thursday, was adjourned for lack of a quorum, according to advices received yesterday. The directors were to have revived a failure, and complaints paved the way for his expulsion by the New York Stock Exchange.

WEEK'S FINANCING TOTALS $49,454,000

Aggregate of New Bond Issues Marketed in February Is $422,567,100.

DECREASE FROM LAST YEAR

Public Utility Offerings Total $19,800,000 This Week—$11,000,000 for Railroads.

New bond offerings this week totaled $49,454,000, comparing with $35,089,300 in the preceding week and $79,444,000 in the corresponding week of last year. For the whole month the aggregate was $422,567,100, or an average of more than $100,000,000 a week.

The volume of new bond offerings for this year to date is considerably below the first two months of 1923. For 1924 the total to date is $835,122,600, against $1,006,393,076 for the same two months of 1923.

Offerings this week and last by groups were as follows:

	This Week.	Last Week.
Public Utility	$19,800,000	$11,100,000
Railroad	11,000,000	13,154,300
State and Municipal ..	10,954,000	9,835,000
Industrial	6,200,000	.....
Land Bank	1,500,000	1,000,000
Totals	$49,454,000	$35,089,300

There were no individual issues of great size brought out this week, but there was a fairly large number of small public utility, railroad and industrial loans floated. They met with a ready market. Underwriters said the market was in excellent condition after the arduous task of absorbing the Japanese loan.

In the open market, bond prices were affected to a certain extent by the developments at Washington and the attack on French and Belgian francs in the foreign exchanges. Washington developments failed to cause any far-reaching effect on gilt-edge securities, but some of the bonds having stock conversion features gave ground at times. The French and Belgian bonds after some early losses recuperated toward the close of the week and held consistently steadier than the foreign exchange/bills of those countries.

SOUTHWESTERN BELL GAINS

Reports $9,299,678 Net Income for 1923—Surplus $1,568,435.

The Southwestern Bell Telephone Company, unlike the Pacific Telephone and Telegraph Company, the New England Telephone and Telegraph Company and the Pennsylvania Bell Telephone Company, shows a further substantial improvement in its earnings position for last year. All these companies are controlled by the American Telephone and Telegraph Company.

Net income of the Southwestern company is reported as $9,299,678, compared with $7,018,666 in 1922, while surplus after dividends was $1,568,435, against $646,622 in 1922. Dividends paid amounted to $7,311,045, against $5,636,167 in 1922. Gross income was $42,021,954, compared with $37,952,765 in 1922.

Boston Elevated Dividends.

The Boston Elevated Railway Company has declared its regular semi-annual dividend of $3.50 on the second preferred and the regular quarterly dividend of $1.50 on the common stock, both payable April 1 to stock of record March 17.

FOREIGN BOND AVERAGES.

FEBRUARY, 1924.
Ten Government issues.

Date.	Close.	Ch'ge.	Date.	Close.	Ch'ge.
1	98.37	+ .23	16	98.15	..
2	98.72	+ .35	18	98.12	— .03
4	98.37	+ .01	19	98.12	..
5	98.62	+ .01	20	98.11	— .01
6	98.55	— .07	21	98.35	+ .24
7	98.45	— .11	22	Holiday.	
8	98.56	+ .11	23	98.36	+ .01
9	98.60	+ .04	25	98.37	+ .01
11	98.31	— .29	26	98.51	+ .14
12	Holiday.		27	98.41	— .10
13	98.22	— .09	28	98.43	+ .02
14	98.15	— .07	29	98.45	+ .02
15	98.15	..			

RANGE FOR FEBRUARY.

	High.	Date.	Low.	Date.	Close.
1924	98.72	2	98.11	20	98.45
1923	99.58	28	97.55	1	99.58

YEAR'S RANGE.

*1924...	98.73	Feb. 2	97.11	Jan. 5	98.45
1923....	101.14	June 17	96.92	Jan. 30	97.83

*To date.

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 29, 1924.

	1924.	1923.	1922.	1921.	1920.
Day's Sales—					
United States Government bonds...	$1,617,300	$3,580,300	$7,870,350	$5,069,500	$9,107,500
Other domestic bonds.....	6,451,000	7,158,500	7,632,000	2,437,000	1,820,500
Foreign bonds	1,820,000	1,754,500	2,929,000	948,000	1,952,000
Total all bonds.....	$9,888,300	$12,493,300	$18,431,350	$8,454,500	$12,880,000
Year to Date—					
United States Government bonds...	$154,500,271	$147,314,119	$375,756,300	$355,396,750	$557,685,750
Other domestic bonds.....	357,550,500	324,290,500	307,661,800	156,218,000	111,459,500
Foreign bonds	77,210,700	99,736,900	107,593,800	46,056,500	62,067,500
Total all bonds.....	$589,261,471	$571,341,510	$791,011,900	$557,671,250	$731,212,750

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT LOANS.

Range Since Date of Issue—High.	Date.	—Low.	Date.	—Range, 1924—High.	Low.	Sales.	Issue.	Open.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.	—Closing—Bid.	Asked.	Yield.
103.1	Oct. 19,'22	86.1	June 2,'21	99.25	98.28	284	Liberty 3½s, 1932-47.....	99.3	99.3	99.00	99.1	—.4	99.00	99.3	3.56
102.28	Oct. 19,'22	86.4	July 11,'21	99.25	98.26	4	Liberty 3½s, registered.....	99.3	99.3	99.2	99.2	—.1	....	....	....
101.23	July 25,'22	83.00	May 19,'20	99.11	98.27	....	Lib. 1st conv. 4s, 1932-47.	....	....	....	....	....	99.3	....	4.06
101.10	July 24,'22	88.25	May 19,'20	97.30	97.30	....	Liberty 1st cv. 4s, reg....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
100.25	July 23,'22	81.12	May 20,'20	99.12	98.5	....	Liberty 2d 4s, 1927-42.....	....	....	....	....	....	99.00	99.6	4.07
100.16	July 14,'22	81.18	May 21,'20	99.4	98.5	....	Liberty 2d 4s, registered....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
102.00	July 16,'23	90.00	June 7,'20	99.16	98.20	....	Lib. 1st 2d cv. 4¼s, '32-47.	....	....	....	....	....	98.29	99.10	....
101.23	July 13,'22	84.00	May 21,'20	99.18	98.8	65¼	Lib. 1st cv. 4¼s, 1932-47...	99.5	99.7	99.5	99.5	....	99.5	99.6	4.30
101.14	July 24,'22	84.00	July 30,'20	99.14	98.4	5	Lib. 1st cv. 4¼s, reg.....	99.3	99.3	99.3	99.3	+.3	....	....	....
101.00	July 24,'22	81.12	May 20,'20	99.16	98.4	208	Lib. 2d cv. 4¼s, 1927-42...	99.2	99.4	99.2	99.2	—.1	99.2	99.4	4.32
100.25	July 25,'22	83.16	Dec. 20,'20	100.13	98.2	5	Lib. 2d cv. 4¼s, reg.....	99.00	99.00	99.00	99.00	—.1	99.00	....	....
101.00	July 20,'22	85.20	Dec. 20,'20	100.1	99.8	2524½	Liberty 3d 4½s, 1928.....	100.00	100.00	99.31	99.31	—.1	99.31	100.00	4.26
100.27	July 25,'22	82.12	May 19,'20	99.31	99.8	3	Liberty 3d 4½s, reg.....	99.29	99.29	99.29	99.29	—.1	....	....	....
101.27	July 27,'22	82.00	May 20,'20	99.18	98.8	719	Liberty 4th 4¼s, 1933-38...	99.5	99.7	99.4	99.5	....	99.5	99.6	4.33
101.20	July 26,'22	82.15	May 20,'20	99.16	98.7	13	Liberty 4th 4¼s, reg.....	99.3	99.3	99.3	99.3	—.2	....	....	....
100.13	Feb. 1,'24	98.1	Mar. 27,'23	100.13	99.8	58	Treasury 4½s, 1947-52.....	100.7	100.7	100.0	100.6	—.1	100.6	100.7	4.24
100.4	Feb. 4,'24	98.20	Apr. 25,'23	100.4	99.13	....	Treasury 4½s, reg.....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....

Beginning March 22, 1923, the Stock Exchange officially quotes Liberty Bonds in units and fractions, the fractions being 32ds of a unit and the quotations after the decimal point representing one or more 32ds. In the above table, therefore, the figures of highest and lowest prices during 1924 and since date of issue are reduced to the form now used in the Stock Exchange quotations.

FOREIGN BONDS.

Argentine 5s, 1945	11.....	77	$ 3s....	87½	12.....	94½	19.....	92¾	25.....	102	5.....	74	s f 8s, 1926		State of Sao			
1.....	81½	City of Marseilles 6s, '34	5s, 1958		7.....	94⅝	5.....	93	1.....	101⅛	5.....	73⅝	1.....	102⅞	Paulo s f 8s,			
7s, 1927		3.....	77	4s20f..100⅝														
3.....	101	City of Montevideo s f 7s, 1952	Dom of Can		2.....	94⅝	1.....	92½	King Denmark		2.....	74	s f 8s, 1941		1936			
1.....	101⅛		5s, 1926		10.....	94½	26.....	92¾	6s, 1942		30.....	74	1.....	104	Un Kn Gt Br			
3.....	101		2.....	99⅞	7.....	94⅝	1.....	92¾	2.....	93	10.....	74¼	15.....	104¼	& Ire cv			
9.....	101⅛		5½s, 1929		2.....	94⅝	6.....	92¾	1.....	93¼	8.....	74¼	2.....	104	5½s, 1929			
13.....	101⅛		4.....	101	7.....	94⅝	3.....	92¾	7.....	95	6.....	74¼	2.....	104¼	1.....	107⅝		
Aust Gov gtd s f 7s, 1943, int rets		City of Rio de Janeiro s f 8s, 1946	8s, 1945		10.....	101¼	9.....	92¾	8s, 1945		5.....	74¼	2.....	104¼	5.....	107½		
			10.....	101⅛	5.....	92¼	1.....	95¼			2.....	74	s f 8s, 1946		5½s, 1937			
			5s, 1931		2.....	97¼	8s, 1945				11.....	74¼	5.....	104¼	10.....	101¼		
2.....	88¼		1.....	94	36.....	97¾	38.....	92¾			10.....	74	Rep Colombia 6½s, 1927		11.....	101¼		
5.....	88½		3.....	93¾	16.....	97⅝	1.....	107⅞			11.....	74¼			22.....	101		
17.....	88¾		s f 8s, 1947		2.....	97¼	25.....	92¾			5.....	74⅜	7.....	95½	35.....	100⅝		
1.....	88¾		2.....	91	4.....	97¼	3.....	92¾			1.....	74¼	Rep Cuba s f 6½s, 1953, Int ctfs		1.....	100⅜		
17.....	88¾		4.....	91⅛	71.....	100	15.....	97⅜			5.....	74¼			U S of Brazil 8s, 1941			
3.....	88¾		1.....	91½	5.....	99⅞	6.....	97⅜			1.....	74¼						
1.....	88¾	City of Tokio 5s, 1952	1.....	100	Dutch E Ind		15.....	98			1.....	74¼	78.....	92	8.....	93¼		
20.....	89		Bell Tel of Pa 1st & ref 5s, 1948		s f 5½s, '53		10.....	97¾			5.....	92¼	Rep Haiti s f 8s, Ser A.		1.....	93¼		
3.....	88¾				5.....	87¾	2.....	98			10.....	74¼			2.....	93¼		
2.....	89¼	City of Zurich 8s, 1945			21.....	88	2.....	97¾			4.....	103¼	5.....	92¼	3.....	93¼		
6.....	89				8.....	97⅞	40.....	98			2.....	74⅝	Rep El Salvador s f 8s, Ser A. 1948		1.....	93¼		
16.....	88¾	1.....	111⅛		9.....	88¼	2.....	98¼			4.....	103¼			2.....	93¼		
1.....	88¾	1.....	111½		11.....	88	1.....	98¼			1.....	74¼			1.....	93¼		
5.....	89¼	Czechoslovak Rep 8s, 1951			31.....	94	1.....	98¼			10.....	74¼	Rep of El Salvador s f 8s, Ser A. 1948		3.....	93¼		
2.....	88⅝		6s, 1947		9.....	94⅜	1.....	98¼			4.....	103¼			2.....	93¼		
City of Berne 8s, 1945		1.....	95¼	Jap Gov 4s, 1931, sterling loan		1.....	94½	2.....	98¼			4.....	103¼	Paris-Lyons-Med R R 6s, 1958		2.....	100⅜		
5.....	110¾	4.....	95¼		1.....	94	1.....	98¼			1.....	74¼			3.....	100⅜		
City of Bord'x 6s, 1934		7.....	95		40.....	79½	2.....	98¼			5.....	74⅜			7.....	100⅜		
		Dan Mun s f 8s 1946, Ser A	6s, 1962		1.....	93¼	2.....	98¼			1.....	74¼	Marland Oil 1st mtge 7½s, 1931		1.....	124		
18.....	77				5.....	93¾	1.....	98¼			1.....	74¼			1.....	122½		
1.....	76¾		4½s, 1925, sterling loan		5.....	93¾	1.....	98¼			2.....	74⅜	Ser B, with warrants		1.....	123		
City of Copenhagen 5½s, 1944		1.....	107		10.....	97⅛	3.....	98¼			1.....	74¼			1.....	123		
		s f 8s, 1946, Ser B			10.....	97⅛	1.....	98¼			1.....	74¼	Metro Edison 1st & ref 6s, Ser B, 1932		1.....	98¾		
2.....	88¼				3.....	96¾	1.....	98¼			1.....	74¼			1.....	98¾		
5.....	88	3.....	106⅜		1.....	96¾	1.....	98¼			1.....	74¼			1.....	98¾		
1s30f..	87½	Dept of the Seine tem 7s, 1942			1.....	96¾	1.....	98¼			1.....	74¼	Metropoln Pwr 1st 6s, SenA 1953		1.....	98¾		
Cy of Greater Prague 7½s, 1952					1.....	96¾	1.....	98¼			1.....	74¼			1.....	98¾		
		5.....	81½		1.....	96¾	1.....	98¼			1.....	74¼	Mex Pete s f 8s, 1936		1.....	102¼		
8.....	83¾	3.....	81¾		1.....	96¾	1.....	98¼			1.....	74¼			1.....	102¼		
2.....	83½	15.....	82		1.....	96¾	1.....	98¼			1.....	74¼	Midvale Steel col tr 5s, 1936		1.....	89¾		
City of Lyons 6s, 1934		7.....	81¾		1.....	96¾	1.....	98¼			1.....	74¼			1.....	89¾		
		4.....	81¼		1.....	96¾	1.....	98¼			1.....	74¼			2.....	89¾		
		Dom Rep 5½s, 1942, Int cfs			1.....	96¾	1.....	98¼			1.....	74¼			5.....	89¾		
			23.....	94¼	1.....	96¾	1.....	98¼			1.....	74¼	Mil El Ry & Lgt 5s, 1951		2.....	92½		
					1.....	96¾	1.....	98¼			1.....	74¼			1.....	92½		
					1.....	96¾	1.....	98¼			1.....	74¼	1st & ref 5s, Ser B, 1961		1.....	93		
					1.....	96¾	1.....	98¼			1.....	74¼			1.....	93		
					1.....	96¾	1.....	98¼			1.....	74¼	Mil L S & Wn ext 5s, 1929		1.....	93		
					1.....	96¾	1.....	98¼			1.....	74¼			2.....	99¼		
					1.....	96¾	1.....	98¼			1.....	74¼	Minn & St L 1st & ref 4s, 1949		1.....	80¾		
					1.....	96¾	1.....	98¼			1.....	74¼			10.....	80¾		
					1.....	96¾	1.....	98¼			1.....	74¼	St L div 5s, 1980		1.....	61¼		
					1.....	96¾	1.....	98¼			1.....	74¼			1.....	61¼		
					1.....	96¾	1.....	98¼			1.....	74¼	Minn & St L ref & ext 5s, 1962		2.....	20		
					1.....	96¾	1.....	98¼			1.....	74¼			2.....	20		
					1.....	96¾	1.....	98¼			1.....	74¼	M St P & S S M ref 6s, Ser A, 1946		1.....	102		
					1.....	96¾	1.....	98¼			1.....	74¼			2.....	102¾		
					1.....	96¾	1.....	98¼			1.....	74¼	con 5s, 1938		1.....	99¼		
					1.....	96¾	1.....	98¼			1.....	74¼			1.....	99¼		
					1.....	96¾	1.....	98¼			1.....	74¼	con 4s, 1938		1.....	80¼		
					1.....	96¾	1.....	98¼			1.....	74¼			1.....	80¼		
					1.....	96¾	1.....	98¼			1.....	74¼	Mo K & T 1st 4s, 1990		1.....	76		
					1.....	96¾	1.....	98¼			1.....	74¼			1.....	76¾		
					1.....	96¾	1.....	98¼			1.....	74¼	prior lien 5s, Ser A, 1962		6.....	80¾		
					1.....	96¾	1.....	98¼			1.....	74¼			12.....	80½		
					1.....	96¾	1.....	98¼			1.....	74¼			4.....	80¾		
					1.....	96¾	1.....	98¼			1.....	74¼			5.....	80¾		
					1.....	96¾	1.....	98¼			1.....	74¼			9.....	80¼		
					1.....	96¾	1.....	98¼			1.....	74¼			12.....	80¼		
					1.....	96¾	1.....	98¼			1.....	74¼			14.....	80¼		
					1.....	96¾	1.....	98¼			1.....	74¼			25.....	80¾		
					1.....	96¾	1.....	98¼			1.....	74¼			15.....	80¾		
					1.....	96¾	1.....	98¼			1.....	74¼			7.....	80¾		
					1.....	96¾	1.....	98¼			1.....	74¼	4s, Ser B, 1962		1.....	86¾		
					1.....	96¾	1.....	98¼			1.....	74¼			1.....	86¾		
					1.....	96¾	1.....	98¼			1.....	74¼			1.....	87¾		
					1.....	96¾	1.....	98¼			1.....	74¼	adj 5s, 1932		30.....	54¾		
					1.....	96¾	1.....	98¼			1.....	74¼			3.....	54¾		
					1.....	96¾	1.....	98¼			1.....	74¼			14.....	54¾		
					1.....	96¾	1.....	98¼			1.....	74¼			30.....	54¾		
					1.....	96¾	1.....	98¼			1.....	74¼			2.....	54¾		
					1.....	96¾	1.....	98¼			1.....	74¼			3.....	54¾		
					1.....	96¾	1.....	98¼			1.....	74¼			21.....	54¾		
					1.....	96¾	1.....	98¼			1.....	74¼			10.....	54¾		
					1.....	96¾	1.....	98¼			1.....	74¼			1.....	54¾		
					1.....	96¾	1.....	98¼			1.....	74¼	Mo P 1st con 6s, 1940		7.....	90¾		
					1.....	96¾	1.....	98¼			1.....	74¼			2.....	90¾		
					1.....	96¾	1.....	98¼			1.....	74¼			5.....	90¾		
					1.....	96¾	1.....	98¼			1.....	74¼	gen 4s, 1975		1.....	53¾		
					1.....	96¾	1.....	98¼			1.....	74¼			1.....	53¾		
					1.....	96¾	1.....	98¼			1.....	74¼			3.....	53¾		

DOMESTIC BONDS.

Adams Ex 4s, 1948	4.....	80	deb 5s, 1937	1.....	98¼	Cent Leather 5s, 1925	2.....	94½	7.....	107¼	Det Un Ry con 4½s, 1932	5.....	80½	1.....	88¾	3.....	53¾	1.....	104¾
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
Ajax Rub s f 8s, 1936	1.....	80		4.....	98¾		12.....	94¼	1.....	107¼		5.....	80	1.....	80	2.....	53¾	1.....	104¾
	1.....	80		3.....	98¼		2.....	94¾	7s, 1950		Dis Sec Corp 5s,

TEAGLE ANSWERS STANDARD OIL CRITIC

Denies New Jersey Company Forsook Kansas and Oklahoma for California.

GIVES REFINERY FIGURES

Ran 59% More Midwestern Crude Last Year Than In 1922.

According to a letter written by Walter C. Teagle, President of the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey, to William H. Gray, President of the National Association of Independent Oil Producers, the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey did not abandon Oklahoma and Kansas crude oil and replace it with oil from California sonrces last year. Mr. Teagle's statement was in response to an open letter from Mr. Gray which criticized the purchasing policy of the Carter Oil Company, the New Jersey Company's Western producing and purchasing subsidiary, and charged that the producers of the Kansas and Oklahoma fields were left prostrate in 1923 by their abandonment by big buyers, who turned to California as a temporary source of supply.

"In the year 1923," said Mr. Teagle, "the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey ran through its refineries 59 per cent. more Oklahoma and Kansas crude than in 1922. These runs were in fairly equal monthly quantities throughout the year. Our daily average refinery runs of Oklahoma and Kansas crude in 1923 were 66,621 barrels, as compared with a daily average of 47,836 barrels for the same months in 1922. These figures show that the California crude oil run by us was not in substitution of Oklahoma and Kansas crude.

"The principal service which our company can perform for the producers in this country, wherever located and whether they be small or large, is to expand our business and the uses of oil to the greatest possible extent, and this can only be brought about through fair prices to both the producers and the consuming public. Whether or not we have performed this service to the best of our ability is a question which we are content to leave to the good judgment of the producers and the public."

TRADE IS HEAVY, BUT NOT UNIFORM

Despite Its Large Volume, Lagging in Many Lines Dulls Its Tone.

Reviews of business and industry at the end of the week emphasize that many cross-currents are apparent. It is made plain, however, that business is in large volume, although the markets have dulled in many directions. Political conditions are reported to be to some extent responsible for the slow reopening of Spring trade.

Dun's review, in summing up the situation, makes the following comment:

"Gains exceeding expectations have come this year in some quarters, but in others there is continued hesitation, and the price movement reflects the irregularity of buying. The steel industry is operating at a high rate and is the brightest spot in the general situation, but the textile trades lag, with cotton goods manufacture restricted, and the recent expansion in demand for hides and leather has not been fully held.

"It is a period for a natural lull in some markets, yet the practice of limiting commitments to actual needs and of keeping stocks low remains sharply defined in about all lines. Frequent purchases of moderate size, rather than large individual orders, are the rule.

"With the large consumptive requirements, however, and with relatively little unemployment of workers, the underlying conditions are strong. Even with the noteworthy activity a year ago, average daily bank clearings then did not equal the current average, and there is not much difference in the general level of prices."

Bradstreet's says:

"Something like a slack-water appearance is presented this week. Distributive trade in primary lines this week is rather quieter, while jobbing trade is a shade larger than last week at some cities. Industry ranges from fair to good, while collections, on the other hand, vary from fair to slow. Retail trade has been held back by the fact that the Easter season is late, by the vagaries of weather and by bad country roads."

ASKS NEW STOCK ISSUES.

Standard Gas and Elctric Company Seek Approval of Stockholders.

In anticipation of a large growth in the company's business and the acquisition of additional properties, directors of the Standard Gas and Electric Company are asking preferred and common stockholders, at a special meeting called for March 19, to approve new issues in both stocks.

Both classes of stockholders will be asked to approve the issuance of 500,000 shares of 7 per cent. cumulative prior preference stock, $100 par value, and shares to have preference as to assets and dividends over all other classes of stock, but without voting rights. They will be callable at 115. The common shareholders will be asked to approve the issuance of 1,000,000 shares of 6 per cent. preferred and proposed prior preference stocks as to assets and dividends. This stock will be entitled to vote and will be callable at par.

If the stockholders approve the recommendations the company will offer immediately $7,500,000 of 7 per cent. cumulative prior preference stock, the proceeds of which will retire $4,756,000 of 6 per cent. bonds, due 1926. Upon completion of this transaction the company will have no secured funded debt outstanding.

FINISHES 50 YEARS' SERVICE

Barney Smith With Stock Exchange Ever Since He Landed.

The oldest employe of the New York Stock Exchange will round out an even fifty years of service for that institution today. He is Bernard Smith, known on the Exchange as "Barney," who joined the working force of the Stock Exchange a few days after he had landed from Ireland. Since 1882 he has been Superintendent of the building for the institution and has general charge of its physical properties.

Mr. Smith is 68 years old. He is the second of the Exchange's employes to pass the fifty-year mark in point of service, the other one having been J. P. Burns, Superintendent of the Exchange's uniformed forces, who was recently retired on a pension.

DECLARED DIVIDENDS.

The following companies announced dividends during the last week:

Company.	Rate.	Periodicity.	Pay-able.	Books Close.
Am. Coal (Alg. Co.)	$1	Q	May 1	Apr. 10
Boston Elev.	$1.50	Q	Apr. 1	Mar. 17
Do 2d pf.	$3.50	S.A.	Apr. 1	Mar. 17
By Prod Coke pf.	2%	Q	Apr. 1	...
Fbl. Nlp.Mfg.,Cl.A.	75c	Q	Apr. 1	Mar. 15
Do	25c	Ex	Apr. 1	Mar. 15
Cramp & Sons, S. & E. Bldg.	$1	Q	Mar. 31	Mar. 17
Detroit Edison	$2	Q	Apr. 15	Mar. 20
Hall Mg. Cons. Gold M.	$1	M	Mar. 24	Mar. 6
Leh. V. Coal Sales.	$2	Q	Apr. 1	Mar. 13
P. R. L. & P. 6% 1st pf.	1½	Q	Apr. 1	Mar. 5
Do pr. pf.	1¾	Q	Apr. 1	Mar. 5
Reading 2d pf.	1	Q	Apr. 10	Mar. 24
Stand. Oil of Ky.	$1	Q	Apr. 1	Mar. 15
Tron. Ext. Min.	5	...	Apr. 1	Mar. 11
Utd. Dyewood.	$1.50	Q	Apr. 1	Mar. 14
Do pf.	$1.75	Q	Apr. 1	Mar. 14
Do pf.	$1.75	Q	July 1	June 13
Do pf.	$1.75	Q	Oct. 1	Sept. 15
Do pf.	$1.75	Q	Jan. 2'25	Dec. 15
U. S. Radiator pf.	1¾	Q	Apr. 15	Apr. 1

FORD'S ROAD PAYS 12% TO EMPLOYES

Investment Certificates Held by Workers Yield Unexpected Return, New York Hears.

Initial interest payments, at the rate of 12 per cent. per annum, are being made on the investment certificates of Henry Ford's railroad, the Detroit, Ironton & Toledo, which are held by its employes. As the result of this rather unexpected return, according to reports reaching New York, there has been a rush of employes to take advantage of the certificates which first were offered to the employes in November of last year.

Checks have been mailed to holders of the certificates for interest for the month of November and December. Announcement was made at the same time that in the future the dividend would be declared on Jan. 1 and July 1. When the certificates were issued the announcement was made that they would bear no interest rate, but the earnings would depend upon the condition and income of the road.

Reports recently made public indicated that the Detroit, Toledo & Ironton for the year 1923 had a net income of more than $1,700,000, the largest in its history. Before Mr. Ford took over the road it had passed through twenty-six attempts at reorganization. He purchased the road in 1920 for approximately $5,000,000.

One month after the announcement of the plan 147 employes had deposited $6,233.80 with the company on the installment purchase plan. By the first of February the certificate holders increased to 585 employes with a total of $55,406.

FEBRUARY TRANSACTIONS.

Transactions in stocks on the New York Stock Exchange for the month of February aggregated 20,636,177 shares, a decrease of 6,092,957 shares as compared with the previous month, and of 2,057,423 shares as compared with the same month last year. There were nine million-shares days, of which 1,854,906 shares was the largest, and also the heaviest amount of dealings since April 17, 1922, when the total was 1,987,254. The smallest full days total was 567,700 shares, on the 27th, which, in turn, was the lightest day's a trading since Oct. 25, 1923, when the total was 565,820 shares. For the Saturday half-holiday the maximum total was 754,942 shares, on the 16th, and the minimum total 410,300 shares, on the 23d.

The following table gives the total transactions in stocks for February and since Jan. 1 this year, as compared with corresponding periods in each year back to 1889:

February.	STOCKS (SHARES).	Jan. 1 to Feb. 28.
1924	20,636,177	47,365,311
1923	22,693,600	49,301,729
1922	16,194,742	31,579,161
1921	10,146,705	26,122,963
1920	21,729,604	41,383,920
1919	12,052,404	23,687,185
1918	7,316,152	24,820 026
1917	13,626,116	30,649,906
1916	12,204,911	28,145,172
1915	4,380,591	9,456,308
1914	5,232,873	16,338,629
1913	6,641,440	15,375,640
1912	7,091,192	18,000,057
1911	10,171,008	20,554,779
1910	15,994,602	40,111,146
1909	12,343,753	29,616,347
1908	9,917,723	26,535,581
1907	16,483,152	30,497,949
1906	21,687,570	60,235,447
1905	25,364,446	46,129,384
1904	8,571,484	20,807,223
1903	10,927,401	26,933,700
1902	12,950,060	27,714,090
1901	21,881,389	52,088,992
1900	10,207,910	20,071,370
1899	11,984,886	40,128,436
1898	8,978,567	18,195,281
1897	2,817,593	6,118,648
1896	5,194,421	9,594,443
1895	3,025,629	6,262,706
1894	4,171,496	7,756,580
1893	10,817,742	21,375,083
1892	11,432,001	21,265,227
1891	3,228,411	8,724,180
1890	5,200,965	11,573,040
1889	5,593,574	10,756,757

Dealings in bonds amounted to a par value of $235,234,196, divided as follows: Corporations, $137,613,700; United States Government loans, $57,434,796; foreign securities, $40,032,700; State, $5,000; New York City, $148,000. Last month's total was a decrease of $119,793,079, as compared with the preceding month, and of $25,997,964, as compared with the same month last year. The largest day's trading was $17,549,400, on the 7th, and smallest full day's trading, $8,503,300, on the 20th. For the Saturday half holiday the maximum total was $8,597,500, on the 2d, and the minimum total was $5,270,400, on the 23d.

The following table gives the bond dealings for February and from Jan. 1 of this year, as compared with previous years:

February.	BONDS (PAR VALUE).	Jan. 1 to Feb. 28.
1924	$235,234,196	$589,261,471
1923	261,232,160	548,948,710
1922	314,530,150	731,303,050
1921	225,057,350	570,770,450
1920	300,415,500	662,830,500
1919	239,122,000	516,367,500
1918	84,708,500	191,973,500
1917	78,273,000	203,671,800
1916	83,351,000	198,893,500
1915	43,688,500	100,234,500
1914	69,418,000	158,780,000
1913	47,751,000	102,285,500
1912	51,823,000	164,875,000
1911	77,383,000	172,938,000
1910	63,793,000	151,082,500
1909	110,772,000	248,635,500
1908	56,327,200	146,532,200
1907	31,941,500	85,207,500
1906	59,854,500	165,181,100
1905	112,922,050	251,511,050
1904	85,994,200	115,020,200
1903	65,827,700	132,455,200
1902	84,192,500	178,223,000
1901	103,851,300	198,502,750
1900	44,718,100	92,501,000
1899	91,513,720	236,298,460
1898	96,295,210	180,204,310
1897	41,165,520	81,426,890
1896	47,080,050	86,495,250
1895	18,474,300	47,683,200
1894	37,108,600	53,297,300
1893	48,506,200	97,547,700
1892	77,030,150	146,646,410
1891	27,602,700	70,732,500
1890	32,847,100	77,880,300
1889	47,299,600	69,080,524

New Hornblower & Weeks Office.

Hornblower & Weeks, members of the New York, Boston and Chicago Stock Exchange, announced yesterday the opening of a Cleveland office in the new Union Trust Building, in charge of C. W. Brown, resident partner. Hornblower & Weeks, established in 1888, has offices in New York, Chicago, Detroit, Boston, Providence, and Portland, Maine.

Jenkins Bros. Report Big Profit.

Jenkins Brothers reported a net profit of $732,635 for 1923, as compared with $312,778 the previous year. Total sales for the year were $4,383,499, as compared with $3,141,931 in 1922, while the cost of sales was $2,686,198 in 1923, as compared with $1,969,249. The report points out that the company earned its annual interest requirements of $60,000 twelve times over.

STUDEBAKER PROFIT $18,342,222 IN 1923

Sales of $166,153,683 Bring a Profit of $23.60 a Share on Common.

EXPECTS ANOTHER BIG YEAR

President Erskine Says Country's Condition Is Sound and Market Will Be Big.

The Studebaker Corporation earned a net profit of $18,342,222 in 1923 after depreciation and Federal taxes. This is equivalent, after preferred dividends, to $23.60 a share earned on the $75,000,000 common stock, and compares with $18,086,195, or $23.21 a share, in 1922. The surplus after payment was $10,203,472, against $11,412,445 in the previous year. The corporation's consolidated income account for 1923, as compared with 1922, was as follows:

	1923	1922
Net sales	$166,153,683	$183,178,881
Exp, depr, &c	145,845,879	113,184,924
Net earnings	$20,307,804	$ 20,043,957
Other income	606,936	615,135
Total income	$ 20,914,740	$ 20,659,092
Federal taxes	2,572,518	2,572,897
Net profits	$ 18,342,222	$ 18,086,195
Preferred divs	638,750	673,750
Common divs	7,500,000	6,000,000
Surplus	$ 10,203,472	$ 11,412,445
P & L surplus	19,673,733	*10,237,189

*After provision for $15,000,000 stock dividend and transfer of $405,000 to special surplus account.

In discussing the year's business, A. R. Erskine, President, said that the total net sales amounted to $166,153,683, an increase of 24.8 per cent. over 1922. Net profits were 11 per cent. per dollar of sales, as compared with 13.6 per cent. in 1922. The corporation manufactured and sold 145,167 cars, and the average number of employes was 21,190.

"The operations of last year were comfortably financed without bank loans," said Mr. Erskine in his report to stockholders. "Manufacturing inventories at all plants were turned over better than nine times, figuring sales on a manufactured cost basis. Gross expenditures of $10,696,413 were made for plants and property betterment. Preferred stock of $850,000 par value was purchased and retired. Dividends amounting to $8,138,750 were paid to stockholders and current liabilities were reduced $1,196,083."

In summing up conditions in the industry for 1924, Mr. Erskine said: "Conditions in the country as a whole are fundamentally sound and the automobile industry expects, therefore, a big volume of business this year. Studebaker feels quite confident of obtaining a full share of the total volume, whatever it may be. The corporation looks forward to a big Spring business with normal profits."

To Fight Proposed Rail Merger.

According to word received yesterday, J. S. Pyeatt, President of the New Orleans, Texas and Mexico, went to San Antonio, Texas, to assure the members of the Chamber of Commerce that the purchase of the International & Great Northern by his railroad would not work against the interests of San Antonio. The Chamber of Commerce of that city plans to object to the proposed merger at the hearing before the Interstate Commerce Commission.

EARNINGS.

RAILROADS.

Ann Arbor—

	1924.	1923.	1922.
Jan. gross	$396,140	$446,459	$354,021
Net op. deficit	16,625	3,855	14,254

Atlantic Coast Line—

Jan. gross	7,366,892	7,115,731	5,305,116
Net op, inc	1,851,223	1,920,391	843,474

Buffalo, Rochester & Pittsburgh—

Jan. gross	1,438,679	2,132,575	1,217,428
Net op. inc	144,716	301,302	160,684

Canadian Pacific—

Jan. gross	13,392,432	13,148,914	11,237,975
Net aft. exp	860,399	720,026	483,477

Canadian National Railways—

	1924.	1923.	Increase.
Jan. gross	18,328,491	18,765,458	$436,967
Net aft. exp	401,421	*506,139	1,088,160

Chicago, Burlington & Quincy—

	1924.	1923.	1922.
Jan. gross	18,026,666	15,184,037	11,662,144
Net op. inc	1,341,591	2,282,887	1,152,055

Detroit & Mackinac—

Jan. gross	127,587	125,181	103,264
Net op. deficit	2,279	6,171	45,096

Gulf, Mobile & Northern—

Jan. gross	487,092	506,891	329,827
Net op. inc	84,075	97,343	41,406

Hocking Valley—

Jan. gross	1,232,778	1,307,459	938,295
Net op. inc	245,798	178,162	124,467

Louisville & Nashville—

Jan. gross	10,712,529	11,033,127	8,599,462
Net op. inc	820,742	1,726,748	847,828

Minneapolis & St. Louis—

Jan. gross	1,202,219	1,468,744	1,297,661
Net op. deficit	84,169	†184,233	†123,391

Minn., St. Paul & Ste. Marie System—

Jan. gross	3,168,102	4,101,903	2,662,129
Net op. inc	7,059	625,718	*350,959

Missouri Pacific—

Jan. gross	9,539,608	8,772,028	7,485,984
Net op. inc	931,018	599,544	312,480

Mobile & Ohio—

Jan. gross	1,618,591	1,907,278	1,349,562
Net op. inc	240,234	329,258	111,713

Nashville, Chattanooga & St. Louis—

Jan. gross	1,802,610	1,929,152	1,456,123
Net op. inc	108,171	231,015	*20,254

New York, Chicago & St. Louis—

	†1924.	1923.	1922.
Jan. gross	4,369,904	4,704,281	2,715,991
Net op. inc	898,488	751,945	262,119

New York, Ontario & Western—

Jan. gross	889,912	961,839	806,303
Net op. deficit	101,733	208,615	92,419

Southern Railway—

Jan. gross	11,342,193	12,062,413	9,217,532
Net op. inc	1,751,532	2,196,430	736,196

Texas & Pacific—

Jan. gross	2,730,633	2,758,314	2,573,510
Net op. inc	394,046	*12,138	123,904

Wabash Railway—

Jan. gross	5,002,363	4,871,238	4,302,481
Net op. inc	827,542	332,554	70,050

Wheeling & Lake Erie—

Jan. gross	1,496,921	1,068,741	967,872
Net op. inc	204,723	*62,779	61,084

PUBLIC UTILITIES.

Duquesne Light—

	1924.	1923.	Increase.
Jan. gross	1,903,558	1,753,389	150,200
Net aft. taxes	755,068	739,167	15,901

Philadelphia Co.—

Jan. gross	378,163	393,378	$15,215
Net aft. taxes	351,334	359,449	*8,115

Equitable Gas Company and Pittsburgh and West Virginia Gas Company subsidiaries of Philadelphia Company.

Jan. gross	1,626,723	1,736,127	$109,404
Net aft. taxes	678,941	911,585	†232,644

*Deficit. †Income. ‡Includes Toledo, St. Louis & Western. §Decrease.

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 29.—Revenue receipts and expenditures as at close of business Feb. 27:

Receipts.	This Month.	Corresp. Period Last Year.	Fisc. Yr. 1924.	Corresp. Period Fisc. Yr. 1923.
Customs	$44,618,761.58	$46,259,718.55	$354,897,771.01	$341,556,099.55
Internal rev.—Income and profits tax	45,181,647.46	36,094,778.32	298,401,383.65	740,015,643.68
Misc. internal revenue	56,577,799.77	61,317,961.11	360,751,854.43	638,249,599.64
Misc. receipts—Proceeds Govt.-owned foreign obligations:				
Principal			66,963,206.14	988,989.45
Interest	16,218,364.92	10,300,802.44	91,001,065.39	125,591,599.00
Railroad securities	12,600,148.61	425,759.64	36,583,153.26	85,797,049.21
All others	29,615.46	7,993.31	5,528,779.94	43,302,293.10
Trust fund receipts: Reappropriated for investments	1,806,181.42	1,642,969.72	19,951,861.31	17,552,437.49
Proceeds sale of surplus property	1,293,529.47	461,778.89	30,484,647.75	46,823,296.14
Panama Canal tolls, &c.	2,017,549.52	1,168,004.72	18,010,333.61	9,506,697.74
Rcts. from misc. sources credited direct to appropriation accts.				
Other miscellaneous				
Total ordinary	$191,030,625.63	$190,769,526.38	$2,343,785,384.97	$2,275,377,551.02
Excess of ord. rcts. over total expr's. against ordinary receipts			7,378,557.74	
Excess of total expr's chargeable against ord. receipts	9,298,256.03	38,378,037.36		75,931,928.26
Total expr's chargeable against ord. receipts.	$200,328,881.66	$229,147,563.74	$2,336,406,827.23	$2,351,309,479.28

DRY GOODS HAS A FAIR WEEK

Current Sales Smaller, but Road Sales Larger Than Week Ago.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Feb. 29.—Marshall Field & Co., in their weekly review of the wholesale dry goods trade, say:

"Current wholesale distribution of dry goods did not reach the volume of a week ago, but exceeded that of last year for the same week.

"Road sales showed an increase over last week's total, but were somewhat less than during the corresponding period of a year ago.

"There were more customers in the market than in 1923 during the same period.

"Collections were marked by a slight improvement over the corresponding week last year."

Bankers Seek Wire Wheel Stock.

A block of Wire Wheel Corporation of America stock is sought by a group of New York bankers, according to a report yesterday in the financial district. The Houk Manufacturing Company of Buffalo, it was stated, is a large holder of the stock and recent transactions "over the counter," which is the only market the Wire Wheel Corporation's stock has in New York, were said to have represented sales of some of the Houk company's holdings to local interests.

Borrowings and Demand Deposits Decline, Time Money Grows, in Member Bank Reports

WASHINGTON, Feb. 29.—The weekly consolidated statement of condition on Feb. 20 of 758 member banks in leading cities which submit weekly reports to the Federal Reserve Board shows reductions of $168,000,000 in net demand deposits and of $47,000,000 in accommodation at the Federal Reserve banks, together with an increase of $44,000,000 in time deposits. Total loans and discounts show a decrease of $9,000,000, an increase of $31,000,000 in loans secured by corporate stocks and bonds being more than offset by decreases of $9,000,000 in loans on United States Government securities and of $31,000,000 in "all other," largely commercial, loans and discounts.

Investments of all reporting banks show an increase of $10,000,000, holdings of United States securities a decrease of $4,000,000, and holdings of all other bonds, &c., and securities an increase of $14,000,000.

Loans and discounts of reporting members in New York City show a decline of $5,000,000; loans secured by corporate stocks and bonds increased by $20,000,000, while loans on United States Government obligations and "all other," largely commercial, loans and discounts decreased by $9,000,000 and $16,000,000, respectively. Investments of these banks in United States Government securities show a reduction of $10,000,000 and their investments in corporate stocks and bonds an increase of $8,000,000.

Net demand deposits decreased in all Federal Reserve districts, the principal decreases being shown for the Chicago, Boston, San Francisco, St. Louis and Philadelphia districts. Time deposits of all reporting banks increased by $44,000,000, of which $20,000,000 is reported for the New York City members. Government deposits remained practically unchanged.

Reserve balances of all reporting institutions show a decline of $18,000,000 and cash in vault a decline of $17,000,000. The New York City banks report an increase of $7,000,000 in reserve balances and a nominal increase in cash.

Accommodation of all reporting banks at the Federal Reserve Banks declined from $317,000,000 to $270,000,000. Borrowings of the New York City members from the local Reserve Bank show a reduction of $57,000,000, which was offset in part by slight increases elsewhere.

A summary of changes in the principal assets and liabilities of reporting members during the week and the year ended Feb. 20, 1924, follows:

	Week.	Year.
Loans and discounts—total	— $9,000,000	+$396,000,000
Secured by U. S. Govt. obligations	— 9,000,000	— 49,000,000
Secured by stocks and bonds	+ 31,000,000	+ 113,000,000
All other	— 31,000,000	+ 331,000,000
Investments—total	+ 10,000,000	— 238,000,000
U. S. bonds	— 1,000,000	— 31,000,000
U. S. Treasury notes	— 9,000,000	— 141,000,000
U. S. certificates of indebtedness	+ 6,000,000	+ 48,000,000
Other bonds, stocks and securities	+ 14,000,000	+ 27,000,000
Reserve balances with Federal Reserve Banks	+ 18,000,000	— 27,000,000
Cash in vault	— 17,000,000	— 8,000,000
Net demand deposits	— 168,000,000	— 211,000,000
Time deposits	+ 44,000,000	+ 403,000,000
Government deposits		+ 26,000,000
Total accommodation at Federal Reserve Banks	— 47,000,000	— 147,000,000

\+ Increase.
— Decrease.

PRINCIPAL RESOURCE AND LIABILITY ITEMS OF REPORTING MEMBER BANKS IN FEDERAL RESERVE BANK AND BRANCH CITIES AND IN OTHER SELECTED CITIES.

	All F. R. Bank Cities, Feb. 20.	F. R. Br. Cities, Feb. 20.	Other selected Cities, Feb. 20.	New York City, Feb. 20.	City of Chicago, Feb. 20.
Number of reporting banks	254	202	302	67	48
Loans and discounts, gross:					
Secured by U. S. Govt. obligations	$154,870,000	$40,114,000	$34,244,000	$80,522,000	$28,303,000
Secured by stocks and bonds	2,685,631,000	635,214,000	527,781,000	1,432,528,000	435,516,000
All other loans and discounts	4,844,115,000	1,634,767,000	1,369,785,000	2,217,575,000	636,099,000
Total loans and discounts	$7,684,616,000	$2,310,095,000	$1,931,810,000	$3,730,625,000	$1,100,418,000
U. S. pre-war bonds	88,376,000	74,437,000	109,917,000	38,257,000	4,232,000
U. S. Liberty bonds	627,375,000	236,220,000	167,543,000	410,620,000	40,324,000
U. S. Treasury bonds	39,898,000	18,207,000	19,833,000	15,369,000	5,104,000
U. S. Treasury notes	598,416,000	136,486,000	67,804,000	405,934,000	60,851,000
U. S. certificates of indebtedness	64,139,000	27,112,000	11,261,000	22,468,000	15,674,000
Other bonds, stocks and securities	1,165,580,000	599,650,000	442,410,000	562,561,000	156,559,000
Total loans and discounts and investments	$10,268,203,000	$3,402,207,000	$2,750,878,000	$5,185,834,000	$1,403,162,000
Reserve balance with F. R. Bank	994,650,000	238,903,000	164,477,000	580,947,000	150,723,000
Cash in vault	143,220,000	60,309,000	77,130,000	68,967,000	27,486,000
Net demand deposits	7,636,510,000	1,944,878,000	1,554,090,000	4,329,927,000	1,062,673,000
Time deposits	2,026,065,000	1,256,403,000	893,512,000	610,267,000	373 [illegible]
Govt. deposits	80,169,000	35,015,000	9,734,000	33,974,000	6 [illegible],000
Bills payable and rediscounts with F. R. Bank:					
Secured by U. S. Govt. obligations	80,665,000	36,038,000	19,034,000	59,600,000	2,100,000
All other	62,961,000	35,894,000	35,500,000	5,532,000	969,000

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

Continued from Preceding Page.

DOMESTIC BONDS.

1..... 90½
2..... 80
Otis Steel
7⅛s, 1947
5..... 94¾
26..... 95
s f 5s, 1941
1..... 100¼
Pac Gas & El
5s, 1942
4..... 92½
6..... 92½
Pac Pwr & Lt
1st & ref 5s, 1930
1..... 94½
Pac Tel & Tel
5s, 1952
3..... 91¼
5s, 1937
2..... 97¼
Pan-Am Pet & trans equip 7s, 1930
3..... 101¾
Park Lexington s f 6½s, 1953
8..... 90½
Penn R R con 4½s, 1960
1..... 93½
gen 4½s, 1965
3..... 90¼
1..... 90⅝
gen 5s, 1968
1..... 98¼
6½s, 1936
24..... 108½
gold 7s, 1930
1..... 107⅞
3..... 107¾
Peo & E 1st 4s, 1940
1..... 70¼
Inc 4s, 1990
7..... 22
Pere Mar 1st 5s, 1956
4..... 92¼
1..... 92⅝
1st 4s, 1958
1..... 78
Phila Co 5½s, 1933
4..... 91¾
5..... 91
1..... 91¼
Phila Co 1st & ref 6s, Ser A, 1944
1..... 102¼
4..... 102
6..... 102⅛
6..... 102
Phila & Rdg 5s, 1973
1..... 93¾
5..... 93⅞
2..... 93¾
73
Pierce-Arrow deb 8s, 1943
1..... 73
Pierce Oil s f deb 8s, 1931
1..... 96½
Pillsbury P M 1st g 6s, interim rcts, '43
1..... 97
3..... 96¾
Pitts C Co, St L gen 5s, Ser A, 1970
10..... 95¾
1..... 95¾
Portland Ry 5s, 1930
1..... 88½
Portland Ry, L & P 1st cv 5s, 1942
Ctf. dep. 82¾
7½s, Ser A, 1946
1..... 104¼
1..... 104½
1st & ref 6s, Ser B, 1946
1..... 96¾
Pressed Steel Car cv g 5s, 1933
5..... 64½
11..... 64½
3..... 64¾
6..... 64¾
10..... 65
10..... 65⅛
16..... 64¾
St L S W 1st term 5s, '52
14..... 80
2d inc 4s, '89
8..... 71¾
con 4s, 1989

Pub Serv Pow 6s, 1948
1..... 97¾
2..... 97¾
1..... 98
Punta Alegre Sugar s f 7s, 1937
5s 15f. 116½
1..... 116½
11..... 117
5..... 117¼
12..... 117
21..... 117¼
5s 7f. 117½
2..... 117⅝
Reading gen 4s, 1997
16..... 90
Reading Co gen & ref 4½s, Ser A, 1997
2..... 88¾
2..... 88¼
Rem Arms 1st 6s, Ser A, '37
3..... 93½
1..... 94
Rep Iron & Stl ref gen 5½s, 1953
1..... 90¼
5..... 90½
2..... 90⅝
Rich & Danv deb 6s, 1927
1..... 98¼
Rich Term Ry 1st 5s, 1952
1..... 97
Rio Grde West col tr 4s, 1949
7..... 62½
R I, Ark & L 4½s, 1934
15..... 77
5..... 76⅞
5..... 77
St L, Iron Mtn & South gen 5s, 1931
1..... 96
unifying & ref 4s, 1929
5..... 88
River & G 4s, 1933
1..... 76
1..... 76½
St L, R Mt & Pac 5s, 1955
1..... 81¼
1..... 81¾
St L & S Fr R'y 1 4s, 1950, Ser A
5..... 68½
14..... 68¼
1..... 68¼
5..... 68¾
12..... 68⅝
1..... 68½
2..... 68⅝
p l 4s, 1950, Ser B
5..... 83⅞
5..... 83
1..... 83¾
1..... 83¾
p l 4s, 1928, Ser C
7..... 100¼
2..... 100
4..... 100¼
1c..... 101¼
1st mtg 5½s, 1942, Ser D
4..... 91¼
ad 6s, 1955
8..... 75⅝
2..... 75½
14..... 75⅝
1..... 75⅝
1..... 75⅝
2..... 75⅝
10..... 75⅝
inc 6s, 1960
53..... 64¼
11..... 64½
3..... 64¾
2..... 64¾
6..... 63⅝
10..... 64
16..... 64¼
St L S W 1st term 5s, '52
14..... 80
2d inc 4s, '89
8..... 71¾
con 4s, 1989

So Pac conv 4s, 1929
6..... 93¼
col 4s, 1949
1..... 82¼
1st ref 4s, 1955
5..... 85⅜
6..... 85½
South Ry 1st 5s, 1994
8..... 96¾
4..... 97
1..... 96¾
1..... 96⅝
3..... 97¼
2..... 97
gen 4s, 1956
62..... 70
3..... 70¼
3..... 70¼
2..... 70¾
1..... 70
89..... 69¾
As, 1956
int rcts
1..... 97¾
2..... 97¾
5..... 97⅝
1..... 97¾
Sou Car & Ga 1st 5s, Ser A, 1934
1..... 93¾
3..... 93¾
2..... 94
Sou Pac Coast 1st 4s, 1937
1..... 88¾
2..... 89
1..... 89¼
2..... 89¼
1..... 89
Southern Pac 1st & ref 4s, 2008
3..... 83¼
1..... 83¾
conv 4s, 1929
3 (3)..... 96½
1..... 96⅝
1st lien & ref 5s, 2008
1..... 100
2..... 103⅛
6..... 103¼
United Drug conv 8s, 1941
3..... 114
2nf'f..... 114
Un Fuel Gas 6s, 1936
1..... 96
1..... 96¾
United Ry Inv Pittsb Issue 5s, 1926 stamped
3..... 95½
U S Rubber 1st & ref 5s, 1947
4..... 84½
1..... 84¾
5..... 84½
15..... 84½
U S Rub 7½s, 1930
2..... 104
1 c..... 105
1..... 103¾
1..... 104½
2..... 104
U S Smelt Ref & M conv 6% Notes, 1928
13..... 100¼
1..... 100¼
1..... 100½
U S Stl Corp s f 5s, 1963
1..... 102¾
4..... 102¾
1..... 102¾
2..... 102½
4..... 102¾
3..... 102⅝
2..... 102⅜
1..... 102⅜
1..... 102⅝
Utah Power & Light 5s, '44
2..... 89
Vandalia Cn 4s, B, 1957
2..... 87
V

COTTON SALES RISE AS PRICE DECLINES

Bearish Sentiment Dominates Trading While Uncertainty Over Future Persists.

BREAK OF OVER A CENT

Threat of Lockout of Lancashire Operatives Starts Renewal of Downward Trend.

There was a renewal of heavy general selling in the cotton market yesterday. It appeared that the bullish features discussed on the rallies of the past two days had failed to restore confidence, and when a moderate opening advance was checked by realizing, recent buyers evidently decided to liquidate their contracts. As a result, prices broke more than a cent a pound from the early high levels on the old-crop months, with the price of May deliveries selling down from 30.22 to 29.08, compared with 30 at the close of the previous day and 28.52, the low level of last Tuesday. Closing prices were only a few points up from the lowest on covering, with the market steady at net declines of 23 to 90 points. New-crop months were relatively steady, notwithstanding favorable weather reports from the South, but October declined to 25.82, or 26 points net lower.

The decline was probably started by a more or less natural disposition to secure profits on recent purchases pending over-Sunday developments in the Lancashire labor situation, where there is still the threat of a lockout of operatives. Liverpool made a relatively steady showing, which certainly suggested no uneasiness over the situation in that quarter, but there seemed to be just enough doubt of a settlement of the disputes between now and Monday to cause some profit-taking here. As prices eased off under such selling, offerings became heavier and more urgent. There was evidently disappointment over the failure of continued reports of an improved demand for cotton goods to create more buying power, and prices crumbled away very rapidly during the afternoon, when brokers with New Orleans and Liverpool connections were heavy sellers. Rather a bearish view of the week-end figures, which showed spinners' takings running well below last year's figures and a comparatively small decrease in the world's visible supply for the week, may have been a factor in the afternoon decline, but the break was more generally attributed to lack of confidence on the part of recent buyers and a revival of bearish sentiment based on the assumption that prices must go to levels which would stimulate forward business in goods.

Yesterday's quotations follow:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Day.
March	29.82	29.83	28.83	28.88-91	29.65
May	30.15	30.22	29.08	29.15-22	30.00
July	29.35	29.41	28.45	28.48-55	29.23
October	26.23	26.30	25.82	25.85-T	26.08
December	25.89	25.89	25.45	45.45-T	25.80

The local market for spot cotton was quiet, 75 off, 29.20c for middling upland. Southern spot markets were: Galveston, steady, 85 off, 29.30c; sales, 2,242 bales. New Orleans, quiet, 50 off, 29.63c; sales, 40 bales. Savannah, steady, 89 off, 28.77c. Augusta, quiet, 75 off, 29c; sales, 19 bales. Memphis, steady, unchanged, 30.25c; sales, 1,500 bales. Houston, steady, 75 off, 29.25c; sales, 724 bales. Little Rock, quiet, 50 off, 29.50c; sales, 235 bales.

Yesterday's cotton statistics were:

	Yesterday.	Last Week	Last Year.
Port receipts	19,614	Holiday.	17,287
Exports	19,754	Holiday.	14,235
Export, season	4,316,181	Holiday.	3,744,836
New York stocks	156,864	Holiday.	68,415
Port stocks	794,994	Holiday.	742,583
N. Y. arrivals	50	Holiday.	4,158

Liverpool cables: Spot cotton was quiet at 17.18d, 48 points up, for middling. Sales 4,000 bales, of which American 2,000. Futures opened quiet but steady, 12 to 19 points higher and closed barely steady 6 to 20 points net higher. Prices: March 17.17d, May 17.14d, July 16.84d, Oct. 15.25d.

Manchester—Yarns and cloths had more demand.

Applications for Listing.

Application has been made to the New York Stock Exchange to list the following securities:

Remington Arms Company, Inc., $5,000,000 7 per cent. cumulative first preferred stock Series "A" of $100 par value.

The Sherwin-Williams Company, $15,000,000 7 per cent. cumulative first preferred stock Series "A" of $100 par value.

Yellow Taxi Corp. of New York, 400,000 shares of common stock without nominal or par value.

Republic of Finland $10,000,000 22-year 6 per cent external loan sinking fund gold coupon bonds, due Sept. 1, 1945.

NEW YORK CURB EXCHANGE

FRIDAY, Feb. 29, 1924.

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
800	Am G & E, n	54	53½	53¾
100	Do pf	43	43	43
800	Am Haw SS	11	10¾	11
110	Am Lt & T	129	128½	129
200	BklynCityRR	12¾	12	12¾
7,000	Candy Prod	1¾	1¼	1¾
600	CentCastIron	29¾	29½	29½
100	Childs, new	35¾	35¼	35¼
200	Cleve Mtrs	20	20	20
120	Colorado Pr	23¾	23¾	23¾
900	Cont'l Tob	24¼	24	24
100	Cuba Co	39	39	39
1,800	Dubilier C&R	22⅞	21⅜	22½
100	Dunhill Int	25⅞	25⅞	—⅞
200	DuPM'rs, inc	2¾	2½	2¾
900	Durant Mtrs	28½	27⅝	27⅝
10	Fed Lt & Tr	71½	71½	71½
200	Gillette S R	271	270	270
100	Glen 'A Coal	83¾	83¾	83¾
800	G'dyear T&R	10⅝	10	10
1,000	Hav Tob pf	3½	3½	3½
1,100	Hazeltine, w i	14¾	14½	14¼
200	Heyden Ch	2	2	2
200	Hudson pf	17½	17½	17½
100	Hud&ManRR	10½	10½	10½
100	IntConcInd's Fdrs shs	12	12	12
2,500	Jordan M C	30¾	29¾	29¾
1,300	Kresge D S	52¾	51	51
100	Leh Vy Coal Sales	84	84	84

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

100	Anglo-Amer.	16¼	16¼	16¼
70	Borne-Scrym	205	190	204
20	Buckeye P L	70½	70	70½
20	Chesebrough Mfg Co	398	396	396
200	Continental	49	49	49
20	Cumb P L	139	139	139
20	Eureka P L	99	96	99
5,600	Humble Oil	43¼	42¼	42¾
10	Illinois P L	143½	143½	143½
70	ImpOil (Can) coupon	106½	109¾	109½
2,500	Inter Pet	20¾	20½	20¾
40	Magnolia	146	145½	145½

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
8,100	Alamo Gold	71c	69c	71c
100	Am Explor	1	1	1
1,000	Black Oak	43c	43c	43c
1,600	Canario Cop	2¾	2¼	2¾
3,500	Con Cop, n	3½	3	3
6,300	Cortez Silver	68c	65c	68c
300	Cress Con G	4	3⅞	3⅞
	75 D, L & W Coal	92	92	92
61,000	Diamondfield Black Butte (reorg)	10c	8c	10c
5,000	Eureka Croe	11c	11c	11c
16,000	Fortuna Con	7c	5c	7c
1,000	Gold'd Rule	36c	36c	36c
2,000	Hard Shell	2c	2c	2c
2,600	Hawthorne	51c	50c	51c
500	Hecla	9¼	9¼	9¼
2,000	Hilltop, New	3c	2c	3c
250	Howe Sound	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞
600	Jer Ver Dev	1⅞	1¾	1¾
1,000	Jib Cons	25c	25c	25c
1,000	Jim Butler Tonopah	3c	3c	3c
2,200	Kelly Ext	66c	60c	66c
200	Kerr Lake	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝
400	Do cts,n,w	84	84	84
20	McCrory Sto	73	73	73
24	Do B	70½	70½	70½
1,200	Mesabi Iron	6¾	6½	6¾
40	Metro 5450c, Class B	1	1	1
200	New Fic Pub	2	2	2
100	N Y Tel pf	110	109¾	109¾
800	Park & Tilf	25¼	25¼	25½
4,600	Radio Corp	4½	4¼	4¾
6,900	Do pf	4¼	4¼	4¼
300	Reo Motors	18	18	18
100	RepettiCandy	66c	66c	66c
1,300	SilicaGel, new	29	29	29⅜
	v t cfs, w i	30¼		
100	So Cal Ed	103	102¼	102¼
5,000	South C & L	14c	13c	14c
100	Tenn El Pow	25	25	25
200	TobProdExp	4¾	4½	4½
400	UnlProfShpg, new	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞
700	UnRetCandy, Class A	5½	5*	5½
200	U S Distrib, new	26	26	26
100	WardBaking, Class A	74¾	74¾	74¾
1,000	Class B	18	17½	17½
100	Waring Hat	8½	8½	8½
300	Yel Taxi, N Y	31½	31½	31⅞

MISCELLANEOUS OIL STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
1,500	Ark Nat Gas	6⅞	6½	6⅞
700	Carib Synd	5¼	5¼	5¼
110	Cities Serv	148	146½	148
600	Do pf	73	71⅝	72
$2,000	Do scrip	90	90	90
5,400	Creole Synd	3⅛	3	3
500	Derby O & R	7	6⅝	6⅝
100	Gen Pet	43	43	43
400	Gilliland Oil, vot tr ctfs	4½	4½	4½
700	Gulf States Oil	80¾	80½	80½
2,400	GulfStaOil, Ref, Cl A	2	1⅞	2
800	Kirby Pet	2	2	2
6,300	Lago Pet	4	3½	3⅝
2,000	Latin Am	93c	92c	93c
500	Mex Panuco	95c	95c	95c
2,000	Mexico	20c	18c	20c
1,000	Mtn & Gulf	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
2,200	Mount Prod	18½	17½	18¼

BONDS.

(In $1,000 lots.)

3	Alum Co 7s, '25	102¾	102¾	102¾
1	Do 7s, 1938	106¼	106¼	106¼
5	Am G & E 6s, deb B, 2014	94	94	94
3	Am Cot Oil 6s, 1924	100	100	100
5	Am Lt & Tr 6s, 1925	104¾	104¾	104¾
20	Am Roll M 6s, 1938	100	99¾	99¾
8	Anacon 6s, '29	102	101¾	102
7	A-A Oil 7½s	102	101⅞	101⅞
2	Antilla Sug Ser A 7½s, '39	98	98	98
10	AssocHardware 6½s, 1932	92¾	92	92
4	AG&WI coll tr 5s, 1959	52¼	52	52
3	Beaverbd 8s, '33	77½	77¼	77¼
1	Bos & Me R R 6s, 1933	72½	72½	72¼
8	Beth Stl 7s, '35	102¾	102¾	102¾
5	Can Nat Rys 7s, 1935	107⅞	107½	107⅞
3	Do 5s, 1925	99⅞	99¾	99⅞
9	Chi R I & Pac 5½s, 1926	99	99	99
12	Cities Svc C 7s, 1966	92¾	91¾	92¼
3	Do 7s, 1966	90¾	90	90¼
1	C G E L & P of Balt 5½s, '52	99	99	99
6	Do 7s, 1931	108	107¾	107⅝
2	Cont P & B 6½s Ser A, 1944	95	95	95
3	Cudahy P 5½s, 1937	87¾	87¾	87¾
1	Deere 7½s, '31	101½	101½	101½
2	Dt City Gas Cl A 6s, 1947	101½	101	101¼
5	Det Ed 6s, '32	103¾	103½	103½
2	Dunlop T & R Ser A 7s, '42	93¾	93¾	93¾
2	Eastern Sts 7s, '46	103¾	103¾	103¾
2	Fed Sug 6s, '33	98¾	98¾	98¾
4	FishBody6s, '28	100	99¾	99¾
2	Gal Sig Oil 7s	104¾	104¾	104¾
2	Gt Trunk 6½s	106	105¾	105¾
3	Ill Cnt & C, St L & N O 5s, Ser A, '63, w i	94¼	94¼	94¼
7	Int Match 6½s, 1943	93¾	93¼	93¾
3	Kan City Term 5½s, 1926	100¾	100¾	100¾
5	Kenne Cop 7s	104½	104½	104½
5	L V Har Term R R 5s, '54	96½	96¾	96¼
12	Libby 7s	100¾	100½	100½
8	Lig-Win 7s, '42	103¼	103¼	103½
15	Market St Ry 7s, '40	100	99¾	100
24	M,St P&SSM5½s, '49, w f	87¾	87½	87¼
7	Morris 7½s	100¼	100	100¼
8	Nat Leath 8s	100½	100½	100½
1	NewOrleansServ 5s, '52, Ser A	84	84	84
12	NorthStatesPow conv 6½s, '33	99	98¾	98¾
10	Phil El 5½s, '47	100¾	100¾	100¾
1	Phillips Pet 7½s, '31, with war	103	103	103
20	Pitts, Y & A 5s, '62, B, w w	99	98¾	98¾
130	Pub Serv of N J gold 7s, '41	106	105½	106
33	Pure Oil 6½s, '33, A	95	95	95
2	SouthCalEdison 5s, '44	90¾	90¾	90¾
8	Solvay & Cle 8s	104½	104½	104½
15	SONY 6½s, '33	107¼	107	107½
12	Do 7s, '25	101¾	101½	101⅝
5	Do 7s, '26	104⅞	104⅞	104⅞
4	Do 7s, '28	105¼	105¼	105¼
1	Do 7s, '29	105½	105½	105½
1	Do 7s, '30	106¼	106¼	106¼
2	Sun Oil 7s, '31	102	102	102
24	Swift 5s, '32	92¾	92¾	92¾
8	Uno Oil Prod 8s, '31	74¾	72⅞	74⅜
1	Un Ry of Hav 7½s, '36	106¾	106¾	106¾
2	Un ElecLt&P of Ill 5½s, '54	95¾	95¾	95¾
1	Vacuum Oil 7s	106¾	106¾	106¾
2	Va R R 5s, '62, A	94	94	94
1	Webster Mills 6½s, '33	101¾	101¾	101¾

FOREIGN BONDS.

7	Argentine 6s of '23, due '57, w i	92½	91¾	92½
2	King of Nether 6s, B, '72	94¼	93½	94¼
7	Mexican 4s, '45, ctfs of dep	31½	30¼	30½
1	Russian 5½s, '21	15½	15½	15½
2	Do ctfs	15	15	15
2	Do 6½s	16	16	16
32	Swiss 5s, '26	98¼	97¾	98¼

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE

FRIDAY, FEB. 29, 1924.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
100	Adams Exp	79	79	79
30	Air Reduc	73½	73½	73½
30	Ajax Rubber	8	8	8
250	Allied C & D	60	60	60
490	Allis-Chalm	46¾	45¾	45¾
130	Am Beet S	42¾	42	42
3,600	Amer Can	115¾	113¾	113¾
50	Am Chain	22¾	22½	22¾
160	Am Exp	95¼	95¼	95¼
180	A H & L pf	58½	57¾	57¾
130	Am Internat	22¾	22¼	22¼
51	Am Ice	10⅞	10⅞	10⅞
190	Am Loco	75¼	75¼	75¼
90	Am Radiat	100⅝	100⅛	100⅛
480	Am Sm & R	60½	59¾	60
80	Am Sug R	58	57	57
30	Am Sum T	21⅜	21⅛	21⅜
343	Am T & T	129½	128⅜	129¼
50	Am Tobac	146½	146¼	146¼
210	Am Woolen	73⅜	72¼	72¾
985	Anaconda C	33¾	32⅞	32⅞
30	Arnold Con	10	10	10
110	Asso Dry G	95½	92¾	94½
70	Atl Coast L	116¾	116¼	116¾
185	A, B & S, A	16¾	16¼	16¾
	At Refining	125¼	124¾	125¼
2,955	Bald Loco	124	122¾	122⅞
190	Balt & Ohio	56⅝	56¼	56¼
685	Beth Steel	57⅞	57	57
100	Burns Br, A	55½	55	55½
150	Butte C & Z	5⅝	5¼	5¼
350	Butte & Sup	17¾	17¼	17¼
110	Butterick	20¼	20¼	20½
190	Cal Petrol	25½	25¼	25½
70	Call Zinc, L	5¼	5¼	5¼
60	Cen Leather	15¼	15¼	15¼
50	Do pf	30	30	30
495	Chandler M	60¼	59¾	59¾
522	Ches & Ohio	78¾	77¾	77¾
140	Chi Gt W pf	14¾	13¾	13¾
380	C, M & St P	12¾	12¼	12¼
520	Do pf	23¾	22¾	22¾
585	Chi & N W	51¾	50¾	50¾
60	C, R I & P	24½	24¼	24½
270	Chi & Al Ry	2¼	2¼	2¼
150	Do pf	12¾	12¾	12¾
100	Chi & E Ill	27	27	27
50	Do pf	43¾	43¾	43¾
172	Chino Cop	17¾	17¼	17¼
370	Coca-Cola	71¾	71½	71½
160	Col Carbon	52¾	52½	52¾
310	Congoleum	64¾	63¾	63¾
540	Con Gas	64¾	63¾	63¾
300	Con Textile	6	6	6
10	Corn P Ref	174½	174½	174½
150	Cosden Co	35½	35¼	35½
380	Crucible Stl	64¾	62¾	62¾
150	Cuba C S pf	69¾	68¾	68¾
150	Cuy Fruit	72¾	70¾	70¾
2,800	DayCham	55½	53¼	53¼
180	D, L & W	111¾	111¼	111½
120	Dupont deN	130¾	129¼	129½
500	Dome Mines	17¾	17¾	17¾
90	Eaton A & S	22¾	22¼	22¾
30	Erie 1st pf	31	31	31
30	Do 2d pf	28½	28½	28½
370	Fam Players	67¾	66¾	66¾
120	Fed M & S pf	44⅞	44⅜	44⅜
60	Fisk Rubber	8⅝	8⅜	8⅜
90	Fleisch Co	48	48	48
50	Freeport-Tex	10¼	10¼	10¼
350	Gen Asphalt	40¼	40¼	40¼
680	Gen Elec	211¾	207½	207½
515	Gen Motors	14⅞	14⅜	14⅜
80	Gimbel Bros	50¼	50¼	50¼
50	G'dr'h (BF)	22¾	22¾	22¾
150	Gold Dust	16¾	16¼	16¼
50	Granby Con	15¼	15¼	15¼
280	Gray Davis	7¼	6¾	7¼
570	Gt Nor pf	53¼	54¼	54½
690	Gulf S Steel	83¾	81¾	81¾
275	Hayes Wh	10¾	10¾	10¾
100	Houston Oil	72¼	71¼	71¼
0	Ill Central	100¾	100¾	100¾
150	Inland Steel	36¼	36¼	36¼
250	Inspir Cop	23¾	22¾	23¾
80	Int Combus	23½	23½	23½
90	Int Harv	85¼	85¼	85¼
140	Int Mer Mar	7¾	7¾	7¾
410	Int Paper	39¼	38½	38½
450	Invin Oil	14¾	14¼	14¼
60	Jewel Tea	20¾	20¾	20¾
30	Kayser, J	31⅝	31⅛	31⅝
1,500	Kelly Sp T	25¾	23¾	23¾
350	Ken Cop	36¾	36⅜	36¾
60	Key T & Tr	2¾	2¾	2¾
100	Loews Inc	17	17	17
160	Loft, Inc	6¾	6¾	6¾
80	Loose-Wiles	52¾	52¾	52¾
390	Ludlum Stl	23	21¾	23
150	Mcahe Oil	30¾	30¾	30¾
810	Mack Truck	88¼	87¼	87¼
150	Mallinson	24¾	24¾	24¾
60	Mark St Ry prior pf	55¼	55¼	55¼
470	Marl O & R	37⅝	37¼	37¼
310	Max Mot, A	51¾	50⅜	51
40	May Dep St	90¾	90¾	90¾
1,380	Mex Sea Oil	22¾	20¾	21½
1,800	Mid Sta Oil	5⅝	5¼	5½
140	Minn & St L	3	3	3
50	Mo, K & T	12	12	12
50	Do pf	32	32	32
200	Mo Pac	36	35⅝	35⅝
180	Moon Motors	25½	25½	25¼
75	Mont Ward	26¾	26⅞	26⅞
30	Munsingwear	35⅝	35⅜	35⅝
65	Nat Cl & S	58⅝	58⅝	58⅝
150	Nat E & S	31⅛	31	31
50	N Y R of Mex 2d pf	2	2	2
50	NO,T&MRy	98¾	98¾	98¾
150	N Y Air B	40¼	40	40½
685	N Y Cent	102¾	101¾	101¾
150	Do R rts	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜
1,165	NY, NH & H	20¼	19¾	19¾
580	Nort & Wes	117¼	114½	114½
180	North Amer	23¾	23¾	23¾
1,190	North Pac	51⅛	48¾	49
75	Nash Mot	110¾	110¾	110¾
445	Otis Steel	11½	11¼	11½
140	Owens Bot	44¾	44¾	44⅝
130	Phil & Rdg C & I, w i	36¾	36¼	36¼
50	Pac G & E	93¼	93¼	93¼
390	Pacific Oil	53½	52¼	52¼
295	Pan-A P & T	48¼	47¼	47½
380	Do B	46	45½	45½
110	Parish & Pen	14⅞	14½	14⅝
970	Pa Seab Stl	3	2⅞	2⅞
135	Pere Marq	42¾	42¼	42¾
150	Phillips Pet	38¾	38¾	38¾
150	Pierce-Arrow	10	9¾	9¾
350	Pierce Oil	3¼	3¼	3¼
150	Pitts & W Y	42	42	42
90	Post Cereal	52¾	52¾	52¾
310	Prod & Ref	35¾	35¾	35¾
80	Pullman Co	120¼	120¼	120¼
160	Punta Al Su	64¾	63¾	63¾
50	Reyn R J, B	68¾	68¾	68¾
125	ReynStlSpgs	17¼	17¼	17¼
60	Ray Con Cop	10¾	10¾	10¾
90	Reading	75½	75½	75½
150	Rem Typew	43¾	43¾	43¾
50	Replogle St	11	11	11
370	Rep I & S	57¼	55¾	55¾
150	R D N Y S	53¾	53¼	53¼
410	St L-San F	23¾	23¾	23¾
80	St L S'west	39½	39½	39½
180	Do pf	60¾	60¾	60¾
150	Sav Arms	44¾	44¾	44¾
100	Schulte	103¾	103¾	103¾
690	Sea Air L pf	22	21¾	2¾
310	Sears-Roeb	91	89¾	91
90	Seneca Cop	5	4¾	5
80	Simmons Co	22¾	22¼	22¼
350	Sinclair Oil	25½	22¾	22¾
50	Skelly Oil	25¼	25¼	25¼
80	Sl-Sh S & I	65	63¾	63¾
235	So P R Sug	91½	88¾	91½
200	So Pacific	87	87	87
2,635	So Railway	51	49¾	49¾
280	Do pf	72¾	72¼	72¾
275	Std Oil Cal	63¾	62¾	62¾
300	Std Oil N J	39¾	39¼	39¼
410	St-W Speed	80¾	80¾	80¾
180	Strom Carb	78¾	78¼	78¾
7,905	Studebaker	103¾	101½	101½
110	Subm Boat	9	9	9
470	Superior Oil	4	4	4
50	Texas Co	43¾	43¼	43¼
180	Tex & Pac	24¾	23¾	23¾
360	Tobac Prod	63¾	63¼	63¼
60	Do A	89¾	89¾	89¾
1,100	Transc Oil	4¼	4¼	4¼
50	Union Bag	120¼	120¼	120½
150	Unit Fruit	102¼	102¼	102½
1,320	U S C I P&F	69¼	67¾	68¾
510	U S Ind Alc	77¾	76	76
150	U S R & I	102¾	102¾	102¾
130	U S Rubber	35¾	35¾	35¾
5,770	U S Steel	104⅝	103¾	103¾
20	Do pf	118¾	118¾	118¾
60	Utah Cop	65¾	65¾	65¾
210	Vanadium	30¾	30¾	30¾
430	Va-Car Ch	74	73	73
130	Wabash	14¾	14¾	14¾
430	Do pf A	45¼	44	45
150	Weber & H	16¾	16¾	16¾
100	W Md 2d pf	18¾	18¾	18¾
90	W U Tel	106¼	106¼	106¼
1,280	West E & M	63¼	59¾	59¾
250	W & L Erie	8¾	8¾	8¾
290	Do pf	18¾	18½	18½
80	White Mot	57¾	57¾	57¾
315	Wilcox O & G	3¾	3¼	3¼
50	Wilson & Co	18¾	18¾	18¾
210	Whlys-Over	12	11¾	11¾
60	Do pf	85¼	84½	84¼
50	Wiscon Cent	36¾	36¾	36¾
50	Wrigley	37¾	37¾	37¾

BONDS.

$6,500	Mutual V t c	12¾	12	12½
1,000	New Bradf'd	5¾	5½	5½
12,000	N Mex Land	9	8½	8½
100	New York	11½	11½	11½
1,200	Omar O & G	68c	68c	68c
100	Peer	2¾	2¾	2¾
3,500	Penn Beaver	58c	55c	58c
200	Pennok	14½	14½	14½
100	Red Bank	12¾	12½	12½
100	Roy Can sub	3¾	3¾	3¾
300	Ryan Cons	4¼	4¼	4¼
500	Salt Ck Con	9	8½	9
2,100	Salt Crk P	22¼	21½	22¼
100	Sapulpa Ref	1¾	1¾	1¾
6,400	Seab O & G	1¼	1	1¼
200	Tidal Osage	12¼	12	12
300	Do non-vot	10	9½	10
200	U S Cities	24	23½	24
3,000	West States	20c	18c	18c
1,600	Wilcox O & G	7⅝	7½	7½
1,000	"Y" O & G	9c	9c	9c

BONDS.

(In $1,000 lots.)

5	L V Har Term R R 5s, '54	96½	96¾	96¼
12	Libby 7s	100¾	100½	100½
15	Market St Ry 7s, '40	100	99¾	100
24	M,St P&SSM5½s, '49, w f	87¾	87½	87¼
7	Morris 7½s	100¼	100	100¼
8	Nat Leath 8s	100½	100½	100½
1	NewOrleansServ 5s, '52, Ser A	84	84	84
12	NorthStatesPow conv 6½s, '33	99	98¾	98¾
10	Phil El 5½s, '47	100¾	100¾	100¾
1	Phillips Pet 7½s, '31, with war	103	103	103
20	Pitts, Y & A 5s, '62, B, w w	99	98¾	98¾
130	Pub Serv of N J gold 7s, '41	106	105½	106
33	Pure Oil 6½s, '33, A	95	95	95
2	SouthCalEdison 5s, '44	90¾	90¾	90¾
8	Solvay & Cle 8s	104½	104½	104½
15	SONY 6½s, '33	107¼	107	107½
12	Do 7s, '25	101¾	101½	101⅝
5	Do 7s, '26	104⅞	104⅞	104⅞
4	Do 7s, '28	105¼	105¼	105¼
1	Do 7s, '29	105½	105½	105½
1	Do 7s, '30	106¼	106¼	106¼
2	Sun Oil 7s, '31	102	102	102
24	Swift 5s, '32	92¾	92¾	92¾
8	Uno Oil Prod 8s, '31	74¾	72⅞	74⅜
1	Un Ry of Hav 7½s, '36	106¾	106¾	106¾
2	Un ElecLt&P of Ill 5½s, '54	95¾

DECLINE IN WHEAT FOLLOWS A BULGE

Corn Market Is Also Put Under Pressure, and, With Oats and Rye, Closes Lower.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Feb. 29.—Short covering gave wheat a small bulge in the early trading, but the finish was easy, at losses of ⅜@⅞ cent, while corn was under pressure throughout the day and lost ½@⅞ cent, May leading. Oats declined ⅜@⅝ cent and rye ⅜. The bulk of the trading in wheat represented spreading between here and the Northwest and with corn. Longs in the latter sold out and covered their short wheat, which had been sold as a hedge. Part of the selling of corn was on a break of ½@1 cent in the low grades in the cash market, with No. 4 grades selling at 6½ cents under the May at the close.

Export demand for wheat at the seaboard showed improvement, with sales of over 500,000 bushels, including some for shipment at the opening of navigation. Numerous embargoes are out in the Canadian Northwest against further shipments to terminals, owing to congestion at Fort William and Port Arthur. There is little wheat being moved all rail for export from there.

Bulk of the receipts of corn today were from Southern Iowa and from Illinois and the grading was poor.

Primary arrivals of wheat today were 675,000 bushels; week ago, holiday; last year, 816,000. Shipments were 401,000 bushels; last year, 510,000.

Corn receipts were 1,540,000 bushels; last year, 1,168,000, and shipments, 861,000 bushels; last year, 701,000.

Today's and Chicago prices for the principal commodities were as follows:

WHEAT.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
May	$1.11	$1.09⅞	$1.10	$1.10⅛	$1.18⅝
July	1.11⅛	1.10¼-⅜	1.10¼	1.10⅞	1.15⅝
Sept.	1.11⅜	1.10⅝	1.10½	1.11	1.13⅝

CORN.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
May	.81⅜	.80⅜	.81	.81⅜	.75¼
July	.82⅜	.81⅜	.81½	.82	.76⅝
Sept.	.82¼	.81¼	.81⅝	.82½	.77⅛

OATS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
May	.49½	.48⅝	.48⅝	.49	.45⅛
July	.46⅝	.46¼-⅜	.46¼-⅜	.46⅝-¾	.44⅝
Sept.	.43½	.43⅛	.43⅛	.43½	.43¼

RYE.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
May	.71⅝	.71⅛	.71⅛	.71½	.83⅝
July	.73¼	.72⅞	.72⅞	.73¼	.82¼

PROVISIONS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Lard—					
March	11.00	10.97	10.97	11.02	11.57
May	11.27	11.22	11.22	11.27	11.65
July	11.47	11.42-45	11.42-45	11.47-50	11.77
Ribs—					
May	9.80	9.75	9.75	...	10.80
DSB—					
July	10.60	10.57	10.57	...	...

MARCH BOND PAYMENTS.

Total Called In Next Month Amounts to $12,564,220.

The total of bonds called for payment in March, 1924, is $12,564,220, against $9,707,520 in February and $25,711,500 in March, 1923. Of this number, $12,000,620 are called in whole and $563,600 to satisfy sinking fund purposes. The following table, compiled by Dow, Jones & Co., shows the issues called and other facts pertaining to them:

Entire Issues Called, Due.	Amount.	Price.
Indus. Fin. Corp. 8s...1931	$2,000,000	105
Maxwell Motor 1924	4,320,720	100
Michigan Gas ref. 5s..1932	713,600	102½
Weil-McLain 1st 8s....1925	240,000	104
Pacific Guar. & F. 6s.1931	200,000	100
Empire Coke col. tr. 6s.1941	63,900	105
Stand. Gas notes 7s.1925	2,500,000	100
Standard Gas notes 7s.1937	1,962,400	105
Total	$12,000,620	
Bonds Called, Not Entire Issues.		
Welsbach Co. 30-yr. 5s.1930	$142,100	100
C. & W. Ind. col. 7½s.1932	81,000	102½
Glidden Co. 1st 8s.....1938	62,500	107½
Railways Realty 6s....1931	62,000	102½
C. & W. Ind. gen. 6s..1932	61,000	105
Del Monte Prop's 6s..1939	42,000	105
Schoen Wheel 1st 6s....1926	38,000	104
Farmers Mfg. Co. 7s..1943	37,000	105
Himler Coal 1st 7s....1937	25,000	102
Mahoning V. Water 6s.1825	13,000	101
Total	$563,600	
Total called bonds in March, 1924	12,564,220	

The payment date on all the above issues is set for today with the exception of the Standard Gas notes, both the 1925 issue and the 1937 issue, which are to be paid on March 5.

Canadian Railways Buy Engines.

The American Locomotive Company announced yesterday that orders had been received from the Canadian National Railways for thirty Mikado type engines and ten eight-wheel switching engines for the Grand Trunk Railway, Western lines.

DISSOLUTION NOTICES.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE partnership lately subsisting between GEORGE A. COHEN and NATHAN SLATER, of the City of New York, under the firm of COHEN & SLATER, was dissolved on the 31st day of December, 1923, by mutual consent.

Dated New York, February 15th, 1924.

GEORGE A. COHEN,
NATHAN SLATER.

THE UNDERSIGNED ANNOUNCES THAT she has severed her connections with the business of dry goods and ladies' wearing apparel, heretofore conducted under the name of Shugerman & Butler, at 1578 St. Nicholas Avenue, New York City, and that the undersigned is no longer interested in said business.

(Signed) LILLIE SHUGERMAN.

PROPOSALS.

UNITED STATES ENGINEER OFFICE, FIRST DISTRICT, NEW YORK CITY, Room 710, Army Building, 39 Whitehall Street, New York, N. Y.—TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN: WHEREAS, navigation is obstructed and endangered by wrecks of canal boats "Alpha," "Carl J. Faass," and "Phalen Crouse," sunk in Byram River, two off Vessels' bulkhead and one off Abendroth Bros.' bulkhead, East Portchester, Conn., NOTICE is hereby given that unless said vessels are removed by the owners within thirty (30) days from March 1, 1924, they will be removed by the United States under authority of law. Sealed proposals will be received here until 12 M., March 31, 1924, and then opened, for removing said wrecks. Information on application.

COMMISSIONERS, D. C., Washington, February 28, 1924. Sealed proposals will be received in Room 509, District Building, until 2 o'clock P. M., March 10, 1924, for furnishing and erecting a wire woven chain link fabric fence and a 2" galvanized iron rail at the New Eastern High School, Washington, D. C. For detailed information, apply to Room 427, District Building.

AUCTIONS.

AUCTION SALE
TO-DAY (SATURDAY)
at 2 P. M.
The Complete Furnishings
Including All the Works of Art
Turkish & Chinese Rugs
Removed from a Duplex Ap't'ment
PARK AVENUE, N. Y.
Country Home, Great Neck, L.I., N.Y.
The Former Property of a Prominent
Curb Broker
To be sold at the Galleries
DARLING & CO.,
242 Fifth Avenue, 27th-28th Sts.
LOUIS VAN BRINK, Auctioneer

SPECIAL NOTICE—The Bronzes, Large Vases, Clock Sets, Curios, Paintings, China, Rare Gold Traced Liquor Sets, Chinese Draperies, Ivories, have all been collected abroad;—The Furniture has been furnished by Interior Decorators.
CATALOGS AT THE SALE.

Stock Exchange Trading in February.

The following table gives the amount of the dealings in the stocks from which the averages are computed as well as the total dealings in the rails and industrials and the combined trading in both classes of issues and the number of the latter appearing in the daily and weekly transactions:

Feb.	Stocks in Averages. 25 Railroads.	25 Industrials.	50 Stocks.	All Rails.	All Industrials.	Tot. All Stocks.	No. of Issues.	Net Chg. Av. Pr. 50 Stks
1	95,700	216,500	312,200	162,100	1,071,192	1,233,292	456	+ .06
2	56,490	57,100	113,590	167,440	412,046	579,486	376	+ .07
2 days	152,190	274,000	426,190	329,540	3,483,238	1,812,778	529	+ .13
4	180,100	188,100	368,200	348,700	887,790	1,236,490	451	+ .33
5	94,350	177,300	271,650	190,840	935,762	1,126,602	457	— .12
6	54,800	106,600	161,400	101,900	556,210	*658,110	396	+ .07
7	80,190	207,100	287,290	146,201	975,525	1,121,726	487	— .53
8	82,300	201,800	284,100	135,300	880,457	1,015,757	436	— .81
9	33,000	98,800	131,800	65,214	387,601	452,815	372	+ .59
Wepk	524,740	979,700	1,504,440	988,155	4,623,345	5,611,500	582	— .27
11	68,400	114,800	183,200	109,700	559,888	669,588	421	+ .27
12	Lincoln's Birthday.							
13	84,525	168,100	252,625	156,027	738,995	895,022	445	— .85
14	60,100	218,100	278,200	140,821	926,180	1,066,981	447	+ .12
15	140,100	442,000	582,100	231,720	1,623,186	1,854,906	485	— 2.30
16	62,800	153,500	216,300	106,900	648,342	754,942	416	+1.07
Week	415,925	1,096,500	1,512,425	744,868	4,494,871	5,239,439	580	—1.69
18	98,300	330,100	428,400	190,200	1,069,819	1,259,819	451	—1.18
19	116,100	230,120	346,220	210,300	821,570	1,031,870	438	+ .53
20	84,490	163,100	247,590	142,998	636,060	779,053	384	— .26
21	75,900	120,400	196,300	136,620	562,190	698,810	393	+ .58
22	Washington's Birthday.							
23	65,700	58,200	123,900	103,100	307,200	410,300	336	+ .27
Week	440,490	901,920	1,342,410	783,213	3,396,630	4,179,843	575	— .06
25	69,900	88,850	158,750	128,000	531,851	660,751	399	— .46
26	68,200	141,600	209,800	107,125	764,091	871,216	421	— .48
27	42,400	89,500	131,900	78,800	488,900	567,700	391	+ .11
28	138,400	150,500	288,900	199,200	635,700	834,900	409	+ .97
29	177,300	127,200	304,500	246,530	611,520	858,050	428	— .45
5 days	496,200	597,650	1,093,850	760,555	3,032,062	3,792,617	570	— .31
Month	2,029,545	3,849,770	5,879,315	3,606,331	17,029,846	20,636,177	708	—2.23
Feb., 1923	1,593,500	3,714,940	5,308,440	2,817,188	19,876,412	22,693,600	671	+4.52
Feb., 1922	2,045,500	3,810,611	5,856,111	3,921,220	12,263,522	16,182,742	582	+4.54

The following table gives the par value of the daily and weekly dealings in the various classes of bonds:

Feb.	Corporations.	U. S. Govs.	Foreign.	State.	City.	Total All Bonds.	NetCh'gs Price 40 Bonds.	Av.
1	$8,244,000	$3,647,500	$2,760,500	.....	$2,000	$14,654,006	+.04	
2	4,278,000	2,895,500	1,424,000	.....	....	8,597,500	+.06	
2 Days.	$12,522,000	$6,543,006	$4,184,500	.....	$2,000	$23,251,506	+.10	
4	$7,187,000	$4,822,850	$2,366,000	.....	$4,000	$14,379,850	—.03	
5	7,060,500	2,364,500	1,995,500	.....	1,000	11,421,500	....	
6	5,962,000	3,180,850	1,280,500	.....	7,000	*10,430,350	—.02	
7	8,847,000	6,405,400	2,289,000	.....	8,000	17,549,400	+.16	
8	7,824,000	3,508,300	1,696,500	.....	45,000	13,073,800	—.05	
9	3,229,700	779,800	1,369,000	.....	1,000	5,279,500	—.01	
Week	$40,110,200	$21,061,700	$10,896,500	.....	$66,000	$72,134,400	—.36	
11	$5,217,000	$1,783,200	$1,835,500	$5,000	$3,000	$8,843,700	+.03	
12	Lincoln's Birthday (Holiday).							
13	6,377,500	2,457,450	2,429,000	.....	.....	11,263,950	—.08	
14	6,272,000	2,651,400	2,363,500	.....	7,000	11,293,900	—.08	
15	7,028,000	2,292,000	1,508,000	.....	15,000	10,843,000	—.10	
16	3,930,000	766,500	893,500	.....	3,000	5,593,000	—.00	
Week	$28,824,500	$9,950,550	$9,029,500	$5,000	$28,000	$47,837,550	—.28	
18	$5,959,500	$2,602,900	$1,508,000	.....	$19,000	$10,089,400	—.09	
19	5,682,500	3,105,850	1,307,000	.....	.....	10,185,350	—.13	
20	4,557,000	2,199,800	1,746,500	.....	.....	8,503,300	—.11	
21	5,248,000	1,826,340	1,791,000	.....	1,000	8,866,340	+.20	
22	Washington's Birthday (Holiday.)							
23	3,099,500	939,900	1,228,000	.....	8,000	5,270,400	+.02	
Week	$24,546,500	$10,674,790	$7,670,500	.....	$23,000	$42,914,790	—.11	
25	$5,486,000	$2,691,600	$1,705,000	.....	$1,000	$9,883,600	+.05	
26	6,431,500	2,148,950	1,481,500	.....	16,000	10,077,950	—.09	
27	4,922,000	1,361,000	1,470,500	.....	10,000	9,063,500	—.22	
28	6,820,000	1,386,000	1,974,700	.....	2,000	10,182,700	—.01	
29	6,451,000	1,617,300	1,820,000	.....	.....	9,888,300	....	
5 Days.	$31,610,500	$9,204,750	$8,251,700	.....	$29,000	$49,095,950	—.27	
Month.	$137,613,700	$57,434,796	$40,032,700	$5,000	$148,000	$235,234,196	—.92	
Feb., '23.	$152,442,000	$64,925,260	$43,658,900	.....	$206,000	$261,232,160	+.36	
Feb., '22.	130,426,700	123,901,950	59,617,500	$200,000	$564,000	$314,593,150	+.88	

*Stock Exchange closed at 12:30 P. M. Out of respect for the memory of ex-President Wilson.

LARGER SURPLUS OF EXPORTS TO EUROPE

January Excess $28,636,852 Above 1923, but $38,331,041 Below Last December.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 29.—The Department of Commerce figures analyzing exports for January, which amounted to $395,170,129, and imports, which were valued at $293,788,573, were divided among the various groups in a report submitted today. The figures of destination of exports and the sources of imports, with comparisons between December, 1923, and January, 1923, are as follows:

IMPORTS.

By Continents	Jan. 1924.	Dec. 1923.	Jan. 1923.
Europe	$88,018,366	$93,350,915	$103,642,554
North America	75,197,280	68,080,162	72,104,624
South America	37,967,021	36,600,884	41,412,535
Asia	17,245,557	20,223,920	22,208,447
Oceania	3,434,668	2,216,018	2,804,120
Africa	11,686,438	7,592,899	17,730,099
By Countries.			
United Kingdom	30,834,514	28,926,748	33,576,501
France	10,818,325	13,153,075	14,272,719
Germany	11,244,819	13,687,831	13,787,944
Italy	5,991,733	8,778,325	8,592,609
Japan	34,812,210	32,843,721	31,040,856
China	8,155,224	9,705,813	15,578,119
Canada	31,948,493	35,938,359	30,597,072
Belgium	6,879,156	5,782,300	5,986,533
Spain	2,671,185	2,751,936	3,402,945
Sweden	4,045,758	3,153,194	3,463,287
Mexico	12,301,983	15,048,096	13,866,306
Cuba	26,263,618	10,464,656	22,447,200
Argentina	4,098,478	4,256,078	11,676,313
Chile	11,108,579	7,085,831	8,127,170
Brazil	10,474,472	15,746,053	11,753,535
Colombia	4,275,466	4,190,117	2,618,142
Peru	1,886,730	3,047,858	1,030,351
Venezuela	1,293,122	1,184,359	1,430,453
Central America	2,851,161	3,149,238	2,921,942
Philippines	6,329,168	4,808,462	5,913,709

EXPORTS.

By Continents.	Jan., 1924.	Dec., 1923.	Jan., 1923.
Europe	$202,671,378	$246,334,968	$189,658,714
North America	74,581,387	80,063,649	78,388,455
South America	23,874,312	19,229,884	21,323,640
Asia	73,007,402	62,932,809	32,710,966
Oceania	13,996,448	13,221,744	8,992,294
Africa	7,039,302	5,015,967	4,479,123
By Countries.			
United Kingdom	84,862,719	122,995,476	83,602,951
France	23,127,998	29,976,957	23,285,830
Germany	40,965,943	32,394,667	26,085,756
Italy	8,357,988	10,839,041	15,489,041
Japan	47,636,711	37,571,085	13,366,388
China	11,891,115	11,792,303	8,578,256
Canada	40,749,531	45,340,084	48,907,797
Belgium	7,446,594	12,359,608	10,281,317
Spain	6,902,119	5,285,297	4,301,489
Sweden	3,224,620	4,040,508	3,123,122
Mexico	9,603,551	8,943,146	8,660,084
Cuba	14,471,235	14,963,574	13,054,605

Our trade balance with the different continents and the principal European countries during January of 1924, 1923 and 1922 compares as follows:

EUROPE.

	1924.	1923.	1922.
Exports.	$202,671,378	$189,658,714	$149,042,473
Imports.	88,018,366	103,642,554	68,118,397
Excess exp'ts.	$114,653,012	$86,016,160	$80,929,076
NORTH AMERICA.			
Exports..	$74,581,387	$78,388,455	$57,995,083
Imports..	75,197,280	72,104,624	56,528,785
Excess exports ..	.....	6,263,831	1,466,298
Excess imports .	$615,893	.....	.....
SOUTH AMERICA.			
Exports..	$23,874,312	$21,323,640	$13,852,569
Imports..	37,967,021	41,412,535	22,793,043
Excess imp'ts..	$14,092,709	$20,088,895	$8,940,474
ASIA.			
Exports..	$73,007,402	$32,716,966	$46,072,866
Imports..	77,245,557	92,208,447	62,780,681
Excess imp'ts..	$4,238,155	$59,491,481	$16,707,815
UNITED KINGDOM.			
Exports..	$84,862,719	$83,602,951	$64,833,120
Imports..	30,834,514	33,576,501	20,805,009
Excess exp'ts..	$54,028,205	$50,024,450	$44,128,112
FRANCE.			
Exports..	$23,127,998	$23,285,830	$17,752,606
Imports..	10,818,325	14,272,719	10,854,363
Excess exp'ts..	$12,309,673	$9,013,111	$7,098,243
GERMANY.			
Exports..	$40,965,943	$26,085,756	$23,669,195
Imports..	11,244,819	13,787,944	7,222,786
Excess exp'ts..	$29,721,124	$12,297,812	$16,446,409

Extra Mathieson Alkali Dividend.

Directors of the Mathieson Alkali Works have declared an extra dividend of 1¾ per cent. on the preferred stock in addition to the regular quarterly dividend of 1¾ per cent. Both dividends are payable on April 1 to stock of record on March 20.

DEFENDS FEDERAL RESERVE.

Albert Strauss Speaks on the Board at Stock Exchange.

The belief that a reduction of rediscount rates by the Federal Reserve banks can raise commodity prices has been responsible for much of the agitation against the present policies of the Federal Reserve Board, is entirely without foundation, according to Albert Strauss, formerly Vice Governor of the board, who spoke at the New York Stock Exchange yesterday under the auspices of New York University.

Mr. Strauss said that if the Federal Reserve system were to be saved from political interference that would cripple or destroy it, "there must be a wider understanding of basic conditions, not only among bankers, but among business men."

CAST IRON PIPE DIVIDEND.

It is held in some quarters in Wall Street that the decision of the court restraining the payment of the dividend on United States Cast Iron Pipe common until all dividends have been cleared up on the preferred stock will not prove a stumbling block to early payment of common dividends, because of the comparatively small amount yet due on the preferred issue. This is estimated at about $700,000.

The common shares were active and strong yesterday, and established a net gain of 1¾ points on a turnover of 9,800 shares. It was reported that the stock was heavily sold by traders on announcement of the court decision.

TRANSCONTINENTAL OIL.

The Transcontinental Oil Company filed application in Delaware yesterday to increase its capital stock from $200,000,000 to $450,000,000.

The new financing, according to President F. B. Parrish, President, will supply not only the funds needed for development purposes, but also will cancel its indebtedness and $6,657,000 face value of mortgage bonds.

COMMODITY PRICES.

Following are the cash prices for the principal commodities in the wholesale market at the close of business Friday, a week before and a year ago:

FOODSTUFFS—	Feb. 29, 1924.	Feb. 22, 1924.	Mar. 2, 1923.
Wheat, No. 2 red	$1.29¼	$1.28⅝	$1.53½
Corn, No. 2 yellow	.99	.97¾	.91⅝
Oats, No. 2 white	.58⅝@.59	.59½	.56
Flour, Minn. patent	6.35	6.40	7.00
Coffee, No. 7 Rio	.15¾	.15¾	.13
Sugar, granulated	.00	.00	.0915
Butter, cream, 92 score	.48½	.50	.48¼
Eggs, fresh gathered 1st, per dozen	.27¼@.28	.37	.40
Lard, Mid. W	11.60@11.70	11.70	12.25
Pork, mess	24.00@24.50	24.75	28.00
Beef, family	18.00@20.00	23.00	21.00
METALS—			
Iron, 2X, Phila.	24.00@24.50	24.50	32.00
Steel billets, Pitts.	40.00	40.00	40.00
Lead	9.87½	9.50	8.62½
Copper	13.37½	13.12½	16.95
Tin	55.75	54.12½	46.25
TEXTILES—			
Cotton, mid. upland	29.20	30.40	30.75
Printcloths	.06¾	.06⅞	.08¼

Following is the range of prices for 1924 to date:

	Highest—		Lowest—	
Wheat	$1.31⅜	Feb. 5	$1.25	Jan. 3
Corn	.99½	Feb. 7	.89¾	Jan. 2
Oats	.60¼	Feb. 4	.54½	Jan. 2
Flour	6.80	Feb. 5	6.15	Jan. 2
Coffee	.15¾	Feb. 28	.10⅝	Jan. 9
Sugar	.09	Feb. 14	.06¼	Jan. 2
Butter	.55	Jan. 7	.48¼	Feb. 28
Eggs	.48	Jan. 7	.27½	Feb. 28
Lard	13.85	Jan. 16	11.50	Feb. 2
Pork	25.50	Jan. 5	24.00	Feb. 28
Beef	23.00	Jan. 2	18.00	Feb. 28
Iron	24.50	Jan. 2	23.75	Feb. 13
Steel	40.00	Jan. 2	40.00	Jan. 2
Lead	9.87½	Feb. 29	8.05	Jan. 2
Copper	13.37½	Feb. 29	12.37½	Jan. 15
Tin	55.75	Feb. 29	47.00	Jan. 2
Cotton	35.70	Jan. 8	29.00	Feb. 26
Printcloths	.08	Jan. 2	.06⅝	Feb. 29

LIVERPOOL'S COTTON WEEK.

British Stocks of Cotton Decrease—Imports Are Smaller.

LIVERPOOL, Feb. 29.—Weekly cotton statistics: British stocks 852,000 bales, compared with 881,000 last week, 879,000 the week before and 868,000 a year ago; of which American, 582,000 against 614,000 last week, 685,000 the preceding week and 463,000 a year ago. Imports 35,000 bales, against 45,000 last week, of which American 6,000 against 38,000.

Forwarded 56,000 bales, against 40,000, of which American 33,000 against 26,000. Exports 7,000 against 6,000, of which American 5,000, against 4,000. Sales 43,000, against 37,000, of which American 32,000 against 25,000.

RAILROADS' EARNINGS.

Reports Show Big Improvement in the Northwest.

Reports of improved earnings for railroads in the Northwest for the month of February were made by executives yesterday. They stated that the estimates were based on earnings and traffic for the first three weeks of February and indicated it would be much in advance of February of last year.

Most of these announcements were made as the result of the decline in the January earnings on the Northwestern roads as compared with the same month of last year. This was due to the decline in traffic, and unfavorable weather.

Ralph Budd, President of the Great Northern Railway Company, authorized the following statement concerning the Great Northern's earnings:

"January net declined $365,000, with a decline in the gross of $2,225,000. January, this year, was more nearly normal than last year, because accumulations of business carried over from the latter part of 1922 made abnormally large gross in January, 1923. February loadings, this year, show an increase of about 12 per cent. over February, 1923. The first two months of this year together will show about $700,000 more net than the same months last year, even with smaller gross."

STOCK MARKET AVERAGES.

February, 1924.

RAILROADS (25 STOCKS).

Date.	High.	Low.	Loss.	Chge.
Feb. 1	61.31	60.74	61.00	+ .13
Feb. 2	61.35	60.90	61.24	+ .24
Feb. 4	62.09	61.18	61.65	+ .41
Feb. 5	62.00	61.45	61.58	— .07
Feb. 6	61.75	61.38	61.50	— .08
Feb. 7	61.59	60.87	60.97	— .53
Feb. 8	61.24	60.43	60.53	— .44
Feb. 9	60.97	60.62	60.88	+ .35
Feb. 11	61.35	60.91	61.20	+ .32
Feb. 12	Holiday.			
Feb. 13	61.30	60.55	60.67	— .53
Feb. 14	60.77	60.32	60.60	— .07
Feb. 15	60.70	59.29	59.53	— 1.07
Feb. 16	60.25	59.30	60.14	+ .61
Feb. 18	60.34	59.22	59.40	— .74
Feb. 19	59.95	59.19	59.76	+ .36
Feb. 20	60.13	59.61	59.77	+ .01
Feb. 21	60.25	59.63	60.08	+ .31
Feb. 22	Holiday.			
Feb. 23	60.33	60.00	60.22	+ .14
Feb. 25	60.33	59.83	60.05	— .17
Feb. 26	60.38	59.61	59.87	— .18
Feb. 27	60.01	59.60	59.82	— .05
Feb. 28	61.04	59.71	60.70	+ .88
Feb. 29	60.98	60.06	60.20	— .50

INDUSTRIALS (25 STOCKS).

Feb. 1	115.23	113.87	114.31	— .01
Feb. 2	114.46	113.83	114.14	— .17
Feb. 4	115.03	113.69	114.39	+ .25
Feb. 5	115.94	113.84	114.52	+ .17
Feb. 6	114.76	113.90	114.44	+ .22
Feb. 7	115.02	113.51	113.91	— .53
Feb. 8	113.96	112.61	113.13	— .78
Feb. 9	114.07	112.89	113.96	+ .83
Feb. 11	114.98	113.69	114.19	+ .23
Feb. 12	Holiday.			
Feb. 13	114.38	112.85	113.02	—1.17
Feb. 14	113.86	112.16	113.33	+ .31
Feb. 15	113.20	109.62	109.79	—3.54
Feb. 16	111.48	109.87	111.32	+1.53
Feb. 18	111.78	109.28	109.70	—1.62
Feb. 19	110.75	109.29	110.40	+ .70
Feb. 20	110.81	109.60	109.88	— .52
Feb. 21	111.29	109.95	110.73	+ .85
Feb. 22	Holiday.			
Feb. 23	111.37	110.81	111.12	+ .39
Feb. 25	111.02	110.12	110.37	— .75
Feb. 26	110.60	109.30	109.60	— .77
Feb. 27	110.13	109.13	109.87	+ .27
Feb. 28	111.09	110.19	110.92	+ .05
Feb. 29	111.52	110.42	110.53	— .39

COMBINED AVERAGE (50 Stocks).

Feb. 1	88.27	87.30	87.65	+ .06
Feb. 2	87.90	87.36	87.69	+ .04
Feb. 4	88.56	87.43	88.02	+ .33
Feb. 5	88.97	87.84	87.90	— .12
Feb. 6	88.27	87.64	87.97	+ .07
Feb. 7	88.30	87.19	87.44	— .53
Feb. 8	87.80	86.52	86.83	— .61
Feb. 9	87.50	86.75	87.42	+ .59
Feb. 11	88.01	87.30	87.69	+ .27
Feb. 12	Holiday.			
Feb. 13	87.83	86.70	86.84	— .85
Feb. 14	87.31	86.24	86.96	+ .12
Feb. 15	86.95	84.45	84.66	—2.30
Feb. 16	85.84	84.58	85.76	+1.07
Feb. 18	86.06	84.25	84.55	—1.18
Feb. 19	85.35	84.24	85.08	+ .53
Feb. 20	85.48	84.80	84.82	— .26
Feb. 21	85.72	84.84	85.40	+ .58
Feb. 22	Holiday.			
Feb. 23	85.85	85.40	85.67	+ .27
Feb. 25	85.87	84.97	85.21	— .46
Feb. 26	85.35	84.43	84.73	— .48
Feb. 27	85.06	84.36	84.84	+ .11
Feb. 28	86.06	84.95	85.81	+ .97
Feb. 29	86.25	85.24	85.36	— .45

Range for February.

RAILROADS.

	High.	Date.	Low.	Date.	Last.
1924	62.09	4	59.19	19	60.20
1923	66.59	21	62.22	1	65.70
1922	58.82	27	53.89	1	58.00
1921	74.78	9	63.93	4	63.74
1920	58.37	24	49.49	13	56.87
1919	62.98	27	60.30	10	62.32
1918	60.15	27	58.20	13	59.62
1917	76.39	1	72.54	3	73.88
1916	88.73	11	76.06	28	76.45
1915	70.18	1	66.13	24	66.84
1914	84.68	4	79.70	26	80.73
1913	89.96	3	84.06	25	85.85
1912	90.31	28	84.74	1	89.12
1911	97.49	6	92.65	24	93.80

INDUSTRIALS.

1924	115.23	1	109.13	27	110.53
1923	116.70	21	100.63	1	115.98
1922	89.26	23	82.61	1	88.00
1921	89.07	17	83.37	24	84.66
1920	110.57	2	101.62	24	103.62
1919	88.08	27	80.37	10	86.38
1918	81.71	19	76.18	7	78.38
1917	91.27	6	82.14	3	87.

COOLIDGE PREPARES WHEAT TARIFF RISE

White House Forecasts Prompt Action as a Result of Commission's Report.

45-CENT MAXIMUM LIKELY

Investigation Is Said to Have Shown Canada's Advantage in Cheaper Production.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 29.—An increase in the duty on wheat as a result of the Tariff Commission's investigation was forecast today at the White House.

The commission's conclusions are understood to show a difference in the production cost of wheat in Canada and in the United States greater than is represented in the present duty of 30 cents a bushel.

The President expects to act promptly, in accordance with the report of the commission, under the flexible provisions of the Tariff act. He probably will increase the duty to 45 cents, the maximum allowed under the law.

The President's action, under the law, will take the form of a proclamation placing the new rates in effect. In so much as the commission's inquiry covers wheat products, proportional increases are expected to be made in the rates on these commodities.

LOW FIGURES GIVEN ON EXPORT WHEAT

The Left-Over Beyond the Country's Need Estimated at Only 20,000,000 Bushels.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Feb. 29.—In his report to Clement, Curtis & Co., farm reserves of wheat on March 1 are estimated by Nat C. Murray at 118,000,000 bushels, including 96,000,000 bushels east of the Rockies and 22,000,000 west, compared with 155,000,000 bushels last year and a ten-year average of 156,000,000 bushels. He figures that, after allowing for bread and seed requirements for the next four months, we have 118,000,000 bushels available for export and for carry-over into the new crop.

On the basis of pre-war carry-over, this suggests around 40,000,000 bushels for export, but in the last few years the carry-over at the end of the season has been close to 100,000,000 bushels, so that, if the supply at the end of this year is equal to that of 1923, we have only 20,000,000 bushels left, which about confirms claims made earlier in the season that we were close to a domestic basis.

Stocks in country elevators and mills are 88,000,000 bushels against 92,000,000 a year ago and a ten-year average of 97,000,000 bushels.

Reserves of corn are 1,134,000,000 bushels, or 41,000,000 bushels in excess of last year and 55,000,000 bushels above the ten-year average. This suggests a disappearance of 1,987,000,000 bushels since Nov. 1, compared with 1,969,000,000 last year. The three leading shipping States—Illinois, Iowa and Nebraska—have about 40,000,000 bushels more corn on hand than last year.

Reserves of 410,000,000 bushels of oats were 11,000,000 bushels less than last year and 80,000,000 less than the ten-year average.

NEW INCORPORATIONS

New York Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Feb. 29.—Ninety new corporations, with an aggregate capitalization of $23,831,500, were chartered today. They include:

June Dairy Products Co., Manhattan, $70,000; M. S. and N. W. and L. C. Bandler. (Attorneys, Miller, Bretzfelder & Ruskay, 320 Broadway.)

Class Building Corp., Brooklyn, $5,000; J. Lazoff, K. Becker, H. Greenberg. (Attorney, A. Wolobarsky, 361 Stone Av., Brooklyn.)

K. & K. Silk & Trimming Co., Manhattan, $20,000; H. and J. Kramer, E. Dashew. (Attorney, I. Sachs, 63 Park Row.)

Sans Souci Lodge, Brooklyn, hotels, $30,000; I. R. and S. Feingeinow, E. H. Cohen. (Attorney, James H. Garmesy, 51 Chambers St.)

Henrick Realty Corp., Brooklyn, $30,000; I. Weiner, S. Saplr, Z. Schwartz. (Attorney, J. I. Goodstein, 160 Broadway.)

Belsk Realty Corp., Manhattan, 300 shares common stock, no par value; L. and I. and M. Steinberg. (Attorney, V. V. Zipris, 309 Broadway.)

Wilmot Road Corp., New Rochelle, realty, $150,000; E. I. Hanson, H. A. Kazanjian, W. A. Moore. (Attorneys, Moore, Hall, Swan & Cunningham, 27 William St.)

Cammann, Walter & Co., Manhattan, insurance, $15,000; J. H. Epworth, H. H. Shepard, F. Cavanagh. (Attorneys, Battle, Vandyver, Levy & Vantine, 37 Wall St.)

Montague Clinton Corp., Brooklyn, restaurants, 100 shares common stock, no par value; S. B. Maher, G. and F. Niebergall. (Attorney, H. F. Dyruff, 94 Pine St.)

Syracuse Lighting Co., Syracuse, consolidation of Syracuse Lighting Company and Onondaga Utilities Corp., $20,500,000; L. C. Smith, J. C. DeLong, H. Seligman. (Attorneys, Melvin & Melvin, Syracuse.)

Gilbert J. Scofield Co., Albany, machine shop, $30,000; G. J. Scofield, L. M. Benjamin, L. Maby. (Attorneys, Sanford & Alexander, Albany.)

Yea Building Corp., Brooklyn, $10,000; R. E. Tinsley, I. Gershman, J. Greenberg. (Attorney, H. J. Krinsky, 299 Broadway.)

Melrose Textile Corp., Bronx, $20,000; A. Hitchcock, J. G. and R. R. Alexander. (Attorneys, Pressinger, Newcombe, Cunningham & Wigg, 15 William St.)

Mandel & Pinnes, Manhattan, contractors, $1,000; W. Kessler, G. Hoerner. (Attorney, H. Hershrun, 220 West 42d St.)

Wohlbro Construction, Jamaica, 100 shares common stock, no par value; M. M. and H. Wohl, J. Adikes. (Attorneys, Street, Hanavan & Adikes, Jamaica.)

Magna Building Corp., Brooklyn, realty, $18,000; S. Zitman, A. Wolin, S. Rose. (Attorney, H. J. Krinsky, 299 Broadway.)

F. Maldari & Bros., Manhattan, make macaroni machinery, $25,000; D. and A. and D. Maldari. (Attorney, L. Rosenberg, 200 Broadway.)

Spectacular Productions, Manhattan, motion pictures, $1,500; L. H. Allen, M. F. Swier. (Attorney, J. L. Hochman, 1,540 Broadway.)

Achilles Realty Corp., Manhattan, 100 shares common stock, no par value; G. Shaskan, B. S. Catts. (Attorney, E. A. Pollack, 11 East 45th St.)

Namford Radio & Tube Corp., Manhattan, $5,000; H. and M. Dorfman, A. Zimmerman. (Attorney, L. Dorfman, 1,755 Broadway.)

Cortland Milling Co., Manhattan, grain and cereals, 1,000 shares common stock, no par value; E. D. Murphy, G. B. Haste, O. O. Vunck. (Attorney, E. L. Fowler, Albany.)

Reda Realty Corp., Manhattan, $5,000; W. and R. Halpern, P. Lieberman. (Attorney, W. G. Chittick, 258 Broadway.)

Merjos & Schechter, Manhattan, tailoring, $3,000; S. Merjos, S. Schechter, L. D. Warner. (Attorney, J. Kheel, 1,133 B'way.)

Sabelgian Construction Co., Brooklyn, $10,000; A. Sabella, J. and P. Giannini. (Attorney, S. Bauersfeld, 51 Willoughby St., Brooklyn.)

Holly Knitting Mills, Manhattan, $10,000; R. I. Rogin, E. A. Langert, J. Greenwald. (Attorney, J. M. Rosenfeld, 15 Park Row.)

Hormoil Silk Co., Manhattan, $30,000; B. Merker, M. J. Kanin, I. Horowitz. (Attorney, C. E. Frankel, 19 West 44th St.)

Duane Estates, Bronx, builders, $50,000; B. Grudin, J. Vigdor, W. Kovalsky. (Attorneys, Horstmann & Kozinn, 505 Tremont Av.)

Dombey Textile Co., Manhattan, $30,000; R. E. Tinsley, I. Gershman, J. Greenberg. (Attorney, H. J. Krinsky, 299 Broadway.)

Harkford Holding Co., Manhattan, realty, $20,000; E. Crawford, P. Paskal. (Attorney, H. J. Harkway, 299 Broadway.)

Denlit Luggage, Manhattan, trunks; J. J. Dennehy, J. T. Little. (Attorney, W. A. Ryan, 350 Fulton St., Brooklyn.)

Clayton Realty Corp., Manhattan, $10,000; M. P. Thatsteos, S. Krinsky, P. Rabinowitz. (Attorney, S. Sheroff, 291 Broadway.)

Earle Products Co., Manhattan, $50,000; H. Weinberger, S. Arbetter. (Attorney, J. S. Bernstein, 250 West 57th St.)

Nanar Realty Corp., Manhattan, $2,000; A. A. Ronowitz, M. and N. Rubin. (Attorney, S. I. Segall, 220 Broadway.)

Cortland Soda & Seltzer Mfg. Co., Brooklyn, $40,000; J. and J. Merkel, H. Pazorink. (Attorneys, Burstein & Cohen, 351 Stone Av., Brooklyn.)

Eighth Avenue, 39th Street Corp., Manhattan, realty, $100,000; H. M. and J. and D. B. Greenberg. (Attorneys, Korkus & Korkus, 5 Beekman St.)

Fenchel Realty Corp., Manhattan, $5,000; D. and I. Fenchel, L. Hirsch. (Attorney, B. Bernstein, 299 Broadway.)

Finox Realty Corp., Manhattan, 500 shares common stock, no par value; M. H. and A. and S. Rosenmond. (Attorneys, Zeigler & Berliner, 44 Beaver St.)

Rothida Realty Corp., Manhattan, $10,000; W. Blinder, M. Goistein, A. B. Greene. (Attorney, H. Ackerman, 1,133 Broadway.)

Corcoran Co., Penn Yan, undertakers' supplies, $25,000; M. F. and W. E. Corcoran, L. Armstrong. (Attorneys, Hudson & Hyland, Penn Yan.)

Herman Realty, Manhattan, $1,000; H. Fenster, J. Caine, H. Berley. (Attorney, B. Fenster, 1,182 Broadway.)

550 Seventh Avenue Realty Corp., Manhattan, $5,000; L. and B. Adler, A. N. Adelson. (Attorneys, Kaplan, Kosman & Streusand, 1,540 Broadway.)

Samuel Faden, Manhattan, furs, $10,000; S. and M. Faden, M. Lamborsky. (Attorney, N. G. Behrman, 291 Broadway.)

Worth Brooklyn Corp., Manhattan, department store, 1,500 shares preferred stock, $100 each; 10 common, no par value; M. I. Dempsey, E. Barkey, A. Watson. (Attorneys, Leventritt, Hiegelman, Carns & Goetz, 128 Broadway.)

L. & L. Taxicab Holding Co., Albany, $25,000; E. V. and R. Lamberson, M. Voelker. (Attorney, A. B. Lamphir, Albany.)

Goodwear Petticoat Co., Manhattan, $5,000; F. Handelman, I. Parnes, B. Leibowitz. (Attorney, M. Leibowitz, 200 5th Av.)

Bondmer Realty Corp., Manhattan, 500 shares common stock, no par value; W. H. and A. and S. Rosenmond. (Atorneys, Zeigler & Berliner, 44 Beaver Street.)

Sterling-Knight, distributors, Buffalo, autos, $20,000; W. J. Swyers, L. R. Mutchler, E. J. Carono. (Attorney, E. F. Jaechle, Buffalo.)

Michenfelder Mill, Manhattan, woodworking, $10,000; D. W. Dixon, H. M. Partridge, E. G. Michenfelder. (Attorneys, Bowman & Shea, 416 Broadway.)

Fontano Dress Co., Manhattan, make dresses, $15,000; S. Fontano, A. Hyde, P. Santeramo. (Attorneys, Berg & Berk, 949 Broadway.)

Currie Taxi Service, Manhattan, 100 shares common stock, no par value; M. M. Levy, H. Wisan, J. R. Newton. (Attorney, W. A. Sands Jr., 61 Broadway.)

Dunkirk Metal Products Corp., Dunkirk, 2,500 shares preferred stock, $100 each; 2,500 common, no par value; R. E. Sandberg, L. C. Stafford, F. Gifford. (Attorneys, Mott & Ottaway, Jamestown.)

Phillips Development Co., Valley Stream, realty, $1,000; C. E. and J. E. Phillips, W. B. Wright. (Attorney, R. H. Brown, Valley Stream.)

Dutcher & Busch, Manhattan, printers, $20,000; B. and E. Dutcher, O. H. Busch. Attorney, D. A. Wilson, 15 Park Row.)

Frank Whitcomb, Manhattan, insurance; $5,000; J. P. and J. H. Hassinger, F. Whitcomb. (Attorney, G. W. Elkins, 34 Pine Street.)

K. D. Shoe Co., Manhattan, $30,000; Z. V. Kennedy, J. I. Perry, H. C. Wright. (Attorney, R. S. Conklin, 34 Pine Street.)

Sam Rose Realty Corp., Manhattan, 200 shares common stock, no par value; S. W. Spencer, M. Kreeger, E. J. Sichel. (Attorney, A. A. Silberberg, 256 Broadway.)

P. G. R. Realty Corp., Brooklyn, $10,000; L. Goldberg, M. Rollack, M. Rozinsky. (Attorney, S. Rubinton, 32 Court St., Brooklyn.)

Belmont Butter & Egg Co., Brooklyn, $75,000; J. Wasserman, J. J. Moskowitz, D. A. Gins. (Attorney, J. Schottland, 120 Broadway.)

Ocean Hill Realty Corp., Brooklyn, $50,000; F. Dinnella, D. Rossi, L. M. Massa. (Attorney, C. J. Masone, 44 Court St., Brooklyn.)

Borough Cleaners & Dyers Co., Brooklyn, $10,000; A. Green, R. Hochstein, J. Elliman. (Attorney, S. A. Langfur, 36 West 44th St.)

Bronze Pen Corp., Manhattan, $600,000; J. J. Brennan, P. Fitzpatrick, J. J. Fox. (Attorney, F. E. Stripe, 200 Broadway.)

Milbon Shoe Co., Manhattan, $25,000; X. Bongiorno, J. Milano, A. Russo. (Attorney, P. Bongiorno, 51 Chambers St.)

Sylvan Holdings, Manhattan, $50,000; S. J. & L. Levinson, E. Feinsod. (Attorneys, Levinson & Feinsod, 277 Broadway.)

Federal Radio Co. Corp., Buffalo, 200 shares common stock, no par value; H. Swift, M. Potter, A. R. Martin. (Attorneys, Swift & Potter, Buffalo.)

York Street Flax Spinning Co., Manhattan, $1,000,000; C. S. Ernst, J. J. Madigan, A. Ely. (Attorney, F. J. Knorr, Albany.)

T. D. & N. Homes Corp., Queens, realty, $10,000; F. Terracino, G. and M. Dinigris. (Attorney, J. Cinaman, 1,270 Broadway.)

CAPITAL INCREASES.

J. Bennkelser, Manhattan, $5,000 to $20,000. H. F. Lehak Advertising Agency, Manhattan, $10,000 to $100,000.

Stewart Lumber Co., Manhattan, $50,000 to $150,000.

Acme Textile Printing & Dyeing Co., Manhattan, $6,000 to $15,000.

Well Made Novelty Co., Manhattan, $7,500 to $18,000.

Avon Knitting Co., Avon, $60,000 to $75,000. Willet Laundry Co., Albany, $10,000 to $50,000.

Unity Commercial Co., Manhattan, $25,000 to $75,000.

Cuban Milk Products Corp., Manhattan, $20,000 to $100,000.

Fynsen, Printers, Manhattan, 300 shares common stock, no par value, to 400 shares, of which 100 are preferred, $100 each, and 300 common, no par value.

Vanvleet Gloce Co., Gloversville, $30,000 to $100,000.

Charles D. Beckwith, Manhattan, $80,000 to $200,000.

Brooklyn Edison Co., Brooklyn, $50,000,000 to $75,000,000.

S. Rosenfelder & Son, Manhattan, $15,000 to $150,000.

Middlemen Commercial Assn., Manhattan, $18,000 to $48,000.

Como Realty Corp., Manhattan, $20,000 to $50,000.

Bristol Press, Manhattan, $3,000 to $20,000.

CAPITAL REDUCTIONS.

M. Naidis & Co., Manhattan, $100,000 to $75,000.

NAME CHANGES.

Young Pictures Corp., Manhattan, to William Vogel Distributing Corp.

Shallco Textile Corp., Manhattan, to Shallco Thurlin Corp.

Belvogue Hat Co., Manhattan, to Juanita Hats.

Spiro Bag & Luggage Shop, Manhattan, to Broadway Luggage Shop.

Helvetic Mfg. Co., Manhattan, to Dixon Taylor Housing Corp.

Grubb & Kosegarten Bros., Nassau, to Kosegarten Piano Cation Manufacturing Co.

Eastman Paper Co., Manhattan, to Vandewater Paper Co.

New Hyde Park Associates, Brooklyn, to East Floral Park Corp.

Judd Magazines, Manhattan, to Arts & Decoration Publishing Co.

Adler & Matlin Pharmacy, Brooklyn, to Goldflink Pharmacy.

Maxwell Chalmers Sales Corp., Brooklyn, to Fink Motor Sales Corp.

Szabos Art Shops, Tonawanda, to Szabos.

Baron & Schwartz, Manhattan, to Jahmes Co.

Manufacturing Jewelers Export Co., Manhattan, to Manjeco Co.

SURRENDER OF AUTHORITY.

York Street Flax Spinning Co., Ltd., Great Britain.

United Amusements, Del.

DESIGNATIONS.

The Secretary of State is named representative in each instance:

Fisk Tire Export Co., Del., 4,000 shares common stock, no par value.

Ferargill, Del., supply service to architects, 1,000 shares common stock, no par value.

DISSOLUTIONS.

United Realty Owners Corp., N. J.

Lockport Securities Corp., Lockport.

O. K. Embossing Co., Manhattan.

Barrish-Bley Embossing Co., Manhattan.

Lockport Homes Co., Lockport.

American Diatomite Co., Manhattan.

Lichtenberg Cloak and Suit Co., Manhattan.

Elma Realty Co., Manhattan.

Geneva Dry Cleaning Co., Geneva.

Globe Molasses Feed Co., Brooklyn.

Unique Storage Battery Co., Buffalo.

East Hampton Housing Corp., East Hampton.

Krakow Meat and Sausage Co., Utica.

Borough Cleaning and Dyeing Co., Brooklyn.

Ferargil, Manhattan.

Foursome Realty Corp., Manhattan.

Frogress Furniture Co., Manhattan.

Wellner Bros. & Brenner, Manhattan.

R. M. D. Realty Co., Manhattan.

Chenango Oil and Gas Co., Binghamton.

Lillienne Hat Shop, Brooklyn.

Thornett & Fehr, Manhattan.

Delaware Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

DOVER, Feb. 29.—Charters filed today:

Purchasing and Holding Co., Wilmington, stocks and bonds, $26,000,000. (Delaware Incorporating Co.)

Planatery Radio Corp., Dover, manufacture, $5,000,000. (United States Corporation Co.)

King Manufacture Co., Philadelphia, automobile accessories, $1,000,000. (Corporation Guarantee and Trust Co.)

Cameo Mines, Wilmington, $2,500,000. (Corporation Trust Co. of America.)

California State Finance Co., Wilmington, $800,000. (Corporation Trust Co. of America.)

Aetna Brake Lining and Manufacturing Co. of America, Wilmington, $300,000. (Colonial Charter Co.)

Hess Motors Corp., Wilmington, manufacture, $300,000. (Colonial Charter Co.)

Illinois Motor Coach Corp., Wilmington, stocks and bonds, $200,000. (Corporation Trust Co. of America.)

Electric Luminater Advertising Co., Wilmington, $150,000. (Corporation Trust Co. of America.)

Hansa Corp., Wilmington, stocks and bonds, $100,000. (Corporation Trust Co. of America.)

Holbrook, Cabot & Rollins, contractors, Wilmington, $100,000. (Corporation Trust Co. of America.)

Wm. H. Saunders Co., real estate, $100,000; Wm. H. Saunders, Claud Livingston, W. W. Trew, Washington, D. C. (Delaware Registration Trust Co.)

West States Corp., Wilmington, acquire oil rights, $50,000. (U. S. Corporation Co.)

Connecticut Locomobile Co., $10,000; Thos. R. McTigu, John Loughman, Wm. A. Martin, New York. (U. S. Corporation Co.)

Ohio Locomobile Co., New York, $10,000. (U. S. Corporation Co.)

Capital Increases.

Transcontinental Oil Co., Pittsburgh, $200,000,000 to $425,000,000—2,000,000 shares without nominal par value, to 4,000,000, and $25,000,000 of preferred stock, making total capitalization of $425,000,000 for taxation purposes.

Duquesne Garden Arena Co., Pittsburgh, $400,000 to $500,000.

Jamieson Lumber & Supply Co., New York, $50,000 to $75,000.

RELIGIOUS SERVICES.

Adventist

THE CITY TEMPLE,
120th St. and Lenox Av.
LOUIS K. DICKSON, Pastor.
SUBJECT SUNDAY NIGHT AT 7:45:
BY WHAT AUTHORITY IS SUNDAY KEPT IN PLACE OF THE SEVENTH DAY SABBATH OF THE FOURTH COMMANDMENT?

Baptist

CALVARY BAPTIST,
West 57th St., bet. 6th and 7th Avs.
Dr. JOHN ROACH STRATON, Pastor.
10:30 A.M.—Bible School.
11:30 A.M.—Dr. Straton: "THE CALL OF OUR BROTHERS ACROSS THE SEA."
7:45 P.M.—Dr. Straton: "EVOLUTION AND THE CREATION OF MAN—ARE WE THE CHILDREN OF GOD OR THE OFFSPRING OF THE BEASTS?"

During the evening Dr. Straton will comment on Mr. Potter's idea of an American man-made Bible as a substitute for the Christian Bible.

CENTRAL BAPTIST CHURCH,
S. E. Cor. 92d St. & Amsterdam Av.
11 A. M. and 9 P. M., Preaching by
Rev. JAMES GRANT
of New Haven, Connecticut,
A Church where the Old Gospel is preached.

FIRST BAPTIST.
Broadway and 79th St.
PASTOR, I. M. HALDEMAN, D. D.

11 A. M.—"THE SEED BEARER AND THE SHEAF BRINGER; OR, THE SECRET OF A SUCCESSFUL CHURCH."

8 P. M.—"THE SHIPWRECK OF FAITH; OR, THE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN MODERNISM AND FUNDAMENTALISM. IS MODERNISM NATURAL, INFIDELITY TRADING IN THE NAME OF CHRISTIANITY; OR, IS FUNDAMENTALISM MEDIEVAL THEOLOGY AND RELIGIOUS SUPERSTITION HIDING THE FACTS OF TRUE CHRISTIANITY? IS PROTESTANTISM NOW PAYING THE PENALTY OF PRIVATE JUDGMENT APPLIED TO THE INTERPRETATION OF HOLY SCRIPTURE?"

Friday night, 8 o'clock—"Prayer and Testimony Meeting. Dr. Haldeman's Bible Exposition."

JUDSON MEMORIAL, Washington Square.
A. Ray Petty, D. D., Pastor.
Services at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

MADISON AVENUE BAPTIST.
Madison Avenue at Thirty-first Street.
GEORGE CALEB MOOR, D. D., Minister.
PASTOR PREACHES 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

PARK AVENUE BAPTIST CHURCH,
Park Avenue and East 64th Street.
11 A. M., Dr. WOELFKIN.
Organ Recital, Mr. Milligan, 7:45 P. M.
8 P. M.—Service of Music; Mendelssohn's Oratorio, "A HYMN OF PRAISE."
9:45 A. M., Church School & Women's Class.
6 P. M.—Young People's Meeting, Mr. James C. Colgate will speak.
9:45 A. M., MEN'S CLASS, DR. BESTOR.

WADSWORTH AVENUE BAPTIST,
124 Wadsworth Av. near 180th St.
Rev. LEONARD F. REQUA Jr., Pastor.
Morning worship at 11, Evening 8.

WASHINGTON HEIGHTS BAPTIST,
145th St. and Convent Av.
11 A. M.—"The Common Sense of High Ideals," Dr. Harold Pattison.
8 P. M.—Forum Service, Safeguarding the Greatest City in the World."
Police Commissioner Richard Enright.
The Police Department Double Quartet will sing.

Christian Science

AUTHORIZED CHRISTIAN SCIENCE SERVICES and MEETINGS are held in the following NEW YORK BRANCH CHURCHES OF THE MOTHER CHURCH,
The First Church of Christ Scientist,
in Boston, Massachusetts:
SUNDAYS, 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.
WEDNESDAYS, 8 P. M.

FIRST.....Central Pk. West & 96th St.
SECOND.....Central Pk. West & 68th St.
THIRD.....Park Av. & 63d St.
• FOURTH.....Ft. Wash. Av. & 178th St.
FIFTH.....9 East 43d St.
• SIXTH.....† 1,301 Boston Rd., Bronx
† SEVENTH.....520 West 112th St.
EIGHTH.....103 East 77th St.
‡ NINTH.....Morosco Th., 217 West 45th St.
TENTH.....25 Waverly Place
• ELEVENTH..2,382 Grand Concourse, Bronx
‡ TWELFTH...Aeolian Hall, 34 West 43d St.
THIRTEENTH.....311 West 83d St.
n FOURTEENTH.....446 West 152d St.

• Wednesday meeting at 8:15 P. M.
† Second Sunday service at 4:30 P. M.
‡ Wednesday meeting of Ninth Church at 12 and of Twelfth Church at 12:30 noon. Sunday evening service of Twelfth Church temporarily discontinued.
t Temporary address.
n No Sunday evening service.
FREE LECTURE ON CHRISTIAN SCIENCE will be given by a Member of the Christian Science Board of Lectureship as follows:
Mar. 6, 8 P. M.—Second Church.
The public is cordially invited.

Community Church

THE COMMUNITY CHURCH OF N. Y.,
Park Av. and 34th St.
11—JOHN HERMAN RANDALL,
"Will Religion Outgrow the Church?"
12:30—Dr. Edith R. Spaulding,
"Emotional Development in Childhood."
4—Vespers. CHAS. S. MACFARLAND, D. D.,
"How Can the Churches Unite?"
8—Forum. Judge Florence E. Allen,
"The Outlawry of War."

Congregational

BROADWAY TABERNACLE,
Broadway and 56th St.
DR. CHARLES E. JEFFERSON, Pastor,
preaches at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.
11 A. M.—ROMAN CATHOLICISM and the KU KLUX KLAN.
8 P. M.—HOW TO CONQUER REMORSE.

Disciples of Christ
(Christian)

CENTRAL CHRISTIAN,
142 West 81st St.
DR. FINIS S. IDLEMAN, 11 and 8.

Divine Science

CHURCH OF THE HEALING CHRIST,
REV. W. JOHN MURRAY, Pastor.
Grand Ballroom, Waldorf-Astoria.
Sunday, March 2, 11 A. M. Subject:
"THE LAW OF UNFOLDMENT."
Sunday School for Children at 11 A. M.
Wednesday Evening Meeting at 8 P. M.
DAILY HEALING MEETING
at 12 o'clock, Waldorf-Astoria. The public is cordially invited to all meetings.

CHURCH OF THE ABSOLUTE,
Hotel Astor, Sunday, 3 P. M.
WALTER NEWELL WESTON, SPEAKER.
Subject: "NON-RESISTANCE."

Week-day meeting, Wednesday, 3 P. M., Hotel Astor, Margaret Nickerson, Speaker.
Subject: "Truth of Being."
Public Cordially Invited.

Ethical Culture

SOCIETY FOR ETHICAL CULTURE,
Central Park West and 64th St.

11:00 A. M.—DR. ALICE SALOMON,
"What the Young German Generation is Thinking."

8:00 P. M.—MR. ALFRED W. MARTIN,
"Have We a Portrait of Jesus?"

7:30 P. M.—COMMUNITY SINGING.
Mr. A. Knowles, Baritone, leader.

Interdenominational

"The Secret of Successful Prayer."
DON O. SHELTON
At the Bible Hour of the
NATIONAL BIBLE INSTITUTE,
(Headquarters, 330-348 West Fifty-fifth St.)
at the Calvary Baptist Church,
123 W. Fifty-seventh St., Sunday, 3:45 P. M.
I. H. Meredith, leader of singing.
COMING! MISS CHRISTABEL PANKHURST of England, March 9 to 16.
Full announcements next week.

THE METROPOLITAN TABERNACLE,
129 West 89th St.
DR. GEORGE SHAW of Nyack, Pastor,
preaches 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.
Wed., 8 to 9 P. M.—Prayer and Testimony.
9 to 9:45 P. M.—Lecture on Christology.

THE UNION THEOLOGICAL SEMINARY.
Service in the Chapel, Claremont Avenue, between 120th and 122d Streets, at 11 o'clock. Preacher, the Rev. Peter Ainslie of the Christian Temple, Baltimore.

CHINATOWN.
The Rescue Society, Old Chinese Theatre, 5-7 Doyers St. Wide Awake Gospel Service Nightly, 10 P. M. T. J. Noonan, Supt.

UPTOWN NOONDAY PRAYER MEETINGS,
At 5 East 48th St., Wednesdays, 12 to 1.
Rev. James Palmer, Ph. D., will lead.

Jewish

THE HEIGHTS FREE SYNAGOGUE.
West 158th Street and Broadway.
J. Max Wels, Rabbi.
OPEN FORUM
Sunday, March 2, at 11:15 A. M.,
FRANK A. VANDERLIP.
Subject:
"COURAGE IN NATIONAL LEADERSHIP."
Mr. Vanderlip recently created a national sensation by his statement on the sale of "The Marion Star," that had once been owned by the late President Harding. The address will deal with the recent Federal developments.
ALL WELCOME.

BETH-EL TEMPLE,
5TH AV. AT 76TH ST.

Sunday, March 2, at 10:45 A. M.
Rev. Dr. Samuel Schulman on
"The Religious Character of the Jewish Question."

Sabbath Services.
Friday Evening at 5:30.

Saturday Morning at 10:15.
Sermon by Dr. Schulman.

TEMPLE ISRAEL,
91st St., Near Broadway.
Today, March 1, at 10:15 A. M.
REV. DR. NEUMARK
"ARE WE STILL THE CHOSEN PEOPLE?"
Friday, March 7, at 8:15 P. M.,
"The 'Kaddish' Prayer for the Dead."
Sunday, March 9, at 10:45 A. M.
PROF. MACDONALD
"WHAT HAS HAPPENED TO SOCIALISM?"
Written Questions Answered.
All Welcome.

TEMPLE EMANU-EL,
Fifth Avenue and Forty-third Street.
Saturday, 10:30 A. M.—Dr. Krass on "Pigeonholing Religion."
Sunday, 11 A. M. sharp—Dr. Krass on "Intermarriage."
Monday, 11 A. M. sharp—Dr. Enelow on "Did Jesus Claim Divinity?"
Friday Evening Services, 5:30 o'clock.
Daily Noon Service, 12:30 o'clock.
All are welcome.

JEWISH SCIENCE.
RABBI MORRIS LICHTENSTEIN, Leader.
Sunday, 11 A. M., The Leslie, 260 West 83d.
Subject: "FAITH VERSUS DRUGS."
Healing hours, 2-6 daily, 166 W. 73d.
The Interpreter, Jewish Science Periodical, $1 a year, send subscription to 166 West 73d St.

CENTRAL AND FREE SYNAGOGUES
Carnegie Hall, Seventh Ave. & 57th Street.
DR. WISE
Will Speak on
"WHAT DOES THE JEW BELIEVE?"
All Are Welcome.

Lutheran

ADVENT, Broadway and 93d St.
Dr. Steimle, 11, "A Psalm of Love."
8, "Without a Cross?"

HOLY TRINITY, 65th St., Central Park W.
The Rev. Paul Scherer, Pastor.
11 A. M.—Topic, "The Will to See."
4 P. M.—"People We Can't Spare."

ST. JAMES, Madison Av. and 73d St.,
Dr. ARTHUR S. HARDY, 11 A. M.

Methodist Episcopal

CHELSEA, 178th St., W. of Broadway—Dr. Reisner. 11 — "Helpful Money." 7:45 — "Jesus' Boyhood." Orchestra of 40 boys.

GRACE—West 104th St.
Frederick Brown Harris, Minister.
11 A. M.—"The Wall of Partition."
7:45 P. M.—"Is 'The Fool' Fair?" with colored slides.

MADISON AVE. METHODIST, 60th St.
Rev. Ralph W. Sockman, B. D. } Ministers.
Rev. John M. Pearson, D. D. }
DR. SOCKMAN at 11 and 8.
8 P. M.—"Recoveries in Religion."
10—Religious Forum. 6:15—Social Tea.

ST. ANDREW'S, 76th St., nr. Columbus Av.
J. LEWIS HARTSOCK, Minister.
Divine Service, 11 and 8.

ST. JAMES'S,
Madison Av. and 126th St.
REV. FRED W. STACEY, MINISTER.
11 A. M.—Holy Communion.
8 P. M.—Sermon by the Pastor.

ST. PAUL'S, 86th St. and West End Av.
REV. RAYMOND L. FORMAN, D.D., Pastor.
Dr. Forman preaches 11 and 8.

Moravian

THE FIRST MORAVIAN, Lexington Av. and 30th St. Rev. Harry E. Stocker, Ph. D., Pastor. Sunday, 11A. M.; Wednesday, 8 P. M.

New Church

NEW CHURCH (Swedenborgian),
35th St., Bet. Park & Lexington Avs.
11 A. M., REV. ARTHUR WILDE, Pastor,
"SELF-INDUCED BALDNESS"

CHURCH OF THE NEW JERUSALEM.
Clark St. and Monroe Place, Brooklyn.
Take West Side subway to Clark St.
11—Rev. Chas. W. Harvey of Philadelphia, "The Nature and Purpose of the Scriptures."

New Thought

UNITY.

SCIENTIFIC CHRISTIANITY.
RICHARD LYNCH, Speaker.
HOTEL ASTOR, 11 A. M., Subject:
AN UNFAILING GUIDE IN HUMAN LIFE.
SUNDAY SCHOOL AT 11 A. M.

Headquarters, 250 West 57th St.
Sunday, 3 P. M., AGNES M. LAWSON.
Subject: "PURPOSE."
5 P. M., RICHARD LYNCH on "SCIENTIFIC PRAYER."
8 P. M., FRANCES G. LORD.
Subject: "LIGHT."
Monday, 8 P. M., OPEN HEALING MEETING.
Public Cordially Invited.

BROOKLYN UNITY SOCIETY
118 Pierrepont Street.
Sunday Evening, 7:30 P. M. Speaker:
RICHARD LYNCH. Subject:
"THE VALUE OF CLEAR THINKING."

New Thought

METAPHYSICAL SCHOOL OF HEALTH.
MISS VILLA FAULKNER PAGE.
The Studios, 64 Park Av. (nr. 38th St.)
Friday, 3:15 P. M.; Saturday, 11 A. M.
Friday, March 7, "The Mystery (?) of Color and the Human Aura."
Sat., March 1, "The Psychology of Auto-Suggestion."
Noonday Healing. Free to all. Offering.

GENEVIEVE BEHREND
134 West 72d Street.
SUNDAY, 3:30 P. M. Subject:
"HOW TO CONTROL CONDITIONS."
The Public Is Invited.
FRIDAY, 8 P. M., "VISUALIZING."
"Demonstration and Definite Results."

MRS. MARY CHAPIN,
Commodore Hotel Ballroom, 11 A. M.,
"THE GLEAM."
A Talk on Intuition.
Interviews, classes. Advanced classes, Mondays, 3 and 8 P. M., Carnegie Hall, Room 807.

G. ARTHUR GAYER, Ph. D.,
Hotel Astor, Sunday, 11:30 A. M.,
"THE KEY TO MAN'S INNER POWERS."
LECTURE-CONCERT.
Audible meditation with music.
Free admission.

SEARS PHILOSOPHY.
Not better—not worse—but DIFFERENT.
Sundays, 11 A. M.
CHALIF HALL, 163 WEST 57TH ST.
P. W. Sears, Speaker.
Subject: "Attracting Success."

ANNA C. NOLLE,
Hotel Astor, Sunday, 11 A. M.,
"VIBRATION AND SUGGESTION."
I teach you JUST HOW to
be Successful, Happy and Prosperous.

Presbyterian

ADAMS MEMORIAL, 207-15 East 30th St.
REV. HAROLD S. RAMBO, Preaches 8 P. M.—"IS PROTESTANTISM DISINTEGRATING?"

BRICK CHURCH,
Fifth Avenue and Thirty-seventh Street.
Ministers { William Pierson Merrill / Woodrow Ainsworth Greene
DR. MERRILL will preach at 11 and 4.
The Sacrament of the Lord's Supper will be celebrated at 11 A. M.
Subject, 4 P. M.—"Sins of To-day: I. Separatism."
BIBLE SCHOOL, 9:40 A. M.
Bible Discussion Class at 10 A. M.
Leader—Mr. Edward C. Jenkins.
Young People's Meeting, 5:30; 7:30, at 28 West 37th Street.
Midweek Service, Wednesday, 5 P. M.
FRIDAY NOON HOUR OF MUSIC.
Schubert program: Clarence Dickinson, organist; Mary Allen, contralto; Lizio Mannucci, violoncellist.
NOON SERVICE Every Weekday at 12:20.

BROADWAY PRESBYTERIAN,
Broadway and 114th St.
Rev. Walter Duncan Buchanan, D. D., Minister, will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

FIFTH AVENUE PRESBYTERIAN,
Fifth Av. and Fifty-fifth St.
Rev. JOHN KELMAN, D. D., Minister.
Rev. Pierson P. Harris, Asst. Minister.
DR. KELMAN.
11:00—"THE DAYSMAN."
4:30—The Lord's Supper, Address by Dr. Kelman.
4:00—Organ Recital by Harry Gilbert.
10:00—Men's and Women's Bible Classes.
8:15—WEDNESDAY—Mid-week Service in the Chapel, conducted by Dr. Kelman. "The Sentinel Peace."

FIRST PRESBYTERIAN,
Fifth Avenue, 11th and 12th

LATEST DEALINGS IN REALTY FIELD

Investors and Operators Feature Trading in Apartment House Properties.

CLEARMONT COURT SOLD

West Side Tenements in Demand—Three Tall Apartments Planned by Builders.

Purchase of apartment house properties for investment continues to feature trading on the real estate market. Charles and Jack Kimmelman and Golden Brothers, operators, have sold the Clearmont Court, at 549 and 551 West 113th Street. It is a six-story elevator apartment house, 120 feet east of Broadway, covering a plot 100 by 100 feet. The building accommodates thirty families and yields an annual rental of $45,000. It was sold to investing clients of Morrison & Schiff. The sellers purchased this building last week from the Faris Colgra Realty Company.

M. Krinsky sold to W. A. F. Holding Corporation, Inc., William A. Fischer, President, 7 and 8 Manhattan Avenue, near 101st Street, two six-story walk-up apartment houses on a plot 75 by 100, accommodating thirty-six families, renting for $26,000 and held at $175,000. The brokers in the deal were Nehring Brothers.

In Yorkville Frederick J. Feuerbach, Inc., sold for Rae Levinson 1,640 Second Avenue, being the northeast corner of Eighty-fifth Street, on a plot 46 by 72 feet, a six-story, new law apartment with a rental of $17,000 per annum. It was held at $125,000. The buyer was Lorenz Strack. Negotiations are pending for a resale.

F. F. Hoepert sold to Louis Collin the property at 253 West Eleventh Street, northeast corner of West Fourth Street, a five-story apartment house on a lot 25 by 56 feet, and the adjoining house at 287 and 289 West Fourth Street, a five-story apartment on a plot 44 by 50. Mr. Collin will hold the property for investment. Duross Company was the broker.

Francis X. O'Connell resold for Mrs. H. Cooper the five-story apartment house, 27 by 100, at 74 La Salle Street, held at $38,000, the seller having recently bought the property through the same broker.

Wood, Dolson Company, Inc., sold for Mary H. Tyler the five-story apartment house at 147 West Eighty-fourth Street, on a plot 32 by 100, between Amsterdam and Columbus Avenues. The building rents for about $7,500. The purchaser is Sol Brandt, who recently purchased the two adjoining houses, 143 and 145, 50 by 100, through the Wood, Dolson Company, Inc. Mr. Brandt now controls a plot 82 by 100 feet at this point.

William D. Kilpatrick resold to Michael Lemole the two remodeled five-story tenements 341-343 East Sixty-fifth Street, between First and Second Avenues, on plot 54 by 103 feet.

The estate of George J. Kuch sold 1,983 Seventh Avenue, northeast corner of 119th Street, a five-story double flat, 26.11 by 98 feet, renting for $12,000 and held at $75,000, to Jacob Breen. Shaw & Sanford were the brokers.

The Countess of Lancaster, represented by the Farmers Loan and Trust Company, sold to the Merit Realty Company, Marcus L. Osk, President, the two five-story tenements with stores, on plot 32.6 by 86 feet, known as 263 and 265 Avenue B. The property had been owned by the seller since 1896, and was sold for all cash. The brokers in the sale were Ward Belknap & Son.

Isidor H. Kempner & Sons and the Blade Estates, Inc., have purchased from Mary Milleg the five-story twenty-family tenement at 345 East Fifty-first Street, on a plot 25 by 100.5. The property brings in about $4,000 annually and has been held by the seller for twenty years. Edward P. McGovern was the broker.

Milton F. Levison sold for the Nedles Realty Corporation 504-506 West 136th Street, 50 by 100, a six-story walk-up, renting for $19,500 and held at $125,000. The purchasers, Samsol Holdings, Inc., were represented by Samuel I. Gotlieb.

The premises 72-74 East Ninety-sixth Street, which have recently been acquired by Benjamin Pasch, have been resold by Moses H. Rothstein at a substantial profit to the Rocky Crest Realty Company, Inc. The property is 41 by 100, on which is a modern six-story walk-up containing four apartments on a floor, and was held at $120,000.

Builders Plan Apartments.

Shroder & Koppel, Inc., have sold through Charles Griffith & Eugene Moses & Co. 305 and 307 Lexington Avenue, with a frontage of 40 feet 6 inches, located between Thirty-seventh and Thirty-eighth Streets. The buyer, Irving Feldman, is having plans drawn for a twelve-story apartment house laid out in suites of two and four rooms, the whole operation involving about $600,000.

A fifteen-story apartment hotel representing an investment of $750,000 will replace the dwellings at 110, 112 and 114 West Sixty-ninth Street, which have been sold by William F. Palmer, Eva M. Wright and Clementine Sostom through Tropauer & Spero as brokers. The houses are on the short block between Broadway and Columbus Avenue and occupy a plot 48.6 by 100.5 feet.

The plot at 310 to 314 West Seventy-second Street, recently acquired by Samuel Behrman and Max Raymond, will be improved with a sixteen-story apartment, to be erected by the newly formed Sambehr Realty Corporation, which is to take title to the property.

INCREASE AUTO OUTPUT.

Report Shows 12 Per Cent. More Than Last Month.

An increase of 12 per cent. in the ratio of automobile manufacture in the country is reported today by Automotive Industries. In summing up the situation in this industry, it makes the following comment:

"Reports from automobile-producing centres for the first part of February show an increase in operations of 12 per cent. over the same period in January and a much greater percentage of increase over a year ago. It is certain that there has been no curtailment of schedules since these reports were received and that as good a pace will be maintained through March. If total output for February does not reach the figures recorded in the best production months of last year, it will be because of the fewer working days for factory activities.

"Programs continued to be speeded up in plants which have not reached capacity, and conditions point to the probability that all major manufacturers will be running at top speed soon after March 1. Smaller plants are moving along at a high level, reflecting the current demand and the feeling that the coming Spring will prove to be an exceptionally good selling season.

"This feeling is based chiefly on the interest apparent at automobile shows. Enthusiasm on the part of both prospective buyers and dealers is marked, sales from the floor are the rule rather than the exception, a greater volume than heretofore is being made in dealer orders are large. Only a few sections of the country are not responding to the appeal to the limit, due to local conditions, which are likely to be improved before the Spring season is well under way."

QUIET WOOL MARKET.

BOSTON, Feb. 29.—The Commercial Bulletin will say tomorrow:

"The market has been quiet on the surface during the past week, but there has been some busines for mill account, involving one or two sizable lots at fully recent prices. In the West, contracting has spread out into several new States, mainly at 40 to 42 cents for both medium and fine clips.

"Openings of women's wear this week by the American Woolen Company indicate the intention of the company to secure volume production if possible. Prices are about on last year's levels and worsted goods are a bit lower.

"The foreign markets are strong and Bradford has marked up tops again this week to the extent of two pence per pound on medium qualities, say 46s to 56s. Wastes and noils are very strong."

BIG BRONX PLOT LEASED.

Investor Buys Long-Term Lease on Fordham Road Site.

The D. A. Schulte Realty Company, Inc., sold to an out-of-town investor their lease for a period of 17 years, covering entire block fronts on the north side of Fordham Road from Jerome to Morris Avenues, comprising two corners, known as 1 to 27 East Fordham Road.

It is a site fronting 261 feet on Fordham Road 92 feet on Jerome Avenue and 158 feet on Morris Avenue improved with two and three story modern business building containing 17 stores, and the "University" moving picture theatre, having 600 seating capacity.

There is a two-story building on the westerly half of this plot, on the corner of which is the Fordham Road Jerome Avenue Subway Station. The ground floor of this building contains stores and the upper story offices, lofts and billiard parlor; in the basement a well-equipped bowling alley. The other half of this block front, which includes the northwest corner of Morris Avenue, there is a three-story building which contains stores on the ground floor and 35 apartments on the upper two floors, arranged in suites of one and two rooms. The brokers in the deal were Armstrong Brothers.

The total rental for the period of the leasehold is approximately $1,000,000, or more than $58,000 a year.

The same brokers have recently leased for the Schulte Realty Company, Inc., a corner store on Morris Avenue in this building to the Hill-Ware Bakery Corporation for a period of ten years, at an aggregate rental of $75,000, or $7,500 yearly.

TWO TELEPHONE PROJECTS.

New Buildings for the Bronx and Irvington, N. J.

The New York Telephone Company has commenced excavations for a new two-story central office building at Kingsbridge Avenue and West 230th Street, the Bronx, which will provide quarters for a new central office. The estimated cost of the structure is $325,000.

Foundations will be laid to support an eleven-story building ultimately, and additional stories will be erected from time to time as needed. The building fronts 100 feet on Kingsbridge Avenue and 120 feet on West 230th Street, and will be of the brick and steel fireproof construction typical of all telephone buildings.

The New York Telephone Company, through Louis Schlesinger, Inc., has purchased the property at 972 to 986 Clinton Avenue, Irvington, N. J., the entire block front extending from Grove to Coit Streets. The Telephone Company will erect a large central office building on the property which has a total frontage of 205 feet on Clinton and Avenue, 120 feet on Coit Street and 125 feet on Grove Street. The plot was owned by William L. Glorieux, President of the Irvington National Bank and a former Mayor of Irvington.

THE HOTEL OXFORD SOLD.

West Side Apartment Hotel Was Held at $1,025,000.

The Besin Realty Corporation bought from the 205 West Eighty-eighth Street Corporation the fifteen-story apartment hotel, known as the Hotel Oxford, at 205 West Eighty-eighth Street.

The property has a frontage of 70 feet and an annual rental of $202,000. The property was held at $1,025,000. George H. Jackson and the J. & E. Realty Corporation were the brokers. A deal is now pending for the resale of the property.

Long Island Estate Sold.

David F. Kemp bought the William H. Van Nostrand estate property, situated at Lakeville, L. I., adjoining the Vanderbilt and Phipps estates.

The property comprises 32½ acres, residence and outbuildings, with over 2,500 feet of road frontage on Marcus Avenue and Lakeville Road. The broker in the deal was Baker Crowell, Inc.

Morton Frederick sold for Charles Godnick his estate on the Causeway, Lawrence, L. I., consisting of a tapestry brick residence, garage and outhouses, situated on about an acre of ground.

The purchaser was Isadore Hellitzer of New Yorik, who, after extensive alterations, will occupy. The property was held at $42,000.

Apartment for Marble Hill.

G. Touti & Co. sold for Nicholas J. Morris to the Paterno-Sciubba Contracting Company, Inc., Anthony J. Paterno, President, for all cash, the plot 25 by 125 by 32 feet irregular on the west side of Adrian Avenue, 82 feet north of West 225th Street, running through to West 225th Street, in the Marble Hill Section.

The purchasers, who last week bought through the same brokers the northwest corner of Adrian Avenue and West 225th Street, now control a plot 107 feet on Adrian Avenue by 166 feet on West 225th Street, upon which they will erect a high-class six-story apartment house.

Another Factory for L. I. City.

Allan Fox Company, Inc., resold a plot for the Meadow Contracting Company of Jersey City, being part of a tract of 44,000 square feet recently acquired by them through the same brokers in the block bounded by South Jane Street, Harris Avenue, Sherman Street and the Boulevard, Long Island City.

The plot facing the Boulevard has been purchased by Edmund Geis, who now controls 20,000 feet facing the Boulevard, part of which is already improved and about to be occupied by a Buffalo hardware concern. Mr. Geis will immediately improve the balance of the property with a modern factory building.

Gould House Deed Filed.

Harry Payne Whitney filed the deed yesterday to the George J. Gould residence at 857 Fifth Avenue, northeast corner of Sixty-seventh Street, thus placing him on record as the owner and clearing the mystering as to who had acquired the property in its recent sale. Mr. Whitney has obtained a mortgage of $400,000 from the Title Guarantee and Trust Company on the property.

Broadway Theatre Block Sold.

The recently formed Fitzmar Realty Corporation (Charles M. Rosenthal) purchased from the Broadway-Clarendon Corporation the one and two story buildings known as the Claremont Theatre block, comprising the easterly frontage on Broadway, between 134th and 135th Streets. The property has a frontage of 199.10 feet on Broadway and 90 feet on each street.

New Public Bathhouse.

The contract for a municipal bathhouse to cost $400,000 has just been awarded to the Blumar Construction Company, according to Engineering News-Record's Daily Service. The building will be located at 34 West 134th Street.

Avenue A Flats Sold.

The premises 98 to 106 Avenue A, five four-story tenements, were sold by the St. John's Estates, Inc., to the 98 to 108 Avenue A Corporation, through Irving E. Muller as attorney. The plot is 98 by 75 feet and was held at $120,000.

Trading in Brooklyn.

In the Flatbush section, Bulkley & Horton Company sold the detached residence, with garage, at 3,214 Avenue J, near East Thirty-third Street, on a plot 30 by 100, for S. Saches to a client for occupancy.

JEWELERS STAY DOWNTOWN

New Leases Show Tendency to Remain in Maiden Lane Area.

The tendency of jewelry firms to remain in the downtown district in spite of some removals uptown is reflected in two leases reported yesterday. At 105 and 107 Fulton Street the Broadway-John Street Corporation have just erected a building and have rented it completely with the exception of three spaces, all from the plans and before completion, to the following tenants, all of whom are in the jewelry business, and all of whom have taken leases running from five to ten years: Barzalay & Adriannesen, Arax Jewelry Manufacturing Company, A. Reiffin, Joseph Goodstein, J. & J. Case Co., R. J. Braun Company, Charles Lerner, Simon Kaplan, Genecin & Schrade, Benjamin Schantzer, J. Grossman & J. Novorass, H. Peterson & Schair, Nissenson & Rosenthal, Ostrow & Samit, Lescher & Feldman, Matthew & Mathes, Faubel & Van Brunt, I. R. Pareira, Ludlow & Vander Maueren, Jacob Cooperman, Solomon Pollock, Craftsman Jewelry Company, J. Berg & Sons, Superior Diamond Setting Company, Vermeulen, Neussell et al., M. Rosen & Co., Inc., and Friedman & Nemeny.

Benjamin Mitchell, the owner of 126-8 Maiden Lane, has rented, through the Downtown Renting Company, to Fisher Brothers, diamond dealers, and to George Miller, manufacturer of jewelry, and to Meyer Koulish, manufacturing jeweler, three floors in that building for a long term of years.

This is the furthest east that the jewelry district has now spread, owing to the pressure of the Federal Reserve Bank, which had forced some of them out—still showing the strong hold this district has upon the jewelry interests of the city.

THE BRONX MARKET.

Coster Avenue House, Held at $350,000, Bought for Investment.

The two five and one-half story tax-exempt apartment houses known as 739 and 741 Coster Street were sold by Theodore Jaffe to a client of Alexander Selkin and Carl Jaffe for investment. The two houses accommodate seventy-four families, bringing in a rental of $56,000, and were held at $350,000.

The John Aclin Company bought 942 Leggett Avenue, corner of Kelly Street, 25 by 107, a four-story building, which rents for $6,000 a year and was held at $40,000. Windman & Pregosin were the brokers.

Isaac Bernstein, a client of Abraham Karp, has purchased from the Russo Construction Company, Inc., the six-story tax-exempt apartment house located at 1,970 Vyse Avenue, on plot 108.17 by 63.64. The annual rent roll is about $24,000.

M. Rosenthal, an operator, purchased the vacant plot, 75 by 100, on the north side of Intervale Avenue, 194 feet west of the northwest corner of 165th Street and Intervale Avenue. The plot was held at $15,000.

The broker in the transaction was John Schmidt and same was purchased from the Mutual Life Insurance Company. This plot was immediately resold to Charles H. Lalor.

BUSINESS PROPERTIES.

Cuylers Alley Buildings in a Resale.

Charles F. Noyes Company and Horace S. Ely & Co. have resold for Kuhne, Libby & Co. 51-53 Front Street, southeast corner of Cuylers Alley, two five-story buildings covering a plot of about 4,000 feet and with frontages of 50 feet on Front Street and 69 feet on Cuylers Alley. The property was valued at $150,000 and the transaction was for all cash.

George R. Read Company resold for Lowenfeld & Prager the building at 20 Clark Street to A. Ruggiero, who will occupy for business. It is a four-story structure, 25 by 90 feet.

The Milton C. Johnson Company, stationers, present tenants, have purchased from the Bankers Bindery Corporation the eight-story loft building at 78 and 80 Walker Street, northeast corner of Cortlandt Alley. The property has a frontage of 48 feet on Walker Street and 101.4 feet on Cortlandt Alley.

Realty Notes.

Douglas L. Elliman & Co. have sold a large duplex apartment containing fourteen rooms and four baths in the new 100 per cent. cooperative apartment building, 655 Park Avenue, now being erected on the block front between Sixty-seventh and Sixty-eighth Streets by Dwight P. Robinson & Co., to Charles T. Church.

The Excelsior Estates Company, S. H. Stone, President, has leased to the New York Telephone Company for its auditing department 60,000 feet of space in the Excelsior Building, 139-149 Centre Street, southwest corner of Walker Street, at an approximate rental of $80,000 a year.

Lawrence, Blake & Jewell were the brokers who arranced the $1,500,000 loan for the 455 Seventh Avenue Corporation (S. Morrill Banner and Herbert E. Mitler) on 163-67 West Thirty-fourth Street, with an "L" on 449-59 Seventh Avenue and 160-166 West Thirty-fifth Street, the plot containing 20,000 square feet, being improved with a sixteen-story showroom and office structure.

$125,000 Loft Deal.

Charles H. Hall of Springfield, Mass., sold the five-story loft building at 18 West Twenty-third Street to the Crucet Manufacturing Company, Joseph M. Crucet, President, now occupying the Crucet Building, at 202 Fifth Avenue. Peter G imm was the broker.

The Crucet Manufacturing Company will occupy the two upper floors of the building for their own offices and showrooms, after extensive improvements. The property was held at $125,000. Cross & Brown, Inc., were associated as brokers.

Private Dwelling Sales.

Mrs. Henrietta M. Wilsheusen sold to Mrs. Margaret D. Sharpe the three-story dwelling 455 West 143d Street, on plot 18 by 99.11 feet, adjoining Convent Avenue. Charles A. Du Bois was the broker.

John M. Royall sold for Mrs. Sarah E. Grimes premises 234 West 131st Street, size 25 by 100, a two and a half-story frame dwelling.

To Improve West Side Plot.

Max N. Natanson sold to John T. Brook Company, through Ashforth & Co., as brokers, 617-19 West Forty-eighth Street, a vacant plot, between Eleventh and Twelfth Avenues, 33.4 by 74.6 feet. The property was held at $15,000, and was sold for cash. It is understood that the purchaser plans to improve the property at an early date.

Theatre Guild Takes Title.

The Theatre Guild took title yesterday to the land for its new theatre. The property is 243-259 West Fifty-second Street. The plot is 130 by 100 feet. The brokers in the transaction are Paul Blackstone and William A. White & Son. Building operations will begin shortly after April 1.

Auction Results.

By Joseph P. Day.

Macombs Place, west side, 40.4 feet south of 155th St, 70.10x120, vacant; Samuel Goldstick against Clarence H. Kelsey, admr., and others; Adam Weiner (A) 2; Emanuel Lewin (R); due, $1,851.10; taxes, etc., $600. To the plaintiff for $5,300.

By Henry Brady.

East 111th St, 304, 25x100.11, five-story tenement and store; U. S. Trust Company against Little Italy Realty Company and others; Baylis & Sanborn (A); John F. Collins (R); due, $17,950.47. To the plaintiff for $17,000.

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Wanted to sell 3,000 lots. Property adjacent to Miami, fastest growing city in America. Liberal commission to right party. Unless you have experience, good sales organization, references and capable of making good do not apply. Write Powers & Young, Inc., Box 1776, Miami, Florida.

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South of Chambers Street
Six-story building
On lot 25x100.
Possession May 1st.
Apply for particulars to
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500 LOTS
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adjoining new housing development, streets and water mains provided. 10% on deed, balance 5-year released mortgage, installments, details and maps.
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Building and permanent loans, subordination terms or exchange for existing seconds; particulars on personal call.
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For Sale
QUEENS BOULEVARD, LONG ISLAND CITY,
RAWSON and ROCKDALE STREETS.
SUBWAY STATION.
200x400 UNRESTRICTED
HOLLAND HOLDING COMPANY
Phone: Murray Hill 2121—18 East 41st Street

ELMHURST 2-family brick houses, 13 large rooms, 2 tiled baths and kitchens, hot water heating system, electric lights, parquet flooring throughout, hardwood trim; 3 blocks from Elmhurst Av. "L" station; located on 35th St., between Polk and Fillmore Avs., Elmhurst; price $16,500, cash $4,000. Apply
THOS. DALY Roosevelt Av., corner Vorhees Place, Elmhurst.
Owner and Builder,
2 blocks west of Jamaica Av. "L" station.

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with 5 mi. lake view, only 40 mi. from New York and 2 mi. from R. R. station. 150 acres, 115 room hotel, 6 cottages, all modern imps., private golf links.
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In the heart of Newark
Large Plot. Over One Acre. Must Be Sold at Once. In Industrial Zone.
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95 4th Av., near 11th St.....$420
64 E. 12th St., near Broadway..$1,000
111 E. 12th St., near 4th Av.$1,800-$2,000
202 E. 12th St., near 3d Av.....$1,500
436 6th Av., near 27th St.....$1,500
218-20 Greene St., near 3d St..$480-$600
23-25 W. 3d St., near Greene St.$240-$720
Stores for Rent
24 8th Av., parlor floor.....$800
618 Hudson St., near Jane St.....$900
27-29 W. 3d St., cor. Greene..$1,800-$2,700
206 E. 14th St., near 3d Av.....$4,000
77 3d Av., near 12th St....$1,200-$1,800
J. Edgar Leaycraft & Co.
30 East 42d St. Murray Hill 0500.

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STORE—BASEMENT
1st and 2d lofts, 70 x 92.
133-137 EAST 16th ST.
Reasonable Rentals
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45 W. 34th St., New York
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Loft, about 33x90—$1,600.
For light manufacturing. Steam heat, elevator service. 4th floor.
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In the Heart of the Uptown Business and Financial District
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High Class Apartments
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ELMHURST 5, 6 and 7 rooms and bath in 2 family houses; electric lights; parquet flooring, enclosed porches; heat furnished; rents $70 to $85.
THOS. DALY Roosevelt Av., cor. Vorhees Place, Elmhurst.
OWNER AND BUILDER
2 blocks west of Junction Av. "L" station.
Unfurnished—East Side.
1045 Park Ave.
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Situated in the Choicest Residential Section of Park Avenue
RECENTLY COMPLETED
Large Light Rooms
Abundant Closet Space
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Attractive Rentals
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MORTGAGE LOANS.
SECOND MORTGAGE MONEY.
$40,000 or $50,000 to lend on second mortgages; moderate terms. Spear & Co., 1,261 Broadway. Penn. 6520.
SECOND and third mortgages; quick action. MORRIS MORTGAGE CORPORATION, 51 Chambers St. Worth 4535.
WE have money for good second mortgages; reasonable charges. I. Metzger & Co., 1,819 Broadway. Telephone Columbus 3386.
SECOND mortgages loaned promptly; small, large sums. Investor, 83 Woodruff Av., Brooklyn.
SECOND MORTGAGE money, quick, reason ble. Harry J. Sokolow, 276 5th Av.

MORTGAGE LOANS WANTED.
WANTED $7,000 1st mortgage for 5 years on three-story stucco house; assessed $13,500. Aronds, 478 Tremont Ave.

HOUSES AND ESTATES.
Manhattan For Sale.
FOUR-STORY cold-water; city; rents $1,824; price $12,500; good terms; exceptional bargain. Belmont, 1,151 Broadway. Chelsea 6510.
SMART 4-story and basement private dwelling, near Park Av.; $40,000; bargain. Augusta Prescott Realty, 527 5th Av.
BROKERS!
Call or write for full particulars concerning my new list of properties for sale or exchange.
CHARLES GALEWSKI,
565 Fifth Av. Tel. Murray Hill 6875.
LOWER 160TH ST. (between Broadway and West End Av., near subway station)—3-story basement house, suitable for doctor or dentist; seen by appointment only. Thomas J. O'Reilly, Broadway, corner 160th St. Academy 1690.
A LITTLE gem of a home below 96th St., modern in every respect; under $25,000; this will be sold quickly if you want it. Leroy Coventry, 54 West 72d St.
Manhattan for Rent.
80TH, WEST (near Riverside Drive)—Three-story and basement dwelling, 10 rooms, 4 baths; perfect condition; possession. Bryan L. Kennelly, Inc., 149 Broadway. Cortland 1547.
PARK AV., 1,024—Exceptionally fine 5-story private dwelling, 15 rooms, 5 baths, electric elevator, tiled kitchen, parquet floors, new heating system just installed; will sell or lease to reliable party for term of years; inspection Saturday and Sunday, between 1:30 and 5 P. M., or by appointment. Butterfield 0134.
PARK AV., 777 (southeast corner 73d St.)—Exceptionally attractive modern dwelling, 24 rooms, 7 baths; garage.
CLARK T. CHAMBERS, INC.,
30 East 42d St.
Murray Hill 7320.
WEST side rooming house, very low price. Augusta Prescott Realty, 527 5th Av.
EXCELLENT HARLEM LOCATION.
Five-story double flat, 38x100; electric lights, hardwood floors; rent $8,000; price $50,000; terms to suit. F. Arnold Wheeler, 17 East 45th St.
FINE house, near Saks's, unrestricted, for business; six-story, elevator; sale or lease; immediate. Augusta Prescott Realty, 527 5th Av.
JUST completed, unfurnished nine apartments; lease, $350, responsible party. 113 West 75th St.
SMART four-story and basement private dwelling, near Park Av., $40,000; bargain. Augusta Prescott Realty, 527 5th Av.
BRICK two-family, 14 rooms; sacrifice. 533 West 187th St. Telephone Washington Heights 2070.
Bronx For Sale
3-story 2 family and store; possession if wanted; improved; quick action.
2-family brick, improved; good location; near 169th St. elevated.
2 one-family houses, near 161st St.; good terms; little cash.
3-family, all improvements; near 166th St. elevated; reasonable terms.
FREY, 370 East 149th St.
$5,000 CASH down buys tax-exempt new one-family brick house, 6 rooms, sun porch, 1-car garage; with every improvement. 3,316-3,327 Sedwick Av., corner Fort Independence Av. Agent on premises or telephone Kingsbridge 3253.
CHOICE brick mansion, just completed; southeast corner 236th St. and Kepler Av., Woodlawn; restricted section; inspect today; price $47,500; cash $15,000. Owner, Pendergast, 340 Willis Av. Phone Mott Haven 2437.
Brooklyn For Sale.
10-ROOM stucco; 2-car garage; lot 40x100; 2 blocks Brighton Beach Av. J station. 1,810 Av. J. Tel. Midwood 3982J.
Queens County For Sale.
HOLLIS BEAUTIFUL, $9,850 UP.
CALIFORNIA TYPE BUNGALOWS.
Six large rooms, built-in bath, open fireplace, tiled kitchen, shower, breakfast nook, parquet; copper leaders; beautiful decorations; restricted section; terms. Owners and builders, Rorech Bros., Luserne Av. and Summit St. (Chappelle Gardens), Hollis, or telephone Laurelton 2111R for appointment.

APARTMENTS FOR SALE OR TO LET.
Unfurnished—West Side.
New Apartment Building
150 West 55th St.
Handsomely Decorated
Apartments of 3 & 4 Rooms
with
Complete Kitchens
Large Closets
Living Rooms 15 x 21
Chambers 14 x 19
Special inducement for immediate occupancy.
150 West 55th St. Corp'n
300 Madison Avenue
Telephone Murray Hill 9560

Avoid the Subway Crush
Live in the residential section of OLD CHELSEA
3 & 4 Room Apartments
$75 to $105
In New Modern Buildings
Northwest Corner 8th Ave. & 22d St.
Ready for Occupancy.
Northwest Corner 8th Ave. & 19th St.
Ready April 1st
JAMES N. WELLS' SONS
Established 1819
REAL ESTATE INSURANCE
191 Ninth Ave. Chelsea 5266

THE ROGER MORRIS
Elevator Apartments
3 ROOMS
IMMEDIATE POSSESSION
EVERY MODERN IMPROVEMENT
400 WEST 160TH ST.
OVERLOOKING POLO GROUNDS
Near "L" and Broadway Subway Stations.
PHONE WASHINGTON HEIGHTS 2800.
New Elevator Apts.
860-870 West 181st St.
OVERLOOKING RIVERSIDE-HUDSON
3-4-5-6 Rooms, 2 baths, $80-$155
BEHRING BROTHERS, St. Nicholas Av., Cor. 182d
6 ROOMS AND BATH
HANDSOME LARGE LIGHT ROOMS
(FACING CENTRAL PARK)
"Hartley Hall," Elevator Apt. House,
485 CENTRAL PARK W. Corner W. 109th.
Convenient to all transit. Rent $1,800.
Superintendent on premises.
NEW BUILDING
BROADWAY, Cor. ACADEMY ST. (203d St.), now ready for occupancy.
3-4 ROOMS, $62 to $80.

HOUSES AND ESTATES.
Queens County For Sale.
HOLLIS, L. I. (20 minutes from Penn Station)—Up-to-date seven rooms house, screens, awnings, driveway; garage; shrubbery; easy terms. 10,417 Debevoise Av. Tel. Jamaica 4955W.
Long Island For Sale.
BROADWAY-FLUSHING.
New 6-room Colonial house, enclosed porch, open attic, tiled kitchen and bath, shower; large plot, all improvements; restricted residential neighborhood, on the north side; $12,000, terms to suit.
Beautiful new tax-exempt Colonial home, 8 rooms, 2 baths, fully decorated, shade, glass enclosed sun parlor, asbestos roof, all modern improvements, garage, nice plot, sewered streets; price $15,500, easy terms.
J. THOMPSON SCOTT JR.,
Broadway and 23d St. Tel. Flushing 4518.
BROADWAY-FLUSHING.
New Dutch Colonial house, 7 rooms, tiled bath, tiled kitchen; sleeping porch; glass-enclosed sun parlor; oak floors, open fireplace; garage; $16,000, terms.
Six-room Colonial house, sun parlor, tiled bath and kitchen; plot 40x100; stairway to attic; price $9,950; small cash payment, balance less than rent.
A. J. KERWIN REALTY CO.,
2 N. 22d St., B'way-Flush. Tel. 4742 Flush.
BROADWAY-FLUSHING.
Exceptional opportunity buys beautiful single stucco cottage, 6 rooms; price $12,500; inspection daily and Sunday. Telephone Flushing 5020.
BROADWAY-FLUSHING.
New tax exemption, six rooms and baths; all improvements; decorated; lot 40x100; price $9,950; close to station. S 721 Times Downtown.
CORONA, L. I.—New 2-family; tax exempt; near transit lines; tiled bath, parquet, steam; residential section, on wide parkway, near school, churches and stores; $4,000 cash; easy terms. Harris Parr, 163 West 72d, N. Y.
DOUGLAS MANOR—Nine rooms, 2 baths, sun room, sleeping porch; garage; stucco on hollow tiles first story; WONDERFUL LOCATION; shade trees; water view; open fireplace; this property is offered at the sacrifice price of $25,000 (more land may be had if desired); phone for appointment; other attractive listings. W. H. HOLMAN, Marathon Park & Douglaston, L. I. Tel. Bayside 1240-J.
AT FLORAL PARK.
EXCEPTIONAL VALUE IN HOUSE of 8 rooms and tile floor bath, steam heat, electricity, gas, fireplace; corner plot 50x100 feet, on improved street; 4 blocks from station, electric train service; only $11,000. A. H. GOLDSMITH, Post Office Building. Phone 239 Floral Park.
FLUSHING—1-family houses, $9,000 up; 2-family houses from $12,250 to $25,000. E. G. Snyder, Broadway and 23d St., opposite Broadway-Flushing station. Flushing 0230.
GARDEN CITY, Nassau Boulevard—$16,500 up; new Colonial dwellings; exceptional design, finish; Rogers side lighting; copper metal work; open fireplaces; ¾ oak floors; exclusive location, near station. Henry Pierson, owner-builder, 323 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn. 14300 Sterling.
GREAT NECK—Sale, rent, best properties, exclusive sections, 30 minutes Penn. station, Estates Club Realty Corp., 342 Madison Av., Murray Hill 5811. Great Neck Office, 60 Bayview Av. Telephone Great Neck 815. Open Sundays.
HEMPSTEAD—Well-built attractive 8-room house, 2-car garage, on ¾ of acre ground; near schools and country club; want to sell quickly. Phone owner, Watkins 9790.
HOLLIS—Early English house, six rooms, tiled bath and kitchen; plot 50x100; exclusive section; near trains, schools, churches; nothing like it at the price in all Queens County; easy terms. Bulkley & Horton Co., Sole Agents. Phone Jamaica 5400 for appointment.
LONG BEACH—Five-room furnished bungalow; wide street; near ocean; $3,500. M. I. Deffley, 165 New York Av., Lynbrook.
LONG BEACH—Villa Isle Hour, Villa Nova; on best location, for sale. Long Beach, Box 129.
ROCKVILLE CENTRE—Up-to-date attractive Colonial home, 8 rooms and bath; all improvements; garage; 4 minutes' walk to station; price $9,500, easily worth $11,500, cash $3,500; this is the best value in town. York House & Home Co., 60 North Village Av., Rockville Centre. Phone 1965.
VALLEY STREAM—For sale, house, 6 rooms, enclosed glass porch; garage; plot 50x130; must sell quick; a bargain. I. Yates, 15 Oak St., Valley Stream. Valley Stream 2042R.
WOODHAVEN—One-family house; 6 rooms; all improvements; with furniture, 9,154 88th St. Owner, LaChance. Phone Jamaica 1295-W.
$500 CASH.
QUEENS—Six rooms, corner house; large lot, enclosed porch, steam heat, parquet floors; one minute Queens station; residential section; quick action necessary, as this is exceptional. Charles G. Stewart, 9,705 Springfield Boulevard, Queens. Phone Hollis 6134.
PRETTY six-room cottage; lot 70x100; convenient to station; $3,900. Mrs. Layton, Bayport, L. I.
Long Island For Rent.
FLUSHING—Apartment in new 2-family house; garage; near station; adults. E. G. Snyder, Broadway and 23d St. Opposite Broadway-Flushing Station. Flushing 5230.
KEW GARDENS, L. I.
Kew-Bolmer Apartments, completed in 1; 3, 4, 5, all outside rooms, sun porches, open fireplaces, laundry; every improvement; large complete kitchens; Kew Gardens Road and Queens Boulevard; 5 minutes to station; 15 minutes to Penn. Station; open Sundays. Phone Virginia 0413.
LY

SATISFYING RESULTS

February 27, 1924.

The New York Times:

Our advertisements in the Buyers' Wants and Offerings to Buyers columns, as well as display announcements on the Business Page of The New York Times, have been productive of very satisfying results and quick action.

P. KLAUSNER,
Albert Klausner & Bro.,
164 W. 25th St., New York

APARTMENT HOUSES.

Manhattan-Bronx For Sale.

3D AV., 1,697 (next to corner 95th)—5-story, 14 rooms each floor; with stores; open shafts; cold water tenements; rent about $6,000; price $35,500; little cash. Owner, 147 West 23d. Room 30.

117TH ST., 112 EAST, between Park and Lexington Avs., 5-story tenement, cheap to quick buyer. Address Owner, Box 577 Englewood, N. J.

119TH ST., EAST (near 5th Av.)—5 stories; one 7-room apartment, all improvements, one mortgage; must be sold this week; cash required $8,000. Write or call A. H. Meller, 38-40 2d St. Telephone Dry Dock 2050.

MADISON ST., 356-358—Three 4½-story, vacant tenements; $11,000 each, $5,000 cash. Attorney Goldas, 3 Bible House.

26 SECOND AVENUE,
Situated between 1st and 2nd Streets
The widest and best part of Second Avenue.
One 6-story front house and two 5-story rear houses
Two stores in front house. Permanent light in rear houses.
Price $75,000. Cash $10,000.
Leon S. Altmayer, 62 East 86th.

WEST BRONX—Tax-exempt; rent $42,200; average, $18 room; fully rented; about $33,000 cash required above mortgage; profit $10,000 year after $12,000 payment. Harris Exchange, 4,046 B'way. Wadsworth 3033.

INVESTOR'S OPPORTUNITY.

Washington Heights, 5-story apartment house, size 58x100, small units; rent $20,500; price $140,000, cash $50,000; brokers protected.

IRVING H. WOLFE & CO.,
25 WEST 43D ST.

INVESTORS' OPPORTUNITY.

$75,000 cash will purchase one of the finest corners on Washington Heights, vicinity Fort Washington Av. and 160th St.; rents over $50,000, at less than $20 a room; this is a six-story elevator structure comprising 6 city lots and will show an excellent return; the proposition will stand a most thorough investigation. Principals only. Attorney. T 183 Times.

WILL SELL FOR LESS THAN SIX TIMES THE RENT.

Six-story elevator apartment house on St. Nicholas Av. near 145th Street; price $132,000; rent about $23,000. Full commission to Brokers.

CHARLES GALEWSKI.
565 Fifth Av. Tel. Murray Hill 6675

READ THIS AND REGRET IF YOU ARRIVE TOO LATE.

By placing mortgage of $50,000 a buyer can obtain a Broadway corner in Columbia University Section WITH INCOME OF $76,000 YEARLY by investing only $15,000 cash; price $340,000. GEORGE LANZO & CO., 347 Madison Av. Murray Hill 3982.

$45,000 CASH

will purchase 5-story fireproof apartment house on Riverside Drive; rent over $91,000. For further particulars call or write

CHARLES GALEWSKI
565 Fifth Av. Murray Hill 6675

FOR SALE—In the East 60s, between Park and Madison, eight-room apartment in 100 per cent. cooperative elevator apartment house; restricted; purchase price $5,000; annual upkeep $1,800. Can be seen by appointment only. Telephone Rhinelander 5714.

ATTRACTIVE 4-room apartment for sale, cooperative monthly outlay $45. Robert Kemp, 96 27th St., Jackson Heights. Phone Bayemeyer 3000.

APARTMENT HOUSES WANTED.

OPEN to buy big parcel in New York City, Brooklyn and Newark, N. J.; apartment building with stores preferred; must have long termed mortgages; have $40,000 cash to invest; what have you to offer? Y 2337 Times Annex.

WE HAVE quick buyers for tenement, apartment and business buildings in Manhattan and Bronx. Submit particulars to Wolfe & Gordon, 50 East 42d.

HAVE 25,000 for Bronx apartment, improvements; send or bring full particulars, location, price, rents. Neidhardt, 2,498 Webster Av.

HAVE clients with $5,000 to $100,000 cash, invest city only; quick action; principals only. Solove, 102 West 96th.

WANTED to lease tenement houses, taxpayers, for long term, S 392 Times.

HOTEL PROPERTIES

All Sections For Sale.

FOR SALE, in Southern Maine, view unsurpassed in New England, 85 acres, about 50 in heavy timber, surrounded by three large lakes, new run of small trade; splendid clientele; ideal for girls' or boys' camp; boating, fishing and Winter sports. Address M. J. Clark, 101 Kilsyth Road, Brookline, Mass.

SUMMER hotel, 90 miles from New York; completely furnished; 66 sleepers; hot and cold water, electricity; bathing and boating on premises; property consists of 140 acres, free and clear. For further particulars write or call A. H. Meller, 38-40 2d St.; phone Dry Dock 2050.

HOTEL PROPERTIES WANTED

HOTEL or Club House Wanted—For Summer months only; not less than 50 rooms; catering to refined class of people; send proposition for buying or leasing with booklets. C. G. Wheeler Jones, Daytona Beach, Fla.

BUILDINGS AND FACTORIES.

Manhattan-Bronx For Rent.

59TH, 300 EAST—Store and cellar, lease, $1,000 yearly. Phone Longacre 9308.

LEXINGTON AV. (corner 24th St.)—Three story and basement, with two-story and basement extension, altered for stores and apartments. Apply Carstein & Linnekin, Inc., 221 4th Av. Stuyvesant 7780.

Brooklyn-Long Island For Rent.

9,500 SQUARE FEET, one-story brick building, very high ceiling, 3,200 yard space, near Jackson Av. subway station; heavy manufacturing, paint, chemicals. Farrell-Villar, 110 E. 42d St. Vanderbilt 2981.

New Jersey For Sale.

FACTORY FOR SALE

In Newark, N. J., 20,000 square feet floor space, buildings in best order. Engine, boiler and heating plant included. Plenty room for expansion. Value over $100,000.—Sell for much less. Address Max Klaas Corporation, 7 Union Square, New York, or your own broker.

New Jersey For Rent.

VERY desirable building for clothing or dress manufacturing; 3 large floors; will rent or sell very cheap. Nat Raphael, Lambertville, N. J.

Other Sections For Sale.

FACTORY,
FOR SALE OR RENT.

We are liquidating our business. We have at Scranton, Pa., a three-story factory building, 10,000 square feet to the floor, with 135 machines on one floor used in the manufacture of women's underwear or kindred lines. A light, well-ventilated factory —100 trained operators. For sale or for rent in whole or in part; also for rent—A sales office with fixtures at 339 5th Av., New York, opposite Waldorf-Astoria.
IMPERIAL UNDERWEAR CO.,
Scranton, Pa.

FOR SALE—Two buildings, 9,000 sq. ft.; electric power; 1½ acres land, railroad siding; near Providence; $17,000. Y 2267 Times Annex.

LOFTS AND FLOORS.

Manhattan-Bronx For Rent.

2D AV., 2,074 (107th)—25x100; loft, suitable manufacturing, storage; rent $100 month. Inquire Store or Bryant 6435.

3D ST., 49 WEST—Daylight loft; improvements; possession; 25x104. Butterfield 2244.

42D ST., EAST—Two lofts, small building; reasonable; will subdivide. Gramercy 6509.

25TH, 133 and 135 WEST (near 7th Av.)—25x100, daylight loft, top floor. Wetrin & Class, 116 West 39th. Fitzroy 0356.

LOFTS AND FLOORS.

Manhattan-Bronx For Rent.

23TH ST. (corner 1st Av.)—Ground floor and basement, containing 22,000 square feet, including private garage, driveway and shed; FIRST loft, 7,500 square feet; light heat, power, sprinklers; immediate possession. Ely J. Riesen, owner, on premises. Telephone 0500 Lexington.

32D ST., 44-50 EAST.

Third floor, 7,200 square feet; 100% sprinkler; night watchman; immediate possession; attractive price to quick tenant; long lease; brokers protected. Spotts & Starr, Inc., Bryant 4000.

37TH, 231 EAST—Daylight lofts, two, 25x80. Murray Hill 2152.

48TH ST., 127 WEST—Suitable light manufacturing, 19x65, one flight up; 19 feet of window display space, on 48th St.; reasonable rental. Inquire Hotel Bristol office, 129 West 48th St.

244-250 WEST 46TH ST., 8th floor; top loft; light on all sides; 80x100 feet; fireproof; sprinklered; passenger and freight elevators; night and Sunday service; suitable for moving pictures; about 200 feet from Broadway; very low insurance. Bryant 2410.

50TH, 27 WEST—High-class loft, second floor, 20x90. Apply Leo Wollns, 599 Washington St. Spring 9942.

51ST ST., 10 WEST—Show room, adapted for high-class business. Apply Leo Wollns, 599 Washington St. Spring 9942.

LOFTS TO LET.

Ground-floor, 60x70, 18-foot ceiling, stone floor, windows 4 sides, full sprinkler; exceptionally low insurance and reasonable lease. Apply 305 Ormand Place, Brooklyn.

PART of 5th (top) floor, 167-169 East 32d St.; about 5,000 feet; light on all sides and skylights; 175 lbs. carrying capacity; sprinklered; automatic alarm; A1; right for printer. Bryant 2410.

315-317 WEST 47TH ST. and 318-320 West 48th St.—3d loft each building (connected same level), each 50x100 feet; sprinklered; let separate if wanted; reasonable. Bryant 2416.

DESIRABLE LOFTS—Owner 4602 Chickering.
126 Bleecker St. 25x100.
163 W. 20th. (200 lbs.) 64x100.
13-15 W. 20th. (Sprinkler) 58x 92.

10,000 SQUARE FEET, one floor; steam heat, good light, two auto elevators, 75th St., at Park Av. Phone Butterfield 5130.

ONE LOFT, 781 BROADWAY.
Opposite Wanamaker, 25x90; heat, elevator. MORRIS E. STERNE, INC., 9 EAST 14TH.

LARGE manufacturing loft, 75x100; extra good light. Inquire Engineer, 315 East 94th.

PART of loft to rent, 241 West 37th, 7th floor. Fitzroy 5340.

Brooklyn—Long Island For Rent.

UPPER loft, 222x90; new two-story brick building, Meserole Av. and Jewell St., light four sides; sprinkler, steam heat, freight elevator; electric power; excellent locality for labor; will divide. Phone Greenpoint 8000.

Other Sections For Rent.

LOFT, suitable for light manufacturing, all improvements, 25x50. Clover Laundry Co., 714 Monroe Place, West New York, N. J. Union 6270.

STORES.

Manhattan-Bronx For Rent.

SECOND AV., CORNER 83D.
Large store, good lease.
Office—1,248 Lexington Av.

3D ST., 49 WEST — Store, basement, block from 5th Av. bus; rent $2,800; improvements; immediate possession. Butterf'd 2244.

17TH ST., 110 WEST—Store and basement, near 6th Av., 22x100, new building, 100 per cent. fireproof, all improvements; low rent to suitable tenant. Apply Morgenthau & Blackstone, 55 West 17th. Phone Watkins 9428.

25TH ST., 151-5 WEST—Small stores with basement; 2d floor 60x100; might divide; possession.

148-5 WEST 20TH ST.—Floor and half floors, fireproof; possession; full commission brokers.

GEORGE H. CHIVVIS,
Mad. Sq. 4455. 1,170 Broadway.

45TH ST., 152 WEST—Parlor floor store approximately 2,500 square feet; splendid show windows, suitable manufacturing jeweler, music, &c; moderate rental; immediate possession; long lease; brokers protected. Spotts & Starr, Inc. Bryant 4000.

60TH, 126 EAST—Parlor floor; rent reasonable. Sidney Shaskan, Murray Hill 1944.

72D ST., COR. COLUMBUS AV.
NEW STORES.

Now being completed; high ceilings; all sizes, including 2,000 feet for restaurant, &c. Room 1226D, 342 Madison Av. Phone Vanderbilt 8551. Brokers protected.

123TH ST., 460 WEST (AMSTERDAM AV.)
Large store, $175; immediate possession.
CHARLES S. SCHLOSS, INC.,
901 Columbus Ave., corner 104th St.

AV. A, 1,627 (near 86th)—Store and four rooms and bath in rear; $75; janitor. Riverside 10437.

BROADWAY SPACE FOR RENT.

600 square feet highly desirable store space, well-located corner, fronting Broadway and cross-street; subway station; Lincoln Square vicinity; reasonable to responsible party. Mr. Crawford, Room 517, Empire Hotel.

BROADWAY, 1,143—Reasonable rental. L. W. Gordon Co., Worth 1825.

COLUMBUS CIRCLE (311 West 59th)—22x100, adjoining Gorham Bank Building. Rieser, owner. Telephone 0500 Lexington.

GRAND CENTRAL ZONE—Unusual opportunity to obtain reduced rental and advantage of national advertising on New York's busiest corner. Baumeister & Baumeister, 17 East 49th. Murray Hill 8817.

ST. NICHOLAS AV., 185 — Store, corner building. Supt. or Lenox 2044-3027.

DESIRABLE store location for retail business; Star Theatre Building, 107th St. and Lexington Av.; moderate rental. Inquire on premises or Fox Theatrical Enterprises, Inc. Phone Columbus 3324.

TWO LARGE STORES in new building, 100 west of Grand Concourse. Apply at renting office, 105 East 198th St., or Weiss, Neurad & Weiss, 1,511 3d Av.

MILLINERY, shoe, yard goods, children's clothing department for rent, Kanter's Department Store; reasonable. 56 West 14th, near Hearn's. Chelsea 5356.

STORES FOR RENT, all large, light and well ventilated; rentals very reasonable. Apply Gorman Organization, 1,562 St. Nicholas Av.

Brooklyn—Long Island For Rent.

DEBEVOISE, 9—25x80, in the heart of the clothing district; suitable for any purpose.

STORES surrounded by large apartment houses in high class section; suitable for florist, delicatessen and fruits, radio, beauty parlor. 111-117 Montague St., Brooklyn.

Other Sections For Rent.

READING, PA.—For rent, store suitable for any kind of business, in the best business district. H. F. Hertzog, Reading, Pa.

OFFICES.

Manhattan-Bronx For Rent.

349 TO 353 5TH AV.

(Corner 34th St.)—Delightful offices and showrooms in units up to 2,500 square feet; well located, opposite the Waldorf and Altman's; reasonable rent; immediate possession. WM. A. WHITE & SONS, 46 Cedar St. Telephone John 5700.

335 TO 353 FIFTH AV.,

cor. 33d St.; 1,000 sq. ft. of excellent office space; rental $3,600; immediate possession. WM. A. WHITE & SONS, 46 Cedar St. Tel. John 5700.

57TH AV., 507—Every equipment for refined only. G. S. R., 5022 Murray Hill.

OFFICES.

Manhattan-Bronx For Rent.

DOWNTOWN—downtown—DOWNTOWN.
Building 95% rented.

BUT we have one de-LIGHTFUL office of 300 sq. ft. where green shades must be used; and one fine corner unit of 1,400 sq. ft.

TO SEE IT IS TO RENT IT!
"A Building Where Rents Are Fair."
Near Everything.
107 Liberty St. Call Room 806.

DESK ROOM.

Manhattan-Bronx For Rent.

57TH AV., 509 (corner 42d)—Desk space, private office; reasonable. Room 430.

57TH AV., 507—Every equipment for refined only. G. S. R., 5021 Murray Hill.

7TH AV., 554—Desk room, $25; near Times Square. Room 1, Street floor.

34TH, 18 WEST, Room 42—Very reasonable, mahogany furniture. Longacre 5547.

42D, 152 WEST (Knickerbocker Bldg.)—Desk room, large office; reasonable. Room 1317.

42D, 152 WEST (Knickerbocker Bldg.)—Desk space for rent. Room 1402.

42D, 47 WEST—With complete service, $15 up; mailing $3. Room 438.

HUDSON TERMINALS—Desk supplied and every convenience; mail address. Loder, 30 Church.

ELEGANT desk, typewriter, telephone service; $12 monthly; best city proposition; hall directory; conveniently located, 10 West 28th, Exchange.

DESK ROOM, with telephone, typewriter; suitable commercial artist, real estate broker, &c., $25. 1006 Times Building, 1,475 Broadway.

DESK ROOM, typewriting, switchboard service, light, quiet. 5 West 16th. Chelsea 8887.

BUSINESS PLACES (Miscellaneous)

All Sections For Rent.

99TH, 146 WEST—80x16, suitable light manufacturing business.

LEXINGTON AV. (34th St.)—Space for millinery shop; busy section. Murray Hill 1860 mornings, 8 to 10.

GARAGE building for any purpose; 528 West 19th, 50x100, two floors, runway. Apply Garage Realty Co., 1,457 Broadway.

BUSINESS PLACES WANTED.

LOFT—1,000 to 1,500 square feet for office and storeroom, freight elevator; limit $1,000; downtown section preferred; for April 1. Y 2320 Times Annex.

OFFICE and meeting room seating 75; rental $1,200-$1,500 annually; location 28th-42d St., west of Lexington Av. Box 157, Realservice, 15 East 40th.

PRIVATE office wanted in established law suite; surroundings and associates main consideration; references exchanged. E 468 Times.

LOFT—25x100; not over $75 a month. B. Rosens & Sons, 114 West 28th.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—East Side.

9TH, 29 EAST—Beautifully furnished, duplex, corner apartment, 6 rooms and 2 baths, located on 3rd and 4th floors, an unusual opportunity. Telephone Mr. Bossong, 2697 Spring.

81ST, EAST—Attractively furnished four-room apartment to rent; references required. Lamb. Kelog 1330 or Lexington 5473.

86TH, 150 EAST—4 room housekeeping apartment, sublet; attractively furnished; very desirable; large light rooms. 7th floor.

89TH, 146 EAST—Living room, bedroom, alcove and bath; maid servant; meals when desired. Tel. Murray Hill 1079.

52D, 114 EAST (Apt. 414)—To Oct. 1, 3 rooms, 2 baths. Gladstone Hotel. See Room Clerk.

52D — Four rooms, elevator, real kitchen; southern exposure. Telephone Plaza 4727.

53TH, 71 EAST—Consisting very large living and bath rooms; beautifully furnished; daybed; suitable for 2; kitchenette; private phone.

59TH ST. AND 5TH AV. (AT CENTRAL PARK, HOTEL NETHERLAND) — TO SUBLET BY WEEK OR TO OCT. 1 AT VERY REASONABLE RATE, SUITE OF PARLOR, TWO BEDROOMS AND BATH; ALSO TWO SUITES OF PARLOR, BEDROOM & BATH. INQUIRE ROOM CL..RK.

59TH, 118 EAST—Artistically furnished 3 rooms, bath, improvements, entire floor; $100.

63D, 105 EAST—Beautifully decorated two rooms; kitchen; new building; furnished, unfurnished; possession April 1, till about October 1. Apply Apt. 5B, Rhinelander 1207J.

64TH, 19 EAST—Attractively furnished two-room apartment, kitchenette and covered porch; open fireplace in living room, elevator; immediate occupancy; reasonable rental; can be had unfurnished; lease expires October, but can be renewed. Apply Supt. or Rhinelander 3081.

70TH (955 Lexington Av.) — Large living room with open fireplace; two large bedrooms, two baths, real kitchen; complete linen and silver; $175 to October. Carpenter.

LEXINGTON AV. (near 90th)—Two rooms, heat, hot water, bath, kitchenette and telephone; $80 monthly. Plaza 3131; on Sunday 2936 Lenox.

LEXINGTON AV., 721—2 rooms and bath complete, including silver, china, linen, crockery and glass; rent $1,700. Louis Carreau, 796 6th Av. Bryant 3697.

PARK AV., 449 (corner 57th St.)—Beautifully furnished corner apartment, 9 rooms and 2 baths, located on 12th floor; a most unusual opportunity. Seen only by appointment with Chester D. Clark, exclusive agent, 29 Broadway, Whitehall 1276.

PERSONALLY inspected apartments; all sizes. Smith-Gibbons, 503 5th Av. Vanderbilt 0420.

Furnished—West Side.

9TH, 66 WEST—3 rooms, furnished, elevator, all improvements. Apply Superintendent.

26TH, 28 WEST—Sunny 2 rooms and bath; maid services; linen; $85.

45TH, 341 WEST (HILDONA COURT).
Elevator apartments, 2 and 3 rooms and baths, showers; kitchen, kitchenette; all newly furnished and decorated; $20 to $50 weekly. Longacre 3560.

46TH, 140 WEST—Nicely furnished two rooms; tile bath, shower, kitchenette; references. After 2, White's bell.

62D ST., 220 WEST (CORNER BROADWAY) — MODERN ELEVATOR APARTMENT HOUSE, NEWLY FURNISHED; HOTEL SERVICE; ONE ROOM, BATH, $70 UP; TWO ROOMS, BATH, $100 UP; REFERENCES REQUIRED.

54TH, 100 WEST — Studio apartment, furnished, 2 bedrooms, large studio; north skylight; kitchen, bath; lease to October, 1924; rent $150 monthly. James A. Dowd, 874 6th Av. Circle 0032.

55TH ST., CORNER 7TH AV.
THE REGAL, MODERN ELEVATOR APARTMENT HOUSE; NEWLY FURNISHED; MAID, VALET SERVICE; TWO ROOMS, BATH, $125 UP. REFERENCES.

55TH, 19 WEST—Three-room housekeeping apartment, attractively furnished; right off 5th Av. See Superintendent or call Vanderbilt 5825.

55TH, 50 WEST—3 rooms, bath, kitchenette, suitable one, two persons; Steinway baby grand piano, victrola. Circle 8991.

55TH, Broadway (Hotel Woodward)—Six rooms (kitchen); bargain to right tenant. Robsart.

56TH, 208 WEST.
HOTEL THORNDYKE.
VERY ATTRACTIVE 2-ROOM SUITE, WITH PRIVATE BATH; SPECIAL WEEKLY RATES; FULL HOTEL SERVICE.

57TH ST., 118 WEST (GREAT NORTHERN HOTEL)—TO SUBLET BY THE WEEK OR TO OCT. 1, DESIRABLE PARLOR, BEDROOM AND BATH; $45 WEEK.

67TH, 301 WEST—Sublet furnished studio, working hours, suitable painting, music; kitchenette, bath; $50. Columbus 7430.

57TH ST., 340 WEST.
High-class modern elevator apartments, 1-2-3 rooms, bath, maid service; $60 monthly up.

61ST, 10 WEST (corner Broadway, Hotel Pasadena)—Beautifully furnished one and two room suites, with private bath; overlooking Central Park; $25 to $50 weekly, $100 to $200 monthly; or lease for the year. Phone Columbus 7127.

65TH (near Central Park)—Gentleman will share with gentleman of unquestionable references very attractive two rooms; every convenience; real furniture, fireplace; $65. Trafalgar 2772.

66TH ST., 6 WEST—Six artistically furnished rooms, steam heat, electric light, telephone; immediate possession; rent $135 per month, or will sell. Maxwell.

66TH, 155 WEST (subway)—5 rooms, bath; modern improvements, $22 weekly. Janitor.

67TH, 65 WEST—Let me find you an apartment; reasonable rentals; splendid location; all sizes. Rich, Trafalgar 9766.

69TH, 245 WEST.
2 AND 3 ROOMS, BATH & KITCHENETTE, $75 TO $100 PER MONTH.

70TH, 10 WEST—Elegantly furnished, newly decorated, entire floor; maid service; breakfast.

71ST, 10 WEST—Bachelor apartments, 3 large, sunny, luxuriously furnished rooms, sleeping porch, beautiful bath, including electric cabinet shower, large closets, maid service; exclusive.

71ST, 31 WEST (HOTEL JOYCE).
One, two room suites; very reasonable; one suite suitable doctor, dentist, hairdresser.

71ST, 115 WEST—Owner called West; rent 4 rooms, furnished; silver, linen, piano. Apartment 5A. Endicott 4131, Kern.

71ST, 52 WEST—Beautifully furnished large room; bath, kitchenette; maid service; reasonable.

1 P. M. TODAY

Classified advertisements for insertion in The New York Times tomorrow will be received before 1 P. M. today, subject to omission.

Advertisements for daily editions must be received before 4 P. M. on day preceding publication.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—West Side.

72D ST., 118 WEST.
GEORGE WASHINGTON HOTEL.
3 suites (one to sublet) of parlor, bedroom and bath, nicely furnished, $195 upward, monthly; residential location with unequaled transit facilities.

72D, 118 WEST (HOTEL EARLTON)—VERY DESIRABLE TWO ROOMS AND BATH; FULL HOTEL SERVICE; RESTAURANT; WEEKLY OR MONTHLY. ENDICOTT 3545.

72D, 42 WEST (Royalton Apartment Hotel)—Attractively furnished 2-room suites, bath; hotel service, restaurant; by month or year, from $100 month up. Endicott 7941.

73D, 238 WEST—2 rooms and bath, private phone. Endicott 8834. Irving Cohen.

73D, 806, WEST—Overlooking Drive; beautiful 1-room apartment, bath; two; clean.

74D, 30 WEST—Very exceptional artistic large room apartment; Knabe grand, art Victrola, oriental rugs; $250. Shown between 3 and 6 o'clock, or call Endicott 8884 after 2 for appointment. Sullivan.

74TH ST. and Broadway (Hotel Prisamont)—Beautiful living room with chamber and private bath in high-class apartment hotel; sublet; reasonable. Murray.

74TH, 103 WEST—Two rooms with kitchen, bath; also other rooms.

75TH, 166 WEST (New Emerson Hotel)—Single room and bath, $17.50 weekly; room for two, $25 weekly, with meals, $30 weekly; two rooms and bath to sublet, $125 monthly.

76TH (corner Broadway)—Magnificently furnished apartment, 8 rooms, 3 master baths, servants' bath; Steinway grand piano, Oriental rugs; owner, leaving for Europe, will rent from May 1 until October, 1924, to highly responsible party for less than actual rent, without any charge for furnishings. Phone Murray Hill 2617.

76TH ($44 West End)—Beautifully furnished two rooms, kitchenette; victrola, service, telephone.

80S—Unusual opportunity; beautiful two-room bath, kitchenette apartment; $90. Endicott 6540.

80TH, 249 WEST (corner Broadway)—Two rooms and bath; very desirable.

80TH ST., 102 WEST.
HOTEL ANDERSON, 1-2 ROOMS.

81ST AND COLUMBUS AV., OPPOSITE PARK (ENDICOTT HOTEL)—TO SUBLET, 2 DESIRABLE OUTSIDE ROOMS AND BATH; $30 WEEK.

81ST, 45 WEST—Sublet 3 rooms, 2 baths, southern exposure, front rooms; park view. Apply office Standish Hall.

81ST ST. AND COLUMBUS AV. (HOTEL ENDICOTT)—TWO OUTSIDE ROOMS AND BATH; $35 WEEKLY.

82D, 224 WEST—2 rooms, kitchenette, bath; new building and furnishings; moderate rentals.

82D, 22 WEST—Beautifully furnished parlor floor, bath, kitchenette; other rooms. Owner.

83D, 34 WEST—1 room, bath, kitchenette, all improvements.

89TH, 319 WEST—Elegant one-room apartment; bath, kitchenette; steam; $100.

91ST ST., 27 WEST—HIGH-CLASS FURNISHED APARTMENTS; ONE SINGLE ROOM, $35; TWO ROOMS AND BATH, $80 UP; MAID SERVICE.

92D, 33 WEST—Attractive, new 2 sunny room apartment, all tile bath with shower; furnished, unfurnished. Riverside 2688.

92D, 294 WEST—Exceptional six rooms; immediately; gentleman will sublet or share with gentlemen, couple. Apt. 5 west.

92D, 60 WEST — Large rooms, single or suites, bath adjoining; some kitchenettes.

93D ST. WEST—2 rooms, real kitchen, newly furnished; maid service; reasonable; for business couple. Riverside 0078.

93D, 40 WEST—Lady will share apartment; ladies, couple; homelike; reasonable. Virtue.

94TH (adjoining Drive)—Exclusive eight rooms; rent entire or divide. Schuyler 8331.

97TH, 308 WEST—6 nicely furnished, exceptionally spacious rooms; all-night elevator; excellent transit facilities; $150. Riverside 7830.

97TH—Three rooms, new building; piano; magnificently furnished; $130. Endicott 1277.

98TH, 305 WEST (Schuyler Arms).
Beautifully furnished, also unfurnished, newly decorated housekeeping apartment hotel, including maid, linen, laundry, electricity, silverware, kitchen utensils, &c.
Four rooms, real kitchen, $185 up.
Two rooms, kitchenette, $110

101ST, 311 WEST—HANDSOMELY FURNISHED PARLOR, BEDROOM, BATH, COMPLETE KITCHEN; $20 UPWARD.

103TH, 320 WEST—High-class 2 rooms, bath, kitchenette; $90. Superintendent.

109TH (215 Manhattan Av.)—2, 3, 4, 5, 6 room housekeeping apartments, elevator and non-elevator, $60 up; references essential. Main office, 215 Manhattan Av. Academy 1647. 8 A. M. to 8 P. M.; open Sunday.

110TH, 410 WEST (corner Columbus Av.), CATHERINE HALL.
2 rooms, bath, kitchenette, $75 up.
3 rooms, bath, kitchenette, $100 up.
High-class elevator apartment house.
Refined service essential. Phone Academy 0613.
8 A. M. to 8 P. M. Open Sunday.

113TH, 546 WEST—High-class apartments, 3 rooms, bath, electricity; maid service.

115TH ST., 419 WEST (Apt. 54)—Attractively furnished 5-room apartment; reasonable; vicinity Columbia University. See Supt.

122D ST., WEST (Morningside Park)—Comfortable, large room, kitchen, private bath, owner's residence; subrent to Oct. 1; $70 for two; by appointment. Morningside 4935.

122D, 509 WEST—Newly decorated 5 rooms; reasonable; Columbia neighborhood. Apt. 20.

143D (Near Riverside)—Beautiful four-room apartment; two bedrooms; $100. Endicott 6540.

144TH ST., 605 WEST—Five comfortably furnished rooms; $100 monthly. Inquire Supt., basement.

147TH, 534 WEST—Home, immaculate four-room apartment, kitchen; all utensils and conveniences; piano; $65. Audubon 4745.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 465—Magnificently furnished 7-room apartment; splendid sunlight; sublet to Aug. 1; $225 month.

EDGECOMBE AV., 389—Nicely furnished 3-room apartment, light, very clean. Superintendent. Audubon 3359.

POMANDER WALK.
5 MINUTES TIMES SQUARE.
Charmingly quaint little English house, 4 rooms; evergreen yard; service. Riverside 9113.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 322—LUXURIOUSLY FURNISHED PARLOR, BEDROOM, PRIVATE BATH, SEPARATE KITCHEN; PIANO; WEEKLY OR MONTHLY; REASONABLE.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 96—Handsomely furnished front apartment, 2 rooms, bath, foyer hall; restaurant in building; twin beds and day bed; maid service if required. Rent $135 month. Phone Riverside 5435.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE (corner 82d)—Large room, 18x24; full kitchenette, modern, bath, large clothes closet; elegantly furnished; reasonable. Call mornings, Endicott 7559.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 222—Light, clean sitting and bedroom, kitchen, bath, gas, electricity free; business people; $22.50. Apt. 52.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 312½—Unusually attractive three rooms, kitchen and bath, furnished; private home; ground floor.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 456 (10C)—Cozy four rooms, attractively furnished, kitchen; every conveniences.

RIVERSIDE — Beautifully furnished small apartment; real kitchen; exceptional value; $125. Endicott 0279.

THE CHAUTAUQUA,
574 WEST END AV., AT 88TH ST.

LUXURIOUSLY AND COMPLETELY FURNISHED 5 LARGE ROOMS, BATHS; LARGE FOYER; ABUNDANT CLOSET ROOM;
one master bedroom, living room, dining room, maid's room, kitchen and butler's pantry.
FROM APRIL 15 FOR A TERM, AT $325 PER MONTH. G. W. BISHOP.

WASHINGTON SQUARE (near 5th)—Three rooms, bath, housekeeping; completely, artistically furnished; fireproof elevator building; immediate possession; three months or longer; leaving city. Spring 7960.

WEST END AV., 471—Bachelor quarters of unusual comfort; large room; private bath, private house; all modern equipments, including automatic elevator. Telephone Endicott 7449.

WEST END AV., 331 (75th)—Newly furnished decorated one room apartments, private baths, kitchenettes; $85-$100 monthly.

WEST END AV., 674 (93d St.)—2 attractively furnished front rooms, bath, all conveniences. Riverside 4018, or Supt.

WEST END AV., 678—2-3 rooms, bath, kitchenette; newly furnished; corner apartment; every improvement; $135, $165.

BEAUTIFULLY and completely furnished ground floor 5-room apartment; private entrance; until October; references required. Phone 3785 Riverside.

GENTLEMAN will share handsomely furnished 5-room apartment one or two gentlemen or couple. Rector 3966; Jerome 5775.

ANY SIZE, location, rental; no charges to you. M. & C. Jacoby, 152 West 42d St. Bryant 5387.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—West Side.

PRIVATE party rent 5-room modern apartment for long period; linen, silver, china, complete kitchen, phone; 1 block express station and Riverside Drive; to responsible party. S 729 Times Downtown.

Furnished—Bronx.

2-3-4 rooms beautifully furnished; modern; hotel and maid service; convenient location; moderate rate. Concourse Pla, 161st St., Grand Concourse. Tel. 4700 Jerome.

Furnished—Brooklyn.

BEDFORD SECTION—Beautiful, artistically furnished three rooms, complete kitchen, bath, linen silver; convenient subway; adult; $110. Decatur 0790.

REMSEN ST., 100 (Bachelor Hotel Apartments)—Just finished, one room and bath suites attractively furnished with complete service; Murphy "in-a-door" beds; every comfort and up-to-date convenience; five minutes to Wall St.; references required. James B. Fisher Co. Main 7266.

UPPER part private house, 2 large rooms with lavatories, private bath, kitchenette; 20 minutes to New York; rent $75, includes heat, gas, electricity. Further particulars phone Flatbush 4794.

TWO rooms and bath, Brooklyn Heights; available March 1. 10 Remsen St. Main 12487; 15 minutes from Wall St.

Furnished—Queens.

JACKSON HEIGHTS—Five large, light rooms, lease six months or longer. Telephone Hayemeyer 3800, Extension 124.

Furnished—Westchester County.

PELHAM, NEW YORK — Nicely furnished apartment of 5 rooms for 3 months or longer; rent $175. Pelham Court. Telephone Pelham 4755.

Furnished—New Jersey.

ENGLEWOOD CLIFFS—Beautiful four-room apartment; free garage space; $40. Englewood 765W.

Unfurnished—East Side.

15TH ST., 105 EAST—Sunny living room, bedroom, large kitchen, bath; immediate possession; $100 monthly.

26TH ST., 137 EAST—Four rooms; steam heat; electricity; parquet floors; telephone.

27TH, 39 EAST—3, 4 room elevator apartments; all improvements. Superintendent.

94TH, 122 EAST (near Lexington)—6 large, sunny rooms, high-class elevator apartment, $200 month; newly decorated; profession.

86TH, 163 EAST (exclusive Murray Hill)—Duplex bungalow in Italian garden; large studio living room, tiled kitchen, sun parlor, 2 bedrooms, 2 baths, roof garden; $5,000.

37TH (302 Lexington)—Large room, kitchenette, gas, electricity; $55 month; private home.

38TH, 38 EAST—Beautifully decorated, exceptionally large front parlor and private bath.

40TH ST., 124 EAST (southwest corner Lexington Av.)—New fireproof building, 3 and 4 large, light rooms; several doctors' apartments; also studio apartment.

59TH, 51 EAST—Studio, two rooms and bath; elevator; all improvements; $65.

61ST, 164 EAST—Attractive 2 rooms, bath and kitchenette; sunshine all day; fireplace. Phone Regent 3539.

61ST, 34 EAST—1, 2 rooms, bath, alcove; $85-$125, or furnished.

64TH, 19 EAST—Bachelor apartment, modern improvements, open fireplace; concession. Rhinelander 0099.

73D, 231 EAST—3, 4 rooms, electricity, hot water, newly decorated; bargain.

75TH, 155 EAST—5 and 6 room corner apartment; all improvements; southern exposure; $110-$135.

81ST, 118 EAST—Entire floor through, three light rooms, bath, kitchenette; remodeled private dwelling; latest improvements. Butterfield 3525.

88TH, 4 EAST—2 master's bedrooms, living room, kitchen; new building; desirable; concession; exceptional laction; seen any time.

89TH ST., 22 EAST (corner)—Choice 2, 3 and 4 room apartments; large rooms; elevator, telephone. Resident superintendent.

90TH, 15 EAST—Large beautiful room, kitchenette, bath; remarkable outlook; ideal for artist; other attractive studios, $65-$75.

93D, 67 EAST—6 large, light rooms, latest improvements, including paneled walls; $100.

97TH ST., 17 EAST—3 rooms, 2 baths; ideal; elevator; newly decorated; suitable physician; immediate occupancy. Ratner. 2400.

107TH, 54 EAST—7 rooms, electricity, hot water; $80; separated; decorated; bargain.

128TH, 30 EAST (corner Madison Av.)—Seven rooms; corner apartment; elevator. Supt.

LEXINGTON AV., 715—4 rooms, with housekeeping concession to Oct. 1; also 1 and 2 rooms, same locality, $900 up. Louis Carreau, 796 6th Av. Bryant 3697.

LEXINGTON AV., 107—6 all light rooms, all improvements, $85. Peckjian, Telephone Madison Square 3742.

LEXINGTON AV., 584—Three rooms, bath and kitchenette; pantry. See janitor.

MADISON AV., 1,331—3 and 4 rooms and kitchenette, $1,500 and $1,800; modern elevator apartment.

MADISON AV., 1,015 (79th)—One, two rooms, kitchenette; $70 up. Longacre 2310.

MADISON AV

Closing Hours for Advertisements

Sunday Edition

WEDNESDAY, 6 P. M.—Schools, Steamships, Resorts, Hotels, Amusements.

THURSDAY, MIDNIGHT—Display Apartments and Real Estate, with cuts, photographs, matrices or drawings.

FRIDAY, 3 P. M.—Editorial Section.

FRIDAY, 8 P. M.—Undisplayed classified, Business Opportunities.

TODAY, SATURDAY, 1 P. M.—Undisplayed classified, subject to omission.

Daily Edition

If received after 4 P. M. day before publication, announcements for daily edition subject to omission.

Classified Advertising Rates

Minimum space 2 lines. Agate line of 6 words

Situations Wanted	40c
Furnished Rooms, Rooms Wanted	50c
Boarders and Board Wanted	50c
Help Wanted	55c
Lost and Found	55c
Real Estate, &c.	60c
Apartments to Let and Wanted	60c
Country Board	60c
Mortgage Loans	70c
For Sale	65c
Automobile Exchange	65c
Agents Wanted	65c
Employment Agencies	90c

Per Word

Business Opportunities (Caps 25c)	15c
Buyers' Wants, Offerings to Buyers	15c
Book Exchange (Sundays)	12c

Lost and Found, Deaths, Marriages and Births accepted until midnight.

Errors avoided by delivering advertisements in advance of closing time.

Reward of $100 offered by The New York Times for information leading to arrest and conviction of any one obtaining money through misleading or fraudulent advertisement in The Times.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

West Side.

Continued From Preceding Page.

69TH ST., 50 WEST, N. E. COR. BROADWAY (HOTEL SIDNEY) — RECENTLY COMPLETED; ALL MODERN IMPROVEMENTS; LARGE ROOMS; HANDSOMELY FURNISHED; $2 PER DAY UP; SPECIAL WEEKLY RATES.

69TH, 10 WEST—Light, clean, running water; private; references; permanent; gentleman. Freligh.

69TH, 14 WEST—EXCEPTIONALLY FURNISHED, LARGE FRONT ROOM; PRIVATE BATH; KITCHENETTE; REASONABLE.

69TH, 11 WEST—Large room, twin beds, dressing room, adjoining bath. Owner.

70TH, 200 WEST.

GEORGIA HOTEL, FACING BROADWAY. MODERN ROOMS, $10-$12 WEEKLY. ALSO SUITE.

70TH, 107-109 WEST — Comfortable, large parlor, real kitchen, also large front room, twin beds, thoroughly renovated; select.

70TH (near Broadway)—Independent sunny room and kitchen; women; $55. Endicott 8038.

70TH, 38 WEST—Newly furnished, private bathroom, twin beds; southern exposure.

70TH, 204 WEST—Desirable rooms, steam; reasonable; references. Apt. 1E, evenings.

70TH, 10 WEST—Exclusive residence, room with bath, single room, breakfast optional.

70TH 117 WEST—Large, comfortable housekeeping rooms; private bath; reasonable.

71ST—GENTLEMAN TO SHARE exclusive apartment with young couple; breakfast optional; $85; private room and bath. Endicott 6025.

71ST, 344 WEST — Comfortably furnished rooms, double and single, elevator apartment, abundant heat and hot water; $10-$12. Bell.

71ST, 351 WEST—Double and single rooms, with or without private bath, hot water, private house; $6 to $20 per week; owner. Endicott 10220.

71ST, 26 WEST—Furnished room, bath, telephone, electric, kitchenette; $17-$18 weekly.

71ST, 324 WEST—Single room, bath, shower, modern, private home, bachelor, exceptional.

71ST, 31 WEST (HOTEL JOYCE)—ONE, TWO ROOM SUITES, $12.50 WEEKLY UP.

71ST, 308 WEST—Large double room, twin beds, bath, kitchenette; business people.

72D, 302 WEST—EXCEPTIONAL MEDIUM-SIZED ROOM, $12.

72D, 314 WEST — Large, attractive room, bath, kitchenette; parlor floor, single room.

72D, 328 WEST (Drive)—Beautiful sunny 1-2 rooms, bath adjoining; reasonable.

72D, 332 WEST—Beautiful sunny double room, nicely furnished; references.

72D, 46 WEST—DOUBLE FRONT ROOM; KITCHENETTE; $12.

72D, 163 WEST—DOUBLE FRONT ROOM; $12.

73D, 263 WEST—Attractive, large room, private bath, kitchenette, phone, electricity; reasonable; references.

73D, 168 WEST—Exceptionally attractive large rooms, private bath, steam heated, electricity.

73D (275 West End Av.)—Excellent large room, private bath. Endicott 9287.

75D, 140 WEST—DOUBLE ROOM, KITCHENETTE, $14.

74TH, 202 WEST (Broadway)—Finely furnished large front room; all conveniences; moderate rate, Apt. 25. Tel. Endicott 3110.

74TH, 130 WEST—Parlor, alcove, private bath; newly furnished; select house; convenient.

74TH, 45 WEST—TWO-ROOM KITCHENETTE SUITE; $18.

74TH, 3 WEST—ATTRACTIVE SINGLE ROOMS, $5 UP.

76TH, 307 WEST.

76TH, 305 WEST.

Splendid accommodations; with, without bath; reasonable.

75TH, 48 WEST—Exceptionally attractive, large room; private bath; modern; conveniences; reasonable.

76TH, 116 WEST—Single, double, newly arranged, steam, electricity; reasonable prices; investigate.

75TH, 2 WEST — HANDSOMELY FURNISHED, DOUBLE ROOM, $15.

75TH, 55 WEST—Exceptionally nice, large, sunny room, kitchenette, bath; steam.

75TH, 112 WEST—Inspect; bath, toilet in every room; single, double apartments.

76TH, 52 WEST—Young man will share parlor suite with business man; piano; $12; references.

76TH, 317 WEST—Cheerful room, running water; suitable two; $15; gentlemen.

76TH, 323 WEST—Attractive large room; also middle-sized room; all comforts.

76TH, 60 WEST (6 South)—2 rooms, running water; elevator. Endicott 2304.

76TH, 237 WEST—Large room with dressing room adjoining bath; electricity; $12.

76TH, 112 WEST—Attractive medium rooms; continuous hot water, electricity; $10-$12.

77TH, 106 WEST—Comfortable single rooms; electricity; select residence; $7.50-$8; references.

77TH, 111 WEST—Desirable, small room; gentleman; references; reasonable.

77TH, 101 WEST—Room, $6; attractive home; gentleman. Endicott 0128. Smith.

77TH, 10 WEST—ATTRACTIVE SINGLE ROOM, $7.

78TH, 312 WEST—Large room, refined surroundings, French speaking family; conveniences; references.

79TH ST.—Large, comfortable furnished room; never before rented; references. Endicott 7613.

79TH ST. (near Drive)—Well-furnished suite; conveniences. Endicott 7613.

80TH, 123 WEST—Nicely furnished parlor floor, private bath, kitchenette; other rooms.

80TH WEST—Large room, suitable 1-2; reasonable; private family. Endicott 5281.

81ST ST. AND COLUMBUS AV. (HOTEL ENDICOTT)—ROOMS, WITH RUNNING WATER, USE OF BATH, $12 PER WEEK; LARGE DOUBLE ROOM, WITH PRIVATE BATH, FOR TWO, $21 PER WEEK.

81ST, 114 WEST—Select, newly furnished, decorated rooms, just opened; every appointment.

81ST, 166 WEST—Medium room, bath adjoining; also large room; references.

81ST, 110 WEST—Comfortable single rooms, running water; near bath; $8-$9.

82D ST., 136 WEST (The Gables)—2 rooms and bath; first floor, facing south; steam heat, telephone; restaurant. Schuyler 5688.

82ND, 60 WEST—Comfortable single room; running water, electricity; reference.

82D, 20 WEST—Single room, to lady, owner's home; reference. Schuyler 9226.

82D, 123 WEST—Front parlor, suitable two; phone, steam; private house; reasonable.

85TH, 63 WEST—Large, sunny, front; twin beds; electricity; telephone; bath; kitchenette.

86TH, 129 WEST—Newly decorated double, single rooms; private house; gentlemen only.

86TH, 153 WEST—Nicely furnished large room, on bathroom floor; southern exposure.

86TH, 78 WEST—Nicely furnished room, adjoining bath; high-class elevator; small family; $8. Emerson. Phone Schuyler 4063.

85TH, 349 WEST—Room suitable for one or two. Apt. 2E.

85TH, 132 WEST—Large room, private bath, kitchenette privilege; also single room.

86TH, 49 WEST—EXCEPTIONAL FRONT BASEMENT; PRIVATE BATH; SEPARATE, COMPLETE KITCHEN.

86TH, 21 WEST—Desirable double room, connecting bath; kitchenette privileges; studio; references.

86TH, 132 WEST—Large rooms, with twin beds; nicely furnished; privilege kitchenette.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

West Side.

86TH, 51 WEST—Large, attractive furnished; Southern exposure; private bath; reasonable.

86TH (Euclid Hall, Broadway, 2,345)—Attractive large and small rooms; references. Smith.

86TH, 202 WEST—Large room, front, suitable for 2; newly furnished. Smith.

86TH, 329 WEST (Riverside)—Large, well furnished rooms, $15; smaller room, $9.

87TH, 347 WEST (Drive)—Beautiful front basement room, private bath; other rooms.

87TH, 14 WEST—Nice sized room, private bath, latest improvements, all conveniences.

87TH, 340 WEST—Handsome double room; $12; bath adjoining; single room, $8.

88TH, 205 WEST—Beautifully furnished room for 2 gentlemen; twin beds; conveniences; private bath.

88TH ST., 205 WEST (Apt. 2C)—Beautifully furnished room to let with twin beds for two gentlemen; bath, all conveniences.

88TH, 130 WEST—Newly furnished rooms, large and small; business woman; references.

88TH, 105 WEST—Large, small, clean rooms; business people; conveniences; reasonable. Stevens.

88TH, 122 WEST—Front parlor; private bath, piano, kitchenette.

88TH, 159 WEST—Richly furnished suite, for two, private bath; or single.

89TH, 340 WEST — Beautiful, large room; every improvement in elegant house.

89TH, 310 WEST — Attractive, comfortable room, suitable two, bath; very quiet house.

89TH, 17 WEST—Large double room, twin beds, private bath; also medium.

90TH, 12 WEST—Beautiful furnished large room; kitchenette, bath, telephone; service; reasonable.

90TH, 11 WEST—Business girl will share apartment with two business girls; $7.50 each. Riverside 8196.

90TH ST., 65 EAST—Double room, running water; light housekeeping; phone.

90, 311 WEST—Large clean room; also small; select house; reference; gentleman.

91ST, 43 WEST—Three beautifully furnished rooms, private bath, real kitchen; well heated; refined surroundings; also other rooms.

91ST ST., 7 WEST.

Clean, attractive room, lavatory, conveniences; private family; reasonable. Cassidy, Riverside 7737.

92D, 61 WEST—Beautiful clean room; private bath; electricity; $15; hall room.

92D, 150 WEST—Comfortable, large, sunny room, with dressing room, $12; gentleman.

93D ST. AND RIVERSIDE DRIVE—Two large, comfortably furnished rooms and bath; private family; references required. Riverside 4393.

93D, 132 WEST—Large rooms, bath adjoining, electricity, phone, exclusive private house.

93D, 124 WEST—Exclusive back parlor, bath, southern exposure; comfortably furnished; convenient.

94TH, 78 WEST—Attractive parlor and bedroom; piano, victrola; reasonable; references. Coady.

94TH, 250 WEST—Cheerful, front room, one gentleman, elevator; $10; also light housekeeping rooms. Millian.

95TH, 11 WEST—Sunny front room, kitchenette; $11; business couple; clean, quiet.

95TH, 140 WEST—Attractive front room; one, two men; running water, phone.

96TH, 36 WEST—Beautiful large front parlor, private bath, conveniences; references.

95TH, 153 WEST—Large front room, private bath, kitchenette, all conveniences; reasonable.

96TH, 50 WEST—Large, sunny back parlor, private bath; also front basement.

97TH, 230 WEST—Cheerful, warm, light room; private family; gentlemen; elevator. Walker.

97TH, 316 WEST—Large furnished room; running water; private family. Apt. 3B.

98TH, 254 WEST—Unusually large, attractive room; also single room; use of piano; excellent home cooking. Maher.

98TH (2,612 Broadway)—Exceptionally attractive airy room; elevator; shower; private; $8. Wiley.

99TH, 306 WEST (Apt. 2 E)—Comfortable single double rooms; running water; reasonable.

99TH, 310 WEST (Apt. 6I)—Attractive double or single room; next to bath; newly furnished. Phone Riverside 1985.

99TH ST., 244 WEST—Beautifully furnished outside sunny, twin beds; unusual. Apt. 31.

101ST (840 West End, 4D)—Attractively furnished, sunny front room, every convenience.

101ST ST., 215 WEST (corner Broadway)—Sunny room, lavatory, immaculate. Apt. 2D.

103D, 308 WEST—Newly decorated, beautifully furnished; private bath; kitchenette; steam heat.

103D, 91 WEST—Bright front comfortable room; modern; private; reasonable; gentleman. Barnett.

103D, 235 WEST (corner Broadway)—Lovely front room adjoining bath; gentlemen. Weir.

104TH, 240 WEST—Comfortable single room, running water, all conveniences; reasonable. Morgan.

104TH, 135 WEST—Newly decorated double, single rooms; gentlemen; electricity, telephone. Engel.

106TH, 229 WEST—Two lovely rooms, bath between; modern; no roomers; will let separately to reliable tenants; $7.50.

106TH, 160 WEST—Attractive outside rooms, one with piano; elevator; telephone. Poole.

106TH, 61 WEST—Attractive front room, suitable 2; conveniences; elevator. Apt. 8.

108TH, 328 WEST—VERY LUXURIOUSLY FURNISHED LARGE DOUBLE FRONT ROOM; PRIVATE ROMAN TILED BATH, COMPLETE KITCHENETTE.

110TH, 501 WEST (near subway)—Two large front rooms, en suite, high-class apartment; refined family adults. Apt. 19. Telephone Cathedral 6294. References.

111TH, 535 WEST (Apt. 35)—Clean, comfortable front room; private family; conveniences; $12.

111TH, 545 WEST—Light, warm room, adjoining bath; suitable two. Apartment 2F.

112TH, 604 WEST—Home atmosphere and conveniences in exceptional apartment; small room, gentleman or business woman. Allen.

112TH ST.—Light, airy room, running water, for professional woman; all modern conveniences; $8. Call evenings, Apt. 6B, 400 Riverside Drive. Cathedral 3861.

112TH, 511 WEST (Apartment 6)—Well furnished single room; clean, desirable home.

113TH, 501 WEST—Double, sunny, front, 2, $12; medium front, $8; reasonable.

113TH, 580 WEST—Large, comfortably furnished rooms, private bath; suitable 2-3.

113TH, 617 WEST—Comfortable room, two beds, exclusive use kitchen.

115TH ST., 412 WEST—Excellent outside single room; Apartment 3 west; Columbia district. Morningside 2938.

115TH (Broadway)—Room, private bath, steam, electricity, $12. After 2, Cathedral 4034.

115TH, 410 WEST (1E)—Comfortable front room, twin beds, shower; men; $12. Collins.

115TH, 606 WEST (Apartment 4E)—Large front room, twin beds; business man.

115TH, 606 WEST—Light rooms, double and single; elevator, kitchen privileges. 7E.

115TH, 419 WEST—Double room, twin beds, adjoining bath, also single; elevator.

116TH, 438 WEST—Large, comfortable room with water, high-class apartment; $12.

118TH ST., 210 WEST.
HOTEL CECIL.
ROOMS WITH AND WITHOUT PRIVATE BATH; FROM $10 PER WEEK UP, INCLUDING FULL HOTEL SERVICE.

118TH, 114 WEST—Exceptionally large single and double outside rooms; twin beds; all improvements; private house; reasonable reference.

118TH, 415 WEST—Newly furnished rooms, artcraft furniture; elevator; ladies only. Welch.

118TH, 417 WEST—Sunny front living room with alcove bedroom. Apartment 4I.

118TH, 416 WEST—Single and double sunny outside rooms. Mrs. E. Klune.

118TH, 414 WEST—Pleasant south room, near Columbia; moderate price. Apt. 2B.

121ST, 501 WEST (Morningside Heights)—Attractive all-year location, near parks, churches, Columbia University; Evergreen tea room and all transportation; artistically furnished rooms and suites; all sizes and exposures; some with alcoves; running water or exclusive kitchen privileges; $8 to $25 weekly; showers, parlors; references required. Hostesses, Mrs. Young and Miss Bell. Morningside 4886.

121ST, 537 WEST—Rooms, exceptional double, kitchenette. Apartment 2.

121ST, 523 WEST—Large, sunny, front room, kitchen privilege, for one or two. Apt. 44.

122D, 416 WEST (3I)—Large, double, attractively furnished room, Columbia Heights; also singles; kitchen privileges, warm, homelike; reasonable.

123D, 547 WEST—Two sunny single rooms, completely furnished, independent, next to bath; $8 and $9; for professional women. Morningside 5280, Apt. 2S.

125TH, 501 WEST (Apt. 20)—Clean room, kitchen privileges, phone, reasonable; lady.

139TH, 604 WEST—Large, medium rooms; couple, gentlemen; reasonable; kitchen privileges. Schrader.

144TH, 600 WEST—Outside, water; private family; elevator; river view; desirable. Turner.

145TH, 462 WEST—Attractive, sunny rooms, well furnished, running water, private house, $10-$12; references. Telephone Audubon 1448.

148TH, 540 WEST—Nicely furnished front room running water, steam heat, phone.

149TH, 568 WEST—Three bright rooms, newly decorated, separately or en suite. 5W.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

West Side.

152D (3,671 Broadway)—Well furnished room, private family; gentleman. Apt. 4S.

152D (3,671 Broadway)—Nicely furnished room; private family; gentleman. Apt. 2S.

157TH, 602 WEST.

Newly decorated room, running water; suitable 1-2; private bath. Apartment 4A.

162D, 615 WEST—Nicely furnished room, every convenience; suitable 1-2; board optional; homelike. Garfinkel, Apt. 4I.

163TH, 532 WEST—Large living room, kitchen, bath, private house. 5833 Wadsworth.

175TH, 525 WEST—Front, modern, homelike, kitchen privileges; references exchanged; lady. Caro.

190TH ST., 551 WEST (Apartment 5A)—Young couple offer beautiful large light room, modern apartment; immaculate, all conveniences; exclusive; home comforts; $14 single, couple $18. Phone Washington Heights 3060. Schraitter.

BROADWAY, 3,681 (153d)—Large room, suitable 2; $9; every convenience; breakfast optional; private family. Apt. 37.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 426—Attractive room, adjoining bath, phone; private American family; $6. Dixon. Academy 3369.

CENTRAL PARK WEST (60s)—Private family; apartment; room, bath; references. Trafalgar 7838.

CONVENT AV., 325 (143d)—Two unusually attractive single rooms, adjoining owner's private residence; home atmosphere; Christian family. Cooper.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 293 — HANDSOMELY FURNISHED FRONT BASEMENT; PRIVATE BATH; COMPLETE SEPARATE KITCHEN, $18; OTHER DOUBLE, SINGLE ROOMS; $15-$7 UP.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 264 (99th St.)—Beautifully furnished room in private family, suitable for one or two people; no other roomers. Markowitz. Phone Riverside 9933.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 790 (Riviera), 157th—Large, elegant, sunny room adjoining bath; every comfort; reasonable. Wilson, Apartment 2L.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 222—Handsomely furnished suite, overlooking Hudson; kitchen privileges. Apartment 53.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 362—Studio for teaching; bedroom, kitchen privileges; reasonable. Academy 0031.

RIVERSIDE express location, fine front rooms, $8; business women. Telephone Riverside 6358.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 112 (83d St.)—Warm, comfortable single, double; $10, $12. Brereton.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 322—ATRACTIVELY FURNISHED MEDIUM AND SINGLE ROOMS, $7-10.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 312½—Elegantly furnished one-room apartment with kitchenette.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 214 (94th)—Artistically furnished, adjoining bath; refined home. Morton.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 116 (84th)—Large pleasant room, connecting bath, $14. Apartment 3 East.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 720 (140th)—Attractive large room, twin beds; reasonable. Apt. 6A.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 222—Double outside, twin beds, shower; gentlemen; $12. Apt. 52.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 126—Single, double rooms, water, next bath, clean; reasonable.

RIVERSIDE, 321 (104th)—Nice single room, near bath; steam, electricity; service; $7.

WEST END AV., 315—Small private family; 2 beautiful rooms, bath, single or suite; unexcelled table optional; references.

WEST END AV., 929—Attractive room; bachelor; elevator; reasonable; references. Academy 6173.

WEST END, 271—Large room, also front basement, kitchenette, bath; business couple.

WEST END AV., 411—Comfortable, large rooms; running water; $11-$12. Hagan.

WEST END, 411 (Apt. 2 west)—Beautiful, large, small, sunny rooms. Slater.

WEST END, 630—Large room, twin beds; private bath, maid serv.e.

YOUNG LADY will share attractive apartment with business girl. Appointment Endicott 3153. Apt. 4.

ATTRACTIVE housekeeping suite for two business women; near 125th St. subway; price $40 monthly. Phone 3549 Morningside.

BEAUTIFUL, large front room; electric, steam; couple or 2 ladies. Bradhurst 3308.

LARGE, sunny room, bath; refined private residence; 1-2 gentlemen. Endicott 2437.

YOUNG MAN share room young man highest character; references. D 31 Times.

Bronx.

LORING PLACE, 2,313—Two connecting single, light housekeeping, $8 up. Kellog 4146.

Brooklyn.

PROSPECT PLACE, 224—Single, all conveniences, $6. Sterling 0972.

UNFURNISHED ROOMS.

57TH ST., 1,518 (Brooklyn)—Modern 2 rooms, kitchenette; $38, includes lighting expense.

162D ST., 438 WEST—Large front room, kitchenette, bath; private house; electric light; lady only. Vander Lyn. Wadsworth 7076.

CHRISTOPHER ST., 17—Studio room adjoining bath; private; $45. Westcott, Spring 7400.

HEIGHTS—Select location, 37 Remsen St.; room and private bath; near subway; reference; must be seen to be appreciated. Main 6906J.

LARGE unfurnished room, for one or two; professional or business women; near subway and elevated; kitchen privilege, 1215 Grand Concourse. Apt. 3G.

ROOMS WANTED.

Furnished.

FURNISHED ROOM between East 34th and 50th, with or near bath, by business man; private family; references. Ashland 6375.

BOARDERS WANTED.

East Side.

MADISON AV., 213 (near 36th St.)—Attractive rooms, single and double; excellent table; references.

PARK AV. 83 (39th St.)—Newly furnished, double, en suite; private baths. Manion.

West Side.

20 WEST 54TH STREET.

Large room; also suit with bath.

73D (279 WEST END AV.).
The William Henry; exclusive family house; luxurious rooms, private baths, excellent table.

73D, 65 WEST (The Little House)—Room, with board; reference, Andrée Warren. From Feb. 29 to March 6, 1924.

75TH, 34 WEST—Large, bright rooms, all modern conveniences; excellent table; references.

75TH, 251 WEST—Beautiful, large, bath; $28; large, two, $24; excellent food.

76TH, 49 WEST—Double, single, front, private bath, Hungarian-American cuisine; reasonable.

80TH, 123 WEST—Nicely furnished parlor floor, private bath; kitchenette or meals furnished; also other sunny rooms; references.

83D, 3-5 WEST—Large, attractive furnished rooms, suitable for 2; all conveniences; with or without board.

93D, 307 WEST—Large, light room, board optional; running water. Edmunds.

95TH, 65 WEST—Elegantly furnished large, small rooms; reasonable; board optional.

121ST, 414 WEST (Columbia section)—Comfortable rooms, elevator apartment. Apply dining room.

EVELYN LODGE—Charming all year residence, 25 min. downtown New York; 50 sunny outside rooms, lovely furnished; excellent chef and service; select clientele; home comforts; 15 years one management; weekly with meals, single, $20; double, $30 up. 71 Central Av., St. George, S. I. Booklet.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 294 — Single, double rooms; private bath; excellent table; elevator residence.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 294 — Single, double rooms; private bath; excellent table; elevator residence.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 583 (135th)—Attractive rooms, board, single, double; $15 up; (61).

EUROPEAN NURSE offers cheerful home, care, elderly people. A 1184 Times Harlem.

Bronx.

CONCOURSE MANOR (cor. Concourse, Hawkstone St.)—Beautiful room, excellent table. Bingham 4628.

GLENWOOD LODGE, INC.—Homes without home worries; half hour from centre of New York City; overlooking Hudson, Palisades; single and double rooms, well heated, with and without private bath; expert cuisine; interview required. Mrs. A. Booth, 390 North Broadway, Yonkers 5414.

COUNTRY BOARD.

Long Island.

18 MINUTES FROM 33D ST.
KEW GARDENS INN.
ROOM AND MEALS, SINGLE, $30 PER WEEK; TWO PEOPLE, $55 PER WEEK; ALL OUTSIDE ROOMS WITH FULL HOTEL SERVICE; COMMUTATION $7.81 PER MONTH.
KEW GARDENS, LONG ISLAND.
TEL. RICHMOND HILL 3892.

Westchester County.

PEPPERDAY HOTEL, Main St. and Echo Av., New Rochelle—American and European plan; 35 minutes Grand Central Terminal; $20 weekly. Phone New Rochelle 2064.

Other Sections.

TOWANDA, Pa. (Woodleigh—Booklet)—Moderate prices, owner dietician and trained nurse; excellent accommodations; good food; every modern appointment. Address Miss Elizabeth Lamb.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT, typist; knowledge of stenography, office routine; neat, obliging; not much experience; $12. Anna, Orchard 8276.

BOOKKEEPER, 5 years' experience, executive ability, accurate, conscientious, good penman. Decatur 3254.

BOOKKEEPER, part time; write up books daily or weekly; trial balances; reasonable. V 616 Times Downtown.

CHAMBERMAID, waitress, take care of child; lady recommends experienced Irish-American; honest, capable, reliable; $60. Tel. Columbus 0167.

DRESSMAKER, first class, guarantee perfect fitting, desires more customers, position out by day; reasonable rate. G 312 Times.

FILE CLERK desires position; 3½ years' experience. J 488 Times.

GOVERNESS, German, wishes position as maid, or for children, going to Europe, giving services in return for passage. Write Gannichsen, 601 West 110th. (4K.)

HOUSEKEEPER, small hotel, club, bachelor apartment; references. L. Schmit, 305 Amsterdam Av.

HOUSEWORKER, colored girl; city; reference; plain cooking, chamber work. Harlem 2918.

HOUSEWORKER, LIGHT COLORED, EXPERIENCED; SLEEP OUT. BRADHURST 5356.

LAUNDRESS, reliable, wishes few discriminating patrons; excellent workmanship on all wearing apparel and linens; sunny drying; sanitary; references; hampers. Endicott 1997. 107 West 70th.

LAUNDRESS, reliable, wishes wash from private families and bachelors; reference. Mrs. Fox, 61 West 51st. Circle 1335.

MAID—Present employer, wishes assure desirable, permanent location for thoroughly competent ladies' maid; experienced, reliable, cultured, young colored lady; excellent cook, exceptional housekeeper, skillful manicurist, &c. Y 2374 Times Annex.

MAID—Lady leaving city wishes to place her maid in city; small adult family. Endicott 5407.

NURSE, experienced, wants position caring for one child. Call Endicott 1500 between 10 and 12 A. M. Bailey.

NURSE, German; can sew and cook well; private family; hours 9-5. H. Ahne, 225 East 80th St.

NURSE, undergraduate, position doctor's office; nurse or secretary; references. E 455 Times.

SALESWOMAN, experienced, high-class dress shop; speaks French, English. J 547 Times.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, thoroughly competent, well educated, varied experience. Endicott 6868.

SECRETARY, stenographer, high school graduate; experienced; intelligent; $30. B 72 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, beginner, desires position; good references, Anna Stapleton, 345 Madison Av., Room 702, Murray Hill 7510.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, legal, commercial, mimeograph, office detail; $25. Miss "G." Lackawanna 4439.

STENOGRAPHER - BOOKKEEPER, bright beginner; conscientious; start moderate salary. University 6950.

STENOGRAPHER, beginner, willing, anxious; good record; $15. Miss Feish. Telephone 3693 Beekman.

STENOGRAPHER, filing, clerical; rapid; no agency; moderate. Miss Venitian. Telephone 2723 Beekman.

TELEPHONE operator, capable, refined, well recommended, 8 years' experience. Decatur 2526.

YOUNG LADY, educated German, desires position as nurse to lady; experienced; has good references. Telephone Cedarhurst 4221R.

YOUNG LADY, German, educated, wishes position as lady's maid or governess. 57 St. Nicholas Place. Phone Audubon 2639.

YOUNG LADY, college education, wants opportunity to go abroad; secretary, governess, companion to ladies. G 164 Times.

YOUNG LADY desires position as companion, secretary to lady; willing to travel; references exchanged. B 64 Times.

YOUNG SCOTS LADY, talented pianist, graduate Royal Academy Music, London, open for engagement play classical music to invalid lady confined to home; references. S 701 Times Downtown.

PARISIAN FITTER, DESIGNER.
Fitter at 5th Av.: cut, fit, prepare gown or suit at lady's house; $1.25 per hour. J 744 Times.

CAPABLE middle-aged person would like position in New York as working housekeeper to two or three adults; city references. E 421 Times.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT, office manager; capable young executive, pleasing personality, ten years' experience jobbing and retail; full charge office; credits, correspondence, systematizing. 0774 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, 3 years with certified accountant, diversified experience, New York University graduate, desires connection, preferably in accounting capacity. J 449 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, semi-senior, two years' certified public accounting experience, complete audits, taxes; permanent connection. M 913 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, open, close, write up and audit books, reports, statements, income tax; expert; reasonable. S 690 Times.

BOOKKEEPER; THOROUGH TRIAL BALANCE, OFFICE DETAIL, CORRESPONDENCE, CREDIT CHECKING. J 502 TIMES.

BOOKKEEPER, accountant, 34, broad experience; references; salary $40. A 1191 Times, Harlem.

BOOKKEEPER, five years' experience, controlling accounts, office detail; references. J 511 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, competent, reliable; income tax; financial statements; full charge. B 77 Times.

BUTLER, valet, colored, competent, wishes position with private family; people are going abroad April 1. E 399 Times.

CHAUFFEURS—We have several unemployed members with first-class private references desiring positions. Professional Chauffeurs' Club of America, 10 West 60th St. Columbus 8422.

CHAUFFEUR, 36, married, 16 years' experience, over 7 years with one family, wishes position private; careful driver. F. Wieland, Columbus 1504, 209 West 64th.

CHAUFFEURS — High-class private chauffeurs supplied free. Society of Professional Automobile Engineers, 153-159 West 44th St. Columbus 8518-19.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, 28, single, wishes position high class family only; 10 years' experience; Spanish speaking. S. Moses, 223 West 14th St. Watkins 6192J.

CHAUFFEUR, married, white, 12 years' experience high class cars, wishes position; city or country; references. A 1181 Times Harlem.

CHAUFFEUR wishes position; experienced Locomobile, Pierce-Arrow; 3 years last position. Duggan, 308 East 66th.

CHAUFFEUR, single, 16 years high-grade cars; last position 7 years; city or country. R. Karas, Intervale 5388.

CHAUFFEUR, 36, several years' experience; private references. Hendell. Columbus 0321. All day.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, 12 years' private reference. Jones, Gramercy 4947. 321 East 19th.

COLLECTION agency manager, expert correspondent, following, young, married, highly educated; handle out-of-town attorneys especially; open permanent inside connection. G 220 Times.

COOK, butler, Japanese, wishes general housework position, small family; has long references. G 235 Times.

COUPLE; butler; wife excellent cook; requiring first-class situation. G 163 Times.

EXECUTIVE, young man, graduate, with several years' commercial and forwarding experience, expert in European transportation matters and linguist; excellent references; desires connection with a concern as responsible department or branch manager; city or country; state full particulars. S 870 Times.

EXECUTIVE'S ASSISTANT—12 years' experience domestic and foreign lumbering and merchandising business, proficient buyer, salesman, credit and traffic manager; 31, gentile. H 643 Times Downtown.

GARDENER—Young man, married, no family, wishes position as head working gardener on private estate; good references, C. C., 92 Chambers St., New York City.

MAN, 45 YEARS OLD, DESIRES TO CONNECT WITH HIGH-CLASS CONCERN WHERE EXECUTIVE ABILITY WILL BE APPRECIATED; VERY HIGHEST OF REFERENCES; WILL TRAVEL. G 198 TIMES.

MANAGER, hotels and clubs—Efficient manager will consider proposition from hotels or clubs, city or country; correspondence or interview requested. H 550 Times.

MECHANIC, understands German only; aviation instructor, auto mechanic, wishes position. Emile Vetter, 2,070 Madison Av., New York City.

PACKER, shipper, educated, reliable man, able to take charge of place; wholesale house preferred. 1177 Times Harlem.

REAL ESTATE—Young man desires position with realty firm; university graduate; Christian. M 903 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN lighting fixtures, with following Southern territory, wishes position with first-class concern; best references. H 542 Times.

SALESMAN, 27, wide awake, 7 years' experience, desires city position; salary or drawing; references. D 904 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER desires association with mechanical, manufacturing or staple organization requiring services of secretary and correspondent possessing broad business experience; salary $38. B 1128 Times Harlem.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

SECRETARY, stenographer, bookkeeper, thorough business experience, including outside selling. G 251 Times.

SHIPPING CLERK, young man, experienced stock, shipping, office, capable. H 578 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, young man, experienced, desires position; well recommended. Mr. Glasgow, 345 Madison Av., Room 702, Murray Hill 7510.

STENOGRAPHERS (2) desire evening and Saturday afternoon work. M 920 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 21, good education, desires position as correspondent; excellent business experience, handling correspondence, claims, credits, &c.; at present employed. M 909 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 33, married, employed selling outside, desires additional employment during spare time afternoons, Saturdays; anything legitimate. E 480 Times.

YOUNG man, experienced gents' furnishing store or shirt factory; accept out town offer. D 50 Times.

YOUNG MAN wishes position as shipping clerk; willing worker. E 404 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 22, 4 years' office experience; best references. S 413 Times.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

ASSISTANT MANAGER for weekly magazine, unusual opportunity. Kosmos, 5 Beekman St., Room 326.

BONNAZ OPERATOR, part time, 30 hours weekly; steady position; must be thoroughly experienced. Beck, 436 Madison Av.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer and office manager, one who can handle entire electrical contracting office and also do auditing, balancing and accountancy; must have at least 6 to 8 years' experience and have the best of references. Call Saturday afternoon from 2 to 5 o'clock, or Sunday, 2 to 5 P. M., King Electric Construction, 35 Murray St., New York City. Phone Barclay 2107.

BOOKKEEPER—Young lady of sound business judgment to take charge of office where tact and executive ability are required; work is not hard, but hours are long; state age, experience and salary expected. S 356 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, thoroughly experienced with corporation books in restaurant business; references. Apply Bernard Audit Co., 1,540 Broadway, Saturday 10:30-12 A. M. Ask for Mr. Bernard.

DRESSMAKERS.

THURN, 15 EAST 52D.

WAIST AND SKIRT DRAPERS.
WAIST AND SKIRT FINISHERS.

FACIAL MASSEURS with following can work and sell goods, commission basis, up-to-date beauty parlor. S 336 Times.

GIRLS

for departments of wholesale dry goods house of high character; congenial work and surroundings. Address with particulars, Welfare, Box 195, Madison Square.

GIRL or young woman, assist in housework, small apartment. Phone Billings 6038 after 2 o'clock Saturday.

GIRL, German, Scandinavian, housework, cooking, laundry; small family; sleep out. Lenox 9997J.

HOUSEKEEPER (working), no washing; 2 adults, 2 children, 7 and 10; good home. Telephone Wadsworth 9146.

HOUSEWORKER, white; experienced, good cook and waitress; two adults; good references essential; English speaking preferred; call between 12 and 2 P. M. today. Apartment 7W, 308 West 94th St.

HOUSEWORKER, good cook and waitress; two adults and baby. Riverside 5842.

MATRON wanted, for small Jewish orphan institution in Bridgeport, Conn. Address at once, Mrs. M. Undelman, 1,222 Park Av., Bridgeport, Conn.

NURSE for infant four months old, experienced, with good references. Smadbeck, 58 Central Park West.

NURSE, graduate, for general duty; $90 per month and maintenance. X 2487 Times Annex.

NURSE—Earnest, ambitious worker; dental office; references. Y 2294 Times Annex.

NURSERY GOVERNESS for child 3 years, unable to walk, due to former ill

Estates Appraised.

New York.

BANKS, MAUD BARNARD (Sept. 13, 1923). Estate, $257,188, to husband, James Lenox and son, James Jr., one-half each.

BETZ, CAROLINE (Feb. 15, 1923). Estate, $50,150, to sister, Mary, executrix.

BUTTS, JOHN H. (Oct. 23, 1919). Resident of Providence, R. I. Total estate, $313,642; New York estate, $90,645. To widow, Thalia N., and daughter, Effie N., one-half each.

CANNON, JAMES W. of Concord, N. C., cotton mill owner and head of the Cannon Manufacturing Co., a sellinng agency in New York for the mills. Total estate, $8,674,070, which, however, is subject to deductions of $1,663,710 for debts in New York and foreign debts of $2,571,060. In a previous account of the Cannon appraisal in THE TIMES the gross estate was stated to be $18,074,070.

CAMMANN, WILLIAM C. (May 24, 1923). Estate, $125,161, to immediate family and friends. Equitable Trust Company executor.

DE NUNZIO, ROSINA CHIACEHIO (July 2, 1923). Estate, $81,337. To husband, Raffaele, $14,814; to son, Frank L., executor, residue.

GILLINGHAM, THEODORE T. (Oct. 28, 1923). Estate, $34,664. To daughter, Anna, $30,833; to widow, Elizabeth H., $2,494.

HUSH, EUGENIE (Aug. 27, 1922). Estate, $143,482, to sisters, brothers, nephews and nieces.

LE FEVRE, HELEN H. (March 16, 1923). Estate, $519,901, to distant relatives and friends.

McCONNELL, — (Jan. 1, 1924). Estate, $48,541. To Cherry Street Cancer Hospital, $500; to St. Vincent de Paul Society, $500; to Mission of Immaculate Virgin, $500; residue to nephews, relatives and friends.

NEUHOFF, KATHERINE R. (June 13, 1920). Estate, $755,156, to immediate family and distant relatives. Executor is Francis W. Pollock.

REID, ROSA (also Rose) (Jan. 28, 1923). Estate, $42,378. To husband, Walter, $5,076; to daughter, Gladys Meyer, residue.

SCHAEFER, ANDREW (March 16, 1923)— Estate, $42,772. To widow, Emma Elizabeth, life estate; remainder at widow's death to two daughters.

SELIG, JULIUS (Aug. 12, 1923)—Estate, $20,962. To widow, Fannie, executrix, $5,093; to daughter, Rose, residue.

SKEEL, BOSWELL JR. (Jan. 2), 1922). Estate, $702,126. To Rose Skeel Mumford, no relation, $20,000; to widow, Emily E. F., executrix, residue.

STUBBS, GEORGE (June 16, 1923). Estate, $15,186. To son, George F., $500; to widow, Frances Elizabeth, residue.

TREACY, JULIA A. (Dec. 31, 1922). Estate, $20,538, divided equally among eighteen nieces and nephews.

VEIT, RICHARD C. (Aug. 28, 1919). Estate, $179,033, to widow, Mark K. Veit, executrix.

VOSE, GENEVIEVE JANE SHEFFIELD (Nov. 20, 1922). Estate, $20,857. To husband, Charles Jr.; sister, M. Geraldine Shields, and sister, Ida Russell Shields, one-third each.

WALKER, WILLIAM R. (Nov. 10, 1922). Estate, $871,499; New York estate, $356,558. All to widow, Emma, and son, Thomas B.

WEHRNANE, CHARLES (April 30, 1923). Estate $633,103. To widow, Louise, $98,756; to brother, Adolph E., $20; to sister-in-law, Magdalena Vocke, $20,000. Life estate in residence to widow.

WOLFF, ABRAHAM (May 21, 1921). Estate $79,646. To widow, Frances Helen, $59,-060; to sister, Gusta Meyer, $4,429; to daughter, Rosetta S., $1,407; to daughter, Hortense S. (infant), $1,382; to son, William B., $1,137.

WHITTELL, GEORGE (March 26, 1922). Resident of California. Estate, $6,200,140. To widow, son and friends.

YOHALEM, HARRY (June 3, 1923). Estate, $17,100. To widow, Jennie, executrix.

Bronx.

BUSER, NATALIE R. (April 4, 1923). Estate, $7,945. To nieces, nephews and distant relatives. Executors are William J. and Alfred J. Amend.

CHERNONNET, PAUL (June 27, 1922). Estate, $15,943, to widow, Ottillia, executrix.

DALY, ELIZA (Oct. 5, 1922). Estate, $41,880. To sister, Alice Meister, $34,-763.52; remainder divided among nieces and nephews.

FOX, JAMES (Nov. 23, 1922). Estate, $16,068, to daughter, Ethel. Executor is Charles H. Barrow Jr.

FOX, JENNIE FLORENCE (Sept. 3, 1922). Estate, $4,669, to husband, James (since deceased.)

FUCHS, KATHERINE (Feb. 5, 1922). Estate, $4,159, to sisters, Anna Erbe and Henrietta Quinlan, niece and nephew, Meinard Schill, one-third each.

GEFFE, ERNESTINE (Nov. 18, 1922). Estate, $7,238, to Charles, husband, executor.

HALL, MARY (Sept. 23, 1923). Estate, $14,463. To son, Cyllus A. Nitsch, $500; to son Edmund Nitsch, executor, $300; to daughters Helena Meyer and Gretchen Schellhamer, and grandson, Michael Selfert, one-third of residue.

HAMM, MARY E. (Aug. 25, 1923). Estate, $59,343, to immediate family and distant relatives. Executor is Francis W. Pollock.

HULL, CHARLES A. (May 11, 1923). Estate, $13,778, to widow, Anna B., executrix.

TAHM, LOUIS (June 10, 1923). Estate, $10,188. To daughter, Louisa Elsinger, $500; to son, Louis, $500; to widow, Jennie, $4,116; remainder for "benefit of persons of 1 per cent. class."

LAWRENCE, HANNAH CORDELIA (Aug. 28, 1923). Estate, $3,979. To brother, Charles F., and sister, Jane Elizabeth Pratt, one-half each.

LYNCH, JOHN H. (April 20, 1923). Estate, $27,936. To widow, Catherine, $15,983; remainder divided equally among daughters, Loretta C., Florence E. McIntyre, Claire M. Dolan and Virginia L. Maxwell, and son, John R. Lynch.

MAIER, CAROLINE (April 2, 1923). Estate, $4,078. To daughter, Katherine; sons Frederick, William and Frank, one-fifth each of residue; to granddaughter, Mildred D., and grandsen, Charles A., one-tenth each of residue.

MESLOH, HENRY (June 28, 1923). Estate, $52,500. To sisters, Dorothy Mesloh, Emma Henning and Louise Mesloh, and brother, Harry, executor, one-fourth each of estate.

MILES, ANNIE E. (Nov. 4, 1917. Estate, $5,500, to daughter, Mamie Florence.

SCHMIDT, THOMAS (April 4, 1917). Estate, $5,000. To daughter Annie E. Mills, and son, August H., one-half each.

SILVERS, JOSEPH F. (Jan. 25, 1923). Estate, $124,882. To nieces, Celia Schwartzbaum, Sophie Reinhorn and Rose Cohen, and nephew, David Reinhorn, one-fourth each.

Kings.

DOHMEYER, ADOLPH (Oct. 29, 1922)— Gross estate, $42,725; net, $38,220. To widow, Minnie Dohmeyer, executrix, 463 Eighth St. The estate includes realty at 463 Eighth St., $10,500; lumber lands at Fisher's Eddy, Delaware Co., $3,000; deposits Empire Trust Co., $12,084; mortgage, $4,000; stocks, aggregating $10,038, of which the largest items are Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Ry., 20 shares, $1,600; Wabash pfd., 50 shares, $1,500; Wabash com., 50 shares, $518; Worthington Pump, 17 shares, $595; International Salt, 34 shares, $2,142; Electrical Securities Corporation, 20 shares pfd., $1,400; a warrant for shares of the Missouri, Kansas & Texas Ry. reorganization, $3,854.

REINA, CARMELIA (Feb. 25, 1923). Gross estate, $6,861; net, $5,803. To husband, Antonio Reina, executor, 81 Bay 46th St., $5,043; to daughters, Lucia Cappello and Bernarda Magavern, each $380. The estate consists of realty at Bay 46th St. and Bath Av.

WALLE, LAURITZ (Feb. 20, 1922). Gross estate, $17,423; net, $16,355. To widow, Mathilda Walle, administratrix, 7,924 Tenth Av. The estate includes realty at 7,924 Tenth Av., $8,800; deposits, in Brooklyn Savings Bank, $2,259; Dime Savings Bank, $2,525; Williamsburg Savings Bank, $1,262; Seaman's Bank for Savings, $2,551.

Richmond.

BENHAM, KATE E. (June 13, 1921). Estate, $7,595. To sisters, Juliet Medora Seaman and Lizzie Douglass Benham. Executrix, Katherine Sarah Seaman.

BENHAM, EMILY JANE (Feb. 2, 1920). Estate, $3,832. To sisters, Juliet M. Seaman, executrix; Kate E. Benham (since deceased) and Lizzie D. Benham.

BUTLER, DANIEL B. (March 5, 1923). Estate, $91,829, to nieces and nephews, grandnieces and grandnephews.

CRUDDEN, JOHN J. (July 11, 1923). Estate, $29,085. To half-sister, Margaret Crudden; life estate in $18,250, to Mary A. Costello, sister, and Mrs. Catherine L. La Bran, one-half remainder.

GANNON, FRANK S. (Nov. 8, 1922). Estate, $25,028, to widow, Marietta Gannon, executrix.

GOODRICK, ANNIE E. (Dec. 30, 1922). Estate, $6,327, to husband, Francis Julian Goodrick, executor.

HEIDINGER, Katharina (Oct. 23, 1923). Estate, $14,277. To husband, Carl Heidinger, $7,871; to daughters, Caroline Van de Lin and Josephine Kalinger, and sons, Adion and Charles, $1,200 each.

JANDER, BERTHA (Feb. 8, 1923). Estate, $3,911, equally between Martha Theresa, daughter, and Joseph Ernest, son. Executor is Gormly J. Sproull.

HUGHES, WILLIAM P. (Nov. 22, 1923). Estate, $20,124, to daughter, Mary Melvina, and John W.

HUNTINGTON, HERBERT (Sept. 15, 1922). Estate, $13,351. To daughters, Katherine and Lois Whaley, one-half interest each for life. Bankers Trust Company and Katherine Huntington are executors.

LITTLE, JAMES H. (Nov. 22, 1923). Estate, $10,497. To sister, Emily J., $3,000; to daughter, Eliza Jane P., and son, James H., one-half each of residue.

MISSIC, CHARLES (also Charles R.) (July 3, 1923). Estate, $8,815, to brothers, John, William and Edward, and sister, Kate Deehen, equally.

WECKELS, WILLIAM H. (Oct. 3, 1923). Estate, $9,030. To grandniece, Muriel Louise Ellis, $1,000; to grandniece, Gertrude E. Hamblin, $1,000; to niece, Alice H. Ellis, executrix, residue.

Westchester.

BAYNE, PAUL (Jan. 11, 1922). Estate, $287,335, to widow, Edna Tappen. Irving Bank-Columbia Trust Co. is executor.

COMBY, PETER (Oct. 7, 1922). Estate, $10,737, to daughters and friends. William Gaul is executor.

CAMPH, WILLIAM (July 7, 1922). Estate, $37,733, to widow, Ida A., executrix.

CAMMANN, SUSAN G. (Nov. 9, 1921). Estate, $13,603, to nieces, nephews, grandnieces and grandnephews. Oswald Cammann is executor.

DENNA, JOHN (Oct. 2, 1923). Estate, $16,268, to widow, Angeline.

HYATT, MARY A. (Aug. 19, 1922). Estate, $30,937, to daughter, Alice L. Hibbs, one-half residue; to granddaughters, Helena H. Potter and Alice F. Hyatt, one-fourth each.

POIRER, FELIX H. (Feb. 7, 1922). Estate, $20,949, to son, Dr. J. Leo, $13,040; to son, Charles J., executor, $3,928; to wife, Bridget, $500; to daughter, Mary H., $500.

McVICAR, WILLIAM H. (Oct. 6, 1923). Estate, $8,708, to widow, Louise A., executrix.

MacLEAR, EDWARD (Dec. 23, 1918). Estate, $12,897, to daughter, Ann Bush, $3,587; to daughter, Martha, $3,704; remainder "for benefit of a person of 1 per cent. class."

ROBINSON, ANDREW J. (Nov. 9, 1922). Estate, $20,738, to daughter, Lilliam R. Kennedy, and son, Drew King, one-half each.

RUSSELL, EVELYN J. (June 25, 1922). Estate, $21,709, to husband, William H., $4,708; to daughters, Florence Whitman and Mary Moore, and son, Cyrus W., one-third residue.

TREVOR, EMILY N. Estate, $2,502,163, to immediate family, cousins and friends. John B. and Emily Trevor are executors.

WOOD, SARAH J. (May 21, 1923). Estate, $37,037, to niece, Kittie Turner, $50; to niece, Mrs. William Gamble, $100; to niece, Mrs. Herbert E. Adams, $110; to daughter, Elizabeth Wood Wolfe, and son, Frederick E., one-half each of residue. Mount Vernon Trust Company is executor.

WARDMAN, ERVIN F (Jan. 13, 1923). Estate, $390,453, to widow, Violet B., $173,-636 to Mary K. Huntington (no relative), $1,662 to Ellsworth Greenley (no relative), $1,662; to mother, Mary V. Wardman, $1,965. Widow, George B. Wardman and Columbia Trust Company are executors.

Army Orders and Assignments.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 29.—The War Department published these orders today:

Infantry.

Nadal, Maj. J., from Porto Rico to New York.

Faulkner, Maj. W. D., from Natl. Guard, Syracuse, N. Y., to 5th Inf., Ft. Williams.

Wilkes, 2d Lt. B. B., Jr., to Governors Is.

Quartermaster Corps.

Evans, Lt. Col. H. L., to Columbus, O.

Palmer, Maj. R. P., to duty as Asst. to Q. M. Supply Office.

Gardner, 1st Lt. H. F., to Ft. Reno.

Miscellaneous.

Saxton, Col. A. E., Adjt. Gen., to duty in office of the Adjt. Genl., Washington, D. C.

Lindt, Maj. J. H., C. A. C., to Ft. Monroe.

Henry, Capt. R. E., M. C., to Walter Reed Hosp., sick.

Leaves.

Ruggles, Brig. Gen. C. L. H., Asst. Chief of Ord., 13 days ext.

Deems, Lt. Col. C., Jr., F. A., 20 days ext.

Atwood, Capt. G. E., M. C., 2 mos.

Crisp, 1st Lt. F. W., C. A. C., 1 mo.

Dobbs, 2d Lt. C. H., Jr., Infry., 1 mo.

Reserve Corps Orders.

Second Corps Area.

At Headquarters Second Corps Area, Governors Island, these orders were made known yesterday:

2d Lt. Shelton P. Hubbard, Cav., O.R.C., is relieved from assignment to the 152d M. G. Squad, 61st Cav. Div., transferred to C.A.C. and to N. Y. N. G.

Maj. William B. Twiss, Inf., O.R.C., is relieved from assignment to the 309th Inf., 78th Div., member N. J. N. G.

Capt. Hermann Cooper, C.A., O.R.C., is relieved from assignment to the Coast Defenses of Delaware, 2d Coast Art. Distr.; transferred to San-O.R.C.

1st Lt. Grosvenor L. Bail, Inf., O.R.C., is relieved from assignment to the 306th Inf., 77th Div.; moved out of corps area.

Capt. William B. Doran, F.A., O.R.C., is relieved from assignment to the 357th Field Art., 98th Div; moved out of corps area.

1st Lt. Lucian L. Rocke, Ord., O.R.C., is relieved from assignment to the 302d Ord. Co., XII Corps, C. A., and G.H.Q. Group; moved out of corps area.

Capt. Nasli K. Maluf, M. A., O.R.C., is relieved from attachment to IV. Army Med. Attached List, C. A., and G.H.Q. Group; moved out of Corps Area.

Capt. Wesley S. Bessell, Q.M., O.R.C., is relieved from attachment to the 302d Obs. Group, 7th Div; placed in T. A. Group.

Capt. Barclay T. Kenyon, Q.M., O.R.C., is relieved from attachment to the 358th Inf., 88th Div.; placed in T. A. Group.

2d Lt. Maurice Pass, F.A., O.R.C., is relieved from assignment to the 391st Field Art., XII Corps Art., C. A., and G.H.Q. Group; member N. Y. N. G.

Maj. V. Randolph Spencer, S.S., O.R.C., is relieved from attachment to the Adj.'s Section, XII Corps, C. A., and G.H.Q. Group; placed in G. A. Group.

Maj. Charles C. Haffner, F.A., O.R.C., is relieved from assignment to the 173d Field Art., 98th Div.; moved to 6th Corps Area.

Capt. William F. McCauley, Q.M., O.R.C., is relieved from attachment to Hdqrs., 77th Div.; placed in T. A. Group.

1st Lt. Col. William E. Butler, Med., O.R.C., is relieved from attachment to Air Service Hdqrs, G.H.Q., C. A., and G.H.Q. Group; placed in B. A. Group.

2d Lt. Byron A. Goss, Inf., O.R.C., is relieved from assignment to the 390th Inf., 98th Div.; moved out of corps area.

2d Lt. William B. Hubbard, Q.M., O.R.C., is relieved from attachment to the 302d Engr., 77th Div.; placed in T. A. Group.

Capt. Leonard W. Bacon Jr., Inf., O.R.C., is relieved from assignment to the 307th Inf., 77th Div.; moved to 1st Corps Area.

2d Lt. Arthur Whitlock Sowden, A.S., D.R.C. is relieved from assignment to the 401st Attack Squad., C. A., and G.H.Q. Group; N. Y. N. G.

2d Lt. Samuel J. Nyswonger, A.S., O.R.C., is relieved from assignment to 347th Balloon Service Co. XII. Corps, C. A., and G.H.Q. Group; moved to 3d Corps Area.

2d Lt. James S. A. Doyle, Q.M., O.R.C., is relieved from attachment to Hdqrs 77th Div. removed from B. A. Group.

1st Lt. James D. Shoemaker, Q.M., O.R.C., is relieved from attachment to Hdqrs 98th Div. for training purposes only; removed from B. A. Group.

1st Lt. Rupert L. Hoadley, R.F.D., 502d Ord. Co. (Hvy. Main.), XII Corps, C.A. and G.H.Q. Group; 2d Lt. Kenneth C. Burroughs, 502d Ord. Co. (Hvy. Main.), XII Corps, C.A. and G.H.Q. Group, and 2d Lt. John B. Holmes, 529th Ord. Co. (Hvy. Main.), G.H.Q. Special troops, C.A. and G.H.Q. Group, are assigned to 19th Ord. Co. (Main.), Watervliet Arsenal, Watervliet, N. Y.

1st Lt. John C. Beam, Ord., O.R.C., is assigned to the 1st Ord. Co. (Main.), Miller Field, S. I., N. Y.

National Guard Orders.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Feb. 29.—These National Guard orders were bulletined in the office of the Adjutant General today:

Commissions.

Keth, 2d Lt. M. Thomas, 44th Art., for assignment to Battery E.

Heft, 1st Lt. William F., 10th Inf., for assignment to Co. E.

Smith, 1st Lt. Charles D., 10th Inf., for assignment to Co. H.

Thirnton, 1st Lt. Frank P., 71st Inf., for assignment to Co. C.

Collins, 1st Lt. George F., 174th Inf., for assignment to Co. D.

Miscellaneous.

The duty performed by Comm. L. W. Hesselman as instructor in the School of Navigation in January and February is confirmed and pay of grade is allowed.

Comm. Hesselman is further detailed as instructor, School of Navigation, with pay of grade for two days in each week during March.

Naval Orders.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 29.—The Bureau of Navigation published these orders today.

COMMANDERS.

Haines, G. W., to Asiatic sta., revoked; to command the Bruce.

Robinson, F. H. to Offr in Charge, Navy Recrg Sta., Springfield, Mass.

Norton, E. R., to Asiatic sta.

LIEUT COMMANDERS.

Carey, L. C., to the Mississippi.

Gillette, N. C., to the Bainbridge.

Greene, C. F., to Washington, D. C., Navy Yd.

Hammes, R. B., to Offr in Charge, Branch Hydrographic office, Sault Ste. Marie.

Hilliard, J. C., to command the Hull.

Raguet, E. C., to the Toucey.

Richardson, W. N., to Nav. Acad.

Noble, D. H., to Santo Domingo.

LIEUTENANTS.

Brady, J. H., to Asiatic sta.

Denebrink, F. C., to the Shirk.

Douglas, A. D., to Portland, Ore.

Hildman, J. F., to Pearl Harbor.

Klaus, W., to the Nokomis.

Lovelace, C., to the Nevada.

Preston, K., relieved all active duty.

Theimer, W. C., to Philadelphia Navy Yd.

Warren, P. W., to Dist. Commun Supt., Great Lakes, Ill.

Christie, W. M., to recg ship at Charleston, S. C.

Dambacher, M. J., to the Utah.

Fuller, L. C., to recg ship at New York.

Chaddock, C. W., to Massas. Inst. of Tech.

No orders to officers were published under date of Feb. 28.

Police Department.

Commissioner Enright issued this order yesterday:

Made Policewomen.

Assigned as indicated.

PROBATIONARY POLICEWOMEN.

M. J. V. Clarke	13	C. P. Brennan	56
Theresa O'Connor	13	M. A. McGovern	57
C. F. Whalen	14	J. R. Hart	86
B. C. Popken	15	L. L. Bahr	86
Mamie McAllister	16	M. E. P. Sullivan	79
Ellen Newman	20	K. C. B. Kalish	83
Eliz. A. Ray	39	Jane Russell	89
M. I. Vaughan	45	A. V. Mullins	95
Lillian Harrison	46	M. J. O'Connell	96
K. V. Relyea	49	T. R. Bourque	118
Gertrude Wehner	50		

Made Patrolwomen.

Assigned as indicated.

PROBATIONARY PATROLWOMEN.

Margaret Henry	1	L. M. O'Neil	87
E. F. Michel	4	M. C. Brady	95
Frances Simon	28	A. H. Reilly	123
Martha Wissman	42	Marion Mullen	H.D.
A. R. Jacobs	74	L. M. Motz	D.D.

Pensioned.

On their own application:

PATROLMEN—John H. Mitchell, 1st Precinct, at $1,250 per annum; George F. Smith, Traffic Precinct A, at $1,250 per annum.

Transfers and Assignments.

PATROLMEN.

To take effect Feb. 29.

Henry A. Zerrenner, from 25th Precinct to 6th Inspection District, assigned as chauffeur.

To take effect March 1.

August W. Henne, from 16th Precinct to 76th; John Blenmers Jr. from 16th Precinct to 91st; William A. Kertin, from 25th Precinct to 21st; Edward L. Gallagher, from 25th Precinct to 32d; John J. Murphy, (8436) from 39th Precinct to Traffic Precinct E; Thomas F. Quinn, from 39th Precinct to 97th; assigned to clerical duty; Harold F. Gallagher, from 42d Precinct to 13th, assigned as operator of patrol wagon; Angelo C. Landi, from 53d Precinct to 46th, assigned to bicycle duty continued; Lewis Chisholm, from 96th Precinct to 85th; Frank D. Creamer, from Traffic Precinct E to 37th Precinct, assignment to clerical duty discontinued.

From Precincts indicated to 5th Precinct—John H. O'Brien, 1; Thomas J. Herrick, 31; Joseph M. Heney, 14; Christopher J. McGann Jr., 39.

From Precincts indicated to 15th Precinct—Henry J. Olsen, 25; Joseph H. Vicino, 29.

From Precincts indicated to 23d Precinct—John J. Ryan, 14; Martin H. Lasche, 33; Bernard Forliano, 20.

From Precincts indicated to 26th Precinct—Henry F. Hunt, 16; Joseph A. Cassidy, 38; James A. Gillece, 29; Osmond S. Blackburne, 39.

From Precincts indicated to 28th Precinct—George S. V. Wandling, 13; Joseph T. Cleary, 59.

From Precincts indicated to 51st Precinct, assignment to bicycle duty continued—Charles I. Benesch, 45; Henry F. L. Strebe, 45; Walter F. Newberger, 46; Frank J. Barnes, 47; Michael J. Stranler, 47; Thomas J. McLaughlin, 53.

From precincts indicated to 56th Precinct, assignment to bicycle duty continued: Robert F. Cashel, 47; Godfrey E. Brojer, 49.

From precincts indicated to Traffic Precinct A: Charles E. Dempsey, 31; John B. Butler, 53.

From Headquarters Division Special Service Division to precincts indicated, assignment to duty in plain clothes discontinued: Frederick Fauerhahn, 23; John J. Cotter, 49; Edward J. O'Neill Jr., 39.

Temporary Assignments.

PATROLMEN.

John J. Flynn and Henry Wagner, 33d Precinct, assigned to duty in plain clothes in precinct, for 5 days, from March 1: Leo Fitzgerald, 46th Precinct, to Detective Division, to duty in office of the District Attorney, Bronx, for 5 days, from Feb. 29; Charles W. P. Kleine, 53d Precinct, assigned as operator of patrol wagon, from Feb. 29, during absence of patrolman on sick report.

From precincts indicated to Headquarters Division, to duty in raided premises, for 16 days, from Feb. 29: Robert E. McCarthy, 13; George W. Van Etten, 21.

Leave Without Pay.

PATROLMAN Joseph A. Irving, 63d Precinct, for 1 day, from 12:01 A. M., March 2.

Sick Leave.

PATROLMAN—John J. Fitzgerald, 21st Precinct, for 60 days, from March 4.

Resignation Accepted.

PROBATIONARY PATROLMAN—John A. Hayes, Headquarters Division, Training School.

Dismissed From the Force.

PATROLMAN.

Thomas A. Costa, 39th Precinct, (3 charges); Jan. 15, 23 and 31. Neglect of duty and violations of the regulations, Jan. 15: (1) reported sick, failed to visit surgeon and was absent from his residence without permission; (2) absent from his residence without permission; (3) failed to report to office of surgeon as directed; (4) absent from his residence without permission; (5) failed to visit surgeon for a period of about 20 days, whereabouts unknown, Jan. 23, (1) while on sick report failed to visit surgeon for a period of 5 days; (2) absent from his residence without permission; (3) malingering, Jan. 31, was arrested on a charge of abandonment of wife and child.

Deaths Reported.

PATROLMAN—George C. Leavitt, 125th Precinct, Feb. 28, at St. Joseph's Hospital from natural causes. Funeral from 2,403 Franklin Avenue, Far Rockaway, L. I., at 10 A. M., March 3. Interment Calvary Cemetery.

RETIRED LIEUTENANT—John F. Shevlin, formerly attached to the 39th Precinct, Feb. 27, at 3,055 Bailey Avenue, Bronx, from natural causes. Interment Calvary Cemetery.

The Civil Service.

United States.

Applications for examinations for the positions and on the dates indicated are invited by the commission.

ORDNANCE DRAFTSMAN (up to March 19), to fill the position of detail draftsman in the Navy Yard, Brooklyn, at $5.84 to $7.20 a day. The duties consist of the design of the details after the general design has been determined and require experience in drawings, arrangements and details, for the various type of naval ordnance engineering machinery viz.: turrets, turning gear, ammunition hoists, gun mounts, range finder mounts and fire control apparatus requiring great accuracy, and similar equipment usually found in naval vessels and computations therewith. Appointees must be capable of performing original work and making the necessary calculations. Competitors will be rated on education, training and experience, 70, and practical tests, 30. Applicants must meet the requirements in one of these groups: (a) graduation from a technical school or college, with three years of experience in drafting work pretaining to heavy machinery, or two years experience in ordnance designs, one year having been spent in the development of details under supervision; (b) graduation as a mechanical engineer, with two years experience in drafting work pertaining to heavy machinery, or one year's experience in ordnance design, involving the development of details under supervision; (c) four years experience in drafting work pertaining to heavy machinery, or three years experience in ordnance drafting; partial completion of a mechanical engineering course will be accepted in lieu of proportionate experience.

TEACHERS (Until further notice) in the Philippine service, these positions and salaries: High school teachers, 3,000 to 3,200 pesos a year; primary specialists, 3,000 to 4,000 pesos; model primary teachers, 3,000 to 3,200 pesos. (A peso equals 50 cents in United States currency.) The restrictions as to women being admitted are withdrawn for these examinations. The Philippine school year begins in early June and ends with March. Applicants for (women) high school teachers must have reached their 30th, but not their 45th birthday. Primary specialists (women) their 30th, but not their 45th birthday. For (men) model teachers for primary grades their 26th, but not their 45th. Men applicants must have reached their 21st, but not their 45th birthday. Papers will be rated as received. The subjects and weights of the examination are physical fitness, 10, and education, training and experience, 90.

JUNIOR ENGINEER DRAFTSMAN (On March 19) in the First Engineer Office, New York, N. Y., at $2,100 to $2,400 a year. The duties consist in the plotting of field notes and preparation of finished drawings, major computations, including those pertaining to triangulation and range data for contract operations; assisting in general design. The subjects and weights of the examination are arithmetic, including algebra, geometry, mensuration and trigonometry, 35; elementary engineering questions, 20; drawing and lettering, 20, and education, experience and fitness, 25. Applicants must have had eight years of experience in engineering, surveying and drafting, of which not less than two years must have been on hydrographic and topographic work. Each completed year of an engineering or scientific course will be accepted as equivalent to one year of general experience. Applicants must not have reached their 50th birthday.

FLAT-BED BOOKKEEPING MACHINE OPERATOR (On March 20) to fill vacancies at the United States Veterans' Supply Depot, Long Island City, N. Y., at $1,560 a year. The duties will be the posting of stock record cards and the writing of invoices in connection with the maintenance of an inventory system. The subjects and weights of the examination are clerical tests, 30; tests in the operation of the machine, 70. Applicants must have reached their 18th, but not their 70th birthday.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 29.—Pressure was low Friday night over the Canadian maritime provinces, the Middle Atlantic and North Atlantic States, the Middle West and the Far Northwest, and it was high over other regions. There have been light local snows within the last twenty-four hours in portions of the lake region, rains and snows in the Northern Plains States and Northern Rocky Mountain region and rains in the North Pacific States. The temperature was slightly higher Friday in the Ohio Valley and the Southern States and somewhat lower in the Northern Plains States and the northern lakes region.

The indications are for mostly fair weather Saturday and Sunday in the Washington forecast district. However, there will be considerable cloudiness in the Middle Atlantic States, the Ohio Valley and the lower lake region and light precipitation is probable over a portion of this area.

COUNTRY-WIDE WEATHER CONDITIONS.

In the following record of observations at United States Weather Bureau stations yesterday the temperatures given are the highest during the twelve hours from 8 A. M. to 8 P. M. and the lowest during the preceding twelve hours from 8 P. M. to 8 A. M., the barometer reading and condition of weather are those recorded at 8 P. M., and the rainfall is for the twenty-four hours ended at 8 P. M.

Station.	High.	Low.	Temperature. Barometer.	Rain fall.	Weather.
Abilene	70	34	30.04	..	Clear
Albany	34	24	29.80	..	Pt. Cl'dy
Atlanta	60	42	30.00	..	Clear
Atlantic City	38	26	29.98	..	Clear
Baltimore	40	34	29.88	..	Clear
Bismarck	38	28	30.04	.06	Rain
Boston	40	28	29.74	..	Clear
Buffalo	28	22	29.90	..	Pt. Cl'dy
Charleston	64	44	29.94	..	Clear
Chicago	38	32	29.90	..	Clear
Cincinnati	38	36	29.84	..	Cloudy
Cleveland	30	24	29.90	..	Clear
Denver	48	34	30.14	..	Clear
Detroit	34	26	29.92	..	Clear
Galveston	64	46	30.12	..	Clear
Helena	50	30	30.20	.02	Pt. Cl'dy
Indianapolis	36	26	29.84	..	Cloudy
Jacksonville	64	46	30.00	..	Clear
Kansas City	42	38	29.86	..	Pt. Cl'dy
Los Angeles	70	56	30.04	..	Clear
Milwaukee	36	30	29.94	..	Cloudy
Minn.-St. Paul	30	30	29.94	..	Cloudy
New Orleans	64	46	30.16	..	Clear
New York	40	28	29.82	..	Clear
Oklahoma	68	38	29.94	..	Clear
Philadelphia	42	26	29.86	..	Clear
Pittsburgh	40	26	29.88	.02	Clear
Portland, Me.	34	24	29.68	..	Clear
Portland, Ore.	50	40	30.20	.08	Cloudy
Salt Lake City	46	32	30.32	..	Clear
San Antonio	68	40	30.04	..	Clear
San Diego	74	52	30.04	..	Clear
San Francisco	70	52	30.06	..	Cloudy
Seattle	50	42	30.24	.18	Clear
St. Louis	46	40	29.80	..	Clear
Washington	40	30	29.90	..	Clear

Northern New England—Fair Saturday and Sunday; little change in temperature.

Southern New England and Eastern New York—Fair Saturday; Sunday mostly cloudy; little change in temperature.

Eastern Pennsylvania, New Jersey and Delaware—Mostly cloudy Saturday and Sunday, probably becoming unsettled; little change in temperature.

District of Columbia and Maryland—Mostly cloudy and somewhat unsettled Saturday and Sunday; little change in temperature.

Virginia—Fair in south and most cloudy in north portion Saturday and Sunday; little change in temperature.

Western Pennsylvania—Mostly cloudy Saturday and Sunday; probably light snow or snow flurries; not much change in temperature.

Western New York—Generally fair Saturday and Sunday; little change in temperature.

NEW YORK CITY WEATHER RECORDS.

Official Temperature.

5 AM	29	12 M	35	6 PM	38
6 AM	28	1 PM	36	7 PM	36
8 AM	26	2 PM	38	8 PM	35
9 AM	27	3 PM	39	9 PM	33
10 AM	27	4 PM	40	10 PM	34
11 AM	29	5 PM	39		

Average temperature yesterday, 32.
Average same date last year, 33.
Average same date for 46 years, 33.

Barometer—8 A. M., 29.92; 8 P. M., 29.83.
Humidity—8 A. M., 62; 8 P. M., 68.
Wind—8 A. M., northwest, velocity 24 miles; 8 P. M., west, velocity 16 miles.
Weather—8 A. M., clear; 8 P. M., clear.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 29.—North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Alabama and Mississippi—Fair Saturday and Sunday; little change in temperature.

Tennessee—Fair Saturday and Sunday, cooler Sunday.

Kentucky—Fair Saturday. Sunday, cloudy, cooler, probably light rain or snow in north.

Ohio—Cloudy Saturday and Sunday, possibly light rain in south and snow or rain in north; colder Sunday in south.

Illinois—Fair in south, cloudy and unsettled in north Saturday; colder in south and central; Sunday fair.

Indiana—Fair and colder in south, rain or snow in north Saturday; Sunday fair.

Lower Michigan—Unsettled Saturday, probably snow Sunday; little change in temperature.

Upper Michigan—Cloudy Saturday, probably snow: Sunday fair; little change in temperature.

Wisconsin—Cloudy and unsettled Saturday, probably snow in north and rain or snow in south; Sunday generally fair; little change in temperature.

Missouri—Fair in south, unsettled in north Saturday; colder; Sunday generally fair.

Iowa—Cloudy Saturday, preceded by rain or snow in east; colder in extreme southeast; Sunday fair.

Minnesota — Mostly cloudy Saturday, preceded by snow in east; Sunday generally fair; warmer Sunday in northwest.

North Dakota—Fair Saturday and probably Sunday; little change in temperature.

South Dakota—Generally fair Saturday and Sunday; little change in temperature.

Nebraska—Generally fair Saturday and Sunday; somewhat warmer Sunday in west.

Kansas—Generally fair Saturday and Sunday; slightly colder Saturday, colder in northeast and extreme east.

Montana—Fair Saturday and Sunday, slightly colder except probably rain west of the Divide by Sunday.

Wyoming—Generally fair Saturday and Sunday; little change in temperature.

East Texas—Saturday part cloudy, colder in northwest portion; Sunday partly cloudy.

West Texas—Saturday generally fair, cooler in north; Sunday generally fair.

Fire Record.

A. M. Loss.

12:15—170 W. Broadway; Motor Line Express ..... Trifling

2:50—36-42 W. 24 St.; Standard Art Co., ... Trifling

3:30—90 St. and East River; Valley Coal Co. ..... Not given

4:45—353 Bowery; Joseph Condine, ... No damage

6:20—37 W. 20 St.; Park Dress Co., ... Not given

7:00—In front of

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

Bank and business references required under this classification.

CAPITAL WANTED.

I'LL SHARE THE PROFITS.
I have three successful publications; I can't manage them all. If you have experience, plus ability, I'll give you an opportunity to invest your time and some of your capital on one of them; you manage it and I'll share the profits with you; or I will sell outright. Publisher, S 343 Times.

WANTED—ASSOCIATE WITH $10,000 IMmediately and additional $10,000 as required for manufacture of high-class patented household article already approved by largest mail-order houses. H 634 Times Downtown.

FOR $10,000 REPUTABLE MAN CAN HAVE equal interest in extraordinary business proposition; product patented. H 540 Times.

CAPITAL TO INVEST.

RADIO INVENTIONS FINANCED, MANUfactured and marketed; write complete details. X 2488 Times Annex.

WILL INVEST $5,000 WITH SERVICES IN established going business. 82 N. Y. Times Brooklyn Branch.

WILL INVEST $5,000-$10,000 IN ESTABlished going business, with services. H 508 Times.

Brokers.

BUSINESS MAN CAN FINANCE RATED merchandise concerns requiring additional capital for expansion; no schemes. Room 502, 96 5th Av. Chelsea 7682.

BUSINESS CONNECTIONS.

DEPARTMENTS WANTED.
An old-established, high-class, progressive retail house, with fine, modern building, on principal thoroughfare of Newark, N. J., desires to negotiate with strictly high-class manufacturers or merchandise men looking to the introduction of women's, misses' and children's apparel departments.
First, second, third or fourth and basement floor space available on a most attractive rental basis. Generous show-window space.
Only those contemplating merchandising on high-class, liberal scale and pursuing an aggressive, progressive policy will be considered.
Apply in person or by letter to either our New York or Newark offices.
UNITED ADVERTISING AGENCY,
889 5th Av., 814 Kinney Building,
Corner 33d St., Newark, N. J.
New York City.

CORPORATION DESIRES DEALER OR agent with sales force covering New England to handle their mange remedy, shampoo, liquid soap, hardwood floor polish and disinfectant; must be reliable and well rated. Standard Veterinary Products Co., Inc., 1,142-44 N. Hancock St., Philadelphia, Pa.

FOR RENT—SHOE DEPARTMENT IN FINest millinery shop in town of 70,000 population, State of New York; 10 per cent. basis; success almost guaranteed to right party. Address A. D., 408, 26 East 42d St.

SALES ORGANIZATION RECENTLY EStablished desires to acquire staple article of merit direct from manufacturer for merchandising; will consider mail order proposition. D 938 Times Downtown.

NEW INVENTION; BATTERIES CHARGED in ten to twenty minutes; distributers wanted; exclusive territory now open. Ever Charge Corp., 625 Broadway

FOR SALE.

Plants and Factories.

A WET WASH LAUNDRY, NEAR NEW York City, for sale, due to a dispute in partnership; the entire equipment at your price. E 461 Times.

MANUFACTURER OF PETTICOATS, 30 years established; cash $5,000 to $10,000 for plant and merchandise. Write Box 919, 131 West 38th.

Stores and Shops.

SUCCESSFUL, ESTABLISHED BUSINESS, jewelry, trunks, bags and musical instruments, Newburg, N. Y., 93 Broadway; must be sold to settle estate of deceased; proposition all cash.

ESTABLISHED, WELL-KNOWN PLUMBing and sheet metal business, in excellent location on Long Island; large, well-equipped jobbing shop; autos, tools, &c.; last year's business $50,000; owner retiring. Y 2315 Times Annex.

A MONEY-MAKER—AUTO PARTS, &C.; dispute in partnership; will sell at list prices; inspection allowed; must be sold at once; no reasonable offer refused. E 460 Times.

RADIO AND ELECTRICAL STORE, 207 East 44th St., established 8 years, running business, Edison Mazda Lamp Agency, $2,500 contract included in sale. Call at premises.

Hotel and Furnished Room Houses.

HOTEL, UPPER TIMES SQUARE AT Broadway; fifty bedrooms with baths, modern furniture and equipments, high-class cafe and restaurant attached; present owner fifteen years; never offered for sale before; fifteen-year straight lease; low rent; exceptional bargain. Schu-Brown, 1,834 Broadway.

HIGH-CLASS FURNISHED HOUSE, 14 rooms, 5 baths; steam; parquet floors throughout; all improvements; 20x100; big income; price, 34,000; cash, $8,000. 12 West 121st.

Restaurants and Tea Rooms.

RESTAURANT, HIGH-CLASS; BEAUTIfully decorated, fully equipped; excellent for tea room; six-year lease. Call between 2 and 5, 72 West 50th.

Garages.

GARAGE, COLUMBUS CIRCLE SECTION, 100x100, two floors with ramp; sacrifice price, $20,000 with security; cash required, $12,000 partners' disagreement; also other garages located in the best part of the city. Schu-Brown, 1,834 Broadway.

Miscellaneous Businesses.

MAKE YOUR OWN PROFIT.
I need a man who can manage a successful news stand publication, it's one of a unit of three (my time is all taken up with the other two). If you will invest all of your ability plus a part of your capital, this opportunity will be of immediate interest; or I will sell outright. Publisher. S 342 Times.

EMBROIDERY BUSINESS, LONG ESTABlished; on account other interest; small investment. H 476 Times.

NEW ROCHELLE REAL ESTATE—BEST properties. Write Rennicks, 138 North Av. Telephone 999.

FINANCING—LOANS.

MONEY! MONEY MAKES MONEY!
Money loaned in any amount on diamonds, jewelry, silverware; special rates for short-time loans.
EQUITABLE PLEDGE SOCIETY, INC.
TIMES SQUARE OFFICE,
168 West 44th St., at Broadway.
DOWNTOWN OFFICE,
3 East 14th St., at 5th Av.

AUTO OWNERS—QUICK LOANS, lowest rates; no publicity; car remains in your possession; repayments on monthly plan; confidential; other collateral considered. Peerless Finance Corp., 1,780 Broadway (Goodrich Building), near 58th St. Circle 5743.

BUSINESS LOANS,
Cash loans on rent assignments, accounts receivable, notes and other good securities; quick service.
UNITED STATES GUARDIAN CORP.,
19 WEST 44TH ST.

BETHLEHEM FINANCE CORPORATION.
AUTO OWNERS—QUICK ACTION.
Lowest rates, no red tape; car in your possession; confidential loans of all descriptions. 1,650 Broadway, corner 51st St. Circle 0065.

IMMEDIATE LOANS ON CARS
while used or in storage; confidential.
CIRCLE AUTO FINANCE CO.,
250 West 57th St. Circle 7374.

MANUFACTURER LOANS $1,000 OR MORE for less than one year; real estate security only. X 2482 Times Annex.

AUTOMOBILE OWNERS—OBTAIN LOANS while using cars; quick answers confidential. Bryant 2380.

AUTOMOBILE LOANS—CONFIDENTIAL. American Motor Finance, 236 West 55th. Circle 8808.

LOANS ON PRINTERS' AND BOOKbinders' machinery. D 935 Times Downtown.

OLD BEER GARDENS EXISTING ON 'HOPES'

Inspector Ryan Says He Urges Owners to Quit, but They Expect "Better Days."

FURNISH A POLICE PROBLEM

They Persist in Selling a Little Liquor Now and Then to Buoy Their Optimism.

The lower Bronx was pictured yesterday by Police Inspector Thomas T. Ryan, who took the stand in his own defense in his trial on charges of laxity in enforcement of the Volstead act, as a singularly optimistic section of the city. They really believe, up there, Inspector Ryan said, that the Volstead act will be so amended shortly that they will be able to use again the many old-fashioned beer gardens, rathskellers and picnic resorts which flourished before the prohibition era.

As a result, the Inspector testified, the proprietors of these places are "hanging on." That is, they are still running the resorts, and hoping for "better days," and, in the meantime, some of them are selling a drink of hard liquor now and then. All will bear watching and are watched, according to Inspector Ryan, who pointed out that this was one of his troubles in keeping his district, the Fifth, dry.

"Some of these places are forty or fifty years old," said the Inspector. "I told them to hang out 'to let' signs and get out, but they told me the brewery collectors said that Congress would soon allow them 3 per cent. beer, and so they had decided to keep open, even at loss. Many are owned by old German families, who have kept them for years."

"Any person known to the proprietors of those places is able to get a drink of hard liquor, isn't he?" asked Russell Tarbox, Assistant Corporation Counsel, who is acting as prosecutor.

"So I have been informed," replied the Inspector.

Ryan said his district had an area of 11 6-10 square miles and a population of 752,000. Although the population was increasing rapidly, he added, his staff of plainclothes men had been reduced from ten to six.

During the year ending May 1, 1922, when he took charge of the district, 14,872 arrests were made. The first year he was in command there, he said, his men made 15,286 arrests. From June 1, 1922, to January 14, 1924, he said, his six plainclothes men made 129 arrests for violation of the Volstead act, while in the same period 43 members of the Special Service Division made only 85.

In every one of the 33 specifications charged against him, he said, he had served, liability notices and requested the United States Attorney to institute injunction proceedings to padlock the places.

Inspector Ryan told of a garage at 966 University Avenue which is storing more than $1,000,000 worth of liquor. The owners have a Federal permit, he said, to store the liquor but none to move it. He stationed a policeman at the garage after there had been two attempts to rob it.

Two resorts suppressed by Inspector Ryan were Bryant Cottage, a hotel, at 174th Street and Bryant Avenue, and the Orangery Grove, a cabaret, fitted up with orange trees and blossoms, at Longwood and Prospect Avenues.

Inspector Ryan was asked if he thought a State enforcement law would help the situation.

"I believe we have enough law on the subject, but we need more facilities—more Federal Judges and quicker action," he replied. "If the Court of Special Sessions rendered judgment instead of a jury we could get better results."

Counsel for Ryan pointed out that this was the first complaint lodged against him since his appointment to the force by the late Colonel Theodore Roosevelt on March 18, 1896. Records showed that of the 33 specifications against Inspector Ryan, the defendants in 17 of the cases were discharged in court, 3 were convicted and the cases of 13 still were pending.

Captain William H. Ward of the Alexander Avenue Station testified that all precinct commanders had been instructed by Inspector Ryan to carry out Commissioner Enright's clean-up orders.

Other witnesses called by the defense were Deputy Inspector James H. Post, Captain James A. Brady of the Morrisania Station, Captain Michael Flattery of the Bathgate Avenue Station, Captain Richard O'Connor of the Highbridge Station and Lieutenant William Keelig, Supervisor of Patrol for the Fifth District.

Ten members of the Special Service Division were called as witnesses by Mr. Tarbox. All but six of the specifications have been taken up, and the trial of Ryan will be concluded Monday. The trial of Inspector George C. Liebers of the Sixth District, the upper Bronx, will be begun immediately thereafter.

COOLIDGE CALLS GROESBECK

Politicians Connect Michigan Summons With Change in Cabinet.

Special to The New York Times.

LANSING, Mich., Feb. 29.—Governor Alexander Groesbeck of Michigan admitted today that he had been summoned to Washington for a conference with President Coolidge next week. The summons is considered significant in political circles here, as the Governor has been mentioned frequently for a post in President Coolidge's Cabinet, presumably that of Attorney General.

Some time ago Governor Groesbeck wrote to Senator James Couzens of Michigan, indorsing former Representative Patrick H. Kelley of Lansing for Secretary of the Navy to succeed Edwin N. Denby. At that time he referred to Mr. Kelley as "Michigan's only candidate for official position."

It is understood that Senator Couzens is opposed to Mr. Kelley becoming a Cabinet officer. Mr. Kelley resigned from Congress previous to his unsuccessful campaign against former Senator Charles E. Townsend for the Republican Senatorial nomination.

TALKS ON NEWSPAPERS.

William Allen White Gives Views to Columbia Writers' Club.

William Allen White, editor, is engaged in writing a life of Woodrow Wilson, he told the Writers' Club at Columbia University in an address yesterday afternoon at Havemeyer Hall. Mr. White divided newspapers into two classes, reflecting two different publics.

"Newspapers," he said, "are the fairly accurate reflex of the public mind, since the community makes the newspaper, and the newspaper merely reflects the character of the public for which it is written. There are just two publics, each different-minded. One prefers glaring headlines and comics, and the other prefers the substance of the day's events, so we have two different types of newspapers that must live up to the peculiar fancies of the people."

Discussing writing as a livelihood, Mr. White said that style and the harmonious setting down of ideas were subordinate to a greater essential—a writer's own philosophy, his personal convictions about life.

Senate Confirms Warren and Phillips.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 29.—Nominations of Charles B. Warren to be Ambassador to Mexico, and William Phillips, to be Ambassador to Belgium, were confirmed today by the Senate.

SEIZE ALE AND BEER ON THE OLYMPIC

Special Agents Take 138 Bottles and One Keg From Ship's Storeroom.

A squad of special agents of the Treasury Department, under orders of the Surveyor of the Port, visited the White Star liner Olympic at Pier 59, North River, and West Eighteenth Street yesterday afternoon and seized 138 bottles of Bass's ale and a keg of lager beer.

The Public Health Branch of the Treasury Department permits ships flying the British flag to bring into port under seal a certain quantity of whisky, brandy and port wine to be used for medicinal purposes on the eastbound voyage. Beer, ale and stout are not included in the list of liquors permitted under seal.

It is understood that prohibitionists traveling on British liners have written to the Secretary of the Treasury in Washington complaining that passengers were able to obtain liquor on these vessels on the eastbound voyage. As a result orders have been received here by the special agents to see that foreign ships are permitted to carry just what the law allows and not a bottle more.

CRAIG UPHELD ON APPEAL.

Controller Wins Teachers and Sinking Fund Victories.

Faced with court action on account of proceedings instigated by Controller Charles L. Craig, the Board of Estimate voted unanimously yesterday to amend the 1924 budget to include $5,000,000 for the Teachers Retirement Fund. Assistant Corporation Counsel William E. C. Mayer expressed the opinion that if the money were not included in the budget, the board members would be liable to contempt. Regarding his victory in this and another matter Controller Craig said:

"The Appellate Division of the Supreme Court, first department, today in two unanimous decisions upheld Controller Craig and defeated Acting Mayor Hulbert in his attempts to disregard the laws under which the city's business must be conducted.

"In one case Acting Mayor Hulbert had persisted in an effort to deprive the public school teachers' pension funds of the payments that the Board of Estimate must provide in the budget to pay the benefits to which retired teachers are entitled under the Teachers' Retirement law.

"In the other case Acting Mayor Hulbert was seeking to create further confusion and delay in handling the business of the Sinking Fund Commission and prolonging the litigation in which he and his associates have been defeated. This the Appellate Division has unanimously refused to countenance. It means that Acting Mayor Hulbert can no longer delay the demolition of the Forty-second Street spur, nor can he any longer pretend that any one is responsible for the clearing of school sites, except himself and his associates."

Further public discussion of the proposed music and art centre to be located in Central Park at Fifty-ninth Street and Seventh Avenue will be held by the board next Thursday afteroon at 2 o'clock.

Plans for a great public beach at Rockaway Beach, from Jacob Riis Park to Beach Twenty-fifth Street, a distance of more than five miles, were started yesterday when the board approved a change in map or plan of that section. The action of the board was received with cheers by 200 all-year residents of the seaside resort.

The project will include a boardwalk along the ocean front on the acquired beach property at an estimated cost of from $6,000,000 to $7,000,000. If the plans materialize, the walk will exceed in length those at Atlantic City and Coney Island.

CITY BUYS BACK RIGHTS.

Pays $1,542,000 for Water Frontage It Gave Away.

An opinion defining the value of rights along the New York City waterfront was handed down yesterday by Supreme Court Justice Tierney in proceedings by the city for wharfage and for the improvement of the waterfront from old Pier 1 to Pier 7 on lower Manhattan. The court decided all the rights to old Pier 1 and Pier 2 are worth $1,322,000, and the owners were also awarded interest of $220,000. They were acquired by the city in 1921.

Justice Tierney stated that Pier 1 was conveyed to Commodore Cornelius Vanderbilt in 1848 for the purpose of maintaining a ferry to Staten Island. Pier 1, built by the city in 1840, was 600 feet long, and since that time the bulkhead on the south side has been advanced 100 feet. The court finds that the city could convey only the right to maintain the pier and not title to the land under water on which the pier stands, because such land under water is held by the city or State for the benefit of the people, and cannot be alienated to an individual.

The two piers extend into North River from the west side of West Street, Pier 1, opposite the westerly end of Battery Place. The two pier properties are now embraced in seven parcels, owned by several claimants. The court finds that the city should pay $365,000 for Pier 1, and $600,000 for Pier 2. The remaining parcels are bulkheads, for which $127,000 is awarded.

LOST GIRL MAY BE DROWNED

Binghamton Friends Recall a Dog's Excitement at River's Edge.

Special to The New York Times.

BINGHAMTON, N. Y., Feb. 29.—Although squads of State police, Boy Scouts and county officers have spent the day searching for Eleanore Aylesworth, the 16-year-old schoolgirl who disappeared on Tuesday, no trace of her has been found, but several theories were developed.

The actions of a dog belonging to the family with whom the missing girl was staying, in endeavoring to attract the attention of pedestrians to a bridge, and running from the girl's home to the river bank and beneath the bridge, on Tuesday night, following the girl's disappearance, is now thought to have been significant.

It developed today that the girl had been dissatisfied with her clothes and declined a party invitation the evening previous to her disappearance.

One resident of Binghamton told the police today that he saw the girl board a Delaware & Hudson train for Albany Wednesday night.

MOTHER HAS BOY ARRESTED

Says He Gambled and Then Pawned Her Rugs.

John Fuller, a well-dressed youth of 19, was brought before Magistrate Alexander Brough in the West Side Court yesterday, charged by his mother, Mrs. Agnes Fuller of 344 West Seventy-second Street, with having taken valuable rugs from their home and pawning them. Mrs. Fuller said she feared for the rest of her household goods.

Mrs. Fuller told the Court that her son had squandered his substantial allowance in a gambling house near his home. She said that when she asked him why he had taken the rugs he replied: "I had to have some money right away."

The boy pleaded guilty to disorderly conduct.

"The trouble with you is that you have been pampered too much," said the Magistrate. "Staying in jail will give you a chance to think things over." Young Fuller was remanded to the West Side jail until Monday. In the meantime his case will be investigated.

PIGEON BLACKMAIL A JOKE ON THE JOKER

Friend Who Tried to Frighten Merchant by Sending Bird With Threat Is Locked Up.

POLICE SOLVE MYSTERY

Trace the Pigeon to His Owner's Home Without the Use of an Airplane.

The great pigeon mystery of Astoria was solved last night by Captain John Gallagher and the bird's sixth tail-feather. Not a solitary aviator-detective nor one whizz of a plane was needed to find the answer to Astoria's puzzle.

When Captain Gallagher, assisted by the feather, finished his work William Diepold, lifelong friend of the recipient, was revelled as the person who sent a pigeon and a demand for $1,000 to William Borheck, wealthy Long Island City merchant and part proprietor of Hennings-Borheck-Heyser Company, Astoria's largest dry goods store.

Although he explained that the dispatching of the bird was merely a joke, Diepold was arrested on a charge of blackmail. Last night Borheck, convinced that it was just a joke—but on Diepold—was seeking a Magistrate to bail out his friend. The merchant's boast at a card party in Diepold's home that his host could "not put over anything" on Borheck suggested the sham blackmailing scheme to Diepold in connection with his prize checkered Antwerp homing pigeon.

Incidentally, the Captain explained that the report that a police airplane was to be set out to trail the pigeon on its flight back to the "blackmailers" was "just smoke" and that while newspaper photographers were getting stiff necks looking for the aerial chase, the case was being unraveled on terra firma.

Pigeon Released Yesterday.

"We followed the suggestion that was made in the letter," he said, also incidentally disclosing that all of the missive wasn't in the morning papers, "which was to liberate the pigeon at 10 o'clock in the morning. We placed a mark of identification on the pigeon and we also attached to its leg something that would lead to detection should we later come upon the person who owned the pigeon."

The police reported that the entire detective staff of the Astoria Station had been ordered to work on the air mystery as soon as Mr. Borheck appeared. Detective Julius Steinhauser was assigned to direct the pursuit, while Captain Gallagher, after looking over the feather figuring in the case, got in touch with a pigeon breeder he knew in Manhattan.

Finally, grasping the Antwerp checker pigeon, the Captain marked the sixth tailfeather and told Mr. Borheck to follow the instructions in the note. The bird was sent into the air at Broadway and Fifth Avenue, Astoria. It went up and up and out of sight.

Detectives Get a Clue.

In the meantime Detective Steinhauser had discovered a link between Diepold, Borheck and George Piesback, pigeon fancier, at Patterson Avenue and Twenty-third Street, Elmhurst. He had unearthed the fact that Diepold had been to see Piesback. Detectives were watching both places.

In due time, after the release of the bird at Broadway and Fifth Avenue, a pigeon swooped down into Piesback's yard and strutted unconcernedly into the coop. Detective Steinhauser reported to Captain Gallagher. The tell-tale tail-feather was found.

About 5 o'clock in the afternoon the police went to Diepold's home at 302 Radde Street, Long Island City, and arrested him. Diepold, who is 28 years old, was not surprised, and said he fully expected the advent of the detectives, as his "joke had gone too far." The complaint of blackmail was sworn to by Detective Steinhauser, and Diepold will be arraigned today before Magistrate Conway in the Long Island City Police Court.

Diepold, who has a reputation as a practical joker, said he went to Piesback last Tuesday night and picked out a fine specimen of homer. On Wednesday, having written the note and the "demand" for $1,000, Diepold carried the box containing the bird down to Borheck's store, but when he got to the corner of Steinway and Flushing Avenues, he decided to do it by proxy. So he gave a taxicab driver 50 cents and told him to deliver the package to one of Borheck's floorwalkers. Diepold said he returned home and invited Borheck and his wife to his home that night to play cards.

Apparently Borheck had received the package, but had left it unopened on his desk on Wednesday, because that night he failed to say anything about it. Diepold said he was highly amused at the whole thing and decided to let it go on. Yesterday, however, when he read the newspapers, he knew things had gone further than he had expected.

TESTIFIES FOR LAFFERTY.

Former Ambassador a Witness for Sunshine Homes President.

John W. Davis testified yesterday in the Bronx County Court before Judge Louis D. Gibbs, as a character witness for Robert C. Lafferty, President of the Sunshine Homes Company, charged with defrauding a number of people who paid for Sunshine homes which they did not receive. Mr. Davis said that he had known Lafferty from 1900 to 1912 in Clarksburg, W. Va., where he was a member of one of the leading firms of architects in that State. Other witnesses, who testified as to the reputation of the defendant, were former Tenement House Commissioner John J. Murphy and William Hoyt, President of the Chamber of Commerce of Milford, Conn.

Paintings Bring $5,300.

The first of two sales of paintings and water colors at the Plaza Art Rooms, consigned by various collectors and including twelve paintings owned by Mrs. Cooper Hewitt, brought $5,300 yesterday for 133 items. Today's offerings include several Vanboeckovens, a Corot, and examples of Twachtman, Troyon, Ziem, Inness, Murphy, Harpignies, Constable, Schreyvogel, Hoeber, De Haas, Tate, Wyant and Vibert.

KING ALBERT WORKS ON CABINET CRISIS

No One Yet Called to Form a Government—Socialists Willing to Accept Task.

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BRUSSELS, Feb. 29.—King Albert held conversations of considerable length today on the subject of the Cabinet crisis with Paul Hymans, Liberal; Paul Regers, Catholic, and Emile Vandervelde, Socialist. So far, however, the King has not called upon any one to form a new Ministry.

The difficulty of the situation is that those who joined to overthrow the Theunis Cabinet cannot unite to carry on the work of the Government. Dissolution of the Chamber, followed by new elections, would have hardly any effect on the situation, since the application of proportional representation in a country where there are three or four parties does not generally allow any one party to obtain a majority sufficient to enable it to govern without the support of some other party. For this reason, it is more than probable that a Catholic-Liberal Ministry will again take office.

BRUSSELS, Feb. 29.—M. Theunis has persisted in his declination to reorganize a Ministry, and he intends to go to the Riviera for a rest as soon as possible, afterward assuming the management of a Belgian financial institution.

The Socialists will hold a meeting next Tuesday to decide on their attitude, but the leaders say they are certain to accept the task of forming a Cabinet, if the King requests it of them, even though the Catholic Party maintains its refusal to collaborate with them.

Dividends of Chicago Nipple Co.

Directors of the Chicago Nipple Manufacturing Company have declared an extra dividend of one-half of 1 per cent. on Class "A" stock in addition to the regular quarterly dividend of 1½ per cent. Both are payable April 1 to stock of record on March 15.

Corns

© B & B 1924

Don't risk blood poisoning by paring a corn. Apply Blue-jay, the scientific corn ender. The pain will vanish quickly. Then the corn loosens and comes out. Get Blue-jay today at your druggist.

Blue-jay

IN men's apparel we can all name the leaders from head to foot—till we come to the Shirt. This organization is ready to help some Shirt Manufacturer complete the picture. Confer with us.

SHERMAN & LEBAIR
Incorporated
ADVERTISING
116 West 32nd Street
New York

Why go half way?
ALL BRAN
is a necessity!

When constipation is ripping the health out of your body you can't afford to temporize! For health's sake—DON'T—when bran, Kellogg's Bran, because it is ALL BRAN, is guaranteed to give you positive, permanent relief!

Know the truth about bran! To be efficacious, to give you sought-for relief, bran must be ALL BRAN! Foods with a part bran content cannot be considered as a relief for constipation sufferers! These foods do not have the bulk or "roughage" to drive out the conditions that are undermining your health!

What you need for 100 per cent relief is 100 per cent bran, and that is what you get when you buy Kellogg's Bran—IT IS ALL BRAN! And it is 100 per cent efficient, as your physician will tell you!

Kellogg's Bran, all cooked, krumbled and ready to eat, is delicious as a cereal or used in baking and cooking. Eat two tablespoonfuls daily, or as much with each meal in chronic cases—and rid yourself of constipation and the toxic poisons that lead to many of the most dreaded human ailments!

Remember—Kellogg's Bran is ALL BRAN and guaranteed to give you 100 per cent relief! DON'T GO HALF-WAY! All grocers.

Kellogg's
the original BRAN
—ready to eat

free Cigars
Friday Feb. 29 and Saturday March 1
SmoKe
on the Landlord

ONCE every four years the calendar adds an extra day to February. On that day United Cigar Stores pay no rent—and the laugh is on the landlord.

What we save in rent on February 29th, we pass along to our customers in the form of *Free* RICORO CIGARS with purchases of Ricoro Cigars. This allowance of free cigars covers two days, so as to round out the eventful week with a flourish worthy of its importance.

free RICOROS

2 Ricoro Cigars FREE with each purchase of 10 Ricoros.

5 FREE with purchases of 25 RICOROS
10 FREE with purchases of 50 RICOROS
20 FREE with purchases of 100 RICOROS

and so on for as many as you want because this offer is *unlimited*. Free cigars to be the same size as those purchased.

"Smoke On The Landlord"

UNITED CIGAR STORES

A KIND OF SHAVE THAT IS KINDER TO THE FACE

YOU get it at the Knickerbocker—and you'll "get" it the first time you try it—you may or may not notice the new special supplementary operation it involves—but you can't help but note its benefits—*EFFICACIOUS*, no matter how tough the beard—*COMFORTABLE*, no matter how close the shave—*PAINLESS*, no matter how tender the skin—the kindest kind of shave you ever had on your face—and the only kind that is good for a whole calendar day.

One Shave Will Sell You
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Entrance through corridor
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